Registered Number 2142066

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 November 2004

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DIRECTORS' REPORT for the year ended 30 November 2004

The Directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity of the group is the design, procurement, manufacture, marketing and distribution of office products. The company is a holding company for the subsidiaries.

Turnover with third party customers rose 2% in the year with increases of 4% in Europe and 7% in Australia, being offset by a 1% decline in the UK. Demand in the market softened in the second half of the year and this has continued during 2005. Profitability was significantly higher during 2004, principally as a result of lower UK restructuring charges.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

There was a consolidated profit before tax for the year of £18,756,000 (2003: £10,226,000) which will be transferred to reserves.

The directors have proposed a dividend on the ordinary share capital of the company of £11,482,844. (2003: £Nii).

DIRECTORS' AND THEIR INTERESTS

Directors who served during the year, and at the date of signing this report, were as follows:

Mr. B.P. Cole Mr P Chapman Mr. N.H. Wesley Mr. C.J. Pettican Mr. A.S. Page Resigned 28 February 2005 Appointed 1 October 2004 Resigned 7 July 2005 Resigned 31 March 2005

The directors do not have any interests in the shares of the company or any other body corporate in the group that are required to be disclosed under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1985.

DONATIONS

During the year the group made charitable contributions in the United Kingdom amounting to £5,551 (2003: £5,672). These donations were to charities including Cancer Research, Make a Wish foundation, Children in Need and the Children's Society.

OVERSEAS BRANCHES

The group has overseas branches in the Czech Republic, Sweden and Spain.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS

During the year the group incurred research and development costs amounting to £323,000 (2003: £786,000).

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Fortune Brands Inc, the ultimate parent undertaking of Acco Europe Limited (formerly Acco Europe plc) as at 30 November 2004, announced on 16 March 2005 that one of their subsidiary holdings, Acco World Corporation, would be spun-off and would merge with another company, General Binding Corporation. This took place on 16 August 2005. The new ultimate parent undertaking of Acco Europe Limited (formerly Acco Europe plc) is Acco Brands Corporation.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) for the year ended 30 November 2004

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

The group maintains a positive policy towards the employment of disabled people. It endeavours to offer equal opportunities in employment, training, career development and promotion wherever possible, both to newly disabled employees and to disabled job applicants.

EMPLOYEE CONSULTATION

The group places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued its previous practice of keeping them informed on matters affecting them as employees and various factors affecting the performance of the group. This is achieved through consultation with employees' representatives.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the company and the group for that period. The directors are required to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the company and the group will continue in business.

The directors confirm that suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently. They also confirm that reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 and that applicable accounting standards have been followed. The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group, and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

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Oxford House Oxford Road Aylesbury Buckinghamshire HP21 8SZ

P Chapman Director

27 October 2005

P.C.Chapi

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ACCO EUROPE LIMITED (FORMERLY ACCO EUROPE PLC)

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the statement of group total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheets and related notes.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group at 30 November 2004 and of the profit of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

West London

27 October 2005

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 November 2004

| | Notes | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
|---|--------|----------------------|----------------------|
| TURNOVER | 2 | 234,647 | 227,497 |
| Exceptional cost of sales Other cost of sales | 4 | (9,141) (141,854) | (5,516) (141,758) |
| Total cost of sales | 3 | (150,995) | (147,274) |
| Gross Profit | | 83,652 | 80,223 |
| Distribution costs | 3 | (30,081) | (33,183) |
| Exceptional administrative expenses Other administrative expenses | 4 | (137) (35,632) | (722) (36,889) |
| Total administrative expenses | 3 | (35,769) | (37,611) |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 7 | 17,802 | 9,429 |
| Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges | 5 6 | 1,284 (330) | 1,221 (424) |
| PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION | | 18,756 | 10,226 |
| Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities | 10 | {7,128 } | (3,934) |
| PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION | | 11,628 | 6,292 |
| Minority interests - equity | 23 | (366) | (258) |
| Profit for the financial year | | 11,262 | 6,034 |
| Dividends | 11 | (11,483) | - |
| RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR | 21 | (221) | 6,034 |

The results from the year arose from continuing operations

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above, and their historical cost equivalents.

STATEMENT OF GROUP TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 30 November 2004

| | Notes | £'000 | £'000 |
|---|-------|---------|--------|
| Profit for the financial year | | (221) | 6,034 |
| Translation differences on foreign currency net investments | 22 | (2,264) | 5,267 |
| Total gains recognised since last annual report | | (2,485) | 11,301 |

BALANCE SHEETS at 30 November 2004

| | | Group | | Con | | |
|---|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------|--|
| | | 2004 | 2003 | 2004 | 2003 | |
| FIXED ASSETS | Notes | £'000 | €000 | £'000 | £,000 | |
| Intangible assets | 12 | 18,028 | 21,484 | | | |
| Tangible assets | 13 | 34,734 | 41,198 | • | | |
| Investments | 14 _ | | -1,100 | 93,131 | 93,131 | |
| | | 52,762 | 62,682 | 93,131 | 93,131 | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | _ | | 02,002 | <u> </u> | | |
| Stocks | 15 | 31,868 | 33,177 | - | - | |
| Debtors - due within one year | 16 | 64,265 | 61,816 | 5,077 | 5,077 | |
| Debtors - due after more than one year | 16 | 19,292 | 4,826 | | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | _ | 59,431 | 54,158 | 19 | 19 | |
| | | 174,856 | 153,977 | 5,096 | 5,096 | |
| CREDITORS: amounts failing due within one year | 17 | (95,734) | (80,150) | (4) | (51) | |
| within the year | " - | (85,734) | (80,130) | (4) | (31) | |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | 79,122 | 73,827 | 5,092 | 5,045 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 131,884 | 136,509 | 98,223 | 98,176 | |
| Provisions for liabilities and charges | 19 _ | (15,149) | (17,666) | <u> </u> | - | |
| NET ASSETS | | 116,735 | 118,843 | 98,223 | 98,176 | |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 20 | 301 | 301 | 301 | 301 | |
| Share premium account | 21 | 79,004 | 79,004 | 79,004 | 79,004 | |
| Other reserves | 21 | 3,745 | 3,745 | 2,543 | 2,543 | |
| Profit and loss account | 21 _ | 32,214 | 34,699 | 16,375 | 16,328 | |
| TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | 22 | 115,264 | 117,749 | 98,223 | 98,176 | |
| Minority interests - equity | 23 _ | 1,471 | 1,094 | - | | |
| CAPITAL EMPLOYED | | 116,735 | 118,843 | 98,223 | 98,176 | |

The financial statements on pages 5 to 22 were approved by the board of directors on Cotober 2005 and were signed on its behalf by:

A S Page <u>Director</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom and the Companies Act 1985. These policies have been applied consistently, throughout the year. A summary of the more important accounting policies is set out below.

a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated profit and loss account and balance sheet include the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 30 November 2004. The results of subsidiaries sold or acquired are included in the consolidated profit and loss account up to, or from, the date control passes. Intra-group sales are eliminated fully on consolidation.

In the company's financial statements all investments are stated at purchase cost, less any provisions for diminution in value, with the exception of the additional investment in ACCO-Rexel Group Services Limited which was acquired on 29 November 1992 and which is valued at the nominal value of shares issued.

Consolidation has taken place using the equity method of accounting.

b) Cash flow statement

Under FRS 1 (revised 1996) 'Cash Flow Statements', subsidiary undertakings are not required to present a cash flow statement where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within a group, provided that consolidated financial statements in which those subsidiary undertakings are included are publicly available. Accordingly, the company has not produced a cash flow statement as the cashflows are included in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company as at 30 November 2004. Fortune Brands Inc (note 29).

c) Goodwill

Goodwill on consolidation is amortised at a rate calculated to write off its value on a straight line basis over its estimated useful economic life. The directors consider that the useful economic life of goodwill is 20 years except where it is assessed that there is an impairment of goodwill and additional amortisation is recognised in the profit and loss account in the year of assessment.

Goodwill is the excess of the fair value of the consideration over the fair value of the net assets acquired.

d) investments

Investments are stated at purchase cost less amounts written off to reflect any impairment of the carrying value.

Impairment reviews are performed annually.

e) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are shown at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of fixed assets on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold property Short term leasehold property Equipment, plant and machinery Office equipment and fittings Motor vehicles - 25 - 50 years - term of lease

- 3 - 15 years

- 2 - 15 years - 2.5 - 4 years

f) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition is based on:

Raw materials and purchased goods Work-in-progress and manufactured goods

- purchase cost on a first-in, first-out basis, including transport costs
- cost of direct materials and labour plus a reasonable proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity

Included within the stock number is a provision for slow-moving and obsolete stock.

g) Taxation

Current and deferred tax is based on the profit for the year and includes all taxation liabilities accruing to the date of the financial statements. Provision is made for deferred tax liabilities and assets, using full provision accounting, otherwise known as the incremental liability method, when an event has taken place by the balance sheet date which gives rise to an increased or reduced tax liability in the future. Deferred tax is measured at the average rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis. Deferred tax assets are recognised only when on the basis of all available evidence, it is more likely than not that they will be recoverable.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h) Pensions and other post-retirement benefits

It is the policy of the group to fund pension liabilities on the advice of external actuaries who perform valuations every three years, where appropriate.

Defined contribution schemes:

Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as and when they become payable to the pension scheme.

Defined benefit schemes:

The regular cost of providing pensions is charged to operating profit over the employees' service lives. Variations from regular cost are allocated to operating profit over the expected remaining service lives of current employees.

The transitional disclosure requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 17 (Retirement Benefits) are made in the notes to the financial statements.

The company provides health care on beneficial terms to eligible retired employees. Costs of these benefits are charged in the financial statements over the period that eligible employees are expected to render service, in accordance with UITF 6.

i) Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruting at the balance sheet date. The profit and loss accounts of overseas subsidiaries are translated at average rates of exchange for the financial year. Gains and losses on exchange on transactions in foreign currencies are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Exchange differences arising from the retranslation at the closing rate of the opening net investment in overseas subsidiaries and of their results for the year are taken directly to retained profits and are reported in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Financial commitments in relation to forward exchange contracts are measured at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date and disclosed accordingly in note 24. Gains and losses on such contracts are recognised as they crystallise.

j) Tumovei

Tumover is stated net of VAT, customer rebates, discounts and credit notes, at the fair value of the right to consideration for goods supplied to customers in the normal course of business.

The directors consider that the right to consideration vests when the goods are packed and despatched to the customer, as such revenue is recognised at this point.

k) Leases

The definition of a finance lease is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are reported at cost, with an equivalent liability categorised as appropriate under creditors due within or after one year. The asset is depreciated over the shorter of the lease period or its useful economic life. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the period of the lease to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding balance. Rentals are apportioned between finance charges and the reduction of the liability, and depreciation is charged to administration and other operating expenses as appropriate.

Rentals under operating leases are charged directly to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

I) Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred, with the exception of limited expenditure on new product development where the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of such products. Such expenditure is carried forward and amortised over the period expected to benefit up to a maximum of three years.

m) Stock options

Share options in the shares of the ultimate parent undertaking are awarded to key employees, the related cost is recharged from the parent to the company when the liabilities crystallise. Provisions are made for the liability relating to all options at year-end, valued at the difference between the market value of the shares at the balance sheet date and the option exercise price.

n) Provisions

Provisions have been recognised in accordance with FRS 12 when:

- there is a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the the amount of the obligation.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

2004

2003

2. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The group is considered to carry on one class of business, being the design, procurement, manufacture, marketing and distribution of office stationery and related products.

Turnover by geographical destination was as follows:

| | £'000 | €'000 |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| United Kingdom | 100,385 | 101,163 |
| Rest of Europe | 71,016 | 65,905 |
| Africa | 3,613 | 3,765 |
| Asia | 2,371 | 2,861 |
| Australia | 54,060 | 49,121 |
| Americas | 3,202 | 4,682 |
| | 234,647 | 227,497 |

The group has operating subsidiaries in Europe and Australia. Turnover, profit/(loss) before tax and net assets by geographical origin are as follows:

| Turnover | Total |] | Inter-segn | nent | Third | d parties |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
| United Kingdom Rest of Europe Australia | 115,058 66,857 52,732 | 114,929 63,456 49,112 | 5,251 5,900 | 4,367 4,757 | 109,807 60,957 52,732 | 110,562 58,699 49,112 |
| | 234,647 | 227,497 | 11,151 | 9,124 | 223,496 | 218,373 |

| Other | Profit/(loss) before | a tax | Net | assets |
|----------------|----------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| | 2004 | 2003 | 2004 | 2003 |
| | £'000 | £000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| United Kingdom | 8,215 | 409 | 73,370 | 71,608 |
| Rest of Europe | (1,097) | 146 | 13,152 | 11,855 |
| Australia | 1,638 | 9,671 | 30,214 | 35,380 |
| | 18,756 | 10,226 | 116,736 | 118,843 |

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3. COST OF SALES AND NET OPERATING EXPENSES

| <u>2004</u> | Continuing £'000 |
|--|------------------|
| Exceptional cost of sales (note 4) | 9,141 |
| Other cost of sales | 141,854 |
| Total cost of sales | 150,995 |
| Distribution costs | 30,081 |
| Exceptional administrative expenses (note 4) | 137 |
| Other administrative expenses | 35,632 |
| Total administrative expenses | 35,769 |
| | 65,850 |

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

3. COST OF SALES AND NET OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)

| 2003 | Continuing £'000 |
|--|------------------|
| Exceptional cost of sales (note 4) Other cost of sales | 5,516 141,758 |
| Total cost of sales | 147,274 |
| Distribution costs | 33,183 |
| Exceptional administrative expenses (note 4) Other administrative expenses | 722 36,889 |
| Total administrative expenses | 37,611 |
| | 70,794 |

4. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS AND AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF GOODWILL

Over the last six years the Board has implemented a wide ranging review of the group's manufacturing facilities and associated organisation. This has resulted in significant rationalisation, including the closure of a number of the existing facilities. During the year the group incurred exceptional administrative expenses of £137,000 (2003: £722,000) and exceptional cost of sales of £9,141,000 (2003: £5,516,000) relating to this review. Of this total P&L charge of £9,278,000, £369,000 was in relation to the restructuring provision (see note 19).

| 5. | INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME | | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
|----|---|---|---|--|
| | Interest receivable from bank accounts Interest receivable from group undertakings | | 1,060 224 | 1,028 193 |
| | | | 1,284 | 1,221 |
| 6. | INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES | | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
| | Bank overdrafts Interest on group loans | | 53 277 | 89 335 |
| | | | 330 | 424 |
| 7. | OPERATING PROFIT | | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
| | Operating profit is stated after charging: Research and development write-off Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of goodwilf Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Operating lease rentals Auditors' remuneration - audit Auditors' remuneration - other services Other services performed by the auditors relate, principally, to taxation | - owned - held under finance lease - hire of plant and machinery - other - group - company - group compliance and taxation advisory services. | 323 1,042 3,492 7,755 683 2,273 278 12 | 786 2,566 3,965 7,973 44 758 2,278 250 12 153 |
| 8. | DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS | | 2004 £ | 2003 £ |
| | Aggregate emoluments | | 1,165,182 | 1,406,402 |
| | Borne by: | | | |
| | Acco UK Limited | | 1,153,713 | 1,079,309 |

Included above are long term incentive scheme amounts, which represent incentive bonus payments accounted for on a cash basis.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

| 8. | DIRECTORS' | EMOLUMENTS (Continued) | |
|----|------------|------------------------|--|
| | | | |

| | Retirement benefits are accruing to 4 directors (2003: 3) under defined benefit schemes. During the year 2 (2003: 2) directors exerci | sed share option | |
|-----|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Highest paid director | 2004 £ | 2003 £ |
| | Aggregate emoluments (including amounts received under long term incentive schemes) Company contributions to defined benefit schemes | 529,689 28,730 | 527,579 27,651 |
| | Defined benefit pension scheme: Accrued pension at end of year Accrued lump sum at end of year | 14,308 32,194 | 12,238 27,534 |
| 9. | STAFF COSTS | 2004 | 2003 |
| g. | Particulars of employee costs (including executive directors): | £,000 | £.000 |
| | | 00.000 | 40.700 |
| | Wages and salaries Social security costs | 39,880 5,419 | 42,700 5,815 |
| | Other pension costs (note 26) | 4,219 | 4,736 |
| | | 49,518 | 53,251 |
| | | 2004 Number | 2003 Number |
| | The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group | Hallibei | Nomber |
| | during the year, split by activity, was as follows: | | |
| | Manufacture Distribution | 755 457 | 951 468 |
| | Marketing Administration | 62 312 | 66 372 |
| | AMITIMOLOGIANT | | |
| | | 1,586 | 1,857 |
| 10. | TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES | | |
| a) | Analysis of charge in period | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
| | U.K. corporation tax at 30% (2003: 30%) | 5,627 | 3,068 |
| | Total current tax | 8,983 | 5,369 |
| | Deferred tax: | | |
| | Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustments in respect of prior years | 1,344 (3,199) | (770) (665) |
| | Total deferred tax (note 19) | (1,855) | (1,435) |
| | Total tax on profit on ordinary activities | 7,128 | 3,934 |
| b) | Factors affecting the tax charge for the period | | |
| • | The tax assessed for the year is higher (2003: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are | explained below: | |
| | | 2004 | 2003 |
| | | £,000 | £000 |
| | Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 18,756 | 10,226 |
| | Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2003: 30%) | 5,627 | 3,068 |
| | Effects of: Permanent differences | 3,991 | 1,490 |
| | Accelerated capital allowances Short term timing differences | 300 | 215 |
| | UK corporation tax on profits for the year | (1,663) 8,255 | 586 5,359 |
| | Foreign tax: Higher/(lower) taxes on overseas earnings | | |
| | Foreign property taxes | (305) | (66) 19 |
| | Unrecognised losses carried forward | 859 | 52 |
| | • | | |
| | Adjustments in respect of prior years | 8,809 174 | 5,364 5 |

ACCO EUROPE LIMITED (FORMERLY ACCO EUROPE PLC) Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued) 11. DIVIDENDS 2004 2003 000°3 £'000 Equity ordinary shares of £38.15 each Dividend paid 11 483 12. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group Goodwill <u>Patents</u> Total Cost €'000 £'000 ₹,000 At 1st December 2003 and 30th November 2004 70,847 324 71,171 Amortisation At 1st December 2003 49,363 324 49,687 Provided during year 3,492 3,492 Exchange adjustment (36)(36)At 30th November 2004 52,819 324 53,143 Net book value At 30th November 2004 18,028 18,028 21,484 At 1st December 2003 21,484 13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Office Short Equipment Freehold Leasehold Plant & Equipment Motor Group Property Property Machinery & Fittings Vehicles Total £'000 £'000 £'000 £'000 €,000 €'000 Cost At 1st December 2003 22,797 8,681 54,332 23,723 3,780 113,313 Additions during year 86 2,126 845 599 3,767 Inter group transfers 445 445 Disposals (2,195)(109)(10,370)(1,280)(892)(14,846)Reclassifications (221)26 Exchange adjustments (70) (25) (518) (155)(271)At 30th November 2004 20,651 8,413 46,315 23,299 3,483 102,161 Depreciation 18,486 At 1st December 2003 Charge in year 1,625 760 8,285 1,874 41,845 72,115 7,755 621 179 3,882 2,313 Inter group transfers 73 73 (1,497) (12,355)Disposals (68) (9,093)(1,040)(657)Exchange adjustments (66)(161) (47) (13)(30)(5)At 30th November 2004 7,362 1,972 36,677 19,693 1,723 67,427 Net book value At 30th November 2004 13,289 6,441 9,638 3,606 1,760 34,734 At 1st December 2003 14.512 6.807 12,487 5.237 2.155 41,198 The above asset reclassifications were made to correct misclassifications from prior years. As at 30 November 2004, the net book value of assets held under finance leases was £nii (2003: £574,612). Included in the net book value for Freehold Property are assets held for resale amounting to £nil (2003: £261,000). 14. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS 2004 2003 €,000 €,000 Investment in Subsidiaries - Company Cost at 1st December 2003 and 30th November 2004 93,131 93,131

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

14. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Principal Group Investments

The company has interests in the following companies. All trading subsidiaries are engaged in the manufacture and distribution of office products and all subsidiaries are wholly owned (where the company owns 100% of the ordinary share capital) unless otherwise stated.

Directly owned:

Incorporated in the United Kingdon

Trading: Day-Timers Europe Limited

Non-trading: ACCO-Rexel Group Services Limited

Indirectly owned: Incorporated in the United Kingdom

Trading: ACCO UK Limited

ACCO Eastlight Limited ACCO-Rexel (Northern Ireland) Limited

Non-trading: Nobo Group Limited

Nobo UK Limited

Elite Optics Limited

Velos-Perforex Limited

Incorporated overseas

Ireland

ACCO-Rexel Limited (66.67%)

Australia France

ACCO Australia Pty Limited ACCO France SAS

Artois SA

ACCO Deutschland GmbH & Co KG Apollo Audio Visual SA Germany

1,921

Belgium Switzerland Hetzel GmbH

Czechoslovakia

ACCO Czech AS (99%)

| 15. STOCKS | CKS |
|------------|-----|
|------------|-----|

The following are included in the net book value of stocks:

Raw materials and consumables

Work-in-progress

Finished goods and goods for resale

| 2004 | 2003 |
|-------|-------|
| £,000 | £'000 |
| • | |
| 4,941 | 5,301 |
| 1.208 | 1.963 |

25,719

Group

31,868 33,177

25,913

16. DEBTORS

Amounts falling due within one year Trade debtors

Amounts falling due after more than one year

Amounts due from group undertakings Other debtors

Pension asset

Prepayments and accrued income

Deferred tax asset - UK (note 19) Deferred tax asset - overseas (note 19)

| Group | Company | | | |
|--------|---------|-------|-------|--|
| 2004 | 2003 | 2004 | 2003 | |
| 000'3 | £'000 | £'000 | £,000 | |
| 51,408 | 50.770 | _ | _ | |
| 8,364 | 6,664 | 5,077 | 5,077 | |

1,929

2,453

| 64,265 | 61,816 | 5,077 | 5,077 |
|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| Group | | Compa | nv |
| 2004 | 2003 | 2004 | 2003 |
| 000°£ | £.000 | £,000 | £,000 |
| | | | |
| 16,096 | 3,485 | - | - |
| (555) | 374 | - | - |
| 3,751 | 967 | - | |
| 19,292 | 4,826 | - | |

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

| 17. CREDITORS: amounts falling due | Group | Group | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| within one year | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
| Bank overdrafts | 8,752 | 10,883 | _ | |
| Obligations under finance leases | · • | 179 | - | |
| Trade creditors | 24,145 | 23,735 | - | - |
| Amounts due to group undertakings: | | | - | - |
| Due to Fortune Brands Finance Ltd | 14,100 | 10,680 | - | |
| Other | 15,765 | 1,897 | - | - |
| Corporation tax | 3,226 | 1,877 | - | |
| Taxation and social security | 3,397 | 3,409 | 4 | 4 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 26,349 | 27,490 | | 47 |
| | 95,734 | 80,150 | 4 | 51 |

Amounts due to Fortune Brands Finance Ltd included above relate to unsecured, short-term loans that were made in the form of revolving credit advances, with interest being charged at the market rate. Other amounts due to group undertakings predominantly relate to unsecured trading balances.

Bank overdrafts are unsecured with interest being charged at the base rate plus 1% and are repayable on demand.

18. CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year

| and more standing year | Group |) | Com | pany |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Maturity of debt | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| Bank overdrafts and group loans: Within one year or on demand | 22,852 | 21,563 | | - |
| Obligations under finance leases: | | | | |
| Within one year or on demand | - | 179 | - | • |
| Between one and two years | - | | • | <u> </u> |
| | | 179 | | - |

19. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

| Group | Unexercised share options (see below) £'000 | Pensions (Note 26) £'000 | Other post- retirement benefits (Note 25) £'000 | Restructuring provisions (see below) £'000 | Deferred taxation (see below) £'000 | Total £'000 |
|---|--|----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| At 1st December 2003 Reclassification from debtors (note 16) Profit and loss Account Utilised Exchange adjustment | 4,303 (213) | 2,579 - 206 (170) 50 | 7,325 (592) (132) | 3,459 369 (2,035) | (1,341) (1,855) | 17,666 (1,341) (2,085) (2,337) 50 |
| Reclassification to debtors (note 16) | 4,090 | 2,665 | 6,601 | 1,793 - | (3,196) 3,1 9 6 | 11,953 3,196 |
| At 30 November 2004 | 4,090 | 2,665 | 6,601 | 1,793 | | 15,149 |
| Deferred taxation | 2004 UK £'000 | 2004 Overseas £'000 | 2004 Total £'000 | 2003 UK £'000 | 2003 Overseas £'000 | 2003 Total £'000 |
| Amounts provided Capital allowances Short term timing differences | 1,233 (678) | (3,751) | 1,233 (4,429) | 2,044 (2,418) | (967) | 2,044 (3,385) |
| Deferred tax (asset)/liability | 555 | (3,751) | (3,196) | (374) | (967) | (1,341) |

Unexercised share options

Share options in the shares of the ultimate parent undertaking are awarded to key employees, the cost of which is recharged from the parent to the relevant subsidiary when the liabilities crystallise. Accordingly, the group has provided for the related liability, being the difference between the market value of the shares at the balance sheet date and the option exercise price.

Restructuring provisions

The obligations included in the year end restructuring provisions predominantly relate to the downsizing of UK manufacturing, including the closure of a warehouse announced during 2002 and the reorganisation of business units within ACCO UK Limited. A significant proportion of the year end provisions relate to onerous leasing commitments resulting from the closure of the warehouse, with the balance mainly relating to redundancy programmes.

Provisions brought forward at the start of this year predominantly related to onerous leasing commitments, some redundancy programmes and ongoing costs of the head office reorganisation. The brought forward provisions relating to redundancy programmes and head office reorganisation costs have mostly been written back as provisions crystallised during the year. The onerous leasing commitments are still ongoing.

The charge to the profit and loss account relating to restructuring provisions comprises new provisions made in the year amounting to £713,000 (2003: £4,952,000) and the release of provisions not required amounting to £344,369 (2003: £84,000).

With the exception of any property provisions held, as disclosed above, it is anticipated that all other restructuring provisions will be utilised during the following financial year.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

| 20. | CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL | _ | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £000 |
|-----|--|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| | Authorised 100,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each | - | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| | Allotted, called-up and fully baid 300,988 (2003: 300,988) Ordinary shares of £1 each | | 301 | 301 |
| 21. | RESERVES | \$hare Premium | Other Reserves | Profit and loss |
| | <u>Group</u> | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| | At 1st December 2003 Translation difference on foreign currency net investments Retained profit for the financial year | 79,004 - - | 3,745 - - | 34,699 (2,264) (221) |
| | At 30 November 2004 | 79,004 | 3,745 | 32,214 |
| | Company | | | |
| | At beginning of year Retained profit for the financial year | 79,004 | 2,543 | 16,328 47 |
| | At end of year | 79,004 | 2,543 | 16,375 |

As permitted by Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the profit and loss account of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company made a profit for the financial year after tax and dividends amounting to £46,671 (2003: loss of £12,060).

Other group reserves arose on the acquisition of subsidiary companies and represent the excess of net assets over the consideration given. The other reserve in the company represents the revaluation of the company's investment in a subsidiary on acquisition.

| 22. | RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS | Group | | Company | | |
|-----|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 | |
| | Shareholders' funds at 1st December 2003 | 117,749 | 106,448 | 98,176 | 98,188 | |
| | Profit for the financial year | (221) | 6,034 | 47 | (12) | |
| | Translation difference on foreign currency net investments | (2,264) | 5,267 | - | - | |
| | Shareholders' funds at 30 November 2004 | 115,264 | 117,749 | 98,223 | 98,176 | |
| 23 | . MINORITY INTEREST | | _ | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 | |
| | At beginning of year | | | 1,094 | 927 | |
| | Charge for the year | | | 366 | 258 | |
| | Translation difference on foreign currency net investments | | _ | 11 | (91) | |
| | At end of year | | | 1,471 | 1,094 | |
| l | -16. | | | | | |

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

24. GUARANTEES AND OTHER FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

| a) | Capital commitments | | 2004 £'000 | 2003 £'000 |
|----|---|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | At the end of the year the capital commitme | ants of the group were: | | |
| | Expenditure contracted for but not provided | for in the financial statements. | 73 | 54 |
| b) | Financial commitments | | | |
| | Forward exchange contracts outstanding a | the year end | 12,833 | 13,811 |
| c) | Operating lease commitments | | | |
| | Operating lease payments payable within c respect of leases expiring: | ne year of the balance sheet in | 2004 £*000 | 2003 £'000 |
| | <u>Land & Buildings</u> | - within 1 year - within 2 - 5 years - after 5 years | 81 1,142 846 2,069 | 63 1,177 1,154 2,394 |
| | Other | - within 1 year - within 2 - 5 years - after 5 years | 107 551 79 737 | 102 531 46 679 |

d) Guarantees

A right of set-off has been agreed in favour of the banker in respect of balances against bank overdrafts of the holding company and fellow subsidiaries. At 30 November 2004, the company was contingently liable under that arrangement in respect of bank overdrafts of all group companies amounting to £nit (2003: £nit).

At 30 November 2004, there were guarantees in favour of H.M. Customs and Excise amounting to £785,000 (2003: £860,000).

25. POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

The group operates a health care benefit scheme for eligible retired employees, which is an unfunded scheme. The liability for post-retirement benefits other than pensions relates to the provision of health care to eligible retired employees. The liability has been ascertained from independent actuarial valuations which adopt the principal assumptions that, over the long term, the annual rate of increase in the cost of benefit arrangements will be 5%. The cost of these benefits attract tax relief when charged. This is an unfunded defined benefit scheme. The group's liability at 30 November 2004 is valued at £6,601,000 (2003: £7,325,000), using a discount rate of 5.6%.

In addition, ACCO France operates an unfunded scheme whereby eligible employees are entitled to a fixed sum on retirement. The liabilities of this scheme as at 30 November 2004 are estimated at £188,664 (2003: £332,095) in accordance with French GAAP. Full provision has been made in the financial statements for this liability, the directors consider that the differences between the treatment under French GAAP and under UK GAAP are not material. There is no deferred tax on this provision.

FRS 17 transitional arrangements disclosure

The group post-retirement benefit scheme is an unfunded and closed scheme. Accordingly, under the projected unit method, the current service cost will increase as the members of the scheme approach retirement. A valuation was performed as at 30 November 2004 by independent qualified actuaries under FRS 17 assumptions. The assumptions used were as follows:

Discount rate - 5.6% (2003: 5.5%)

Medical cost trend - 8% a year reducing gradually to 5% a year over a 5 year period

With regards to the French scheme, the directors consider that the differences between the treatment under French GAAP and under FRS 17 are not material, as such, the related FRS 17 disclosures are not provided separately.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

26. PENSIONS

SSAP 24

The UK group operates one defined contribution money purchase scheme, the ACCO Europe Retirement Savings Plan, the assets of which are held as units in an independently administered fund. The 2004 pension cost represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £242,718 (2003: £279,483). As at 30 November 2004 installments amounting to £20,034 (2003: £19,659) were outstanding in respect of the company's contribution to the fund for November 2004, which was paid over in the following month. ACCO Australia participates in a defined contribution scheme for its employees operated by an independent fund manager, the 2004 profit and loss charge for which was £294,000 (2003: £247,204).

The group operates defined benefit pension schemes throughout the UK, Ireland and Germany. The total pension cost for the group in respect of these schemes was accounted for in accordance with local GAAP, as is acceptable under SSAP 24, where it is impractical to obtain local valuations.

In the UK, the group operates one defined benefit persion scheme, the ACCO Europe Pension Plan, which is funded by contributions from employees and the group. The latest valuation of the ACCO Europe Pension Plan was made by an independent, qualified actuary as at 5 April 2003, using the projected unit method. At that date the deficit was £36.4 million giving a funding level of 63%. For the UK plan, the funding policy differs to the accounting policy to the extent that surpluses are recognised at different paces. The employer's Regular Cost in respect of the schemes was calculated in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Pensione No. 24 (SSAP 24) "Accounting Pension costs" to be 14.0% of pensionable earnings using the projected unit method. Owing to a pension deficit a total rate of 36.9% of pensionable earnings was charged excluding notional interest on the group's balance sheet provision at the beginning of the year. The overall assumptions include the use of a 2.45% rate of return in excess of pay growth and 1.2% in excess of pension increases.

In view of the funding deficit the sponsoring companies are making supplemental contributions to the fund which, if continued, will fund the scheme up to the agreed funding target, as determined by the actuary and the trustees, over the next five to ten years (depending on market factors). During the year the company made special pension contributions amounting to £12,720,000 (2003: £11,150,000). New legislation took effect on 11 June 2003, making the company legally liable for the funding deficit in the event that the pension plan is discontinued. As at 30 November 2004 the funding deficit amounted to approximately £8.3 milion (2003: £18.1 million) on an actuarial going concern basis; the buy-out deficit amounted to £51.0 million (2003: £38.0 million), which represents the group's liability in the event that the plan is terminated (assuming that future liabilities are matched with bond investments).

The most recent valuation of the Irish pension scheme was made by an independent, qualified actuary on 1 June 2004 using the projected unit method. At that date the market value of the assets of the scheme was £2,582,914, which represented 87.4% of the benefits that accrued for members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings. The overall assumptions include investment returns of 6% per annum and average increases in pensionable salaries of 4% per annum over the long term.

The 2004 pension cost for the UK group was £3,609,044 (2003: £3,644,177). The 2004 pension cost for the Ireland and Germany schemes were £182,000 (2003: £406,000) and £206,000 (2003: £160,000) respectively.

As at 30 November 2004 there was a pension asset of £16,096,604 (2003: £3,485,000) in respect of the UK defined benefit scheme. The overseas defined benefit pension liability amounted to £2,257,000 (2003: £2,579,000).

FRS 17

The following disclosures are required under the transitional arrangements of FRS 17:

The group has three defined benefit schemes being the ACCO Europe Pension Plan, the Irish plan and the German plan. The ACCO Europe scheme and the Irish scheme were valued by independent qualified actuaries as at 30 November 2004 under the provisions of FRS 17. The unfunded German scheme was valued by an independent qualified actuary as at 30 November 2004 following the Teilwert method.

The German plan is an unfunded defined benefit pension scheme operated by Acco Deutschland GmbH & Co KG. As at 30 November 2004 there was an unfunded liability of £3,797,665 (2003: £2,578,089). In previous years, the accounting for the German pension plan followed local German GAAP (Teilwert method) as the directors considered that the differences between the treatment under German GAAP and under FRS 17 were not material. As at 1 December 2003 there was a change in estimation technique to value the liabilities for this plan and the liabilities were subsequently remeasured in accordance with the projected unit method as required by FRS 17, and on the following assumptions: discount rate 5.5%, salary increases 3.0% and pension increase rate of 2.0%. The impact of this remeasurement was to increase the plan liabilities by £785,000. This increase in liabilities on account of the change in estimation technique has been allowed for as a loss on change in assumptions in the STRGL. The amounts included below for the German plan in 2004 have been determined in accordance with the projected unit method as required by FRS 17.

The financial assumptions used to calculate scheme liabilities under FRS 17 as at 30 November 2004 are:

| | | Europe Pension P | rian | | Irish Pension Plan | | Gen | nan Pension F | lan |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|-------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|-------|
| VALUATION METHOD | | Projected unit | | | Projected unit | | τ | eilwert method | j |
| | <u>2004</u> | <u>2003</u> | <u>2002</u> | 2004 | 2003 | <u>2002</u> | <u>2004</u> | 2003 | 2002 |
| Discount rate | 5.20% | 5.50% | 5.50% | 4.75% | 5.50% | 5.50% | 4.75% | 6.00% | 6.00% |
| Inflation rate | 2.75% | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.25% | 2.50% | 2.50% | N/A | N/A | - |
| Salary increases | 4.00% | 3.75% | 3.75% | 3.50% | 3.50% | 3.50% | 3.00% | 3.00% | - |
| Pension increase rate | Nil pre 1997, | Nil pre 1997, | Nil pre 1997, | 3.00% | 2.25% | 2.50% | 2.00% | 2.00% | - |
| | 2.75% post 1997 | 2.5% post 1997 | 2.5% post 1997 | | | | | | |

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

26. PENSIONS (Continued)

The fair value of the assets in the scheme as at 30 November 2004 and the future expected rate of return are as follows (note the German scheme is unfunded

| | Europe F | ension Plan | | Irish Per | nsion Plan | |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| <u>2004</u> | Value at 30 November 2004 £'000 | Long term rate of return expected | | Value at 30 November 2004 £'000 | Long term rate of return expected | |
| Equities Bonds | 65,200 - | 7.50% - | | 2,112 1,158 | 8.25% 4.50% | |
| Fixed interest Cash Other | 28,200 5,600 | 4.80% 4.00% | | 20 178 | 1.75% 8.25% | |
| yu lei | 99,000 | 6.53% | | 3,468 | 6.96% | |
| 2003 | Europe F Value at 30 November 2003 £'000 | Pension Plan Long term rate of return expected | | Irish Per Value at 30 November 2003 £'000 | nsion Plan Long term rate of return expected | |
| Equities Bonds | 60,000 | 7.50% | | 1,479 987 | 6.00% 5.00% | |
| sorius Fixed interest Cash Dither | 15,700 3,700 | 5.20% 4.00% | | 51 116 | 3.00% 6.00% | |
| | 79,400 | 6.88% | | 2,633 | 5.57% | |
| <u>2002</u> | Europe F Value at 30 November 2002 £'000 | Pension Plan Long term rate of return expected | | Irish Per Value at 30 November 2002 £'000 | nsion Plan Long term rate of return expected | |
| Equities Bonds Fixed interest | 50,300 - 14.400 | 7.50% - 5.20% | | 1,142 341 | 6.00% 5.25% | |
| Cash Other | 1,600 | 4.00% | | 47 272 | 3.00% 6.00% | |
| | 66,300 | 6.92% | | 1,802 | 5.78% | |
| | | Europe Pension Plan £'000 | Irish Pension Plan £'000 | German Pension Plan £'000 | Post Retirement Benefit Scheme £'000 | Totai £¹000 |
| The total liabilities as at 30 November 2004 The total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities | 4 are | 99,000 (107,300) | 3,468 (4,870) | (3,798) | (3,260) | 102,468 (119,228 |
| Deficit in scheme Retated deferred tax asset | | (8,300) 2,490 | (1,402) 175 | (3,798) | (3,260) | (16,760) 2,665 |
| Net pension liability | | (5,810) | (1,227) | (3,798) | (3,260) | (14,095 |
| The total liabilities as at 30 November 2003 The total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilities | 3 are | 79,400 (98,200) | 2,633 (3,424) | (2,643) | (3,688) | 82,033 (107,95 |
| Deficit in scheme Related deferred tax asset | | (18,800) 5,640 | (791) 99 | (2,643) | (3,688) | (25,922 5,739 |
| Net pension liability | | (13,160) | (692) | (2,643) | (3,688) | (20,183 |
| The profit and loss charge under FRS 17 is | s as follows | | | | Post Retirement | |
| 2004 | | Europe Pension Ptan £000 | Irish Pension Plan £'000 | German Pension Plan £'000 | Benefit Scheme £'000 | Total £'000 |
| Operating costs: Current service cost Past service cost | | 1,500 1,000 | 182 | 184 | 63 | 1,929 1,000 |
| Total operating charge | | 2,500 | 182 | 184 | 63 | 2,748 |
| | | | | | | |
| Finance (income)/costs: Interest on pension scheme liabilities Return on assets | | 5,300 (5,900) | 189 (156) | N/A N/A | 203 | 5,692 (6,056] |

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

| | | • | | - | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|---|----------------------------------|
| PENSIONS (continued) | | | | Post Retirement | |
| | Europe | Irish | German | Benefit | |
| **** | | | | | T-4-1 |
| 2003 | Pension Plan | Pension Plan | Pension Plan | Scheme | Total |
| | £'000 | €.000 | £,000 | £'000 | £,000 |
| Operating costs: | | | | | |
| Current service cost | 1,700 | 183 | N/A | 93 | 1,976 |
| Past service cost | • | • | N/A | | • |
| . 43. 30.1100 000. | | | 1975 | | |
| Total operating charge | 1,700 | 183 | N/A | 93 | 1,976 |
| Total operating undinge | 1,100 | 100 | 197 | <u> </u> | - 1,010 |
| - On analysis | | | | | |
| Finance (income)/costs: | | | | | |
| Interest on pension scheme liabilities | 4,900 | 15 5 | N/A | 249 | 5,304 |
| Return on assets | (4,600) | (121) | N/A | | (4,721) |
| | | | | | |
| Total other finance (income)/costs | 300 | 34 | N/A | 249 | 583 |
| | | | | *************************************** | |
| Gain on settlement and curtailment | | • | N/A | 493 | 493 |
| | | | | | |
| The may amont be definit only be recognized as fallows. | | | | | |
| The movement in deficit can be recognised as follows: | | | | | |
| 2004 | | | | | |
| Deficit as at 1 December 2003 | (18,800) | (791) | (2,643) | (3,688) | (25,922) |
| Current year service cost | (1,500) | (182) | (58) | (63) | (1,803) |
| Past service cost | (1,000) | • | • | | (1,000) |
| Contributions | 16,100 | 632 | 178 | 132 | 17,042 |
| | | | | | |
| Other finance costs | 600 | (33) | (179) | (203) | 185 |
| Gain on settlement and curtailment | - | - | • | 313 | 313 |
| Actuarial (loss)/gain in STRGL | (3,700) | (1,030) | (1,071) | 249 | (5,552) |
| Exchange differences | - | 2 | (25) | · | (23) |
| Deficit as at 30 November 2004 | (8,300) | (1,402) | (3,798) | (3,260) | (16,760) |
| | | | | | |
| 2003 | | | | | |
| Deficit as at 1 December 2002 | (22,300) | (792) | (2,449) | (4,535) | (30,076) |
| Current year service cost | (1,700) | (183) | `Ń/A | (93) | (1,976) |
| Past service cost | (1,750) | (100) | N/A | (50) | (,,,,,, |
| • • | 40.500 | -00 | | | 13,166 |
| Contributions | 12,500 | 532 | N/A | 134 | • |
| Other finance income/(costs) | (300) | (34) | N/A | (249) | (583) |
| Gain on settlement and curtailment | - | - | N/A | 493 | 493 |
| Actuarial (loss)/gain in STRGL | (7,000) | (247) | N/A | 562 | (6,685) |
| Exchange differences | .,,, | (67) | N/A | | (67) |
| | | | | | |
| Deficit as at 30 November 2003 | (18,800) | (791) | (2,643) | (3,688) | (25,922) |
| The actuarial (loss)/gain can be recognised as follows: | | | | | |
| 2004 | | | | | |
| Actual Return less Expected Return | | | | | |
| | 0.400 | 00 | | | 2,128 |
| on pension scheme assets | 2,100 | 28 | | | |
| Change in assumptions | (8,800) | (1,089) | (1,107) | 37 | (10,959) |
| Experience gains/(losses) arising on | | | | | |
| olan liabilities | 3,000 | 31 | 36 | 212 | 3,279 |
| Actuarial (loss)/gain in STRGL | (3,700) | (1,030) | (1,071) | 249 | (5,552) |
| nonė. | | - | | | |
| 2003 | | | | | |
| Actual Return less Expected Return | | | | | |
| on pension scheme assets | (200) | 12 | N/A | • | (188) |
| Change in assumptions | (2,800) | 55 | N/A | (71) | (2,816) |
| | _,000) | | | V/ | 1-,010) |
| | | | | | |
| Experience gains/(losses) arising on | (# 000\ | (914) | N1/A | 633 | /Q E01\ |
| Experience gains/(losses) arising on | (4,000) | (314) | N/A | 633 | (3,681) |
| Experience gains/(losses) arising on plan flabilities Actuarial (loss)/gain in STRGL | (4,000) | (314) | N/A | 633 562 | <u>(3,681)</u> <u>(6,685)</u> |

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ACCO EUROPE LIMITED (FORMERLY ACCO EUROPE PLC) Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued) 26. PENSIONS (continued) The difference between the expected and actual return as a percentage of scheme assets can be expressed as follows Post Retirement Europe Irish German Benefit Pension Plan Pension Plan Pension Plan Scheme Total The actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets were as follows 2004 2,100 2.12% Amount £'000 28 0.80% 2,128 N/A 2.08% % scheme assets 2003 Amount £'000 12 0.45% (188)(200)N/A N/A (0.23%) % scheme assets N/A 2002 (341) (18.94%) Amount £'000 (13,400)N/A (13,741)(20.21%) (20.18%) % scheme assets N/A N/A The experience gains and losses as a percentage of scheme liabilities are as follows 2004 Amount £'000 % scheme liabilities 3,000 2.80% 31 0.64% 36 0.95% 212 3,279 2.75% 6.50% 2003 Amount £'000 % scheme liabilities (4,000) (4.07%) (314) (9.17%) N/A 633 17.16% (3,681) (3.41%) N/A <u>2002</u> Amount £'000 % scheme liabilities (49) (0.06%) N/A 1.502 1.400 N/A 33.12% The actuarial gain/(loss) to be recognised in the STRGL as a percentage of scheme liabilities are as follow: 2004 Amount £'000 % scheme liabilities (1,030) (21.15%) (1,071) (28.20%) (3,700)249 (5.552)(3.45%) 7.64% (4.66%) 2003 (7,000) (7.13%) (247) (7.21%) Amount £'000 N/A (6,685)% scheme liabilities N/A 15 24% (6.19%) 2002 Amount £'000 (17.249)(834) N/A 1.278 (16.805)% scheme liabilities (19.47%) (32.14%) (17.12%)N/A 28.18% 2004 2003 2002 FRS 17 disclosures for net assets: £,000 £000 £000 Net assets excluding SSAP 24 pension asset, the overseas schemes and the post retirement benefit liability 114,375 126,347 121,033 FRS 17 pension liabilities and post retirement liability (14,095) (20, 183)(23,291) Net assets including FRS 17 pension liabilities and post retirement benefit liabilit 97,742 100,280 106,164 2004 2003 2002 FRS 17 disclosures for reserves: £'000 £'000 £'000 Profit & loss reserve excluding SSAP 24 pension asset, the overseas schemes and the post retirement benefit liability 29.854 42,202 37,056 FRS 17 pension liabilities and post retirement benefit liability (14,095)(20,183)(23,291)

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15,759

22,019

13,765

Profit & loss reserve including FRS 17 pension liabilities and post retirement benefit liabilit

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2004 (continued)

27. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Under FRS 8 'Related Party Disclosures', the company has taken advantage of the exemption for subsidiary undertakings 90% or more of whose voting rights are controlled within the group. Accordingly, transactions with group companies are not disclosed separately.

28. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Fortune Brands Inc, the ultimate parent undertaking of Acco Europe Limited (formerly Acco Europe pic) as at 30 November 2004, announced on 16 March 2005 that one of their subsidiary holdings, Acco World Corporation, would be spun-off and would merge with another company, General Binding Corporation. This took place on 16 August 2005. The new ultimate parent undertaking of Acco Europe Limited (formerly Acco Europe pic) is Acco Brands Corporation.

29. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent undertaking is ACCO World Inc, a company incorporated in the USA. The ultimate holding company and controlling party up until 16th August 2005 was Fortune Brands Inc, a company incorporated in the State of Delaware in the USA. From 16th August 2005 onwards, it was Acco Brands Corporation, a company incorporated in the USA.

Fortune Brands Inc. is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Fortune Brands Inc. are publicly available and may be obtained from their offices at 300 Tower Parkway, Lincolnshire, Illinois, IL 60069-3640, USA.

ACCO World Inc. is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of ACCO World Inc. can be obtained from their offices at 300 Tower Parkway, Lincolnshire, Illinois, IL 60069-3640, USA.