

No of Company 2141770

The Companies Act 1985

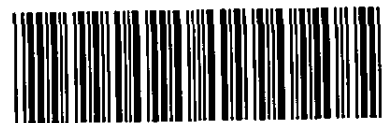
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

**Memorandum and
Articles of Association of**

**ST LUKE'S HOSPICE
(HARROW & BRENT)**

(Incorporated the 22nd day of June 1987)

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COMPANIES HOUSE

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

ST LUKE'S HOSPICE (HARROW & BRENT)

(As altered by Special Resolution passed on the 8th day of January 1988)
(As altered by Special Resolution passed on the 15th day of August 2000)
(As altered by Special Resolution passed on the 26th day of June 2003)
(As altered by Special Resolution passed on the 18th day of December 2008)

1. The Company's name is "ST LUKE'S HOSPICE (HARROW & BRENT)".
2. The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales.
3. The Company's objects are:-
 - (a) To promote under Christian auspices the relief of sickness and distress (so far as such purpose is charitable) in such ways as the Company (hereinafter called "the Association") shall from time to time think fit, and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of such object):-
 - (i) To offer medical care and support to patients and their families in the home environment.
 - (ii) To establish, maintain and conduct a residential home and day care centre for the reception and care of persons (without limitations of sex, age, race or creed) who are suffering from any chronic or terminal illness or from disability or disease, whether in hospitals, nursing homes, clinics or in their own homes, and by providing medical nursing or other treatment and attention according to their needs.
 - (iii) To conduct, promote and encourage research into care and treatment of persons suffering from any such illness, disability, disease or infirmity as aforesaid and in particular into the care and treatment of persons suffering from terminal illnesses.
 - (iv) To advance the education and training of doctors, nurses, physiotherapists, psychologists and other persons engaged in the care of such sufferers.

- (v) To provide, assist and encourage the provision of spiritual help and guidance for any persons resident (whether as patients or otherwise) or working in such home or homes, centre or centres as aforesaid.

In furtherance of the above objects but not further or otherwise the Company shall have the following powers:-

- (b) To establish and conduct clinics, out-patients' departments, surgeries, dispensaries and convalescent homes.
- (c) To engage and pay such medical staff, dentists, lecturers, chaplains, pharmacists, social workers, nurses, domestic staff and others whom the Association may think fit for the furtherance of its objects.
- (d) To make such regulations as to the admission of persons to any home, clinic, day care centre or out-patients' department established by or conducted under the directions of the Association as aforesaid, and as to the residence of any persons in any such home as aforesaid as the Association may think fit, and so that such regulations may provide, either generally or in any particular case or cases for such admission or residence to be either free of charge or subject to such amount as the Association may think fit.
- (e) To provide or arrange for such medical or other attention as the Association may think fit.
- (f) To provide such medical supplies, equipment and apparatus, drugs, amenities and other things conducive in the material and spiritual welfare of any persons resident, working in or attending such home, clinic or out-patients' department as aforesaid or any persons being treated or attended in their own home as the Association may think fit.
- (g) Subject to such consents as may be required by law to borrow and raise money for the furtherance of the objects of the Company in such manner and on such security as the Company may think fit.
- (h) To raise funds and to invite and receive contributions from any person or persons whatsoever by way of subscription, donation or otherwise provided that this shall be without prejudice to the ability of the Company to disclaim any gift, legacy or bequest in whole or in part in such circumstances as the Company may think fit and provided also that the Company shall not undertake any permanent trading activities in raising funds for the above-mentioned charitable objects.
- (i) To lend money and give credit to, to take security for such loans or credit from, and to guarantee and become or give security for the performance of contracts and obligations by, any person or company.
- (j) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, and other negotiable, transferable, or mercantile instruments.
- (k) To subscribe for either absolutely or conditionally or otherwise acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock or other securities or obligations of any other company.

(l) To invest the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the furtherance of its objects in or upon such investments, securities or property as may be thought fit, subject nevertheless to such conditions (if any) and such consents (if any) as may for the time being be imposed or required by law.

(m) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property and any rights or privileges and to construct, maintain and alter any buildings or erections which the Company may think necessary for the promotion of its objects.

(n) Subject to such consents as may be required by law to sell, let, mortgage, dispose of or turn to account all or any of the property or assets of the Company with a view to the furtherance of its objects.

(o) Subject to Clause 4 hereof to employ and pay such architects, surveyors, solicitors and other professional persons, workmen, clerks and other staff as are necessary for the furtherance of the objects of the Company.

(p) To make all reasonable and necessary provision for the payment of pensions and superannuation to or on behalf of employees and their widows and other dependants.

(q) To subscribe to, become a member of, or amalgamate or co-operate with any other charitable organisation, institution, society or body not formed or established for purposes of profit (whether incorporated or not and whether in Great Britain or Northern Ireland or elsewhere) whose objects are wholly or in part similar to those of the Company and which by its constitution prohibits the distribution of its income and property amongst its members to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company under or by virtue of Clause 4 hereof and to purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all such part of the property, assets, liabilities and engagements as may lawfully be acquired or undertaken by the Company of any such charitable organisation, institution, society or body.

(r) To establish and support or aid the establishment and support of any charitable trusts, associations or institutions and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable purposes in any way connected with or calculated to further any of the objects of the Company.

(s) To do all or any of the things hereinbefore authorised either alone or in conjunction with any other charitable organisation, institution, society or body with which this Company is authorised to amalgamate.

(t) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company.

(u) To do all such other lawful things as are necessary for the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

Provided that:

(i) In case the Company shall take or hold any property which may be subject to any trusts, the Company shall only deal with or invest the same in such manner as allowed by law, having regard to such trusts.

(ii) The objects of the Company shall not extend to the regulation of relations between workers and employers or organisations of workers and organisations of employers.

(iii) In case the Company shall take or hold any property subject to the jurisdiction of the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales, the Company shall not sell, mortgage, charge or lease the same without such authority, approval or consent as may be required by law, and as regards any such property the Council of Management or Governing Body of the Company shall be chargeable for any such property that may come into their hands and shall be answerable and accountable for their own acts receipts neglects and defaults, and for the due administration of such property in the same manner and to the same extent as they would as such Council of Management or Governing Body have been if no incorporation had been effected, and the incorporation of the Company shall not diminish or impair any control or authority exercisable by the Chancery Division or the Charity Commissioners over such Council of Management or Governing Body but they shall as regards any such property be subject jointly and separately to such control or authority as if the company were not incorporated.

4. The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of its objects as set forth in the Memorandum of Association and no portion thereof shall be paid or transferred, directly or indirectly, by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise howsoever by way of profit, to members of the Company, and no member of its Council of Management or Governing Body shall be appointed to any office of the Company paid by salary or fees or receive any remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth from the Company.

Provided that nothing herein shall prevent any payment in good faith by the Company:-

- (a) of reasonable and proper remuneration to any member, officer or servant of the Company (not being a member of its Council of Management or Governing Body) for any services rendered to the Company:
- (b) of interest on money lent by any member of the Company or of its Council of Management or Governing Body at a reasonable and proper rate per annum not exceeding 2% less than the published base lending rate of a clearing bank to be selected by the Council of Management or Governing Body, or 3% whichever is the greater:
- (c) of reasonable and proper rent for premises demised or let by any member of the Company or of its Council of Management or Governing Body:

(d) of fees, remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth to any company of which a member of the Council of Management or Governing Body may also be a member holding not more than 1/100th part of the capital of that company, and

(e) to any member of its Council of Management or Governing Body of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

5. The liability of the members is limited.

6. Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required (not exceeding £1) to the Company's assets if it should be wound up while he is a member, or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for payment of the Company's debts and liabilities contracted before he ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding-up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves.

7. If upon the winding-up or dissolution of the Company there remains, after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property whatsoever, the same shall not be paid to or distributed among the members of the Company, but shall be given or transferred to some other charitable institution or institutions having objects similar to the objects of the Company, and which shall prohibit the distribution of its or their income and property to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company under or by virtue of Clause 4 hereof, such institution or institutions to be determined by the members of the Company at or before the time of dissolution, and if and so far as effect cannot be given to such provision, then to some other charitable object.

WE, the subscribers to this Memorandum of Association, wish to be formed into a Company pursuant to this Memorandum.

Names and Addresses of Subscribers

John Arthur Corner
46 Mount Stewart Avenue
Kenton
Harrow, Middlesex. HA3 0JU

Ann Elizabeth Hatswell
17 Ambleside Gardens
Wembley
Middlesex

Elizabeth Honor Milne
33 Pinner View
Harrow
Middlesex

John Charles Gore
St Augustine's Vicarage
13 Forty Avenue
Wembley, Middlesex
HA9 8JL

Philip James Seymour Crome
1 Enderley Road
Harrow Weald
Harrow, Middlesex
HA3 5HF

Maureen Stephenson
26 Charles Crescent
Harrow, Middlesex
HA1 4AP

Dated this 8th day of May 1987

Witness to the above Signatures:-

Philip Hugh Cross
All Saints
529 Kenton Road
Kenton, Harrow
Middlesex
HA3 0UL

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF
ST LUKE'S HOSPICE (HARROW & BRENT)

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed on the 18th day of December 2008)

INTERPRETATION

1. In these Articles:-

“the Act” means the Companies Act 2006

“the Chairman” means the chairman of the Company

“the Council” means the Council of Management of the Company

“the seal” means the common seal of the Company

“secretary” means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company

“the Treasurer” means the treasurer of the Company

“the United Kingdom” means Great Britain and Northern Ireland

“the Vice-Chairman” means the vice-chairman of the Company

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, Lithography, photograph, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these Articles become binding on the Company.

OBJECTS

2. The Company is established for the objects expressed in the Memorandum of Association.

MEMBERS

3. Such persons as the Council shall admit to membership shall be members of the Company. Every member of the Company shall either sign a written consent to become a member or sign the register of members on becoming a member and shall act as a Trustee of the Company whilst a member of the Company
4. Unless the members of the Council or the Company in General Meeting shall make other provision, the members of the Council may in their absolute discretion permit any member of the Company to retire provided that after such retirement the number of members is not less than three.
5. The chairman may, whenever he or she thinks fit, convene a General Meeting, and General Meetings may also be convened by a majority of members. If at any time there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient members of the Council capable of acting to form a quorum, any member of the Council or any two members of the Company may convene a General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the Council.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

6. General Meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called by twenty-one day's notice in writing at the least, and any other General Meeting of the Company shall be called by the fourteen day's notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business and shall be given to all members:

provided that a meeting of the Company shall, notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Article be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representing not less than ninety-five per cent of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.

7. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

8. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided, three members present in person shall be a quorum. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Council may determine.
9. The chairman of the Council shall preside as chairman at every General Meeting of the Company, or if there is no such chairman, or if he shall not be present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act, the vice chairman of the Council shall preside as chairman.
10. If at any General Meeting neither the chairman nor the vice chairman of the Council is willing to act as a chairman or is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
11. The chairman may, with the consent of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of any original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
12. At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:-
 - (a) by the chairman; or
 - (b) by at least two members present in person or by proxy; or
 - (c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll be so demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to that effect in the

book containing the minutes of proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

13. Except as provided in Article 17, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
14. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.
15. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment, shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.
16. Subject to the provisions of the Act a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at General Meetings (or being corporations by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

17. Every member shall have one vote.
18. No member shall be entitled to vote at any General Meeting unless all moneys presently payable by him to the Company have been paid.
19. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy.
20. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointer is a corporation, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
21. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the

meeting, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

22. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:

“
Limited.

I/We _____ of _____ in the
County of _____
being a member/members of the above named Company,
hereby appoint _____ of _____ or
failing him _____ of _____
as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/or
behalf at the General Meeting of the Company to be held on the
day of _____ 200-, and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 200-”

23. Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of voting for or against a resolution the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances admit:-

“
Limited.

I/We _____ of _____ in the
County of _____
being a member/members of the above named Company, hereby
appoint _____ of _____ or failing him
of _____ as my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/or
behalf at the General Meeting of the Company to be held on the
day of _____ 200-, and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2008.

This form is to be used *in favour of/against the resolution.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

*Strike out whichever is not desired.”

24. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.
25. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the

proxy was executed, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES AT MEETINGS

26. Any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its council or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company.

COUNCIL OF MANAGEMENT

27. The maximum and minimum number of the members of the Council shall be determined by the Company in General Meeting, but unless and until so fixed there shall be no maximum number and the minimum number of members of the Council shall be three.
28. The members of the Council shall be paid all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses properly incurred by them on behalf of the charity.
29. The members of the Council shall elect out of their number a chairman, a vice-chairman and a treasurer of the Company.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COUNCIL

30. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Council, who may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not, by the Act or by these Articles, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act or these Articles and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Council which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.
31. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Council shall from time to time by resolution determine.

32. The Council shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:-
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the Council;
 - (b) of the names of the members of the Council present at each meeting of the Council and of any committee of the Council;
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, and of the Council and of committees of the Council.

DISQUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

33. The office of member of the Council shall be vacated if the member:-
- (a) becomes bankrupt makes an arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (b) becomes prohibited from being a member of the Council by reason of any order made under the Act; or
 - (c) becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder, illness or injury of managing and administering his property and affairs;
 - (d) is absent without good reason for 3 consecutive meetings or fails to attend fifty percent of meetings in any one calendar year of either the full Council or from any sub-committee on which he has agreed to serve and the Council; in its absolute discretion; requires him by notice to resign; or
 - (e) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
 - (f) is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the Company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by the Act.
34. A member of the Council shall not vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereout, and if he does so vote his vote shall not be counted.

ROTATION OF MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

35. Every member of the Council who has held office for three years since his last election shall retire from office.
36. Subject to Article 37, a retiring member of the Council shall be eligible for re-election.

37. Subject to Articles 43, 44 and 45, no member of the Council shall serve for a longer period than six consecutive years. Any member of the Council who has served for six consecutive years, shall retire from office on the sixth anniversary of his or her first election and shall not be eligible for re-election until the anniversary of his or her retirement.
38. The Company at the meeting at which a member of the Council retires pursuant to Article 36 in manner aforesaid may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto, and in default the retiring member of the Council shall, if offering himself for re-election, be deemed to have been re-elected, unless at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such vacated office or unless a resolution for the re-election of such member of the Council shall have been put to the meeting and lost.
39. No person other than a member of the Council retiring at the meeting shall unless recommended by the Council be eligible for election to the office of member of the Council at any General Meeting unless, not less than three or more than twenty-one days before the date appointed for the meeting, there shall have been left at the registered office of the Company notice in writing signed by a member duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given, of his intention to propose such person for election, and also notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected.
40. The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution fix increase or reduce the number of members of the Council.
41. The Council shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person to be a member of the council, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing members of the Council, but so that the total number of members of the Council shall not at any time exceed any maximum number fixed in accordance with these Articles. Any member so the Council so appointed shall hold office only until the next General Meeting and shall then be eligible for election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the members of the Council who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.
42. The Company may by ordinary resolution, of which special notice has been given in accordance with the Act, remove any member of the Council before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such member of the Council.
43. A member of the Council holding the office of chairman vice-chairman or treasurer shall retire from that office at the end of three years since his last election to that office.
44. A retiring holder of the office of chairman, vice-chairman or treasurer shall be eligible for re-election but cannot serve for a longer period than six years in that post.

45. For the avoidance of doubt a member who holds the office of chairman, vice-chairman or treasurer may continue in that office for as long as is permitted by Article 44 even though it may extend his service as a member for a longer period than six years but in no event can a member serve for a longer period than twelve consecutive years.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL

46. The Council may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn, and otherwise regulate their meetings, as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote. A member of the Council may, and the secretary on the requisition of a member of the Council shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Council. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of the Council to any member of the Council for the time being absent from the United Kingdom.
47. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Council may be fixed by the Council, and unless so fixed shall be three.
48. The continuing members of the Council may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the Articles of the Company as the necessary quorum of members of the Council, the continuing member or members of the Council may act for the purpose of increasing the number of members of the Council to that number, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.
49. The Council may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit; any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Council and shall report all acts and proceedings to the Council as soon as is reasonably practicable.
50. The Council may appoint the chairmen of its committees; if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
51. A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the

members present, and in the case of an equality of votes the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

52. All acts done by any meeting of the Council or of a committee of the Council, or by any person acting as a member of the Council, shall notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such member of the Council or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a member of the Council.
53. A resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Council for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Council, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Council duly convened and held.

SECRETARY

54. Subject to the Act, the secretary shall be appointed by the Council for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as the Council may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by it: provided always that no member of the Council may occupy the salaried position of secretary.
55. A provision of the Act or these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a member of the council and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as member of the Council and as, or in place of, the secretary.

THE SEAL

56. The Council shall provide for the safe custody of the seal, which shall only be used by the authority of the Council or of a committee of the Council authorised by the Council in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a member of the Council and shall be countersigned by the secretary or by a second member of the Council or by some other person appointed by the Council for the purpose.

ACCOUNTS

57. The Council shall cause accounting records to be kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
58. The accounting records shall be kept at the registered office of the Company or, subject to the provisions of the Act, at such other place or

places as the Council thinks fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the officers of the Company.

59. The Council shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of persons not being members of the Council, and no person (not being a member of the Council) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Council or by the Company in General Meeting.
60. The Council shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Act, cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those provisions.
61. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting, together with a copy of the auditor's report, and the Council's report, shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company. Provided that this Article shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of any debentures.

AUDIT

62. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

NOTICES

63. A notice may be given by the Company to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him or his registered address, or (if he has no registered address within the United Kingdom) to the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied by him to the Company for the giving of notice to him. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected in the case of a notice of a meeting at the expiration of 24 hours after the letter containing the same is posted, and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.
64. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to every member except those members who

(having no registered address within the United Kingdom) have not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the giving of notices to them;

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of General Meetings.

DISSOLUTION

65. Clause 7 of the Memorandum of Association relating to the winding-up and dissolution of the Company shall have effect as if the provisions thereof were repeated in these Articles.

RULES OR BYE LAWS

66. (a) The Council may from time to time make such Rules or Bye Laws as it may deem necessary or expedient or convenient for the proper conduct and management of the Company and for the purposes of prescribing classes of and conditions of memberships, and in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, it may by such Rules or Bye Laws regulate:-
- (i) The admission and classification of members of the Company and the rights and privileges of such members, and the conditions of membership and the terms on which members may resign or have their membership terminated and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by members.
 - (ii) The conduct of members of the Company in relation to one another, and to the Company's servants.
 - (iii) The setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Company's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes.
 - (iv) The procedure at general meetings and meetings of the Council and Committees of the Council in so far as such procedure is not regulated by these presents.
 - (v) And, generally all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of Company rules.

The Company in General Meeting shall have power to alter or repeal the Rules or Bye Laws and to make additions thereto and the Council shall adopt such means as they deem sufficient to bring to the notice of members of the Company all such Rules or Bye Laws, which so long as they shall be in force, shall be binding on all members of the Company. Provided, nevertheless, that no Rule or Bye Law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal

anything contained in, the Memorandum or Articles of Association of the Company.

INDEMNITY

67. In the execution of his duties and the exercise of his rights in relation to the affairs of the Company (and without prejudice to any indemnity to which he may otherwise be entitled) every member of the Council shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any costs, losses, claims, actions or other liabilities suffered or incurred by him and arising by reason of any improper investment made by or for the Company in good faith (so long as he shall have sought professional advice before making or procuring the making of such investment) or by reason of any negligence or fraud of any agent engaged or employed by him in good faith (provided reasonable supervision shall have been exercised) notwithstanding the fact that the engagement or employment of such agent was strictly not necessary or by reason of any mistake or omission made in good faith by him or by reason of any other matter or thing other than deliberate fraud, wrongdoing or wrongful omission on the part of the member of the Council who is sought to be made liable.