Registered Number: 2133865

## HENSBY COMPOSTS LIMITED

## DIRECTORS' REPORT & FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

WEDNESDAY



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## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** 

P A Rackham

P A Rackham Jnr S R Stuteley

**SECRETARY** 

S R Stuteley

**COMPANY NUMBER** 

2133865

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

Manor Farm Bridgham Norfolk NR16 2RX

**AUDITORS** 

Peters Elworthy & Moore Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Cambridge United Kingdom

**BANKERS** 

Lloyds TSB Bank Plc

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#### DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 December 2009

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009. This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is to acquire and improve brownfield sites through remediation and planning. The current site owned by the company is on a long term lease.

The turnover is derived from a lease on the company's sole property

The financial instruments of the company principally comprise short-term debtors and creditors. The company does not trade in financial instruments and neither uses, nor trades, in derivative financial instruments.

Surplus cash funds have been loaned to the parent company at a commercial interest rate

As at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 the freehold property of the company was used as security for borrowings undertaken by itself. The property is also charged as security for the parent company's loan facility.

## DIRECTORS' REPORT For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### **RESULTS & DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £245,355 (2008 - Profit £204,030)

A dividend of £450,000 (2008 - £135,000) was paid during the year

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served throughout the year were

P A Rackham

P A Rackham Jnr

S R Stuteley

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Peters Elworthy & Moore, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006. A resolution to authorise the Directors to determine the auditors' remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

In the case of each of the persons who are Directors of the Company at the date when this report was approved

- so far as each of the Directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- each of the Directors has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Approved by the Board of Directors And signed on behalf of the Board

S R Stuteley
Director

25/03/2010

# HENSBY COMPOSTS LIMITED INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HENSBY COMPOSTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Hensby Composts Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 Which comprise the profit and loss account and the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Roger Guthrie (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of

PETERS ELWORTHY & MOORE

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Salisbury House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2LA

Date 2 Muh Zao

## PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
TURNOVER	1	266,297	251,646
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT	_	266,297	251,646
Administrative expenses	-	(25,380)	(26,500)
OPERATING PROFIT	2	240,917	225,146
Interest receivable Interest payable	4 5	19,037 (14,599)	24,464 (66,102)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		245,355	183,508
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	6 _		20,522
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	13	245,355	204,030

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2009 or 2008 other than those included in the profit and loss account

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form part of these financial statements

#### BALANCE SHEET As at 31 December 2009

REGISTERED NUMBER 2133865

		20	09	20	08
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	8		2,962,000	-	2,962,000
			2,962,000		2,962,000
CURRENT ASSETS			2,902,000		2,902,000
Stock		_		450	
Debtors due within one year	9	151,741		527,391	
Debtors due after more than one year	9	55,219		71,719	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	552	. <u> </u>	3,853_	
				<b>600 410</b>	
CDEDITODE, amounta fallina dua		207,512		603,413	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	10	(286,326)		(264,554)	
within one year	-	(200,520)	<del>-</del>	(20.,52.)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			(78,814)	_	338,859
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES, BEING NET ASSETS			2,883,186		3,300,859
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	11		(638,580)		(851,608)
NIETE A COETEO			2 244 (0(		2 440 251
NET ASSETS			2,244,606	-	2,449,251
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		90,000		90,000
Share premium account			10,000		10,000
Revaluation reserve			2,104,418		2,104,418
Profit and loss account	13		40,188	-	244,833
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14		2,244,606		2,449,251
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	1 7		#,#TT,000	_	

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

The financial statements were approved by the board on 25 03 2000 and signed on its behalf

S R Stuteley

Director

The notes on pages 10 to 17 form part of these financial statements

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment property and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

#### 1.2 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS1

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises of property rental and goods and services, which fall within the company's ordinary activities, exclusive of Value Added Tax. All turnover arose from within the United Kingdom. The directors consider there to be one business segment for reporting purposes, as the company conducts one business activity, being the sale and rental of properties.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Investment properties are revalued annually in accordance with SSAP 19 and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to revaluation reserve. No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

The Companies Act 2006 ("The Act") requires all properties to be depreciated. However, this requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principal set out in SSAP 19. The directors consider that, because these properties are not held for consumption, but for investment potential, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view, and that it is necessary to adopt SSAP 19 in order to give a true and fair view.

If this departure from the Act had not been made, the profit for the financial year would have been reduced by depreciation. However, the amount of depreciation cannot reasonably be quantified because depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount which might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified.

#### 1.5 Taxation

UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Provision for deferred taxation is made in full on timing differences, which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

Deferred tax is not provided on timing differences arising from the revaluation of fixed assets where there is no commitment to sell the asset

#### 1.5 Leases

Rentals received under leases are recorded according to the terms of the lease

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

2.	OPERATING PROFIT The operating profit is stated after charging	2009 £	2008 £
	Auditors' remuneration - Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's annual accounts	3,000	2,500
3.	STAFF COSTS Staff costs including directors' remuneration, were as follows	2009 £	2008 £
	Wages and salaries		
	During the year, no director received any emoluments from the comservices to the company (2008 - £nil)	pany in respe	ct of their
	The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the	ne year was as	follows
		2009	2008
	Directors	3	3_
4.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Interest receivable from group companies Other interest receivable	19,030	24,377 87
		19,037	24,464
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE		
		2009 £	2008 £
	On bank loans and overdrafts	14,599	66,102
		14,599	66,102

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 6. TAXATION

	2009 £	2008 £
Analysis of tax charge in year Current tax (see note below)	_	
UK corporation tax charge on profits of the year Prior year adjustment	-	(20,522)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		(20,522)

## Factors affecting tax charge for year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK applicable to the company (28%) The differences are explained below

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2009 £ 245,355	2008 £ 183,508
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the relevant standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 28%)	68,699	51,382
Effects of: Origination and reversal of timing differences Group relief claimed for nil consideration Industrial Buildings Allowance Prior year adjustment	(64,024) (4,675)	(6,745) (44,637) - (20,522)
Current tax charge for year (see note above)		(20,522)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 7. **DIVIDENDS**

	2009 £	2008 £
On equity shares		
Total dividends paid at £5 per share (2008 - £1 50)	450,000	135,000

#### 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Investment properties £
Valuation At 1 January 2008 and 31 December 2009	2,962,000
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 January 2008 and 31 December 2009	
Net book value At 31 December 2009	2,962,000
At 31 December 2008	2,962,000

Valuation at 31 December 2009 is as follows

The company's investment property was valued at open market by Savills (L&P) Ltd, independent external valuers, as at 7 May 2005 at market value of £2,962,000 in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Standards (5<sup>th</sup> Edition) issued by the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors as subsequently amended (the Red Book) The directors do not consider that the value at 31 December 2009 would have been materially different. The historical cost of property at 31 December 2009 was £857,582 (2008 £857,582)

No deferred tax has been recognised on gains that would arise if the property was sold without any rollover relief being obtained. The tax which would be payable in such circumstances is estimated to be £398,263 (2008 £408,383)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 9. **DEBTORS**

	2009 £	2008 £
Due after more than one year	<b>77.</b> 210	71 710
Finance lease receivables	55,219	71,719
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	87,360	77,079
Amounts owed by group undertakings	47,844	433,712
Finance lease receivables	16,500	16,500
Prepayments and accrued income	37	100
	151,741	527,391
	206,960	599,110
10. CREDITORS		
Amounts falling due within one year		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank loans (secured)	204,064	190,647
Social security and other taxes	11,395	9,634
Accruals and deferred income	70,865	64,271
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2	2
	286,326	264,554

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 11. CREDITORS

## Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2009 £	2008 £
Bank loans (secured)	638,580	851,608
Borrowings are repayable as follows		
	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank loans		
Between one and two years	204,064	195,413
Between two and five years	434,516	616,044
Over five years	-	40,151
•	638,580	851,608
On demand or within one year	204,064	190,647
•	842,644	1,042,255
Creditors include amounts not wholly repayable within 5 years	as follows	
	2009	2008
	£	£
Repayable by instalments		40,151

The bank loan is repayable by quarterly instalments and interest is charged at 1% above base rate. The bank loan is secured on the freehold property of the company. The parent company, Property Recycling Group plc, has provided a cross- guarantee against the loan.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 12. SHARE CAPITAL

	2009 £	2008 £
Authorised 100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
Alloted, called up and fully paid 90,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	90,000	90,000

## 13. RESERVES

Profit and loss account	£
At 1 January 2009	244,833
Profit retained for the year	245,355
Dividends paid (note 7)	(450,000)
At 31 December 2009	40,188

## 14. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2009 £	2008 £
Profit for the year	245,355 (450,000)	204,030 (135,000)
Dividends paid (note 7)  Net increase/(reduction) in shareholders' funds  Opening shareholders' funds	(450,000) (204,645) 2,449,251	69,030 2,380,221
Closing shareholders' funds	2,244,606	2,449,251

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

#### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted by paragraph 3(c) of the Financial Reporting Standard 8 not to disclose related party transactions with fellow group companies

#### 16. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is a fully owned subsidiary of Property Recycling Group plc, a company registered in England and Wales The immediate and ultimate controlling party of Hensby Composts Limited, is Property Recycling Group plc Copies of the group financial statements of Property Recycling Group plc are available from the Registered Office at Manor Farm, Bridgham, Norwich, NR16 2RX

The additional information on pages 19 to 21 has been prepared from the accounting records of the company While it does not form part of the statutory financial statements, it should be read in conjunction with them and the auditors' report thereon

## DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 2009

	Page	2009 £	2008 £
TURNOVER	20	266,297	251,646
Dividends received from UK subsidiary Cost of sales Gross Profit	-	266,297	251,646
Less: OVERHEADS			
Administrative expenses	20	(25,380)	(26,500)
OPERATING PROFIT	_	240,917	225,146
Interest receivable	21	19,037	24,464
Interest payable	21 _	(14,599)	(66,102)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	_	245,355	183,508

## SCHEDULE TO THE DETAILED ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

TURNOVER	2009 £	2008 £
Rent receivable - UK	266,297	251,646
	2009	2008
COST OF SALES	£	£
Opening stocks	-	-
Purchases	-	450
Closing stocks		(450)
	<del>-</del>	
	2009	2008
	£	£
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		((10)
Staff salaries	-	(610)
Site costs	_	381
Waste management licence Management charge	20,000	(1,415) 20,000
Legal and professional	2,233	4,794
Auditors' remuneration	3,000	2,500
Investment written off	-	_,
Bank charges	7	11
Bad debts	-	-
Light and heat	-	-
Insurances	110	809
Sundry expenses	30	30
	25,380	26,500

## SCHEDULE TO THE DETAILED ACCOUNTS For the year ended 31 December 2009

	2009	2008
	£	£
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
Bank interest receivable	7	85
Other interest receivable	-	2
Group interest receivable	19,030	24,377
	19,037	24,464
	2009	2008
	£	£
INTEREST PAYABLE		
Bank loan interest payable	14,599	66,102
	<u>14,599</u>	66,102