Directors' report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2013 Registered number: 02131552

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Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Principal activity

GE Capital TLS Limited ("the company") provided contract hire vehicles, short term rental vehicles and associated vehicle management.

In 2010 the directors decided to close the business and to cease trading. As a result the accounts have not been prepared on a going concern basis. The effect of this is explained in note 1.1 to the financial statements.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £17,661,000 (2012: loss £255,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2012: £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of the directors' report were:

K T Griffin (appointed 19 November 2013)

N C Smith (appointed 19 November 2013)

R A Fast (resigned 19 November 2013)

P L Beadle (resigned 19 November 2013)

K A Delamore (resigned 19 November 2013)

M McEnroe (resigned 19 November 2013)

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Under section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, KPMG Audit Plc will be deemed to have been reappointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the registrar, whichever is earlier.

This report was approved by the board on 9 July 2014 and signed on its behalf.

K T GriffinDirector

3rd Floor 1 Ashley Road Altrincham Cheshire WA14 2DT

Directors' responsibilities statement for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report to the members of GE Capital TLS Limited

We have audited the financial statements of GE Capital TLS Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Emphasis of matter

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1.1 to the financial statements which explains that the financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis for the reason set out in that note.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

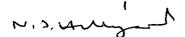
In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of GE Capital TLS Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.



James Hillyard (senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of **KPMG Audit Plc**

Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

1 The Embankment Neville Street Leeds LS1 4DW

9 July 2014

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	£000	£000
Turnover	1	-	63
Cost of sales		-	(30)
Gross profit		-	33
Administrative expenses		(19,001)	(1,144)
Other operating income		1,253	708
Operating loss	2	(17,748)	(403)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	87	153
Interest payable and similar charges	7		(5)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(17,661)	(255)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	8	<u> </u>	-
Loss for the financial year	15	(17,661)	(255)

All amounts relate to discontinuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2013 or 2012 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 7 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 02131552

Balance sheet

as at 31 December 2013

	Note	£000	2013 £000	£000	2012 £000
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	-		286	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	24,590		26,062	
Tangible current assets	10	-		400	
	_	24,590		26,748	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(17,126)		(548)	
Net current assets	_		7,464	<u> </u>	26,200
Total assets less current liabilities		•	7,464	-	26,200
Provisions for liabilities	13		(147)		(1,222)
Net assets			7,317	· -	24,978
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		156,802		156,802
Share premium account	15		51,047		51,047
Other reserves	15		4,240		4,240
Employee share based equity reserve	15		57		57
Profit and loss account	15		(204,829)		(187,168)
Shareholders' funds	16	:	7,317	=	24,978

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 9 July 2014.

KT Griffin

Director

The notes on pages 7 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

As the company has ceased trading the directors have not prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. All asset and liabilities have been reviewed and stated at their net realisable value and provision has been booked to recognise the costs associated with closing the business.

1.2 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts. All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

1.4 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

1.5 Tangible current assets

Tangible current assets are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for any additional cost of disposal.

1.6 Taxation

Taxation for the year is based on the loss for the year.

Full provision is made for deferred tax liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.7 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation.

Notes to the financial statements

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.8 Pensions

The company was a member of a larger group pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The group pension scheme, GE Pension Plan, covers a number of United Kingdom subsidiary companies of General Electric Company. Because the company is unable to identify its share of the scheme assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by FRS 17 'Retirement benefits', the scheme has been accounted for in these financial statements as if the scheme was a defined contribution scheme.

The company operated a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

1.9 Share based payments

Share options and restricted stock units over the shares of General Electric Company, the ultimate parent entity are granted to certain employees and executives of the company. The fair value of options and units granted is recognised as an employee expense with a corresponding increase in equity, the 'employee share based equity reserve'.

The fair value is measured at grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognised as an expense over the period the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options/units. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options/units expected to vest.

Any recharges by the ultimate parent entity are offset against the 'employee share based equity reserve'.

In addition the company has established an employee share ownership scheme, under which employees are able to acquire a number of shares in the ultimate parent company, General Electric Company, with the company matching the employees' purchases. The company's costs of these purchases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred

1.10 Transactions with related parties

The company, as a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of General Electric Company, has taken advantage of an exemption contained in FRS 8, "Related Party Disclosures", in preparing its financial statements. This exemption allows the company not to disclose details of transactions with other group companies or investees of the group qualifying as related parties, as the consolidated financial statements of General Electric Company, in which the company is included, are publicly available.

Notes to the financial statements

2. Operating loss

3.

The operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2013	2012
	£000	£000
Operating lease rentals (reversal)/charge:		
- plant and machinery	(28)	1
- land and buildings	(75)	12
Loss/(profit) on sale of tangible current assets	140	(3)
Section75 pension charge	16,918	-
Staff costs		
Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		
	2013	2012
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	478	630
Social security costs	56	62
Other pension costs	18,556	482
	19,090	1,174
The average monthly number of employees, including the directo	ers during the year was as follow	ş.
The average monthly number of employees, including the director	, daring the year was as follow	J .
	2013	2012
•	No.	No.
Management/administrative	9	11

Other pension costs include £16,918,000 in relation to the recognition of the final settlement to exit the GE Pension Plan payable under section 75 of the Pensions Act 1995.

4. Directors' remuneration

	, 2013	2012
	£000	£000
Remuneration	85	100
Company pension contributions	17	20

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to no director (2012: 1) in respect of defined benefit pension schemes.

Notes to the financial statements

5. Auditors' remuneration

Remuneration of £1,000 (2012: £5,000) paid to the auditors for their services was borne by a fellow group undertaking.

6.	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2013 £000	2012 £000
	Interest receivable from group companies	<u>87</u>	153
7.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2013	2012
	On loans from group undertakings	£000	£000 5
8.	Taxation		
		2013 £000	2012 £000
	Analysis of tax charge in the year		
	UK corporation tax charge on loss for the year	-	-
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	128	2
	Movement in deferred tax not provided for	(129)	36
	Effect of decreased tax rate Adjustment in respect of prior years	(1) 2	6 (44)
	Total deferred tax (see note 12)		-
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities	<u> </u>	-

Notes to the financial statements

8. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting current tax charge for the year

The current tax assessed for the year is higher than (2012: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012: 24.5%). The differences are explained below:

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(17,661)	(255)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012: 24.5%)	(4,106)	(63)
Effects of:		
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Short term timing differences	2 (131)	(2) -
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group relief	34 4,201	154 (89)
Current tax charge for the year (see note above)	-	<u> </u>

No current tax credit arises on the loss for the year because the company is surrendering group relief to other group companies for £nil consideration.

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Deferred tax assets and liabilities on all timing differences have been calculated at 20%, being the rate of UK corporation tax that was enacted at the balance sheet date, including those expected to reverse in the year ended 31 December 2014 (the overall average rate for which would otherwise be 21.5%). The impact of this, and that of the below changes in the corporation tax rate, on the financial statements is not considered to be material.

The UK corporation tax rate was reduced from 24% to 23% on 1 April 2013. It was announced that this rate would be reduced to 21% with effect from 1 April 2014 with a further reduction to 20% with effect from 1 April 2015. Both of these rates were enacted at the balance sheet date. There are no other factors that may significantly affect future tax charges.

Notes to the financial statements

9. D	eb	to	rs
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9.	Debtors		
		2013 £000	2012 £000
	Due after more than one year		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	<u>-</u>	286
		2013	2012
		€000	£000
	Due within one year		
	Rentals receivable under operating leases	- .	48
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	23,757	25,698
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	685 148	127 189
		 - 24,590	26,062
		=======================================	20,002
10.	Tangible current assets		
	•	2013 £000	2012 £000
		£000	
	Freehold land	-	87
	Freehold buildings Plant, machinery and computer equipment	•	308 5
	Plant, machinery and computer equipment		
		-	400
	·		
11.	Creditors:		
	Amounts falling due within one year		
		2013	2012
		£000	£000
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2	16
	Trade creditors	16	. 17 2
	Other taxation and social security Other creditors	16,918	33
	Accruals and deferred income	190	480
		17,126	548

Notes to the financial statements

12. Deferred taxation

				2013 £000	2012 £000
	At beginning and end of year		_	-	
	The amounts recognised and unrecognise	d for deferred tax	ation are made u	p as follows:	
		Recognised 2013 £000	Unrecognised 2013 £000	Recognised 2012 £000	Unrecognised 2012 £000
	Short term timing differences	-		-	130
13.	Provisions for liabilities				Provision for closure costs
	At 1 January 2013 Released Utilised				1,222 (860) (215)
	At 31 December 2013				147

Provision for closure costs

Closure costs comprise committed redundancy costs, contractual lease costs and estimated dilapidations.

Redundancy provisions have been based on standard terms and conditions of employment and contractual lease costs are based on the remaining term of the lease commitments ranging from one to four years.

Dilapidations have been estimated based on internal appraisals.

Notes to the financial statements

14. Share capital

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2,056,049,290 ordinary shares of £0.05 each 54,000,000 class 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each	102,802 54,000	102,802 54,000
	156,802	156,802

In relation to any dividend or return of capital on winding up or otherwise paid or made (by way of cash or specie) by the company, the holder of the 'A' ordinary shares shall be entitled to a payment of £54,000,000 (in the case of a dividend or return in cash) or a distribution or return to the value of £54,000,000 (in the case of a dividend or return in specie) for every £1 in cash or value paid or made by way of dividend or on a return of capital on winding up or otherwise to the holders of the ordinary shares of £0.05 then in the issue (the 'ordinary shares') and in the case of lesser amounts or value, such amounts or value as are necessary to preserve the aforesaid ratio.

15. Reserves

	Share premium account £000	Other reserves	Employee share based equity reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000
At 1 January 2013	51,047	4,240	57	(187,168)
Loss for the financial year	-	-	-	(17,661)
Equity compensation expense recognised during the year	-	-	4	-
based payments	-	-	(4)	-
At 31 December 2013	51,047	4,240	57	(204,829)
Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' fund	5			
			2013 £000	2012 £000
Opening shareholders' funds			24,978	25,236
Loss for the financial year			(17,661)	(255)
			4	3
Recharge from GE Company relating to share based	payments		(4)	(6)
Closing shareholders' funds			7,317	24,978
	Loss for the financial year Equity compensation expense recognised during the year Recharge from GE Company relating to share based payments At 31 December 2013 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds Loss for the financial year Equity compensation expense recognised during the Recharge from GE Company relating to share based	At 1 January 2013 Loss for the financial year Equity compensation expense recognised during the year Recharge from GE Company relating to share based payments - At 31 December 2013 S1,047 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds Loss for the financial year Equity compensation expense recognised during the year Recharge from GE Company relating to share based payments	At 1 January 2013 51,047 4,240 Loss for the financial year Equity compensation expense recognised during the year Recharge from GE Company relating to share based payments At 31 December 2013 51,047 4,240 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds Loss for the financial year Equity compensation expense recognised during the year Recharge from GE Company relating to share based payments	Share premium account reserves equity reserves £000 £000 £000 At 1 January 2013 51,047 4,240 57 Loss for the financial year

Notes to the financial statements

17. Pension commitments

The company was a member of a larger group pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The group pension scheme, GE Pension Plan, covers a number of United Kingdom subsidiary companies of General Electric Company. Because the company is unable to identify its share of the scheme assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by FRS 17 'Retirement benefits', the scheme has been accounted for in these financial statements as if the scheme was a defined contribution scheme. The funding surplus/deficit in respect of this scheme is disclosed in the financial statements of IGE USA Investments, a company registered in England and Wales.

The last full actuarial valuation was carried out at 5 April 2012 by a qualified independent actuary. At this date there was a funding deficit of £599 million and a funding level of 81.1%.

The pension charge for the year was £1,638,000 (2012: £482,000), including £nil (2012: £nil) in respect of the defined contribution scheme. Contributions amounting to £nil (2012: £31,000) were payable to the scheme at the end of the year and are included in creditors.

As outlined in note 1.1, the company has ceased trading and therefore will exit the group pension scheme. The expected final settlemnt is £16,918,000 payable under section 75 of the Pensions Act 1995 and is included in creditors.

18. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land	Land and buildings	
	2013	2012	
	£000	£000	
Expiry date:			
Between 2 and 5 years	•	608	

19. Share based payments

Certain employees of the company are selected to participate in share options and restricted stock units of General Electric Company under the terms of the General Electric Company Long Term Incentive Plan. Share options expire 10 years from grant date and vest over service periods ranging from one to five years. The option price is usually set as the closing day share price on grant date. Restricted stock units give the participants the right to receive shares in General Electric Company for no consideration. Restricted stock units vest over various service periods beginning three years from grant date through grantee retirement. All grants of GE options under all plans must be approved by the Management Development and Compensation Committee of General Electric Company, which consist entirely of outside directors.

For further details on stock options and restricted stock units please refer to the GE Annual report available at www.ge.com

Notes to the financial statements

19. Share based payments (continued)

(a) Share options

The number and weighted average exercise price of share options is as follows:

	2013 Weighted average exercise price \$	2013 Number of options No	2012 Weighted average exercise price \$	2012 Number of options No
Outstanding at the beginning of the year Forfeited during the year Exercised during the year	19.36 33.97 16.79	3,400 (300) (1,100)	19.39 25.24 16.18	5,350 (700) (1,250)
Outstanding at the end of the year	18.58	2,000	19.36	3,400
	2013 Weighted average exercise price \$	2013 Number of options No	2012 Weighted average exercise price	2012 Number of options
Exercisable at the end of the year	18.58	2,000	20.05	No 1,800
For share options exercised during the yea average share price on date of exercise	r weighted	\$ 22.84		\$ 22.79
	Minimum \$	Maximum \$	Minimum \$	Maximum \$
Range of exercise price for outstanding options	18.58	18.58	11.70	33.97
		Years	-	Years
Weighted average remaining contractual l outstanding options in years	ife of	4.81		5.68

Notes to the financial statements

19. Share based payments (continued)

Fair value of options granted

We measure the fair value of each stock option grant at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted during 2013, 2012 and 2011 was \$4.52, \$3.80 and \$4.00 respectively.

The following assumptions were used in arriving at the fair value of options granted during 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively: riskfree interest rates of 2.5%, 1.3% and 2.6%, dividend yields of 4.0%, 4.0% and 3.9%, expected volatility of 28%, 29% and 30%; and expected lives of 7.5, 7.8 and 7.7 years.

Risk-free interest rates reflect the yield on zero-coupon U.S. Treasury securities. Expected dividend yields presume a set dividend rate. For stock options granted in 2013, 2012 and 2011, we used a historical five year average for the dividend yield.

Expected volatilities are based on implied volatilities from traded options and historical volatility of our stock. The expected option lives are based on our historical experience of employee exercise behavior.

(b) Restricted stock units

The total number of restricted stock units granted during the year was nil (2012: nil).

Fair value of restricted stock units

The fair value of each restricted stock unit is the market price of our stock on the date of grant. The weighted average grant date fair value of RSUs granted during 2013, 2012 and 2011 was \$24.54, \$20.79 and \$16.74 respectively.

The average monthly exchange rate during the year end was \$1.56:£1.

The opening exchange rate was \$1.61:£1.

The closing exchange rate was \$1.63:£1.

(c) Expense arising from share based payment transactions

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Share options	4	3

20. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Key Leasing Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by its ultimate parent undertaking, General Electric Company, a company incorporated in the United States of America. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from 3135 Easton Turnpike, Fairfield, Connecticut, 06828, USA or at www.ge.com.