

Company No. 2129237

Financial Statements

For the year ended

31 March 2006



Bell Theatre Services Limited Company Information

Directors

S.M. Mitchell C.M. Bell

Secretary

S. Dixon

Registered Office

9b Chester Road Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 1LT

Auditors

Kingston Smith LLP Orbital House 20 Eastern Road Romford Essex, RM1 3PJ

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Bell Theatre Services Limited Report of the Directors

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2006.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company throughout the year was that of installation and sale of cinema sound projection equipment and equipment for cinemas. The company also provides service contracts in respect of the equipment provided and fitted by the company.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2005:

S.M. Mitchell C.M. Bell

Directors and their interests

The directors who served the company during the year together with their interests (including family interests) in the shares of the company at the beginning (or subsequent date of appointment) and end of the year, were as follows:

	Ordinary s	Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	
	31 March 2006	1 April 2005	
S.M. Mitchell	-	-	
C.M. Bell	2	2	

Auditors

On 1st May 2006, Kingston Smith transferred their business to Kingston Smith LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated under the Limited Liability Partnership Act 2000. The company's consent has been given to treating the appointment of Kingston Smith as extending to Kingston Smith LLP under the provision of section 26(5) of the Companies Act 1989. Kingston Smith LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act it is proposed that they be re-appointed auditors for the ensuing year.

Disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. The directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Small company rules

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the Board

Max BU

9b Chester Road Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 1LT

Date: 30/01/2007

C.M. Bell Director

Bell Theatre Services Limited Directors' Responsibilities & Report of the Auditors

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Shareholders of Bell Theatre Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Bell Theatre Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet and related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken for no purpose other than to draw to the attention of the company's members those matters which we are required to include in an auditors' report addressed to them. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to any party other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the director's report is consistent with the financial statements.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Bell Theatre Services Limited Directors' Responsibilities & Report of the Auditors (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and the information given in the director's report is consistent with the financial statements.

Orbital House 20 Eastern Road Romford Essex, RM1 3PJ

Date: 31,1 January 2007

Kingston Smith LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

August holimith LLP

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Profit And Loss Account For the year ended 31 March 2006

		2006	2005
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	3,062,987	3,300,261
Cost of sales		(1,746,587)	(1,942,640)
Gross profit		1,316,400	1,357,621
Administrative expenses		(1,290,806)	(1,227,503)
Operating profit	3	25,594	130,118
Other interest receivable and similar income	4	83,346	73,297
Interest payable and similar charges		(7,289)	(9,624)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		101,651	193,791
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(23,846)	(65,286)
Profit for the year	14	77,805	128,505

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2006

		200	6	200	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets			200.027		427,289
Tangible assets	6 and 7		390,037		427,207
Current assets					
Stocks		732,660		362,057	
Debtors	8	1,507,377		1,546,898	
Cash at bank and in hand		382,204	-	350,730	
		2,622,241		2,259,685	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(1,006,473)		(678,033)	
Net current assets			1,615,768		1,581,652
Total assets less current liabilities			2,005,805		2,008,941
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(31,135)		(107,576)
Provisions for liabilities	11				(4,500)
			1,974,670		1,896,865
Capital and reserves			•		2
Called up share capital	13		2		1,896,863
Profit and loss account	14		1,974,668		
Shareholders' funds	15		1,974,670		1,896,865

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on .30 01 1007

C.M. Bell Director

Notes To The Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2006

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets other than freehold land are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings Freehold	over 3 years
Plant and machinery	over 2 years
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	over 4 years
Motor vehicles	over 4 years

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Depreciation is provided only on those investment properties which are leasehold and where the unexpired lease term is less than 20 years.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable accounting standard, SSAP19, Accounting for investment properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 1985 for all tangiable assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

1.4 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.5 Stock

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition, including where appropriate, a proportion of manufacturing overheads.

1.6 Pensions

The company contributes to personal pension schemes on behalf of employees. Pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the cost payable by the company during the year.

1.7 Deferred taxation

In accordance with FRS 19, deferred tax is recognised as a liability or asset if transactions or events that give the company the obligation to pay more tax in future or a right to pay less tax in future have occurred by the balance sheet date.

1.8 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

2 Turnover

In the year to 31 March 2006 11% (2005 - 10%) of the company's turnover was to markets outside the United Kingdom.

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2006

3	Operating profit	2006	2005
3	Operating prom-	£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Amortisation of intangible assets	34,798	17,047
	Depreciation of tangible assets	332,961	171,265
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	63,849	22,062
	Operating lease rentals	60,625	100,000
	Auditors' remuneration	10,000	10,000
	Directors' emoluments	101,818	97,624
	and after crediting:		
	Profit on disposal of tangible assets	20,482	=

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase pension schemes amounted to 1 (2005 - 1).

4	Investment income	2006 £	2005 £
	Bank interest Other interest	11,359 71,987	12,539 60,758
		83,346	73,297

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2006

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Taxation	2006 £	2005 £
Domestic current year tax		
U.K. corporation tax	73,504	40,617
Current tax charge	73,504	40,617
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax charge credit current year	(49,658)	24,669
	23,846	65,286
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	101,651	193,791
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30.00% (2005 - 30.00%)	30,495	58,137
Effects of:		
Non deductible expenses	13,118	1,937
Depreciation add back	110,328	56,494
Capital allowances	(61,571)	(60,468
Chargeable disposals	(6,145)	
Other tax adjustments	(12,721)	(15,483
	43,009	(17,520
Current tax charge	(73,504)	(40,617

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2006

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Tangible fixed assets	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
	£	£	£
Cost		4.047.460	4 174 100
At 1 April 2005	126,638	1,047,462	1,174,100
Additions	20,480	331,189	351,669
Disposals	-	(74,897)	(74,897)
At 31 March 2006	147,118	1,303,754	1,450,872
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2005	40,145	706,666	746,811
On disposals	-	(53,735)	(53,735)
Charge for the year	34,798	332,961	367,759
At 31 March 2006	74,943	985,892	1,060,835
Net book value			
At 31 March 2006	72,175	317,862	390,037
At 31 March 2005	86,493	340,796	427,289

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts as follows:

	Plant and machinery
	£
Net book values	
At 31 March 2006	102,622
At 31 March 2005	138,295
Depreciation charge for the year	101,838
At 31 March 2006	========
At 31 March 2005	29,220

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2006

Tangible fixed assets		Investment properties
Cost		
At 1 April 2005 & at 31 March 2006	-	75,000
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2005 & at 31 March 2006	-	75 , 000
Net book value		
At 31 March 2006	-	
At 31 March 2005		
Debtors	2006 C	
Debtors	2006 £	2005 £
Debtors Trade debtors Other debtors	£	£
Trade debtors	£ 286,018	£

in the accounts because it is the directors opinion that this timing difference will be reversed in future periods.

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2006 £	2005 £
	Net obligations under finance leases Trade creditors Taxation and social security Other creditors	153,562 485,164 142,963 224,784	138,913 127,650 105,130 306,340
		1,006,473	678,033

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2006

10	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2006	2005
		£	£
	Net obligations under finance leases	31,135	107,576
	Net obligations under finance leases	452560	120 012
	Repayable within one year	153,562 31,135	138,913 107,576
	Repayable between one and five years		
		184,697	246,489
11	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
	The deferred tax asset (included in debtors, note 8) is made up as follows:	2006	
		£	
	Balance at 1 April 2005	4,500	
	Profit and loss account	(49,658)	
	Balance at 31 March 2006	(45,158)	
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Decelerated capital allowances	(45,158)	4,500
12	Pension costs		
	Defined contribution		
		2006	2005
		£	£
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	23,481	32,575

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2006

Share capital	2006 2009	
	£	£
Authorised	1.000	1,000
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	=======================================	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
Statement of movements on profit and loss account	n	. C 1 1
	Pi	rofit and loss account
		£
Balance at 1 April 2005		1,896,863
Profit for the year		77,805
Balance at 31 March 2006		1,974,668
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2006	2005
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	77,805	128,505
Opening shareholders' funds	1,896,865	1,768,360
	1,974,670	1,896,865
	Authorised 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each Allotted, called up and fully paid 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each Statement of movements on profit and loss account Balance at 1 April 2005 Profit for the year Balance at 31 March 2006 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year	Authorised 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each Allotted, called up and fully paid 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each 2 Statement of movements on profit and loss account Balance at 1 April 2005 Profit for the year Balance at 31 March 2006 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds 2006 £ Profit for the financial year 77,805

16 Financial commitments

At 31 March 2006 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 31 March 2007:

	Land	Land and buildings	
	2006	2005	
	£	£	
Operating leases which expire:			
Between two and five years	100,000	~	
over five years	-	100,000	
	100,000	100,000	

Notes To The Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2006

17 Control

C M Bell is the controlling party by virtue of holding 100% of the issued share capital.

18 Related party transactions

The company's investment property represents the potential proceeds of sale of a one third equitable interest in a long leasehold property at 3/4 St Saviour's Wharf, Mill Street, London. At the time of the investment, the legal title of the property was held by Stephen Mitchell and Co, a partnership in which S M Mitchell was a partner. In the opinion of the directors the investment in the potential proceeds on sale is not quantifiable.

The company is owed £802,749 (2005: £744,749) by Search 4 Space Limited, a company of which S M Mitchell and C M Bell are both directors holding 15% and 85% of the share capital respectively. The loan is repayable on demand and interest is charged at Bank of England base rate plus 2%. Interest receivable of £255,481 (2005: £189,317) has been accrued in these accounts. Bell Theatre Services Limited occupy premises owned by Search 4 Space Limited at a market rent of £100,000 per annum. Included within accruals is £39,375 (2005: £39,375) owed to Search 4 Space Limited.

Included in trade debtors is £5,875 (2005: £nil) and in trade creditors is £10,750 (2005: £nil) due to and from the company respectively in respect of Search 4 Space Limited.

A loan of £60,000 to European Care Limited is included in the balance sheet under other debtors. The loan is repayable within 5 years and interest is charged at Bank of England base rate plus 2%. Interest receivable of £27,624 (2005: £22,134) has been accrued in these accounts. S M Mitchell is a director of European Care Limited.

Included within other creditors is an amount of £116,334 (2005: £109,045) owed to C M Bell. Also, included in other debtors is an amount owed to the company by C M Bell for £nil (2005: £3,746).