CANARY WHARF INVESTMENTS LIMITED Registered Number: 2127410

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

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CONTENTS

	PAGE
Directors' Report	1
Statement of the Directors' Responsibilities in Respect of the Financial Statements	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Profit and Loss Account	6
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses	7
Note of Historical Cost Profits and Losses	7
Balance Sheet	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010 This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 415A of the Companies Act 2006

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Canary Wharf Group plc and its ultimate parent undertaking is Songbird Estates plc

The principal activity of the company is property investment

In January 2010, the company acquired the long leasehold interests in 1 Park Place, a site adjoining the Canary Wharf Estate The site was acquired for £17.5 million plus fees and currently benefits from two alternative planning consents. The site is held under leases which expire in 2186.

In June 2010, the company acquired three further leasehold interests in buildings on the Heron Quays West site for an aggregate consideration of £15,795,394 including fees

On 29 September 2010, the company entered into a share subscription agreement and issued a further 50,000 ordinary £1 shares to its parent undertaking to fund investment in the Canary Wharf Crossrail station. Under the terms of the subscription agreement, the company recognised share premium of £150,000,000, which was paid on 1 April 2011.

As shown in the company's profit and loss account, the company's loss after tax for the year was £8,220,144 (2009 profit of £42,480,891)

The balance sheet shows the company's financial position at the year end and indicates that net assets were £190,483,979 (2009 £97,342,733) Details of amounts owed to group companies are shown in Note 10

There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

The profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2010 is set out on page 6 Dividends of £49,100,000 (2009 £172,900,000) have been paid during the year and the retained loss of £57,320,144 (2009 loss of £130,419,109) has been transferred from reserves

GOING CONCERN

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position, are set out in this Directors' Report. The finances of the company and its liquidity position and borrowings are, where appropriate, also described in this report.

The company is in a net asset position at the year end. In addition, as a member of the Canary Wharf Group, the company has access to considerable resources

Having made the requisite enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company throughout the year ended 31 December 2010 were

A P Anderson II G Iacobescu R J J Lyons

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2010 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each director holding office at the date of this report has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. As far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418(2) of the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

J R Garwood

Company Secretary

27 June 2011

Registered office 30th Floor One Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5AB

Registered Number 2127410

STATEMENT OF THE DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF INVESTMENTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Canary Wharf Investments Limited for the year ended 31 December 2010 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Note of Historical Cost Profits and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related Notes 1 to 15 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and

have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CANARY WHARF INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report

Claire Faulkner (Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountant and Statutory Auditor

e Fankre

London, UK

27 June 2011

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Note	Year Ended 31 December 2010 £	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £
		_	
TURNOVER Cost of sales		421,501 (3,562)	757,083 (70,828)
GROSS PROFIT		417,939	686,255
Administrative expenses before exceptional items Exceptional item		(826,953)	(196,848)
Movement in provision against investment in	_		
subsidiary undertakings Other operating income	8	(158,879) –	153,120 251,297
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	2	(567,893)	893,824
Income from shares in group undertakings Exceptional item	8	2,459,045	19,300,000
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	7	_	28,857,116
Interest receivable and similar income	3	1,184,495	2,146,535
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(11,294,098)	(1,063,197)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFOR	RE		
TAXATION		(8,218,451)	50,134,278
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5	(1,693)	(7,653,387)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION FOR THE YEAR	13	(8,220,144)	42,480,891

Movements in reserves are shown in Note 13 of these financial statements

All amounts relate to continuing activities in the United Kingdom

The Notes on pages 9 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Year Ended 31 December 2010 £	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year Unrealised surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of properties	(8,220,144) 411,390	42,480,891 (316,190)
Total recognised (losses)/gains relating to the year	(7,808,754)	42,164,701
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES	Year Ended 31 December 2010 £	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £
Reported (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation Realisation of gains recognised in previous periods	(8,218,451) -	50,134,278 6,600,000
Historical cost (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(0.040.454)	56,734,278
	(8,218,451)	50,734,276

The Notes on pages 9 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

	Note	31 December 2010 £	31 December 2009 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	7	58,456,270	24,046,742
Investments	8	118,304,407	118,652,552
		176,760,677	142,699,294
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	9	158,038,389 2,263,580	170,817,266 1,391,285
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	10	160,301,969 (146,578,667)	172,208,551 (217,565,112)
•	10		
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		13,723,302	(45,356,561)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		190,483,979	97,342,733
NET ASSETS		190,483,979	97,342,733
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up share capital Share premium account Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	12 13 13 13	37,928,969 150,000,000 595,900 1,959,110	37,878,969 184,510 59,279,254
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14	190,483,979	97,342,733
		-	

The Notes on pages 9 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements

APPRQVED BY THE BOARD ON 27 JUNE 2011 AND SIGNED ON ITS BEHALF BY

R J J LYONS DIRECTOR

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the principal accounting policies of the company, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year, is set out below

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of properties and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as described in the Directors' Report.

In accordance with the provisions of FRS 1 (Revised) the company is exempt from the requirements to prepare a cash flow statement, as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Canary Wharf Group plc, which has prepared a consolidated cash flow statement

Turnover

Turnover represents rents receivable net of VAT and is recognised on an accruals basis in the period in which the rents become due

Interest receivable and interest payable

Interest receivable and payable are recognised on an accruals basis in the period in which they fall due

Income from investments

Investment income comprises dividends paid by subsidiary undertakings during the accounting period

Dividends

Dividend distributions to the company's shareholders are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are paid or approved by the company's shareholders

Investment properties

Investment properties are revalued annually and in accordance with SSAP 19 (Accounting for Investment Properties) no provision is made for depreciation. This departure from the requirements of the statutory accounting rules, which requires all properties to be depreciated is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary for the accounts to show a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of the factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount attributable to this factor is not capable of being separately identified or quantified. Surpluses or deficits are transferred to the revaluation reserve, unless a deficit exceeds previous surpluses recognised on the same property, in which case the excess is charged to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

Development properties

Properties under development or held for development, comprising leasehold buildings and freehold land, are held at cost, subject to provision for diminution in value

Properties occupied by group companies are depreciated over four years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

Trade and other debtors

Debtors are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost

Debt

Debt instruments are stated initially at the amount of the net proceeds. The finance costs of such debt instruments are allocated to periods over the term of the debt at a constant rate on the carrying amount. The carrying amount is increased by the finance cost in respect of the reporting period and reduced by payments made in respect of the debt of that period. Finance costs are charged to the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. The company is part of a UK group for group relief purposes and accordingly may take advantage of the group relief provisions whereby current taxable profits can be offset by current tax losses arising in other companies in that group. The group's policy is that no payment will be made for tax losses surrendered under the group relief provisions.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the corporation tax return

Under FRS 19 deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

Deferred tax is measured on a discounted basis to reflect the time value of money over the period between the balance sheet date and the dates on which it is estimated that the timing differences will reverse, or where the timing differences are not expected to reverse, a period not exceeding 50 years. Discount rates of 0.4% to 2.5% have been adopted reflecting the post-tax yield to maturity that can be obtained on government bonds with similar maturity dates and currencies to those of the deferred tax assets or liabilities.

2. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging

operating (1999), promise states alter smarging	Year Ended 31 December 2010 £	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £
Remuneration of the auditors Audit fees for the audit of the company	5,000	6,000

None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the company during the year or the prior year

No staff were employed by the company during the year or the prior year

3. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
	£	£
Bank interest receivable	2,299	2,257
Interest receivable from group undertakings	1,182,196	2,144,278
	1,184,495	2,146,535

4. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 December	31 December
	, 2010	2009
	£	£
Interest payable to group undertakings	11,294,098	1,063,197

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

5. TAXATION

	Year Ended 31 December 2010 £	Year Ended 31 December 2009 £
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax (see below)		
Deferred tax		
Net effect of discount	(774)	1,197
Origination and reversal of timing differences	2,467	7,652,190
Total deferred tax (Note 9)	1,693	7,653,387
To a constant of		
Tax reconciliation (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(8,218,451)	50,134,278
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities at UK		
corporation tax rate of 28%	(2,301,166)	14,037,598
Effects of		
Items not chargeable to tax	(688,533)	(13,526,866)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	44,486	_
Other timing differences	2,945,213	(510,732)
Current tax charge for the year	_	_

No provision for taxation has been made in view of the tax loss for the year. There is no unprovided deferred taxation

6. DIVIDENDS

	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
	£	£
Dividends paid during the year (£491,000 per share)		
(2009 £1,729,000 per share)	49,100,000	172,900,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold Investment Property £	Freehold Properties Held For Development £	Leasehold Properties Held For Development £	Total £
COST OR VALUATION		00.014	00 440 005	05 050 000
At 1 January 2010 Additions	6,334,510	69,211	29,449,905 33,998,138	35,853,626 33,998,138
Revaluation	411,390		-	411,390
At				
31 December 2010	6,745,900	69,211	63,448,043	70,263,154
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2010			11,806,884	11,806,884
At 31 December 2010	_		11,806,884	11,806,884
NET BOOK VALUE At				
31 December 2010	6,745,900	69,211	51,641,159	58,456,270
At 31 December 2009	6,334,510	69,211	17,643,021	24,046,742

In January 2010, the company acquired the long leasehold interests in 1 Park Place, a site adjoining the Canary Wharf Estate The site was acquired for £17.5 million plus fees and currently benefits from two alternative planning consents. The site is held under leases which expire in 2186.

In June 2010, the company acquired three further leasehold interests in buildings on the Heron Quays West site for an aggregate consideration of £15,795,394 including fees

During the previous year, the company completed the sale of its interest in 15 Canada Square to KPMG for a consideration of £28,420,600, which gave rise to a profit on disposal of £27,298,529 and was taken to the profit and loss account as an exceptional item

In May 2009, the company participated in a restructuring of certain of the group's retail properties. The company paid £2,500,000 for the surrender of the head leasehold interest in 34 North Colonnade from a subsidiary undertaking and granted a new 99 year headlease, at a peppercorn rent, to a subsidiary undertaking for a premium of £3,325,000. This gave rise to a profit on disposal of £300,000 which was taken to the profit and loss account and treated as an exceptional item.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

During the prior year, the company also paid £2,750,000 for the surrender of the head leasehold interest in the Churchill Place Shopping Mall from a fellow subsidiary undertaking and then granted a new 99 year lease, at a peppercorn rent, to a subsidiary undertaking for a premium of £9,407,500. This gave rise to a profit on disposal of £1,017,500 which was taken to the profit and loss account and treated as an exceptional item.

During the prior year, the company received £650,000 from a fellow subsidiary undertaking to commute the rents on a retail unit in the Canada Place Shopping Mall This gave rise to a profit on disposal of £215,000 which was taken to the profit and loss account and treated as an exceptional item

In December 2009, the company sold its freehold interest in 5 Churchill Place to a subsidiary undertaking for a consideration of £26,087. This gave rise to a profit on disposal of £26,087 which was taken to the profit and loss account and treated as an exceptional item.

On a historical cost basis, investment properties would have been included as follows

	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
	£	£
Historical cost	6,150,000	6,150,000

As at 31 December 2010 the company's freehold property interests were valued by the group's external property advisers, Savills Commercial Limited, Chartered Surveyors or Cushman & Wakefield, Real Estate Consultants, on the basis of Market Value in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors No allowance was made for any expenses of realisation nor for any taxation which might arise in the event of disposal The external valuation resulted in a revaluation surplus of £411,390 which has been transferred to the revaluation reserve

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

8. INVESTMENTS

Shares in group undertakings

	L
COST At 1 January 2010 Disposals	154,778,757 (960,104)
At 31 December 2010	153,818,653
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT At 1 January 2010 Disposals Provided during the year	36,126,205 (770,838) 158,879
At 31 December 2010	35,514,246
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2010 At 1 January 2010	118,304,407 118,652,552

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During the year eight of the company's dormant subsidiaries were voluntarily struck off the Companies House register. Net of provisions and amounts owed to and from these companies, their carrying value was nil. As a result no profit or loss on disposal was recorded.

At 31 December 2010 the company's principal subsidiary undertakings were as follows

Name	Description of shares held	Principal activities
CWE SPV Super HCo Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Investment holding
Cabot Place Holdings Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Investment holding
CWC SPVi Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Investment company
Canary Wharf (Car Parks) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property investment
Heron Quays Investments (RT3) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property investment
Canary Wharf Properties (FC2) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property investment
Canary Wharf Properties (FC4) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property investment
Canary Wharf Funding (One) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Finance company
Canary Wharf Funding (FC2/FC4) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Finance company
Canary Wharf Management (HQ3/HQ4) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property management
Canary Wharf Management (FC2/FC4) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property management
Canary Wharf Contractors (Crossrail) Limited	Ordinary £1 shares	Property construction

The above are wholly owned subsidiaries registered in England and Wales

A complete list of the company's subsidiaries will be appended when the company submits its annual return

Dividends totalling £2,459,045 (2009 £19,300,000) were paid by subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2010

In accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, financial information is only presented in these financial statements about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group because the company and its subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidated financial statements of a larger group (Note 15)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

At 31 December 2010, the net assets of certain subsidiaries were less than the carrying value in the company's balance sheet. An increase in the provision for impairment of £158,879 (2009 reduction of £153,120) has been recognised in the profit and loss account and treated as an exceptional item. This item does not give rise to deferred tax.

The directors are of the opinion that the value of the company's investments at 31 December 2010, net of the provision for impairment, was not less than the amount shown in the company's balance sheet

9. DEBTORS

	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
	£	£
Trade debtors	102,146	21,519
Amount owed by subsidiary undertaking	5,008	37,909
Loans to subsidiary undertakings	270,000	154,377,671
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertakings	157,511,626	16,313,785
Other debtors	13,687	_
Deferred tax	9,097	10,790
Prepayments and accrued income	126,825	55,592
	158,038,389	170,817,266

The loan to a subsidiary undertaking outstanding at 31 December 2010 of £270,000 carries interest at a rate linked to LIBOR, subject to certain caps and is repayable on demand. A loan of £154,107,671 to a subsidiary undertaking carried interest at 10%, subject to certain caps, and was repaid during the year.

The deferred tax debtor relates to the present value of capital allowances of £12,002 (2009 £15,558), stated net of a discount of £2,905 (2009 £4,768)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

10. CREDITORS. Amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2010 £	31 December 2009 £
Loans from fellow subsidiary undertakings Amount owed to subsidiary undertaking Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	144,514,270 1,070 1,919,717 34,569 109,041	216,508,304 190,336 800,930 3,585 61,957
	146,578,667	217,565,112

£501,747 (2009 £499,251) of the loans from fellow subsidiary undertakings bears interest at a rate linked to LIBOR and is repayable on demand

The remaining £144,012,523 (2009 £216,009,053) bears interest at 10%, subject to certain caps, and is repayable on demand

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has guaranteed the obligations of Canary Wharf Limited under certain agreements with the tenants of Canary Wharf group companies and in relation to certain property transactions at Canary Wharf

The company has given guarantees and fixed and floating charges over substantially all its assets to secure the borrowing and other liabilities of certain fellow subsidiary undertakings

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

12. CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Year Ended 31 December 2010	Year Ended 31 December 2009
Allotted, called-up and fully paid	£	£
37,878,869 deferred ordinary shares of £1 each 50,100 ordinary shares of £1 each	37,878,869 50,100	37,878,869 100
	37,928,969	37,878,969

The deferred ordinary shares of £1 each entitle the holder to a restricted participation in the profits or assets of the company and do not carry any right to attend and vote at any general meeting

On 29 September 2010, the company issued a further 50,000 ordinary £1 shares to its parent undertaking, Canary Wharf Holdings Limited, to fund investment in the Canary Wharf Crossrail station. Under the terms of the subscription agreement, Canary Wharf Holdings Limited was required to pay to the company amounts equal to a proportion of any principal repayments, when received, on a loan due to Canary Wharf Holdings Limited. Consequently, the company has recorded a share premium of £150,000,000, reflecting recognition of its proportion of the principal amount. The share premium was paid on 1 April 2011.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

13. RESERVES

	Share	Revaluation	Profit and	
	premium	reserve	oss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2010	_	184,510	59,279,254	59,463,764
Loss for the year	~	_	(8,220,144)	(8,220,144)
Share premium on issue of				
ordinary share capital	150,000,000	-	_	150,000,000
Dividends	_	_	(49,100,000)	(49,100,000)
Revaluation of fixed assets	_	411,390		411,390
At 31 December 2010	150,000,000	595,900	1,959,110	152,555,010

14. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	31 December	31 December
	2010	2009
	£	£
Opening shareholders' funds	97,342,733	228,078,032
Issue of ordinary share capital	50,000	_
Share premium on issue of ordinary share capital	150,000,000	_
(Loss)/profit for the year	(8,220,144)	42,480,891
Dividends paid	(49,100,000)	(172,900,000)
Revaluation	411,390	(316,190)
Closing shareholders' funds	190,483,979	97,342,733

15. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Canary Wharf Holdings Limited

As at 31 December 2010, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group plc. The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Songbird Estates plc, the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Copies of the financial statements of both companies may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5AB

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 3(c) of FRS 8 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other group companies