# **NIAD Limited**

Company No. 02109991

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 January 2018

# NIAD Limited DIRECTORS REPORT REGISTRAR

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 January 2018.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was Retail sale of automotive fuel in specialised stores.

#### **Directors**

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

A. Walton

N. Walton

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

N. Walton Director 22 June 2018

# NIAD Limited BALANCE SHEET REGISTRAR

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Company No. 02109991	Notes	2018	2017
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	993,727	1,000,623
Investments	4 _	429,813	429,813
		1,423,540	1,430,436
Current assets			
Stocks	5	48,540	34,872
Debtors	6	194,457	204,902
Cash at bank and in hand	_	168,639	153,260
		411,636	393,034
Creditors: Amount falling due within one	7_	(463,134)	(527,094)
Net current liabilities		(51,498)	(134,060)
Total assets less current liabilities	_	1,372,042	1,296,376
Net assets	_	1,372,042	1,296,376
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	8	1,371,942	1,296,276
Total equity	_	1,372,042	1,296,376

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 January 2018 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 22 June 2018

And signed on its behalf by:

N. Walton

Director

# NIAD Limited NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR for the year ended 31 January 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006. There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery 33% Straight Line Furniture, fittings and equipment 10% Reducing Balance

## Investments

Unlisted investments are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, any changes in fair value are recognised in profit and loss.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Pensions**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

#### 2 Employees

	2018	2017
	Number	Number
The average number of persons employed during the year :	4	3

# 3 Tangible fixed assets

				Fixtures,	
		Land and	Plant and	fittings and	
		buildings	machinery	equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost or revaluation				
	At 1 February 2017	937,159	1,835	178,086	1,117,080
	At 31 January 2018	937,159	1,835	178,086	1,117,080
	Depreciation				
	At 1 February 2017	-	1,224	115,233	116,457
	Charge for the year	-	611	6,285	6,896
	At 31 January 2018		1,835	121,518	123,353
	Net book values				
	At 31 January 2018	937,159	-	56,568	993,727
	At 31 January 2017	937,159	611	62,853	1,000,623
4	Investments				
		Investment			
		in			
		Subsidiaries			Total
		£			£
	Cost or valuation				
	At 1 February 2017	429,813		_	429,813
	At 31 January 2018	429,813		_	429,813
	Net book values			_	
	At 31 January 2018	429,813		_	429,813
	At 31 January 2017	429,813		-	429,813
5	Stocks				
			2018		2017
			£		£
	Finished goods	_	48,540	_	34,872
			48,540		34,872
6	Debtors				
			2018		2017
			£		£
	Trade debtors		32,372		<b>34,54</b> 3
	Other debtors		161,960		169,660
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	125	_	699
		=	194,457	=	204,902

# 7 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	47,196	56,213
Amounts owed to group undertakings	394,870	343,870
Corporation tax	27,355	26,380
Other taxes and social security	13,644	<b>15,63</b> 3
Loans from directors	(25,217)	<b>79,78</b> 3
Other creditors	3,500	3,500
Accruals and deferred income	1,786_	1,715
	463,134	527,094

# 8 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

# 9 Dividends

	2018	2017
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	34,000	32,000
	34,000	32,000
Dividends by type:		
Equity dividends	34,000	32,000
	34,000	32,000

# 10 Related party disclosures

		2018	2017
Transactions with related partie	?s	£	£
Name of related party	Springfield Garage (Keighley) Ltd		
Description of relationship	a subsidiary company		
between the parties			
Amount due from/(to) the relate	d party	(394,870)	(343,870)
Name of related party	NIAD Developments Ltd		
Description of relationship	under common control		
between the parties			
Description of transaction and	Loan		
general amounts involved			
Amount due from/(to) the relate	d party	161,960	161,660
Name of related party	N. Walton		
Description of relationship	Director		
between the parties			
Description of transaction and	Directors loan		
general amounts involved			
Amount due from/(to) the relate	d party	25,217	(79,783)
Provision for doubtful debts due	from the related party	-	-

# Controlling party

Immediate controlling party N Walton

Amounts written off in the period in respect of debts from/(to) the related

# 11 Additional information

Its registered number is:

02109991

party

Its registered office is: Springfield Garage Oakworth Road Keighley BD21 1QQ This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.