Wall to Wall Television Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2014

30/09/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE

Directors

N Emmerson C Hungate P Campbell-White

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc 27 Soho Square London W1D 3QR

Registered Office

Warner House 98 Theobald's Road London WC1X 8WB

Strategic report

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Review of the business

The main purpose of company is to act as a holding company. It is not expected to have significant activity levels either now or in the future. The directors do not therefore track KPIs. The result for the year after taxation amounted to £nil (2013 – loss of £10,000).

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is not exposed to significant risks or uncertainties due to its nature.

On behalf of the board

Paul Campbell-White

Director

Registered No. 02087671

Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2014.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend a final dividend (2013 - £nil).

Future developments

In future periods the company will aim to continue to act as a holding company.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate because there are no materials uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

C Hungate

T Downing (resigned 31 December 2014)

N Southgate (resigned 23 October 2014)

P Campbell-White (appointed 8 April 2015)

N Emmerson (appointed 8 April 2015)

Directors' qualifying third party indemnity provision

The company has granted an indemnity to all directors of the company against liability in respect of proceedings brought by third parties, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006. Such qualifying third party indemnity provisions remain in force as at the date of approving the directors' report.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the company's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that he/she is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

P Campbell White

Director

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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Independent auditors' report

to the members of Wall to Wall Television Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Wall to Wall Television Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of Wall to Wall Television Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Krust-Mong W Neil Cullum (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

London

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2014

		Notes	2014 £000	2013 £000
Turnover			_	-
Cost of sales		-		_ _
Gross Profit			_	_
Administrative expenses		_		
Result on ordinary activities before taxation		2	_	_
Tax on result on ordinary activities	\$.	4 _		(10)
Result/(loss) for the financial year		9 -	<u> </u>	(10)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 December 2014

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the result attributable to the shareholders of £nil in the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013 – loss of £10,000)

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2014

	Notes	2014 £000	2013 £000
Fixed assets			
Investments	5		
Current assets			
Debtors	6	3,554	4,490
Cash at bank and in hand		342	517
		3,896	5,007
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(3,745)	(4,856)
Net current assets		151	151
Net assets		151	151
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	_	_
Profit and loss account	9 _	151	151
Shareholders' funds	9 _	151	151

P Campbell-White

Director

at 31 December 2014

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows

The company has taken advantage of the exemption for small companies available within FRS 1 - 'Statement of cash flows' and has not presented a statement of cash flows.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely
than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying
timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value.

The carrying values of the investments are reviewed for impairment at least annually or if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

2. Operating result

Auditor's remuneration for the current and prior year was borne by Warner Bros. Television Production UK Limited.

The company had no employees, other than the directors, in either the current or the prior year.

3. Directors' remuneration

The directors are also directors of other companies in the group. They are remunerated by other group companies and are considered to have minimal qualifying services in respect of the company. In view of this, the directors do not consider it practical to apportion remuneration in respect of services to the company.

at 31 December 2014

4. Tax

Tax on result on ordinary activities

a) The tax charge is made up as follows:

	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Deferred tax:		
Under provision for prior years		10
	_	10
Total tax on result/(loss) on ordinary activities		10

b) Circumstances affecting current charge:

There is no current tax charge for the year.

c) Factors affecting future tax charges

The Finance Act 2013 included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015.

The Summer Finance Bill 2015 proposed two changes to the future mainstream corporation tax rate. From 1 April 2017 the rate will reduce from 20% to 19% and from 1 April 2020 the rate will reduce further to 18%.

It is not yet possible to quantify the impact of this rate change upon current tax.

5. Investments

at 31 December 2014

6.

7.

8.

	e e			un	dertakings £000
Cost: At 1 January 2014 and 31 Dec Net book value: At 1 January 2014 and 31 Dec					
As at 1 January 2014 and 31 E companies:	December 2014, the co	mpany held	100% of the equity	of the follow	ing
Name of company	Class of shares	No. of shares	Principal activity	Countr	y of Incorporation
Wall to Wall Drama Ltd Wall to Wall Productions Ltd	Ordinary £1 shares Ordinary £1 shares	100 2	Dormant TV production	England and Wales England and Wales	
Associated undertakings and The Company held 22.5% of the Limited), a venture with Brandevent.	he equity of Genealog	y Events Lir			
Name of company	Country of Incorpora	ation Class	Proportion	Nature o	of business
Genealogy Events Limited	England and Wales	Ordin	ary 22.5%	Events organiser	
Debtors				2014	2013
				£000	£000
Trade debtors				21	113
Amounts owed by group unde	ertakings			3,527	4,376
Other debtors				6	1_
				3,554	4,490
Creditors: amounts fall	ing due within on	ie vear			
oroantoro, amounto ian	g ado within on	o you.		2014	2013
				£000	
Amounts owed to group under	rtakings			3,745	4,797
Other taxes and social security	•			-,· · -	59
	•			3,745	4,856
Issued share capital			2014		2013

at 31 December 2014

Allotted, called up and fully paid	No.	£000	No.	£000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	<u> </u>	100	

9. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movements on reserves

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total shareholders' funds £000
At 1 January 2013		161	161
Loss for the financial year	_	(10)	(10)
At 1 January 2014	_	151	151
Result for the financial year			
At 31 December 2014		151	151

10. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 8 from the requirements to disclose details of transactions with other wholly owned group companies.

Other than transactions with group companies, there were no related party transactions during the year.

11. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Wall to Wall (Holdings) Limited a company registered in England and Wales.

At 31 December 2014, Time Warner Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America, was the ultimate parent undertaking, the controlling party and the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of Time Warner Inc.'s financial statements can be obtained from One Time Warner Centre, New York, NY 10019, USA.