| Company Registration No. 02082702 (England and Wales) |
|-------------------------------------------------------|
| |
| |
| CARPET MART HOLDINGS LIMITED |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS |
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 |
| PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

CONTENTS

| | Page |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| Balance sheet | 1 |
| Notes to the financial statements | 2-6 |
| | |

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

| | Notes | 2020 £ | | | 2019 £ £ | |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|-----------------|--------|----------|-------------|--|
| | Notes | r. | £ | T. | L | |
| Fixed assets | | | | | | |
| Investments | 3 | | 100 | | 100 | |
| Current assets | | | | | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 1 61,336 | | 150,042 | | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one | | | | | | |
| year | 5 | (62,463) | | (60,080) | | |
| Net current assets | | | 98,873 | | 89,962 | |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 98,973 | | 90,062 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | | 76 | | 76 | |
| Capital redemption reserve | | | 24 | | 24 | |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 98,873 | | 89,962 | |
| Total equity | | | 98,973 | | 90,062 | |
| | | | | | | |

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R S Jhaj Mr D K Chander Director Director

Company Registration No. 02082702

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Carpet Mart Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Lynwood House, 373-375 Station Road, Harrow, Middlesex, HA1 2AW.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|----|--------|--------|
| | Number | Number |
| То | otal 2 | 2 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

| Investments 100 100 Movements in fixed asset investments Cost or valuation At 1 July 2019 & 30 June 2020 100 Carrying amount At 30 June 2020 100 At 30 June 2019 100 Subsidiaries Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows: Name of undertaking Registered Nature of business Class of shares held Direct Indirect Office Shares held Direct Indirect Indirect Shares S | 3 | Fixed asset investments | | | | 202 | 0 £ | 2019 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Cost or valuation At 1 July 2019 & 30 June 2020 10 Carrying amount At 30 June 2020 10 At 30 June 2020 10 At 30 June 2019 10 Subsidiaries Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows: Name of undertaking Registered Nature of business Class of % Held shares held Direct Indirect In | | Investments | | | | | | 100 |
| Cost or valuation At 1 July 2019 & 30 June 2020 100 Carrying amount At 30 June 2020 100 At 30 June 2019 100 Subsidiaries Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows: Name of undertaking Registered Nature of business Class of % Held shares held Direct Indirect Shares | | Movements in fixed asse | t investments | | | | = Shares i | n group |
| Cost or valuation At 1 July 2019 & 30 June 2020 100 Carrying amount At 30 June 2020 100 At 30 June 2019 100 Subsidiaries Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows: Name of undertaking Registered Nature of business Class of Shares held Direct Indirect Shares | | | | | | | unde | rtakings |
| At 30 June 2020 At 30 June 2019 100 At 30 June 2019 100 4 Subsidiaries Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows: Name of undertaking Registered Nature of business Class of Shares held Direct Indirect In | | | 2020 | | | | | 100 |
| Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows: Name of undertaking Registered Nature of business Class of shares held Direct Indirect Indirec | | | | | | | | 100 |
| Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows: Name of undertaking Registered Nature of business Class of shares held Direct Indirect Indirec | | At 30 June 2019 | | | | | | 100 |
| Name of undertaking Registered office Shares held Direct Indirect Indirect Shares held Direct Indirect Indirect Shares held Direct Indirect Indirec | ļ | Subsidiaries | | | | | | |
| Cartpet Mart Limited England & Wales Carpet retailers Ordinary shares 100.00 The aggregate capital and reserves and the result for the year of the subsidiaries noted above was as follows: Name of undertaking Profit/(Loss) Capital and Reserves £ £ Cartpet Mart Limited 97,988 21,957 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,724 Corporation tax 1,419 56 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | Details of the company's s | ubsidiaries at 30 Ju | ne 2020 are as follow | s: | | | |
| Shares 100.00 The aggregate capital and reserves and the result for the year of the subsidiaries noted above was as follows: Name of undertaking Profit/(Loss) Capital and Reserves £ £ Cartpet Mart Limited 97,988 21,957 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,726 Corporation tax 1,419 56 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | Name of undertaking | _ | Nature of busines | 5S | | | |
| Name of undertaking Profit/(Loss) Capital and Reserves £ £ Cartpet Mart Limited 97,988 21,957 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,720 Corporation tax 1,419 560 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | Cartpet Mart Limited | England & Wal | es Carpet retailers | | | 100.00 | (|
| Reserves £ £ £ Cartpet Mart Limited 97,988 21,957 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2020 2011 £ : Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,72 Corporation tax 1,419 56 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | The aggregate capital and | reserves and the re | esult for the year of the | e subsidiaries | noted above was | s as follow | vs: |
| £ £ Cartpet Mart Limited 97,988 21,957 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2020 2011 £ : Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,72 Corporation tax 1,419 56 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | Name of undertaking | | Profit/(Loss) | | | | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2020 2011 £ : Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,72 Corporation tax 1,419 56 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | | | £ | | | | |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,72 Corporation tax 1,419 56 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | Cartpet Mart Limited | | 97,988 | 21,95 | 7 | | |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings 48,879 58,720 Corporation tax 1,419 56 Other taxation and social security 49 44 | | | ıg due within one y | /ea r | | | | |
| Corporation tax1,41956Other taxation and social security4949 | į | Creditors: amounts falling | • | | | 202 | 0 | 2019 |
| | | Creditors: amounts fallin | | | | | £ | £ |
| | i, | Amounts owed to group ur Corporation tax | ndertakings | | | 48,87 1,41 | 9 9 | 58,726 567 |
| | ; | Amounts owed to group ur Corporation tax Other taxation and social s | ndertakings | | | 48,87 1,41 4 | 9 9 9 6 | 58,726 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

6 Events after the reporting date

Coronavirus pandemic

Since 31 December 2019, the consequences of the Covid -19 out break have materially and adversely affected businesses worldwide. On 23 March 2020, the UK Government announced a nationwide lock down. This resulted in the company's activities since then to be curtailed but improved since the easing of the lockdown. This has been followed by further lockdowns. Whilst this will have a significant impact on the results for the year to 30 June 2021, it is anticipated that in the long term, the company's business will revert to pre- pandemic levels in due course. The company has availed itself of the various Government initiatives to assist in this difficult time.

7 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

| | Management fees | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| | £ | £ | |
| Entities over which the entity has control, joint control or significant influence | 30,000 | 30,000 | |
| | | | |
| The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date: | | | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Amounts due to related parties | £ | £ | |
| Entities over which the entity has control, joint control or significant influence | 48,879 | 58,726 | |
| | | | |

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.