MILLBANK FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

For the year ended

31 DECEMBER 2000

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DIRECTORS AND ADVISORS

DIRECTORS M W Burrell

L Petts B T George

The Hon C A Pearson The Countess of Iveagh

The Hon M T Stopford Sackville (alternate)

The Hon W K Gibson

H H J Carter

SECRETARY M K Coen

REGISTERED OFFICE Pollen House

10/12 Cork Street

London W1X 1PD

BANKERS The Royal Bank of Scotland

119/121 Victoria Street

London SW1E 6RA

AUDITORS Smith & Williamson

Chartered Accountants
No 1 Riding House Street

London W1A 3AS

SOLICITORS Currey & Co

21 Buckingham Gate

London SW1E 6LS

COMPANY'S REGISTERED

NUMBER

2081191

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors submit their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2000.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is to carry on the business of providing a management and advisory service in relation to the taxation, accountancy and financial affairs of individuals, trustees and companies.

Results for the year and future activities

The company made a profit after taxation for the financial year of £33,400 (1999: profit £38,639).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend. The company will continue to provide a management and advisory service.

Directors

The directors during the year were as follows:

M W Burrell – chairman L Petts BT George The Hon CA Pearson The Countess of Iveagh M S Lakin – resigned 29 November 2000 The Hon W K Gibson H H J Carter – appointed 29 November 2000

Directors' interests

The interest of the directors of the company in the shares of the company at 31 December 2000 were:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each Number
MW Burrell	125
L Petts	250
BT George	250
The Hon CA Pearson	125
The Countess of Iveagh	63
The Hon W K Gibson	62
H H J Carter	125
	1,000

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued)

By order of the board

TWIL Gen

M K Coen Secretary

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE ACCOUNTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Smith & Williamson

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Millbank Financial Services Limited

We have audited the accounts of Millbank Financial Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2000 on pages 7 to 15. These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if the information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Smith & Williamson Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

1 Riding House Street London W1A 3AS

Date 30 Lynn 2001.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Turnover	2		
Fees relating to UK Trust Overseas Trusts Other clients		522,991 15,000 406,631	508,500 15,000 364,932
		944,622	888,432
Administrative expenses		(901,235)	(837,111)
Operating profit		43,407	51,321
Interest payable	3	(2,307)	(3,646)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	6	41,100	47,675
Taxation	7	(7,700)	(9,036)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		33,400	38,639
Profit and loss account brought forward		87,372	48,733
Profit and loss account carried forward		£120,772	£87,372

All of the company's operations are classed as continuing and there are no recognised gains and losses in either year other than those included in the above profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8	8,293	6,070
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9	303,081 20,493	284,475 42,630
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	323,574 (115,095)	327,105 (130,543)
Net current assets		208,479	196,562
Total assets less current liabilities		216,772	202,632
Creditors: falling due after more than one year	11	(95,000)	(114,260)
Net assets		£121,772	£88,372
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12	1,000 120,772	1,000 87,372
Shareholders' funds	13	£121,772	£88,372

The accounts were approved by the Board of Directors on [29/8701] and were signed on its behalf by:

L Petts

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	15	17,685	90,436
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest paid		(2,307)	(3,646)
Net cash (outflow) from return of investments and servicing of finance		(2,307)	(3,646)
Taxation			
UK corporation tax (paid)		(9,036)	(137)
Capital expenditure and financial investment			
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(7,722)	(3,618)
Net cash (outflow) for capital expenditure and financial investment		(7,722)	(3,618)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before financing		(1,380)	83,035
Financing Repayment of loan		(20,757)	(19,418)
Net cash (outflow) from financing		(20,757)	(19,418)
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year	16	£(22,137)	£63,617

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000

1 Principal accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Furniture and equipment

25 %

Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account is equal annual amounts over the lease term.

Taxation

Corporation tax charged in the profit and loss account is based on the profits of the year as determined in accordance with the relevant tax legislation together with adjustments for prior years. Provision is made for deferred taxation on all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Pension scheme contributions are charged directly to the profit and loss account as incurred.

2 Fee income

Fee income is in respect of management and advisory services to trustees and other clients.

It is calculated net of value added tax and represents the total amounts receivable by the company in respect of services supplied during the year.

3 Interest payable

•	2000	1999
Bank loans and overdraft	£2,307	£3,646

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000 (continued)

4	Directors' emoluments	2000 £	1999 £
	Aggregate emoluments	183,569	166,785
	Company pension contributions	30,038	26,883

The number of directors to whom retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase schemes is 2 (1999: 2).

5 Employee information

The average number of employees, including directors of the company during the year was 15 (1999: 15)

	2. ()	£	£
	Salaries and wages	485,653	440,740
	Social security costs	50,182	45,703
	Other pension costs	61,439	55,911
		£597,274	£542,354
6	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	£	£
	Depreciation	5,499	4,547
	Auditors' remuneration Rentals under operating leases	5,000	5,000
	- Plant and machinery	3,669	5,597
	- Other	97,289	94,250
7	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	£	£
	UK corporation tax at 20% (21%)	7,700	9,036

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000 (continued)

8	Tangible fixed assets	Furniture and equipment £	
	Cost	-	
	At 1 January 2000 Additions	119,067 7,722	
	At 31 December 2000	126,789	
	Depreciation		
	At 1 January 2000 Charge for the year	112,997 5,499	
	At 31 December 2000	118,496	
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2000	£8,293	
	At 31 December 1999	£6,070	
9	Debtors	2000 £	1999 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	36,505 12,114 254,462	34,439 11,868 238,168
		£303,081	£284,475

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000 (continued)

10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2000 £	1999 £
	Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income Loan from Royal Bank of Scotland	7,624 7,700 35,475 45,793 18,503	1,328 9,036 47,879 52,300 20,000
	•	£115,095	£130,543
11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	£	£
	Unsecured and interest free loan from The Dickinson Trust Limited Loan from Royal Bank of Scotland	95,000 -	95,000 19,260
		£95,000	£114,260
12	Called up share capital	£	£
	Authorised		
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
13	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	£	£
	Profit for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	33,400 88,372	38,639 49,733
	Closing shareholders' funds	£121,772	£88,372
		·	<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000 (continued)

14 Loans to directors

The company makes interest free season ticket loans to its employees, including Mr B T George and Mrs L Petts, who are directors. The amounts outstanding at 31 December 2000 were £1,183 and £nil respectively (1999: £1,177 and £nil). The maximum amounts outstanding during the year were £1,296 and £2,627 respectively.

15	Reconciliation of operating profit to inflow from operating activities	net cash	2000 £	1999 £
	Operating profit Depreciation on tangible fixed assets (Increase)/decrease in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors		43,407 5,499 (18,606) (12,615)	51,321 4,547 13,845 20,723
	Net cash inflow from operating activity	– ties	£17,685	£90,436
16	Reconciliation of net cash flow to m	ovement in		
			£	£
	(Decrease)/increase in cash in period Net funds at 1 January 2000	_	(22,137) 42,630	63,617 (20,987)
	Net funds at 31 December 2000	_	£20,493	£42,630
17	Analysis of net debt	At 1 January 2000	Cashflows	At 31 December 2000
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand Debt due within one year Debt due after more than one year	42,630 (20,000) (114,260)	(22,137) 1,497 19,260	20,493 (18,503) (95,000)
	_	£(91,630)	£(1,380)	£93,010
	-			

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS for the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2000 (continued)

18	Operating lease commitments	2000 Land and	2000
		buildings £	Other £
	Obligations under operating leases expiring in:		
	One to two years Over five years	94,250	6,708

19 Related party disclosures

The company provides management and advisory services in relation to the taxation and financial affairs of 290 trusts, the majority of which have as beneficiaries and settlers members of the Pearson family, including the following directors: Mr MW Burrell, The Hon CA Pearson, The Countess of Iveagh, H H J Carter, Mr M S Lakin and The Hon W K Gibson.

The Cowdray Trust Limited and The Dickinson Trust Limited are trustees of these trusts. Fees are payable by The Cowdray Trust Limited and The Dickinson Trust Limited to the company for services performed by the company for the trusts. The Cowdray Trust Limited and the Dickinson Trust Limited cover the costs for the fees by invoicing the individual trusts themselves.

The Cowdray Trust Limited and The Dickinson Trust Limited are related parties with the company due to there being directors in common with the company.

Fees charged to the Cowdray Trust Limited during 2000 were £245,837 (1999:£239,731). The balance owed by the Cowdray Trust Limited to the company at the year end was £Nil (1999: £Nil). The balance owed to Cowdray Trust Limited at the year end was £12933 (1999:£1,319).

Fees charged to the Dickinson Trust Limited during 2000 were £277,154 (1999: £259,819). The balance owed by The Dickinson Trust Limited to the company at the year end was £4,624 (1999: £31,183).

As disclosed in note 11, there is a loan from The Dickinson Trust Limited to the company.