Registration number: 02075562

Support, Training & Services Limited

Annual Report and Filleted Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 January 2021

Beever and Struthers St Georges House 215-219 Chester Road Manchester M15 4JE



Contents

Company Information	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3 to 7

Company Information

Directors

C P Morris

E Wann

Registered office

Kings Court Water Lane Wilmslow Cheshire SK9 5AR

Auditors

Beever and Struthers St Georges House 215-219 Chester Road

Manchester M15 4JE

(Registration number: 02075562) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 January 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	6,551	15,547
Current assets			
Debtors	5	1,413,977	1,388,967
Cash at bank and in hand		73,081	21,826
		1,487,058	1,410,793
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(441,058)	(483,537)
Net current assets		1,046,000	927,256
Net assets		1,052,551	942,803
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	50,000	50,000
Profit and loss account		1,002,551	892,803
Shareholders' funds		1,052,551	942,803

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 29 October 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

E Wann

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Kings Court

Water Lane

Wilmslow

Cheshire

SK9 5AR

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A- 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors are satisfied that with the ongoing support of the bank and other group companies the company will continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Audit report

The Independent Auditor's Report was unqualified. The name of the Senior Statutory Auditor who signed the audit report on 29 October 2021 was Iain Round BSc FCA, who signed for and on behalf of Beever and Struthers.

Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2021

Judgements

Determination of whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's tangible fixed assets. Factors taken into consideration include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset.

Determination of the recoverability of trade debtors. A specific provision is made against certain debts where in the opinion of the directors the debt is not considered to be fully recoverable.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values. The carrying amount is £6,551 (2020 -£15,547).

Recovery of trade debtors. A specific provision is made against certain debts where in the opinion of the directors the debt is not considered to be fully recoverable.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents services delivered, net of value added tax.

Income is recognised on completion of services provided.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item or income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the Company. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profits.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2021

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

33% reducing balance 33% straight line 25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 18 (2020 - 17).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2021

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 February 2020	212,220	32,896	245,116
Disposals	-	(16,000)	(16,000)
At 31 January 2021	212,220	16,896	229,116
Depreciation			
At 1 February 2020	204,802	24,767	229,569
Charge for the year	4,709	1,281	5,990
Eliminated on disposal		(12,994)	(12,994)
At 31 January 2021	209,511	13,054	222,565
Carrying amount			
At 31 January 2021	2,709	3,842	6,551
Àt 31 January 2020	7,418	8,129	15,547
5 Debtors			
		2021	2020
		£	£
Trade debtors		96,424	184,571
Amounts owed by related parties		1,230,634	1,147,304
Other debtors		37,498	41,373
Prepayments		45,734	12,955
Deferred tax assets		3,687	2,764
		1,413,977	1.388.967

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2021

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	50,990	69,405
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the		
company has a participating interest	208,288	38,516
Taxation and social security	57,900	322,997
Accruals and deferred income	61,446	14,639
Other creditors	36,368	35,414
Income tax liability	26,066	2,566
·	441,058	483,537

7 Related party transactions

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Employment Law Advisory Services Limited. The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 Section 33.1A from disclosing transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group. The consolidated financial statements of Employment Law Advisory Services Limited, within which the company is included, can be obtained from Companies House. No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as to required to be disclosed under FRS 102.

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2021		2020	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000

9 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Employment Law Advisory Services Limited. The largest and smallest Group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Employment Law Advisory Services Limited. Copies of the financial statements of Employment Law Advisory Services Limited are available from Kings Court, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire, United Kingdom, SK9 5AR.

Up to 30 March 2021 the ultimate controlling party of the Company was the directors at that point in time by virtue of 100% ownership of the share capital of Employment Law Advisory Services Limited.

Subsequently, on 31 March 2021, the entire share capital of Employment Law Advisory Services Limited was acquired by Citation Limited.

The ultimate parent undertakings and controlling parties at 31 January 2021 are Rocket Aggregator L.P. incorporated in Canada and HGCapital 8 Nominees Limited