

# Ledmore Marble Limited Abbreviated Accounts For 31st May 2006

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**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

**Company Registration Number 02073536** 

# CARTERS ACCOUNTANTS LLP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
Pentland House
Saltire Centre
Glenrothes
Fife
KY6 2AH

# **Abbreviated Accounts**

# Year Ended 31st May 2006

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# Independent Auditor's Report to Ledmore Marble Limited

# Under section 247B of the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of Ledmore Marble Limited for the year ended 31st May 2006 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective Responsibilities of the Directors and the Auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

CARTERS ACCOUNTANTS LLP

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Chartered Accountants

& Registered Auditors

Pentland House

Saltire Centre

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Fife

KY62AH

15h bebruary 2007

## **Abbreviated Balance Sheet**

# 31st May 2006

		200	)6	2005
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	2		154,017	183,233
Current Assets Stocks Debtors		228,162 68,687		109,108 68,673
Cash at bank and in hand		86,115		141,004
Creditors: Amounts Falling due Within One Yea	r	382,964 36,532		318,785 24,078
_			246.422	
Net Current Assets			346,432	294,707
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities			500,449	477,940
Creditors: Amounts Falling due after More than	One			
Year			167,090	174,297
			333,359	303,643
Capital and Reserves				
Called-up equity share capital	3		1,750,000	1,750,000
Profit and loss account			(1,416,641)	(1,446,357)
Shareholders' Funds			333,359	303,643

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

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#### **Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

# Year Ended 31st May 2006

# 1. Accounting Policies

## **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

## **Changes in Accounting Policies**

The introduction of Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005) has not impacted on the results or the accounting disclosures of the company in the current year or prior years.

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents goods supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

- 10 to 20% straight line

Leasehold Quarry

unit of production basis / over period of lease

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Work in Progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

#### **Operating Lease Agreements**

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### **Pension Costs**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

### **Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

# Year Ended 31st May 2006

## 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Deferred Taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exception:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

## **Restoration Costs**

On termination of the mineral lease there is a requirement to leave the land in a secure condition to the satisfaction of the landlord. Costs of restoration will be provided throughout the life of the lease dependant on production.

No provision has been made to date, as the directors do not believe that restoration costs to date are significant

# **Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts**

# Year Ended 31st May 2006

#### 2. Fixed Assets

3.

				Tangible Assets £
Cost				
At 1st June 2005 Additions				503,775 2,231
At 31st May 2006				506,006
Depreciation				
At 1st June 2005				320,542
Charge for year				31,447
At 31st May 2006				351,989
Net Book Value				
At 31st May 2006				154,017
At 31st May 2005				183,233
Share Capital				
Authorised share capital:				
			2006	2005
1,750,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			£ 1,750,000	£ 1,750,000
1,730,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			1,730,000	1,730,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2006		2005	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000

# 4. Ultimate Parent Company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Angle Park Sand & Gravel Co Limited, a company registered in Scotland.