Registered number 02060679 (England and Wales)

# **Care Graphic Machinery Limited**

Unaudited Filleted Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2019

KJA Kilner Johnson Limited Chartered Accountants Cleckheaton

# Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2019

No	otes		2019		2018
Fixed assets			£		£
Tangible assets	3		76,770		44,715
Current assets					
Stocks		666,034		827,939	
Debtors	4	1,305,642		796,370	
Cash at bank and in hand		26,773		113,111	
		1,998,449		1,737,420	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(1,619,756)		(1,327,345)	
Net current assets			378,693		410,075
Total assets less current liabilities		-	455,463	_	454,790
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(18,206)		(23,265)
Provisions for liabilities			(3,641)		(1,446)
Notice		-	100.010	_	400.070
Net assets		-	433,616	_	430,079
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			166		166
Share premium			89,967		89,967
Profit and loss account			343,483		339,946
Shareholders' funds		- -	433,616	_ _	430,079

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

# **Registered Number:**

02060679
S Hill
Director
Approved by the Board on 4 February 2020

# Notes to the accounts for the year ended 30 September 2019

# 1 Accounting policies

# Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102 1A, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% Reducing balance Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% Reducing balance

### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

## **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

# Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their

inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

# Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

#### Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees			2019 Number	2018 Number
	Average number of persons	er of persons employed by the company			9
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Leasehold Improvements	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 October 2018	20,324	154,325	45,707	220,356
	Additions	21,827	3,809	24,646	50,282
	Disposals	-	-	(20,214)	(20,214)
	At 30 September 2019	42,151	158,134	50,139	250,424
	Depreciation				
	At 1 October 2018	-	148,630	27,011	175,641
	Charge for the year	4,887	3,198	10,142	18,227
	On disposals	-	-	(20,214)	(20,214)
	At 30 September 2019	4,887	151,828	16,939	173,654
	Net book value				
	At 30 September 2019	37,264	6,306	33,200	76,770
	At 30 September 2018	20,324	5,695	18,696	44,715

**Debtors** 2019 2018

	£	£
Trade debtors	714,862	383,109
Other debtors	590,780	413,261
	1,305,642	796,370
	2019	2040
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2018
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	72,586	7,781
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	10,037	5,787
Trade creditors	1,231,523	1,051,525
Letter of credit	139,447	85,742
Other taxes and social security costs	136,619	168,488
Other creditors	29,544	8,022
	1,619,756	1,327,345
6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2019	2018
Creditors, amounts failing due after one year	2019 £	2016 £
	τ.	L
Bank loans	-	13,621
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	18,206	9,644
	18,206	23,265
7 Loans	2019	2018
	£	£
Creditors include:		
Secured bank loans	12,616	33,667

Barclays Bank Plc hold a debenture over the company's assets.

# 8 Other information

Care Graphic Machinery Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The company's registered office is:

1 Britannia Business Park

Britannia Road

Goole

**DN14 6ET** 

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