Company Registration No: 02060602

LOMBARD LEASING CONTRACTS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2008

TUESDAY



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30/09/2008 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Group Secretariat
The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc
3 Princess Way
Redhill
Surrey
RH1 1NP

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS: S J Caterer

P Sullivan R Warren I Shepherd

SECRETARY: C J Whittaker

REGISTERED OFFICE: 3 Princess Way

Redhill Surrey RH1 1NP

AUDITORS: Deloitte & Touche LLP

Bristol

Registered in England and Wales.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008

ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

Activity

The principal activity of the company is the provision of fixed asset finance usually involving individually structured facilities

The Company is a subsidiary of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc which provides the Company with direction and access to all central resources it needs and determines policies in all key areas such as finance, risk, human resources or environment. For this reason, the directors believe that performance indicators specific to the Company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The annual reports of The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc review these matters on a group basis. Copies can be obtained from Group Secretariat, RBS Gogarburn, Edinburgh, EH12 1HQ, the Registrar of Companies or through the Group's web site at rbs com.

Review of the year

The directors are satisfied with the development of the Company's activities during the year. The Company will be guided by its immediate parent company in seeking further opportunities for growth. An interim dividend of £2,500,000 was declared on 20 June 2007. Since the year end the Company has declared final dividends of £9,000,000 (£90,000 per ordinary share) on 4 April 2008 (2007. £nil). The Company's financial performance is presented in the Income Statement on Page 5. At the end of the year, the financial position showed total assets of £262,026,000 (2007. £253,350,000) and equity of £11,571,000 (2007. £6,490,000).

The Company is funded by facilities from The Royal Bank of Scotland plc—It seeks to minimise its exposure to external financial risks other than credit risk, further information is disclosed in Note 2—It also has exposure to asset risk on the residual value of property, plant and equipment

DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY

The present directors and secretary, who have served throughout the year except where noted below, are listed on page 1

From 1 April 2007 to date the following changes have taken place

	Appointed	Resigned
Directors		-
T V Castledine		19 July 2007
A S Devine	19 July 2007	31 July 2008
A C Farnell		31 July 2008
P A Tubb		15 August 2008
R Warren	31 July 2008	
P Sullivan	31 July 2008	
l Shephard	19 August 2008	

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are required by the Companies Acts 1985 and 2006 to prepare a directors' report and financial statements for each financial year and have elected to prepare them in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union They are responsible for preparing financial statements that present fairly the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows of the Company In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company, and to enable them to ensure that the directors' report and financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts 1985 and 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- a) so far as he/she is aware there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- b) the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and shall be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

POLICY AND PRACTICE ON PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

The Company follows the policy and practice on payment of creditors determined by The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc ('RBSG'), as outlined below

RBSG is committed to maintaining a sound commercial relationship with its suppliers Consequently, it is RBSG's policy to negotiate and agree terms and conditions with its suppliers, which includes the giving of an undertaking to pay suppliers within 30 days of receipt of a correctly prepared invoice submitted in accordance with the terms of the contract or such other payment period as may be agreed

The proportion which the amount owed to trade creditors at 31 March 2007 bears to the amounts invoiced by suppliers during the period then ended equated to nil days proportion of 365 days (2006 nil days)

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

S J Caterer Director

Date 25 September 2008

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LOMBARD LEASING CONTRACTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Lombard Leasing Contracts Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise the income statement, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement, the statement of recognised income and expense and the related Notes 1 to 24. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view, and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements. In addition we also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the company, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

cloite & Touche UP

Bristol, United Kingdom

25th September 2008

INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2008

CONTINUING OPERATIONS	Note	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Revenue	4	23,457	25,689
Cost of sales	10	(11,178)	(10,522)
GROSS PROFIT		12,279	15,167
Other operating income	5	100	7,140
Administrative expenses	6	(292)	(324)
OPERATING PROFIT	6	12,087	21,983
Finance costs	8	(7,492)	(9,753)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		4,595	12,230
Tax credit/(charge)	9	2,986	(1,667)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	20	7,581	10,563

The notes on pages 10 to 21 form part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE for the year ended 31 March 2008

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Profit for the year	7,581	10,563
Total recognised income and expense for the year	7,581	10,563

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 March 2008			
	Note	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	10	207.254	216.044
Property, plant and equipment Finance lease receivables	10 12	207,354 29,676	216,041 34,497
		237,030	250,538
CURRENT ASSETS			
Finance lease receivables	12	2,210	•
Trade and other receivables	13	340	567
Cash and cash equivalents	14	22,446	2,245
		24,996	2,812
			
TOTAL ASSETS		262,026	253,350
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	15	(3,618)	(10,600)
Bank overdraft and loans	17	(3,823)	(11,355)
		(7,441)	(21,955)
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	40	(40.704)	(40.704)
Provisions Bank loans	16 17	(19,781)	(19,781) (136,046)
Deferred tax liabilities	18	(162,125) (61,108)	(69,078)
polotica tax itabilities	10	(01,100)	(00,010)
		(243,014)	(224,905)
		(050.455)	(0.40.000)
TOTAL LIABILITIES		(250,455)	(246,860)
NET ASSETS		11,571	6,490
EQUITY			
Share capital	19	-	_
Retained earnings	20	11,571	6,490
TOTAL FOLLTY		11 574	6 400
TOTAL EQUITY	4	11,571	6,490

The financial statements on pages 6 to 21 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 25 September 2008. They were signed on its behalf by -

S J Caterer Director

The notes on pages 10 to 21 form part of these financial statements

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 March 2008

	Note	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	21	6,646	12,856
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment		- (2,491)	25,953 (89)
NET CASH (USED IN)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(2,491)	25,864
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid New bank loans raised Repayments of borrowings		(2,500) 18,546 	(39,023)
NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		16,046	(39,023)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	тѕ	20,201	(303)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,245	2,548
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		22,446	2,245

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the EU. The Company in addition to complying with its legal obligation to comply with IFRS as adopted for use in the European Union, also complies with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The principal accounting policies are set out below

IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments Disclosures' which became effective in this period introduces new disclosures relating to financial instruments but does not have any impact on the classification or valuation of the Company's financial instruments

The directors do not believe the adoption of any Standards or Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective will have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company

The judgements and assumptions involved in the Company's accounting policies which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are those that relate to the criteria for assessing whether substantially all the significant risks and rewards of ownership lease assets are transferred to other entities

b INCOME UNDER FINANCE AND OPERATING LEASES

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee All other leases are classified as operating leases

Finance lease income, which includes the amortisation of the investment in the lease, is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease

c BORROWING COSTS

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred

d TAXATION

Provision is made for taxation at current enacted rates on taxable profits

Deferred taxation is accounted for in full for all temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability for accounting purposes and its carrying amount for tax purposes. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered.

e OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated before charging or crediting investment income and finance costs

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-continued

f PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any recognised impairment loss

Depreciation on assets for hire under operating leases is charged over the lease term, using the straight-line method

The balance sheet carrying values of operating lease assets include balances in respect of residual values, unguaranteed residual values are subject to regular review with any corrections being made through depreciation

g FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial asset categories are finance lease receivables and loan and receivables. Loan and receivables comprise 'trade and other receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet

The Company's financial liabilities are all categorised as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. This comprises 'bank overdraft and loans' and 'trade payables' in the balance sheet.

The Company does not account for any financial asset or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

h AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE UNDER FINANCE LEASES

A lease is recognised when there is a contractual right to the asset's cash flows and derecognised when all contractual rights and obligations expire. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount of the net investment in the leases. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income.

Progress payments made prior to the commencement of the primary lease are included at cost together with the amount of any interest charged on such payments

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are measured at initial recognition fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value.

I CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value

k BORROWINGS

Interest-bearing loans and bank overdrafts are initially recorded at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

I TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other payables are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates

The Company's policy is to avoid interest rate risk by matching the maturity of the lease and its associated loan finance and fixing the cost of borrowing at the inception of the lease when the effective interest rate in the lease is determined

b Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company minimises currency risk by ensuring its leases and associated financing is in the same currency.

c Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk arising from the possibility that the Company will incur losses from the failure of counterparties to meet their obligations. Credit risk is managed through The Royal Bank of Scotland plc Group Credit Risk Management Framework to enable the Group to achieve appropriate risk versus reward performance whilst maintaining credit risk exposure in line with approved risk appetite on a Group basis. The Framework encompasses credit risk assessment prior to the approval of any credit exposure, and the control and monitoring of these exposures against approved limits.

d Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due

Any maturity mis-match within the overall long-term structure of the Company's assets and liabilities is managed to ensure that term asset commitments may be funded on an economic basis over their life. The short-term maturity structure of the Company's liabilities and assets is managed on a daily basis to ensure that all cash flow obligations can be met as they arise.

e Capital management

The Company is a member of a group with regulatory disciplines over the use of its capital. Although the Company itself is not regulated it aims to maintain capital resources commensurate with the nature, scale and risk profile of its business. It regards its capital as the total equity as shown on the balance sheet.

3 PARENT COMPANIES

The Company's immediate parent company is Lombard North Central PLC

The Company's ultimate holding company, ultimate controlling party, and the parent of the largest group into which the Company is consolidated is The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland Financial statements for The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc can be obtained from The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, Gogarburn, Edinburgh, EH12 1HQ

The smallest subgroup into which the Company is consolidated has as its parent company The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, a Company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland Copies of the financial statements for this subgroup can be obtained from The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc, Gogarburn, Edinburgh, EH12 1HQ

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4	REVENUE	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Finance leases		
	Rentals receivable Amortisation	3,239 (2,458)	6,731 (4,285)
	included in the above are the following amounts,	781	2,446
	Contingent rentals	(1,324)	(102)
	Operating leases		
	Rentals receivable	22,676	23,243
		23,457	25,689
	Capital cost of asset additions financed		
	Operating leases	2,491	89
5	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Fee income Profit on termination of lease Other income	100 - 	400 6,334 406
		100_	7,140
6	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Operating profit has been arrived at after charging	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Fees & commissions Management charge Other	197 95 -	92 149 83
		292	324
	Costs incurred in respect of audit services to the Company are included in the mana	igement charge a	s shown below
		£	£
	Auditors' remuneration - for audit services	11,724	9,485

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7 STAFF COSTS

All directors and employees are employed and remunerated by The Royal Bank of Scotland plc, which did not make a recharge to the Company in the year

The average monthly number of employees was nil (2007 nil)

8	FINANCE COSTS	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Interest payable to group undertakings	7,492	9,753
9	TAXATION	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	A) ANALYSIS OF TAX (CREDIT)/CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
	Current tax charge - Group relief payable on profit for the year - Adjustment in respect of prior periods	4,984	12,059 64 12,123
	Deferred tax - origination and reversal of timing differences - Current year - Impact of rate change from 30% to 28% - Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(3,365) (4,605)	(8,390) (2,066)
	Tax (credit)/charge	• (2,986)	1,667
	B) FACTORS AFFECTING THE TAX (CREDIT)/CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
	Profit before tax	4,595	12,230
	Tax on profit at the standard rate of 30% (2007 30%) Impact of rate change from 30% to 28% Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods	1,379 (4,365) 	3,669 - (2,002)
	Tax (credit)/charge	(2,986)	1,667

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT COST OR VALUATION	Assets for hire under operating leases £'000
At 1 April 2006 Additions Disposals	304,231 89 (28,434)
At 1 April 2007 Additions	275,886 2,491
At 31 March 2008	278,377
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2006 Charge for the year Disposals	58,138 - 10,522 (8,815)
At 1 April 2007 Charge for the year	59,845 11,178
At 31 March 2008	71,023
CARRYING AMOUNT	
At 31 March 2008	207,354
At 31 March 2007	216,041

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by category

	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	value	value	value	value
	2008	2008	2007	2007
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Finance lease receivables	31,886	31,886	34,497	34,497
Loans and receivables				
Trade and other receivables	340	340	567	567
Cash and cash equivalents	22,446	22,446	2,245_	2,245
Financial assets	54,672	54,672	37,309	37,309
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost				
Trade and other payables	3,618	3,618	10,600	10,600
Bank overdraft and loans	165,948	170,500	147,401	141,049
Financial liabilities	169,566	174,118	158,001	158,001
b) Financial instrument - carrying amount by mark	et risk exposur	е	2008	2007
			£'000	£'000
Interest rate risk				
Financial assets				
- variable rate			54,332	36,742
- non-interest bearing			340	567
			54,672	37,309
Financial liabilities				
- fixed rate			165,948	147,401
- non-interest bearing			3,618	10,600
			169,566	158,001
If market interest rates had been high not have been materially affected	her or lower the	profit or loss and	equity of the Con	npany would
c) Financial asset - credit quality			2008	2007
A			£'000	£'000
Summary and concentration of credit risk				
Finance lease receivables relating to 1 les	see in the aircra	aft industry	31,886	34,497
Group undertakings			22,786	2,812
			54,672	37,309
Ageing of invoices within one month			2008	2007
			£'000	£'000
Ageing of invoices past due as at the balai	nce sheet date		1	235

In both years the amounts were paid or amended within two months and the past due are not considered impaired

Based on counterparty payment history the Company considers all the above financial assets to be of good credit quality

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - continued

d) Liquidity risk

Contractual cash flows payable to maturity on financial liabilities on an undiscounted basis

2008		Less than 1 year £'000	In the 2nd year £'000	3 to 5 years £'000	Over 5 years £'000
Trade payab Bank overdr	oles aft and loans	3,618 22,398	24,672	114,539	- 158,936
		26,016	24,672	114,539	158,936
2007					
Trade payab Bank overdr	eles aft and loans	10,600 25,557	23,883	215,170	39,809_
		36,157	23,883	215,170	39,809
12 FINANCE LEASE F	RECEIVABLES	Gross inve in lea			e of minimum ayments
		2008	2007	2008	2007
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts receivable	under finance leases				
Within one year		2,210	2,231	2,210	_
In the second to fifth	years inclusive	13,829	12,571	11,462	3,592
After five years		37,766	41,224	18,214	30,905
		53,805	56,026	31,886	34,497
Less unearned fina	nce income	(21,919)	(21,529)	N/A	N/A
Present value of mir payments receivable	•	31,886	34,497	31,886	34,497
Analysed as					
	lease receivables (recoverables receivables (recoverables)		ns)	29,676 2,210	34,497
				31,886	34,497

The Company has entered into finance leasing arrangements for a plane. The average term of the finance leases entered into is 25 years.

Unguaranteed residual values of assets leased under finance leases at the balance sheet date are estimated at £nil (2007 £nil)

The interest rate inherent in the leases is determined at the contract date for all the lease term. The average effective interest rate contracted approximates 7 9% (2007, 7.7%) p.a.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Trade debtors Other debtors	1 339	236 331
		340	567
14	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Bank account with group undertakings Short term deposits with group undertakings	108 22,338	2,245
		22,446	2,245
15	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Amounts due to group undertakings Other creditors	2,817 801	9,317 1,283
		3,618	10,600
16	PROVISIONS		Upside sharing provision
	Included in non-current liabilities		£'000
	At 31 March 2008 and at 31 March 2007		
	ACST Wardi 2006 and aCST Wardi 2007		19,781
	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012	e shanng ar	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid	e sharing ar 2008 £'000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012	2008	rangement relating
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012 BANK LOANS	2008 £'000	rangement relating 2007 £'000
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012 BANK LOANS Loan amount due to group undertakings The borrowings are repayable as follows	2008 £'000 165,948	2007 £'000
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012 BANK LOANS Loan amount due to group undertakings	2008 £'000	2007 £'000 147,401 11,355 9,168
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012 BANK LOANS Loan amount due to group undertakings The borrowings are repayable as follows On demand or within one year	2008 £'000 165,948	2007 £'000 147,401
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012 BANK LOANS Loan amount due to group undertakings The borrowings are repayable as follows On demand or within one year In the second year In the third to fifth year inclusive	2008 £'000 165,948 3,823 7,315 50,590 104,220	2007 £'000 147,401 11,355 9,168 126,878
17	The provision represents the best estimate of the Company's liability under an upsid to an operating lease which is potentially payable from 2012 BANK LOANS Loan amount due to group undertakings The borrowings are repayable as follows On demand or within one year In the second year In the third to fifth year inclusive	2008 £'000 165,948 3,823 7,315 50,590	2007 £'000 147,401 11,355 9,168

The effective interest rate on the loan is variable at 5 6% (2007 $\,$ 5 6%) p a

against advances made to the Company's immediate holding company and its subsidiaries

Balance at 31 March 2008

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18	DEFERRED TAX				
	Movements during the year				Deferred taxation £'000
	At 1 April 2006 Charge to income statement				79,534 (10,456)
	At 1 April 2007 Charge to income statement				69,078 (7,970)
	At 31 March 2008				61,108
	Full provision has been made for the potential amous	nt of deferred	taxation shown be	elow 2008 £'000	2007 £'000
	Accelerated capital allowances on assets financed Other temporary differences			63,593 (2,485)	69,078
			1	61,108	69,078
19	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Ordinary Shares of £1	2008 Number of	2007 f shares	2008 £	2007 £
	Authorised	100	100	100	100
	Issued and fully paid	100	100	100	100
	The Company has one class of ordinary voting share	es which carry	no right to fixed ii	ncome	
20	RETAINED EARNINGS			01000	
	Balance at 1 April 2006 Profit for the financial year			£'000 (4,073) 10,563	
	Balance at 1 April 2007 Dividends paid Profit for the financial year			6,490 (2,500) 7,581	

On the 4 April 2008 the company declared a dividend of £9,000,000 (£90,000 per ordinary share)

11,571

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21	NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT	2008 £'000	2007 £'000		
	Profit before tax	4,595	12,230		
	Adjustments for Depreciation on assets for hire under operating leases Interest expense Profit on disposal of assets held under operating leases	11,178 7,492 -	10,522 9,753 (6,334)		
	Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	23,265	26,171		
	Decrease in receivables Decrease in payables	2,837 (486)	4,442 (1,983)		
	Cash generated by operations	25,616	28,630		
	Income taxes paid Interest paid	(11,229) (7,741)	(5,919) (9,855)		
	Net cash from operating activities	6,646	12,856		
22	OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS				
	The future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows				
		2008 £'000	2007 £'000		
	Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive After five years	23,750 87,975 11,495	22,643 90,573		
		123,220	113,216		
23	RESIDUAL VALUE EXPOSURE				
	The table below gives details in respect of unguaranteed residual values included in the carrying value of operating lease assets at the balance sheet date				
	Year in which residual value will be recovered	2008 £'000	2007 £'000		
	Between 2-5 years	51,238	165,351		
	More than 5 years	110,511			
	Total	161,749	165,351		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

24 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the period, the Company entered into the following related party transactions	ì	
	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Royal Bank Leasing Limited		
Transactions during the period		
- Management charge paid to related party	95	149
- Interest on loan paid to related party	7,492	9,753
- Group relief paid	11,229	5,919
- Additional borrowing from related party	18,546	(39,023)
Group relief owed to related party	(2,331)	(8,576)
Outstanding balance owed to the related party	(146,428)	(156,718)
The Royal Bank of Scotland pic		
Bank account held with related party	108	2,245

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No provisions have been made for doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties. Both The Royal Bank of Scotland plc and Royal Bank Leasing Limited are fellow subsidiaries of the ultimate holding company. The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc.