Registration number: 02023808

BG Employee Shares Trustees Limited

Annual Report

and

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017



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Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2017

The Directors present their report and financial statements on BG Employee Shares Trustees Limited (also referred to as the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The Company is one of the entities within the "Shell Group". In this context the term "Shell Group" and "Companies of the Shell Group" or "Group companies" means companies where Royal Dutch Shell plc, either directly or indirectly, is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the Company and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the Company. Companies in which Group companies have significant influence but not control are classified as "Associated companies". Royal Dutch Shell plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales, is known as the "Parent Company" of the Shell Group. In this Report "Shell", "Shell Group" and "Royal Dutch Shell" are sometimes used for convenience where references are made to Royal Dutch Shell and its subsidiaries in general. These expressions are also used where no useful purpose is served by identifying the particular company or companies.

The Company has taken the advantage of the small companies' exemption available under section 415A and 414B of the Companies Act 2006 and has not prepared a strategic report nor given certain disclosures in the Directors' report from which it is exempt.

The Directors' report and audited accounts of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Directors of the Company

The Directors, who held office during the year, and to the date of this report were as follows:

M J Ashworth

Shell Corporate Director Limited

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Directors' Report and the Company's accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101'). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether FRS 101 has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

Statement of Directors' responsibilities (continued)

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each Director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information. The Directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

Approved by the Board on ... Smay 20\1 and signed on its behalf by:

Juwon Osundina

Authorised signatory for

Shell Corporate Secretary Limited

Company secretary

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of BG Employee Shares Trustees Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BG Employee Shares Trustees Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017, which comprise the Profit and loss account, Balance sheet, Statement of changes in equity, and the related notes 1 to 6, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's member, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's member as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of BG Employee Shares Trustees Limited (continued)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report set out on pages 1 to 2, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Member of BG Employee Shares Trustees Limited (continued)

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' responsibilities set out on page 1 to 2, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Ruth Logan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Ernot e Yong LLP

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

Belfast

Date: 11th of May 2018

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2017

The Company has not traded during the financial year, has accrued no income (2016: £nil) and incurred no expenditure (2016: £nil). Consequently, during the year, the Company has made neither a profit nor a loss (2016: £nil) and nor was there any comprehensive income (2016: £nil) and, therefore, a separate statement of comprehensive income has not been presented.

(Registration number: 02023808) Balance sheet as at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Current assets			
Debtors	4	22,883	23,628
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	5	(22,881)	(23,626)
Net assets		2	2
Equity			
Called up share capital	6	2	2
Total equity		2	2

The accounts on pages 6 to 12 were approved by the Board on fine 2.2 and signed on its behalf by:

M J Ashworth

Director

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Called up Share Capital Tota £	
Balance as at 01 January 2016	2	2
Balance as at 31 December 2016	2	2
Balance as at 01 January 2017	2	2
Balance as at 31 December 2017	2	2

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017

General information

The Company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales. The address of its registered office is: Shell Centre, London, SE1 7NA, United Kingdom (UK).

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with applicable law in the United Kingdom and Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced disclosure framework', using historical cost convention, except for certain items measured at fair value, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

As applied to the Company, there are no material differences between EU endorsed IFRS and IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The presentation of the financial statements has changed from IFRS to Companies Act, 2006 to align with the rest of the Shell Group. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied.

The following exemptions from the disclosure requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- IFRS 7, 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures'
- Paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement' (disclosure of valuation techniques and inputs used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities)
- Paragraph 38 of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' comparative information requirements in respect of:
- (i) paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1 'Presentation of financial statements';
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
- (i) 10(d), (statement of cash flows);
- (ii) 10(f) (a balance sheet as at the beginning of the preceding period when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes a retrospective restatement of items in its financial statements, or when it reclassifies items in its financial statements);
- (iii) 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS);
- (iv) 38A (requirement to present a minimum of two statements for each of the primary financial statements, including cash flow statements and related notes);
- (v) 38B-D (additional comparative information);
- (vi) 40A-D (requirements for a third balance sheet);
- (vii) 111 (cash flow statement information); and
- (viii) 134-136 (capital management disclosures)
- IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows'

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

- Paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS that has been issued but is not yet effective)
- Paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' (key management compensation)
- The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more wholly owned members of a group.

Consolidation

The immediate parent company is BG Energy Holdings Limited.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Royal Dutch Shell plc, which is incorporated in England and Wales. Royal Dutch Shell plc is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these accounts.

The consolidated accounts of Royal Dutch Shell plc are available from:

Royal Dutch Shell plc Tel: +31 888 800 844 email: order@shell.com

Registered office: Shell Centre, London, SEI 7NA

Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in 'Pounds Sterling' (£), which is also the Company's functional currency.

(ii) Transaction and balances

Income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into £ at the rate ruling on their transaction date.

Monetary assets and liabilities recorded in foreign currencies have been expressed in £ at the rates of exchange ruling at the year end. Differences on translation are included in the profit and loss account. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated using exchange rates at the date of the transaction. No subsequent translations are made once this has occurred.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and trade and other receivables

Loans and trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value based on the amounts exchanged and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment.

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss; and amortised cost. The classification depends on the nature of the underlying liabilities, with management determining the classification of financial liabilities at initial recognition.

Loans and trade and other creditors

Loans and trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value based on amounts exchanged, net of transaction, and subsequently at amortised cost. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Netting off policy

Balances with other companies of the Shell Group are stated gross, unless both of the following conditions are met:

- Currently there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- There is intent either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2 Operating result

The Company has no income and under the provisions of the Trust Rules, all costs and expenses of the trustees (including the audit fee) are met by the immediate parent company, BG Energy Holdings Limited.

The Company had no employees during 2017 (2016: none).

None of the Directors received any emoluments (2016: none) in respect of their services to the Company.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 (continued)

3 Auditor's remuneration

The Auditor's remuneration of £2,486 (2016: £2,220) in respect of the statutory audit was borne by the immediate parent company for both the current and preceding years.

Fees paid to the Company's auditor and its associates for non-audit services to the Company itself are not disclosed in the individual accounts of the Company because the Royal Dutch Shell plc consolidated accounts are required to disclose such fees on a consolidated basis.

4 Debtors

Debtors: amounts due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Amount owed by Group undertakings:		
Parent undertakings	22,883	23,628
•	22,883	23,628

Amounts owed by parent undertakings are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Unclaimed dividends owed to participants	22,881	23,626
	22,881	23,626

The creditors represent dividends declared to participants in the Profit Sharing Scheme who have not claimed the dividend.

6 Called up share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2017			2016	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Issued share capital of £1 each	2	2	2	2	