

Registered number
02017621

Bridge House (Tunbridge Wells) Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2021

Bridge House (Tunbridge Wells) Limited**Registered number:** 02017621**Balance Sheet****as at 31 January 2021**

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	8,917	8,917
Current assets			
Debtors	4	1,376	1,358
Cash at bank and in hand		40,484	43,040
		<u>41,860</u>	<u>44,398</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(601)	(705)
Net current assets		<u>41,259</u>	<u>43,693</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>50,176</u>	<u>52,610</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(40,516)	(42,950)
Net assets		<u>9,660</u>	<u>9,660</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		160	160
Non-distributable reserves	7	9,500	9,500
Shareholders' funds		<u>9,660</u>	<u>9,660</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

K Korber

Director

Approved by the board on 8 March 2021

Bridge House (Tunbridge Wells) Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 January 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life. There is no charge in the profit and loss account for depreciation of freehold buildings as the directors consider that the estimated residual value is in excess of cost.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

In accordance with the leases, an element of the sale proceeds is payable into a sinking fund when a dwelling is sold by the lessee. The purpose of this fund is to meet the cost of future repair work.

2 Employees	2021	2020
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
3 Tangible fixed assets		
		Land and buildings
		£
Cost		
At 1 February 2020		<u>8,917</u>
At 31 January 2021		<u>8,917</u>
Depreciation		
At 31 January 2021		<u>-</u>
Net book value		
At 31 January 2021		<u>8,917</u>
At 31 January 2020		<u>8,917</u>
4 Debtors	2021	2020
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>1,376</u>	<u>1,358</u>
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
	£	£
Taxation and social security costs	6	15
Other creditors	<u>595</u>	<u>690</u>
	<u>601</u>	<u>705</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2021	2020
	£	£
Other creditors - sinking fund	<u>40,516</u>	<u>42,950</u>

In accordance with the lease, an element of the sale proceeds is payable into the sinking fund when a dwelling is sold by a lessee. The purpose of this fund is to meet the cost of future repair work.

7 Non-distributable reserves	2021	2020
	£	£
At 1 February 2020	9,500	9,500
At 31 January 2021	<u>9,500</u>	<u>9,500</u>

Loans made to the company by certain shareholders for the purpose of financing the acquisition of the freehold property have been re-classified as non-distributable reserves.

8 Related party transactions

With the exception of bank interest, all income for the year originated from the shareholders.

9 Controlling party

No one person has control of the company.

10 Other information

Bridge House (Tunbridge Wells) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

15 Roedean Heights
Roedean Road
Tunbridge Wells
Kent
TN2 5JY

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.