Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006 Registered number 02004028

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# Contents

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditors' report	4 - 5
Profit and loss account	6
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	7
Balance sheet	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 26

## Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the provision of trailer rental and leasing facilities

#### **Business review**

The results for the company show a pre-tax loss of £15.8 million (2005 £38.8 million) for the year and sales of £41.4 million (2005 £44.2 million)

The company has net assets of £131 6 million (2005 £150 7 million) of which £4 2 million (2005 £4 1 million) is owed to fellow GE group companies

#### Research and development

We continue to invest in modern fleet rental units and, in 2006, launched our new vehicle satellite tracking technology to provide added security to our customers' goods. The directors regard the investment in research and development as integral to the continuing success of the business.

#### Future outlook

The external commercial environment is expected to remain competitive in 2007 as fuel prices are expected to increase raising the economic burden on road transportation companies. However, with our additional innovative product offerings and value for money service, we remain confident that we will improve our current level of performance in the future.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to competition from UK and overseas rental operators, rising fuel prices, and legislative changes on fuel emissions.

#### Key performance indicators (KPI's)

We have made significant progress in the year on the group's overriding objective and key elements of our strategy for growth. Performance during the year, together with historical trend data is set out in the table below

	2006	2005	Definition/method of calculation
Growth in sales (%)	(6)%	(9)%	Year on year sales growth expressed as a percentage

Sales again have been disappointing. This is a result of falling prices in a competitive transportation market.

Gross margin (%)	9%	14%	Ratio of gross profit to sales expressed as a percentage
			(excluding defleeting and PP&E depreciation)

The drop in gross margin is due only to the drop in sales. With year on year level sales the gross margin would have been 14%

Utilisation (%)	89%	66%	Ratio of fleet out on hire compared to total fleet
			Expressed as a percentage

The increase is a result of repositioning the fleet to meet customer requirements by defleeting those assets no longer required and higher utilisation accruing from new fleet additions

## Directors' report

#### Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £25,561,000 (2005 - Loss £32,501,000)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2005 ENIL)

#### Directors and directors' interests

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of the directors' report were

J L Oliver (resigned 1 May 2006) D E Worrall R A Fast DSP Little J S Murray

Since the company meets the definition in \$736 (2)(3) of the Companies Act 1985 of a wholly owned subsidiary of a body corporate incorporated outside Great Britain, the company has taken advantage of regulation 3 (1)(a) of Statutory Instrument 1985/802 exempting the company from the requirement to disclose directors' share interests and options in group companies

#### Provision of information to auditors

So far as each of the directors is aware at the time the report is approved

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

#### **Auditors**

The auditors, KPMG Audit Plc, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985 19 JUNE 2007

This report was approved by the board on

and signed on its behalf

D S P Little Director

> 100 Barbırollı Square Monchester M23AB

# Statement of directors' responsibilities For the year ended 31 December 2006

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent Auditors' report to the members of T.I.P Europe Limited

We have audited the financial statements of TTP Europe Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# Independent Auditors' report to the members of TIP Europe Limited

### Opinion

### In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

**KPMG Audit Plc** 

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor

St James Square Manchester M2 6DS

Date 19 Jue 2007

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# Profit and loss account For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 £000	2005 £000
Turnover		41,380	44,162
Cost of sales		(41,985)	(43,386)
		<del></del>	
Gross (loss)/profit		(605)	776
Administrative expenses		(14,633)	(41,546)
Other operating (expenses)/income		(276)	1,882
			<del></del>
Operating loss	2	(15,514)	(38,888)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	319	374
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(649)	(324)
			<del></del>
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(15,844)	(38,838)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	8	(9,717)	6,337
		<del></del>	
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	17	(25,561)	(32,501)

All amounts relate to continuing operations

The notes on pages 9 to 26 form part of these financial statements

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 £000	2005 £000
Loss for the financial year		(25,561)	(32,501)
Actuarial loss related to pension scheme	19	(770)	(3,060)
Deferred tax attributable to actuarial loss		231	918
			<del></del>
Total recognised loss relating to the year		(26,100)	(34,643)

The notes on pages 9 to 26 form part of these financial statements

# Balance sheet As at 31 December 2006

	Note	£000	2006 £000	£000	2005 £000
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	10		139,867		156,248
Fixed asset investments	11		-		1,883
			139,867		158,131
Current assets					
Debtors	12	12,944		17,265	
Cash at bank and in hand		264		2,238	
		13,208		19,503	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(19,937)		(19,177)	
Creators amounts taking due within one gear	13				
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(6,729)		326
Total assets less current liabilities			133,138		158,457
<b>Creditors:</b> amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(1,582)		(1,172)
Net assets excluding pension scheme liabilities			131,556		157,285
Defined benefit pensions scheme liability	19		-		(6,620)
Net assets including pension scheme					
assets/(liabilities)			131,556		150,665
Canada and second					
Capital and reserves	16		36,523		36,523
Called up share capital	17		225,138		225,138
Share premium account			223,138 27,460		27,460
Special reserves	17		27,460		27,400
Employee share based equity reserve	17				- (170 //EC)
Profit and loss account	17		(157,579)		(138,456)
Shareholders' funds - all equity	18		131,556		150,665

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19,700. 207

D S P Little Director

The notes on pages 9 to 26 form part of these financial statements

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements, except as noted below

In these financial statements the following new standard has been adopted for the first time

FRS 20 'Share-based payments'

The accounting policy under this new standard is set out below together with an indication of the effect of its adoption. The corresponding amounts in these financial statements have not been restated as the effect of adopting FRS 20 is not material.

#### 11 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The company is itself a subsidiary company and is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of section 228A of the Companies Act 1985. These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### 1.2 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1

## 13 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts. All turnover arose in the United Kingdom

#### 14 Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising in respect of acquisitions since 1 January 1999 is capitalised. Positive goodwill is amortised to nil by equal annual instalments over its estimated useful life of twenty years.

#### 15 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Freehold property Plant and vehicles 50 years

3 to 15 years

Freehold land is not depreciated

#### 1.6 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at cost less provision for impairment

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 17 Assets for lease

Assets held for use in operating leases are recorded as tangible fixed assets and depreciated as described in the accounting policy note above

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term

#### 18 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

### 19 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account

### 1 10 Pensions

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company

Pension scheme assets are measured using market values. Pension scheme liabilities are measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability.

The pension scheme surplus (to the extent that it is recoverable) or deficit is recognised in full. The movement in the scheme surplus/deficit is split between operating charges, finance items and, in the statement of total recognised gains and losses, actuarial gains and losses.

The company is also a member of a larger group pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The group pension scheme, GE Pension Plan, covers a number of United Kingdom subsidiary companies of General Electric Company. Because the company is unable to identify its share of the scheme assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by FRS 17 'Retirement benefits', the scheme has been accounted for, in these financial statements as if the scheme was a defined contribution scheme.

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 111 Share based payments

Share options and restricted units over the shares of General Electric Company, the ultimate parent entity are granted to certain employees and executives of the company. The fair value of options and units granted is recognised as an employee expense with a corresponding increase in equity

The fair value is measured at grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognised as an expense over the period the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options/units. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options/units expected to vest. Any recharges by the ultimate parent entity are offset against reserves.

In addition the company has established an employee share ownership scheme, under which employees are able to acquire a number of shares in the ultimate parent company, General Electric Company, with the company matching the employees' purchases. Such shares are purchased monthly in the market and held by the trustees until distribution to the employees in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The company's costs of these purchases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

#### 112 Transactions with related parties

The company, as a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of General Electric Company, has taken advantage of an exemption contained in FRS 8, "Related Party Disclosures", in preparing its financial statements. This exemption allows the company not to disclose details of transactions with other group companies or investees of the group qualifying as related parties, as the consolidated financial statements of General Electric Company, in which the company is included, are publicly available.

#### 2 Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting)

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Amortisation - intangible fixed assets	-	21,471
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
- owned by the company	27,093	28,957
Operating lease rentals		
- plant and machinery	4	9
Foreign exchange loss/(gains)	101	(79)
Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	(262)	(851)
Amounts written off against investments	1,883	10
Dividend received from group undertakings	(1,895)	(1,525)

#### 3 Auditors' remuneration

Remuneration of £8,000 (2005 £9,000) paid to the auditors for their services to the company was borne by a fellow group undertaking

# Notes to the financial statements

#### 4. Staff costs

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows

		2006 £000	2005 £000
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs (note 19)	5,090 523 880	4,752 472 463
		6,493	5,687
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the	ne year was as follov	/s
		2006 No.	2005 No
	Production and operations Administration Sales and distribution	94 30 30	88 23 28
		154	139
5.	Directors' remuneration		<del></del>
		2006 £000	2005 £000
	Emoluments	228	237

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 3 directors (2005 - 3) in respect of defined benefit pension schemes

The highest paid director received remuneration of £119,000 (2005 - £136,000)

The total accrued pension provision of the highest paid director at 31 December 2006 amounted to £31,000 (2005 - £26,000)

### 6 Interest receivable and similar income

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Interest receivable from group companies	319	361
Other interest receivable	-	13
	319	374

# Notes to the financial statements

7.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2006 £000	2005 £000
	Other finance costs related to FRS 17 On loans from group undertakings	170 479	220 104
		649	324
8.	Taxation		
		2006 £000	2005 £000
	Analysis of tax charge in the year		
	Current tax (see note below)		
	UK corporation tax charge on profits for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	3,347 2,102	3,438 2,661
	Total current tax	5,449	6,099
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior years Movement in deferred tax not provided	(7,984) (59) 12,311	(7,533) (4,903) -
	Total deferred tax	4,268	(12,436)
	Tax on loss on ordinary activities	9,717	(6,337)

## Notes to the financial statements

## 8 Taxation (continued)

### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (30%). The differences are explained below

	2006 £000	2005 £000
	2000	£000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(15,844)	(38,838)
	(13,044)	(30,030)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation		
tax in the UK of 30% (2005 - 30%)	(4,753)	(11,651)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	766	8,277
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	8,030	8,411
Short term timing differences	(46)	(878)
Non taxable income	(569)	(457)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	2,102	2,661
Other	(81)	(264)
Current tax charge for the year (see note above)	5,449	6,099

Any future tax charges may be impacted by the announced change in the rate of corporation tax from 30% to 28%, effective from 1 April 2008. The impact of this has not been quantified in the financial statements, as the directors do not consider it practicable to do so

## 9. Intangible assets

Cost	Goodwill £000
At 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2006	32,006
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2006	32,006
Net book value	
At 1 January 2006 and 31 December 2006	-

Goodwill in respect of the acquisition of the assets and liabilities of Central Trailer Rentco Limited has been fully impaired

# Notes to the financial statements

## 10. Tangible fixed assets

Freehold property £000	Plant, machinery and motor vehicles £000	Assets used in operating leases £000	Total £000
13,305 132 (403) (166)	2,022 161 (64) 143	353,670 20,328 (40,690) (6,738)	368,997 20,621 (41,157) (6,761)
12,868	2,262	326,570	341,700
6,390 512 (72) (196)	1,705 8 (56) 173	204,654 26,573 (32,940) (4,918)	212,749 27,093 (33,068) (4,941)
6,634	1,830	193,369	201,833
6,234	432	133,201	139,867
6,915	317	149,016	156,248
	6,390 6,390 6,634	Freehold property and motor vehicles £000  13,305	Freehold property vehicles £000 £000  13,305

### 11 Fixed asset investments

Shares in group undertakings £000

#### Cost or valuation

At 1 January 2006 Write down of investment 1,883 (1,883)

At 31 December 2006

On 15 August 2006, the company's only remaining subsidiary undertaking, Grand Transport Systems Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, was dissolved

# Notes to the financial statements

12	Debtors		
		2006	2005
		0003	£000
	Trade debtors	8,251	8,092
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,426	3,016
	Social security and other taxes  Prepayments and accrued income	1 267	36
	Deferred tax asset (see note 15)	1,267 -	1,930 4,191
	Colored tax asset (See Note 15)		<del></del>
		12,944	17,265
13.	Creditors:		
	Amounts falling due within one year		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Trade creditors	1,818	4,983
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	6,027	5,904
	Corporation tax	6,852	4,870
	Social security and other taxes Accruals and deferred income	885 4,355	- 3,420
	Accidats and deserved income	<del></del>	
		19,937	19,177
14.	Creditors		
	Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,582	1,172
		<del></del>	
15.	Deferred taxation		
		2006	2005
		£000	£000
	At 1 January 2006	7,027	(6,327)
	(Charge)/credit for the year	(4,268)	12,436
	Amount credited to statement of total recognised gains and losses  On transfer of defined benefit scheme deficit to GE Pension Plan	231	918
	On transfer of defined benefit scheme deficit to GE Pension Figh	(2,990) <del></del>	
	At 31 December 2006	-	7,027

# Notes to the financial statements

## 15. Deferred taxation (continued)

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows

		Recognised 2006 £000	Potent	tial asset 2006 £000	Recognised 2005 £000	Potential asset 2005 £000
	Difference between accumulated depreciation and capital allowances Short term timing differences	-		12,250 61	4,222 (32)	4,222 (32)
		-		12,311	4,190	4,190
	Deferred tax asset on pension liability	-		-	2,837	2,837
			ı	12,311	7,027	7,027
16.	Share capital					
	Authorised				2006 £000	2005 £000
	Authonsed					
	745,900,000 ordinary shares of 5p each				37,295	37,295
	Allotted, called up and fully paid					
	730,465,864 ordinary shares of 5p each				36,523	36,523
17	Reserves					
		prer acc	Share mium count £000	Special reserves £000	Employee share based equity reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000
	At 1 January 2006	22	5,138	27,460	_	(138,456)
	Loss for the year		· <b>-</b>	•	-	(25,561)
	Actuarial loss related to pension scheme Deferred tax attributable to actuarial loss Transfer of defined benefit scheme deficit to G	c	-	-	-	(770) 231
	Pension Plan	<b>C</b>	-	-	-	9,967
	Tax on defined benefit scheme deficit transfer	red	-	-	-	(2,990)
	Employee share based payments	_	<u>-</u>		14	
	At 31 December 2006	22	5,138	27,460	14	(157,579)

## Notes to the financial statements

#### 18. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Opening shareholders' funds	150,665	185,308
Loss for the year	(25,561)	(32,501)
Actuarial loss related to pension scheme	(770)	(3,060)
Deferred tax attributable to actuarial loss	231	918
Employee share based equity reserve	14	-
Transfer of defined benefit scheme deficit to GE Pension Plan	9,967	-
Tax on defined benefit scheme deficit transferred	(2,990)	-
Closing shareholders' funds	131,556	150,665

#### 19. Pension commitments

The company operates two defined final salary pension schemes, namely the TIP Europe Limited Pension Scheme and the Tiphook Group Retirement Benefits Scheme, which provide defined final salary benefits for all its employees

The company is also a member of a larger group pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The group pension scheme, GE Pension Plan, covers a number of United Kingdom subsidiary companies of General Electric Company. Because the company is unable to identify its share of the scheme assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis, as permitted by FRS 17 'Retirement benefits', the scheme has been accounted for, in these financial statements as if the scheme was a defined contribution scheme. The funding surplus/deficit in respect of this scheme is disclosed in the financial statements of IGE USA Investments, a company registered in England and Wales.

The last full actuarial valuation was carried out at 5 April 2003 by a qualified independent actuary. At this date there was a funding deficit of £82.8 million and a funding level of 68%

During the year the company contributed £520,000 (2005 £390,000) to the GE Pension Plan

The company's total pension cost covering all schemes included within the operating loss for the year was £880,000 (2005 - £463,000)

### (i) TIP Europe Limited Pension Scheme

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out at 5 April 2003 and was updated for FRS 17 purposes to 30 September 2006 On 30 September 2006 the Tip Europe Limited Pension Scheme was transferred to the GE Pension Plan

#### The main financial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation were.

	<b>2006</b> %	2005 %	2004 %
Inflation	28	28	28
Rate of increase in salaries	48	48	48
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	28	28	28
Rate of increase for deferred pensioners	28	28	28
Discount rate	48	48	5 4

# Notes to the financial statements

### 19. Pension commitments (continued)

The assets in the scheme and the expected rates of return were-

	Long-term		Long-term		Long-term	
	rate of		rate of		rate of	
	return		return		return	
	expected at		expected at		expected at	
	31	Value at 31	31	Value at 31	31	Value at 31
	December	December	December	December	December	December
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2004	2004
	%	€000	%	£000	%	£000
Equities	-	-	84	5,570	86	4,490
Property	_	-	64	370	67	240
Corporate bonds	-	_	44	3,370	48	2,860
Others	-	-	38	100	38	60
Total market value	of assets	-		9,410		7,650
Present value of sc	heme					
liabilities		-		(16,040)		(12,390)
Deficit in the schen	ne	-		(6,630)		(4,740)
Related deferred to	ıx asset			1,990		1,420
Net pension liability	ì	-		(4,640)		(3,320)

The following amounts have been recognised in the financial statements in the year to 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 under the requirements of FRS17

	2006	2005
Operating loss	0003	£000
Current service cost	360	390
Total operating charge	360	390
Analysis of amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)		
(Loss)/gain on assets	(300)	810
Experience losses arising on the scheme liabilities Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme	(150)	(260)
liabilities	-	(2,530)
Actuarial loss recognised in STRGL	(450)	(1,980)

# Notes to the financial statements

## 19. Pension commitments (continued)

		2006	2005
Analysis of amounts charged to other finance costs			
Interest on pension plan liabilities Expected return on assets in the pension plan		(550) 490	(660) 550
Net charge to other finance costs		(60)	(110)
Total profit and loss charge before deduction for tax		420	(500)
		2006 £000	2005 £000
Movements in surplus/(deficit) during the year			
Deficit in scheme at beginning of year Current year service cost Contributions Other finance charges Actuarial loss Transfer of defined benefit scheme deficit to GE Pension Plan		(6,630) (360) 540 (60) (450) 6,960	(4,740) (390) 590 (110) (1,980)
Deficit in scheme at end of year		~	(6,630)
History of experience gains and losses in the scheme			
	2006	2005	2004
(Loss)/gain on scheme assets Amount (£) Percentage of scheme assets	(300) n/a	810 8 6%	(50) (0 7)%
Experience losses on scheme liabilities Amount (£) Percentage of scheme liabilities	(150) n/a	(260) (1 6)%	30 0 2%
Total amount recognised in STRGL Amount (£)	(450)	(1,980)	(1,000)
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	n/a	(12 3)%	(8 1)%

# Notes to the financial statements

## 19 Pension commitments (continued)

Net pension liability

#### (ii) Tiphook Group Retirement Benefits Scheme

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out at 5 April 2005 and was updated for FRS 17 purposes to 30 September 2006. On 30 September 2006 the Tiphook Group Retirement Benefits Scheme was transferred to the GE Pension Plan.

## The main financial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation were

	20	06 %	2005 %	2004 %
Inflation	2	8	28	28
Rate of increase in salaries	4	8	48	48
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	3% or 5	%	3% or 5%	3% or 5%
Rate of increase for deferred pensioners	2	8	28	28
Discount rate	4	8	48	5 4
The assets in the scheme and the expected i	rates of return were.			
l ann town	1 +		1 4	

	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 December 2006 %	Value at 31 December 2006 £000	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 December 2005 %	Value at 31 December 2005 £000	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 December 2004 %	Value at 31 December 2004 £000
Government bonds Corporate bonds Others		<u>:</u>	43 45 45	2,970 2,980 30	46 51 48	2,770 2,780 -
Total market value o	of assets	-		5,980		5,550
Present value of sch liabilities	eme			(8,810)		(7,290)
Deficit in the scheme	e	-		(2,830)		(1,740)
Related deferred tox	cosset	-		850		520

(1,980)

(1,220)

# Notes to the financial statements

## 19. Pension commitments (continued)

The following amounts have been recognised in the financial statements in the year to 31 December 2006 and 31 December 2005 under the requirements of FRS17

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Operating loss		
Current service cost	-	-
Total operating charge		-
	2006 £000	2005 £000
Analysis of amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)		
(Loss)/gain on assets Experience losses arising on the scheme liabilities Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme	(240) (80)	190 (140)
liabilities		(1,130)
Actuarial loss recognised in STRGL	(320)	(1,080)
Analysis of amounts charged to other finance costs	2006	2005
Interest on pension plan liabilities Expected return on assets in the pension plan	(310)	(660) 550
Net charge to other finance costs	(110)	(110)
Total profit and loss charge before deduction for tax	(110)	(500)
	2006 £000	2005 £000
Movements in surplus/(deficit) during the year		
Deficit in scheme at beginning of year Current year service cost	(2,830)	(1,740)
Contributions Other finance charges	250 (110)	100 (110)
Actuarial loss Transfer of defined benefit scheme deficit to GE Pension Plan	(320) 3,010	(1,080)
Deficit in scheme at end of year	-	(2,830)

## Notes to the financial statements

#### 19 Pension commitments (continued)

### History of experience gains and losses in the scheme

	2006	2005	2004
(Loss)/gain on scheme assets Amount (£) Percentage of scheme assets	(240) n/a	190 3 2%	(100) (18)%
Experience losses on scheme liabilities Amount (£) Percentage of scheme liabilities	(80) n/a	(140) (1 7)%	- n/a
Total amount recognised in STRGL Amount (£) Percentage of the present value of the scheme	(320)	(1,080)	(220)
liabilities	n/a	(12 3)%	(3 0)%

### 20 Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2006 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expiry date.				
Within 1 year	-	-	182	31
Between 2 and 5 years	248	219	109	454
After more than 5 years	786	941	-	-
	المنسون بيران التارات			

### 21 Share based payments

Certain employees of the company are selected to participate in share options and restricted units of General Electric Company under the terms of the General Electric Company Long Term Incentive Plan—Share options expire 10 years from grant date and vest over service periods ranging from one to five years. The option price is usually set as the closing day share price on grant date—Restricted units give the participants the right to receive shares in General Electric Company for no consideration—Restricted units vest over various service periods beginning three years from grant date through to grantee retirement. All grants of GE options under all plans must be approved by the Management Development and Compensation Committee of General Electric Company, which consists entirely of outside directors

The recognition and measurement principles in FRS 20 have not been applied to share options granted before 7 November 2002

# Notes to the financial statements

## 21. Share based payments (continued)

## (a) Share options

The number and weighted average exercise price of share options is as follows

	2006	2006	2005	2005
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average	Number of	average	Number of
	exercise price	options	exercise price	options
	£	No	£	No
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	22.02	8,050	21 77	8,500
Granted during the year	1 <del>9</del> 07	1,050	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	17 36	(450)
Outstanding at the end of the year				
	21.68	9,100	22 02	8,050
	2006	2006	2005	2005
	Weighted	2000	Weighted	2003
	average	Number of	average	Number of
	exercise price	options	exercise price	options
	£	No	£	No
	L	NO	<u>r</u> .	IVO
Exercisable at the end of the year	22 43	7,400	22 80	6,124
				3,32
		£		£
For share options exercised during the yea	ir weighted average			
share price on date of exercise		-		22 10
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
	£	£	£	£
	_	_	_	_
Range of exercise price for outstanding				
options	14.60	30 67	14 60	30 67
options -	2 1.00	30 01	1400	3001
		Years		Years
Weighted average remaining contractual l	ife of outstandina			, 22, 2
options in years		4.89		5 3 2
- F				
Fair value of options granted				

The fair value at grant date is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing method. The key assumptions used in calculating the fair value of share options granted are detailed below:

	2006	2005
Weighted average fair value at measurement date	£4.70	-
Share price	£19.07	_
Exercise price	£19.07	-
Expected volatility (weighted average volatility)	25.4%	-
Option life (expected weighted average life)	6.19 years	-
Expected dividends	2.94%	_
Risk free interest rate (based on government bonds)	4 97%	-

# Notes to the financial statements

## 21. Share based payments (continued)

The expected volatility was based on historical volatility. The grants are subject to service conditions. Such conditions are not taken into account in the determination of the grant date fair value.

## (b) Restricted units

The number of restricted units is as follows

	2006 Number	2005 Number
Outstanding at the beginning of the year Granted during the year	- 234	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	234	-
Exercisable at the end of the year	-	-
Weighted average remaining contractual life of outstanding restricted units	9 31 years	-

### Fair value of restricted units

The fair value of restricted units is calculated as the closing day share price on grant date

The grants are subject to service conditions. Such conditions are not taken into account in the determination of the grant date fair value.

	2006	2005
Weighted average fair value at measurement date for restricted units granted during the year	£19 02	-
(c) Expenses arising from share based payment transactions		
	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Share options	13,849	_
Restricted units	529	=
	<del></del>	
	14,378	-
	_	

# Notes to the financial statements

## 22. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is International General Electric (USA), a company registered in England and Wales

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by its ultimate parent undertaking. General Electric Company, a company incorporated in the United States of America. The consolidated financial statements of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from 3135 Easton Turnpike, Fairfield, Connecticut, 06828, USA or at www.ge.com