Company No: 1998251

Company Secretary
Date: 14+ Dec 2004

MELLON FUND MANAGERS LIMITED

("the Company")

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

WRITTEN RESOLUTION

Pursuant to section 381A of the Companies Act 1985, we the undersigned, being all the members who, at the date of this resolution, would be entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at any general meeting of the Company hereby pass the following resolutions:

- (i) THAT the Objects contained in the document presented to the sole member with this Written Resolution be and are hereby adopted as the new Memorandum of Association of the Company in substitution for the existing Memorandum of Association.
- (ii) THAT the Regulations contained in the document presented to the sole member with this Written Resolution be and are hereby adopted as the new Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for the existing Articles of Association.

Dated: 10 December 2004

For and on behalf of

MELLON GLOBAL INVESTMENTS (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

A23 WAGZYQ148* 0017
COMPANIES HOUSE 15/12/04

Company No. 1998251

The Companies Act 1985 and 1989
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MELLON FUND MANAGERS LIMITED

Incorporated on 11 March 1986

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

The Companies Acts 1985 and 1989

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

MELLON FUND MANAGERS LIMITED

(As adopted on 10 December 2004)

- 1. The Company's name is "MELLON FUND MANAGERS LIMITED"¹
- 2. The Company's registered office is to be situated in England and Wales.
- 3. The Company's objects are:-
 - (a) To carry on business as a general commercial company.
 - (b) To carry on the business of a finance and investment company in all its branches, and to acquire by purchase, lease, concession, grant, licence or leases, underleases, stocks, shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, obligations, securities, reversionary interests, annuities, policies of assurance and other property and rights and interests in property as the Company shall deem fit and generally to hold, manage, develop, lease, sell or dispose of the same and to vary any of the investments of the Company, to act as trustees of any deeds constituting or securing any debentures, debenture stock or other securities or obligations; to construct, reconstruct, alter, improve, decorate. furnish and maintain officers, houses, flats, apartments, service suites, hotels, shops, factories, warehouses, buildings, garages, works and conveniences of all kinds, to consolidate or connect or subdivide properties and to lease or otherwise dispose of the same, and to advance money to and enter into contracts with builders, tenants and others and generally to finance building operations of every description; and to manage any land, buildings or other property as aforesaid, whether belonging to the Company or not, and to collect rents and income, to undertake and provide management, administration and consultancy services of all kinds and to enter into, assist or participate in financial, commercial, mercantile, industrial and other

¹ The Company was incorporated under the name of Ampledraw Limited on 11 March 1986.

i) Name changed to Wellingon Fund Managers Limited on 11 August 1986.

ii) Name changed to Newton Fund Managers Limited on 31 January 1990.

iii) Name changed to Mellon Fund Managers Limited on 21 July 2004.

transactions, undertakings and businesses of every description, and to establish, carry on, develop and extend the same or sell, dispose of or otherwise turn the same to account, and to coordinate the policy and administration of any companies of which this Company is a Member or which are in any manner controlled by, or connected with this Company.

- (c) To carry on any other trade or business whatever which can in the opinion of the Board of Directors be advantageously carried on in connection with or ancillary to any of the businesses of the Company.
- (d) To purchase or by any other means acquire and take options over any property whatever, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property.
- (e) To apply for, register, purchase, or by other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere any patents, patent rights, brevets d'invention, licences, secret processes, trade marks, designs, protections and concessions and to disclaim, alter, modify, use and turn to account and to manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same, and to expend money in experimenting upon, testing and improving any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
- To acquire or undertake the whole or any part of the business, (f) goodwill, and assets of any person, firm, or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any of the businesses which the Company is authorised to carry on and as part of the consideration for such acquisition to undertake all or any of the liabilities of such person, firm or company, or to acquire an interest in, amalgamate with, or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, or for co-operation, or for mutual assistance which any such person, firm or company, or for subsidising or otherwise assisting any such person, firm or company, and to give or accept, by way of consideration for any of the acts or things aforesaid or property acquired, any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities that may be agreed upon, and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities so received.
- (g) To improve, manage, construct, repair, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, charge, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant licences, options, rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (h) To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined and to hold or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.

- (i) To lend and advance money or give credit on any terms and with or without security to any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any holding company, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of, or ay other company associated in any way with, the Company), to enter into guarantees, contracts of indemnity and suretyships of all kinds, to receive money on deposit or lean upon any terms, and to secure or guarantee in any manner and upon any terms the payment of any sum of money or the performance of any obligation by any person, firm or company (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing any such holding company, subsidiary, fellow subsidiary or associated company as aforesaid).
- (j) To borrow and raise money in any manner and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or other security upon the whole or any part of the Company's property or assets (whether present or future), including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge, standard security, lien or security to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company of any obligation or liability it may undertake or which may become binding on it.
- (k) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, warrants, debentures, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (I) To apply for, promote, and obtain any Act of Parliament, order, or licence of the Department of Trade or other authority for enabling the Company to carry any of its object into effect, or for effecting the modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to promote the Company's interests, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- (m) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority (supreme, municipal, local or otherwise) that may seem conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government or authority any charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions which the Company may think desirable and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such charters, decrees, rights, privileges, and concessions.

- (n) To subscribe for, take, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, deal with and dispose of, place and underwrite shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any other company constituted or carrying on business in any part of the world, and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations or securities issued or guaranteed by any government or authority, municipal, local or otherwise, in any part of the world.
- (o) To control, manage, finance, subsidise, co-ordinate or otherwise assist any company or companies in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, to provide secretarial, administrative, technical, commercial and other services and facilities of all kinds for any such company or companies and to make payments by way of subvention or otherwise and any other arrangements which may seem desirable with respect to any business or operations of or generally with respect to any such company or companies.
- (p) To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring the whole or any part of the business or property or undertaking or any of the liabilities of the Company, or of undertaking any business or operations which may appear likely to assist or benefit the Company or to enhance the value of any property or business of the Company, and to place or guarantee the placing of, underwrite, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire all or any part of the shares or securities of any such company as aforesaid.
- (q) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the business or property of the Company, either together or in portions, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of any company purchasing the same.
- (r) To act as agents or brokers and as trustees for any person, firm or company, and to undertake and perform sub-contracts.
- (s) To remunerate any person, firm or company rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by the allotment to him or them of shares or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise as may be thought expedient.
- (t) To pay all or any expenses incurred in connection with the promotion, formation and incorporation of the Company, or to contract with any person, firm or company to pay the same, and to pay commissions to brokers and others for underwriting, placing, selling, or guaranteeing the subscription of any shares or other securities of the Company.

- (u) To support and subscribe to any charitable or public object and to support and subscribe to any institution, society, or club which may be for the benefit of the Company or its Directors or employees, or may be connected with any town or place where the Company carries on business; to give or award pensions, annuities, gratuities, and superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid and generally to provide advantages, facilities and services for any persons who are or have been Directors of, or who are or have been employed by, or who are serving or have served the company of the Company or a fellow subsidiary of the Company or the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to the wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants of such persons; to make payments towards insurance; and to set up, establish, support and maintain superannuation and other funds or schemes (whether contributory or non-contributory) for the benefit of any such persons and of their wives, widows, children and other relatives and dependants; and to set up, establish, support and maintain profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any of the employees of the Company or of any such subsidiary, holding or fellow subsidiary company and to lend money to any such employees or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such purchase schemes to be established or maintained.
- (v) Subject to and in accordance with a due compliance with the provisions of Sections 155 to 158 (inclusive) of the Act (if and so far as such provisions shall be applicable), to give, whether directly or indirectly, any kind of financial assistance (as defined in Section 152(1)(a) of the Act) for any such purpose as is specified in Section 151(1) and/or Section 151(2) of the Act.
- (w) To distribute among the Members of the Company in kind any property of the Company of whatever nature.
- (x) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any part of the world.
- (y) To do all or any of the things or matters aforesaid in any part of the world and either as principals, agents, contractors or otherwise, and by or through agents, brokers, sub-contractors or otherwise an either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (z) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the Company's objects or any of them.

AND so that:-

- (1) None of the objects set forth in any sub-clause of this Clause shall be restrictively construed but the widest interpretation shall be given to each such object, and none of such objects shall, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause, or by reference to or inference from the terms of any other sub-clause of this Clause, or by reference to or inference from the name of the Company.
- (2) None of the sub-clauses of this Clause and none of the objects therein specified shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to any of the objects specified in any other such sub-clause, and the Company shall have as full a power to exercise each and every one of the objects specified in each sub-clause of this Clause as though each such sub-clause contained the objects of a separate Company.
- (3) The word "Company" in this Clause, except where used in reference to the Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or unincorporated and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.
- (4) In this Clause the expression "the Act" means the Companies Act 1985, but so that any reference in this Clause to any provision of the Act shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision for the time being in force.
- 4. The liability of the Members is limited.
- 5. The Company's share capital is £1,625,000 divided into 1,625,000 shares of £1 each².

¹¹ March 1986: The Company was incorporated with a share capital of £100 divided into 100 shares of £1 each.

¹⁰ December 1986: The Company's share capital was increased by the creation of 49,900 ordinary shares of £1 each to £50,000 divided into 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each.

⁸ November 1989: The Company's share capital was increased by the creation of 75,000 ordinary shares of £1 each to £125,000 divided into 125,000 ordinary shares of £1 each.

³¹ December 1992: The Company's share capital was increased by the creation of 1,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each to £1,125,000 divided into 1,125,000 ordinary shares of £1 each.

¹⁹ December 1995: The Company's share capital was increased by the creation of 500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each to £1,625,000 divided into 1,625,000 ordinary shares of £1 each.

The Companies Acts 1985 and 1989

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

MELLON FUND MANAGERS LIMITED 1

(As adopted on 10 December 2004)

1. PRELIMINARY

The regulations contained in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Table A to F) Regulations 1985 (as amended) ("Table A") shall, except to the extent that they are excluded or amended by these articles, apply to the Company.

2. ALLOTMENT OF SHARES

- 2.1 The directors are generally and unconditionally authorised, pursuant to section 80 of the Act, to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot relevant securities for a period expiring on the fifth anniversary of the date of adoption of this article unless previously renewed, varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, provided that:
 - (i) the maximum amount of relevant securities which may be allotted pursuant to the authority conferred by this article is the amount of the authorised but as yet unissued share capital of the Company at the date of adoption of this article; and
 - (ii) by the authority conferred by this article, the directors may before the authority expires make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities of the Company to be allotted after it expires and may allot relevant securities in pursuance of that offer or agreement.
- 2.2 In accordance with section 91(1) of the Act, sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6), inclusive, of the Act shall not apply to the Company.

¹ The Company was incorporated under the name of Ampledraw Limited on 11 March 1986.

i) Name changed to Wellingon Fund Managers Limited on 11 August 1986.

ii) Name changed to Newton Fund Managers Limited on 31 January 1990.

iii) Name changed to Mellon Fund Managers Limited on 21 July 2004.

3. TRANSFER OF SHARES

The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without giving any reason, refuse to register the transfer of a share to any person, whether or not it is a fully-paid share. Regulation 24 of Table A shall be amended accordingly.

4. SHARES

- 4.1 The lien conferred by Clause 8 in Table A shall attach also to fully paid-up shares, and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on all shares, whether fully paid or not, standing registered in the name of any person indebted or under liability to the Company, whether he shall be the sole registered holder thereof or shall be one of two or more joint holders, for all moneys presently payable by him or his estate to the Company. Clause 8 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.
- 4.2 The liability of any Member in default in respect of a call shall be increased by the addition at the end of the first sentence of Clause 18 in Table A of the words "and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment".

5. GENERAL MEETINGS AND RESOLUTIONS

- No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. One member holding more than one half in nominal value of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being and present in person or by proxy or representative shall constitute a quorum and shall be deemed for this purpose to constitute a valid meeting but, save in such case two members present in person or by proxy or representative shall be a quorum. Regulation 40 of Table A shall not apply.
- A general meeting or a meeting of any class of members of the Company may consist of a conference between members some or all of whom are in different places provided that each member who participates is able:
 - (i) to hear each of the other participating members addressing the meeting; and
 - (ii) if he so wishes, to address all of the other participating members simultaneously,

whether directly, by telephone conference or by any other form of communication equipment (whether in use when these articles are adopted or not) or by a combination of those methods.

A meeting held in this way is deemed to take place at the place where the largest group of participating members is assembled or, if no such group is readily identifiable, at the place from where the chairman of the meeting participates.

- A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided by each member indicating to the chairman (in such manner as the chairman may direct) whether the member votes in favour of or against the resolution or abstains. Regulation 46 of Table A shall be amended accordingly.
- 5.5 References in this article to members shall include their duly appointed proxies and, in the case of corporate members, their duly appointed proxies or authorised representatives.
- A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, facsimile, telegram or telex by or on behalf of all the members of the Company who would be entitled to vote on it if it had been proposed at a general meeting or at a meeting of any class of members of the Company shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting or at such a class meeting (as the case may be) duly convened and held. The resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in similar form each stating the terms of the resolution accurately and signed by or on behalf of one or more of the members. This article is in addition to, and not limited by, the provisions in sections 381A, 381B and 381C of the Act. Regulation 53 of Table A shall not apply.
- 5.7 In the case of a member which is a corporation the signature of any director or the secretary of that corporation or, in the case of a share registered in the name of joint holders, the signature of one of such joint holders, shall be deemed to be and shall be accepted as the signature of the member concerned for all purposes including the signature of any form of proxy and the signature of any resolution in writing or other document signed or approved pursuant to Article 5.6.

6. **VOTES OF MEMBERS**

- 6.1 A proxy appointed by a member of the Company under section 372 of the Act may vote on a show of hands as well as on a poll, but no person present shall be entitled to more than one vote on a show of hands except as provided by Regulation 50 of Table A. Regulation 54 of Table A shall be amended accordingly.
- Regulation 57 of Table A shall be amended by the inclusion after the word "shall" of the phrase ", unless the directors otherwise determine,".
- 6.3 The following sentence shall be added to the end of Regulation 59 of Table A: "Deposit of an instrument of proxy does not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting or at any adjournment of it.".

- An instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing in any usual form or in any other form, which the directors may approve and must be executed by or on behalf of the appointor. Regulations 60 and 61 of Table A shall not apply.
- Regulation 62 of Table A shall be amended by the deletion in paragraph

 (a) of the words "deposited at" and by the substitution for them of the words "left at or sent by post or by facsimile transmission to", by the substitution in paragraph (a) of the words "at any time" in place of "not less than 48 hours" and by the substitution in paragraph (b) of the words "at any time" in place of "not less than 24 hours".

7. SOLE MEMBERS

- 7.1 If and for so long as the Company has only one member:
 - in relation to a general meeting, the sole member or a proxy for that member or (if the member is a corporation) a duly authorised representative of that member is a quorum and Regulation 40 of Table A shall not apply;
 - (ii) a proxy for the sole member may vote on a show of hands and Regulation 54 of Table A shall be amended accordingly;
 - (iii) the sole member may agree that any general meeting be called by shorter notice than that provided for by the articles; and
 - (iv) all other provisions of the articles apply with any necessary amendment (unless the provision expressly provides otherwise).

8. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

8.1 Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) is not subject to any maximum and the minimum number is one. Regulation 64 of Table A shall not apply.

9. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

9.1 An alternate Director shall not be entitled as such to receive any remuneration from the Company, save that he may be paid by the Company such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct, and the first sentence of Clause 66 in Table A shall be modified accordingly.

9.2 A Director, or any such other person as is mentioned in Clause 65 in Table A, may act as an alternate Director to represent more than one Director, and an alternate Director shall be entitled at any meeting of the Directors, or of any committee of the Directors to one vote for every Director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a Director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present.

10. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 10.1 The directors are not subject to retirement by rotation and Regulations 73 to 80, inclusive, and the last sentence of Regulation 84 of Table A shall not apply. Reference in Regulations 67 and 84 of Table A to retirement by rotation shall be disregarded.
- The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional director.
- The holder or holders of more than half in nominal value of the shares giving the right to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company may appoint any person to be a director and remove any director from office. The appointment or removal shall be effected by notice to the Company signed by or on behalf of the holder or holders. The notice may consist of several documents in similar form each signed by or on behalf of one or more holders and shall be left at or sent by post or facsimile transmission to the office or such other place designated by the directors for the purpose. The appointment or removal shall take effect immediately upon deposit of the notice in accordance with the articles or upon such later date (if any) specified in the notice.

11. DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 11.1 The office of a director shall be vacated if:
 - (i) he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
 - (ii) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (iii) he becomes, in the opinion of all his co-directors, incapable by reason of mental disorder of discharging his duties as a director; or
 - (iv) he resigns his office by notice to the Company; or
 - (v) he is for more than six consecutive months absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and his alternate director (if any) has not during that period attended any such meetings instead of him, and the directors resolve that his office be vacated; or

- (vi) he is removed from office by notice addressed to him at his last-known address and signed by all his co-directors.
- 11.2 Regulation 81 of Table A shall not apply.

12. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- Regulation 88 of Table A shall be amended by the deletion of the third sentence and the substitution for it of the following sentences: "Every director must receive notice of a meeting, whether or not he is absent from the United Kingdom. A director may waive the requirement that notice be given to him of a board meeting, either prospectively or retrospectively. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any director entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting".
- 12.2 A director or his alternate may validly participate in a meeting of the directors or a committee of directors by telephone conference or any other form of communication equipment (whether in use when these articles are adopted or not) or by a combination of those methods, if all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout the meeting. A person participating in this way is deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be counted in a quorum and entitled to vote. Subject to the Act, all business transacted in this way by the directors or a committee of directors is for the purposes of the articles deemed to be validly and effectively transacted at a meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors although fewer than two directors or alternate directors are physically present at the same place. The meeting is deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting participates.
- 12.3 Without prejudice to the obligation of any director to disclose his interest in accordance with section 317 of the Act, a director may vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in respect of which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty. The director must be counted in the quorum present at a meeting when any such resolution is under consideration and if he votes his vote must be counted. An interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his. Regulations 94 to 98, inclusive, of Table A shall not apply.
- A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, facsimile, telegram or telex by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held. The resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in similar form each stating the terms of the resolution accurately and signed by one or more of the directors. Regulation 93 of Table A shall not apply.

13. **SOLE DIRECTOR**

If and for so long as there is a sole director of the Company:

- (i) he may exercise all the powers conferred on the directors by the articles by any means permitted by the articles or the Act;
- (ii) for the purpose of Regulation 89 of Table A, the quorum for the transaction of business is one;
- (iii) all other provisions of the articles apply with any necessary amendment (unless the provision expressly provides otherwise); and
- (iv) Regulation 90 of Table A shall not apply.

14. BORROWING POWERS

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money without limit as to amount and upon such terms and in such manner as they think fit, and subject (in the case of any security convertible into shares) to Section 80 of the Act to grant any mortgage, charge or standard security over its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock, and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

15. **DIVIDENDS**

The directors may deduct from a dividend or other amounts payable to a person in respect of a share any amounts due from him to the Company on account of a call or otherwise in relation to a share.

16. CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

The directors may, with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company, resolve that any shares allotted, under Regulation 110 of Table A, to any member in respect of a holding by him of any partly-paid shares rank for dividend, so long as those shares remain partly paid, only to the extent that those partly-paid shares rank for dividend. Regulation 110 of Table A shall be amended accordingly.

17. NOTICES

The Company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by prepaid airmail or first class post or telex or facsimile transmission to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.

- 17.2 Regulation 112 of Table A shall not apply and Regulation 116 of Table A shall apply as if the words "within the United Kingdom" did not appear.
- 17.3 A notice sent to a member (or another person entitled to receive notices under the articles) by post to an address within the United Kingdom is deemed to be given:
 - (i) 24 hours after posting, if pre-paid as first class, or
 - (ii) 48 hours after posting, if pre-paid as second class.
- A notice sent to a member (or other person entitled to receive notices under the articles) by post to an address outside the United Kingdom is deemed to be given 72 hours after posting, if pre-paid as airmail. Proof that an envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, pre-paid and posted is conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice not sent by post but left at a member's registered address is deemed to have been given on the day it was left.
- 17.5 Regulation 115 of Table A shall not apply.

18. **INDEMNITY**

- Subject to the provisions of the Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which he may otherwise be entitled, each person who is a director, alternate director or secretary of the Company must be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges, losses and liabilities incurred by him in the proper execution of his duties or the proper exercise of his powers, authorities and discretion including, without limitation, a liability incurred:
 - (i) defending proceedings (whether civil or criminal) in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted, or which are otherwise disposed of without a finding or admission of material breach of duty on his part; or
 - (ii) in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.
- The directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of a person who is or was:
 - (i) a director, alternate director, secretary or auditor of the Company or of a company which is or was a subsidiary undertaking of the Company or in which the Company has or had an interest (whether direct or indirect), or
 - (ii) a trustee of a retirement benefits scheme or other trust in which a person referred to in the preceding paragraph is or has been interested.

indemnifying him against liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust or other liability, which may lawfully be insured against by the Company.

18.3 Regulation 118 of Table A shall not apply.