

ACCOUNTS

MARSHALL-WILKINS LIMITED Company No : 1977487

30 November 1994

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and the audited accounts for the year ended 30 November 1994.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activities of the company are the provision of recruitment services, advertising and management consultancy.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

Activity levels in the campaign recruitment market increased significantly during 1994. We also experienced further growth in the IT consulting business and total revenue increased by 28% to £1.624 million.

A reorganisation of the Group's activities in 1995 will make comparisons more difficult next year when Marshall-Wilkins will concentrate on the provision of recruitment services only.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the company for the year are set out on page 4 and the movement in reserves is shown in Note 14 on page 10.

The directors cannot recommend the payment of a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and the beneficial interests of those serving at the end of the year in the shares of the parent company, DIAGONAL PLC, were as follows:

	10p Ordinary shares
·	30 November 1994 30 November 1993
R. E. L. Cocks	70,000 70,000
D. P. Fidgeon	173,333 173,333
R. F. Wilkins	342,682 342,682

Ms E. C. Drummond and Messrs. M. T. Samuels and P. B. Moore, who also served throughout the year, are directors of the parent company and their interest in the shares of that company are disclosed in the accounts of DIAGONAL PLC.

No director has any interest in the shares of the company or any other subsidiary.

By order of the board

R. E. L. Cocks

Secretary

30th June 1995



STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARSHALL-WILKINS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 6.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 1994 and of the profit of the company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

TOUCHE ROSS & CO.

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Juck Ross &

Hill House 1 Little New Street London EC4A 3TR

30th June 1995



PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 November 1994

	Note		1994		1993
TURNOVER	1 (a)		1,624,263		1,268,435
COST OF SALES			(1,246,344)		(706,365)
GROSS PROFIT			377,919		562,070
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			(104,446)		(426,180)
			273,473		135,890
AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF GOODWILL			(1,000)		(1,000)
OPERATING PROFIT			272,473		134,890
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	1,346 (41,280)		- (51,839)	
		<u> </u>	(39,934)		(51,839)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2		232,539		83,051
TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	7		(60,488)		
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	14		£172,051		£83,051

All activities derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial period. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is given.

There are no movements in the shareholders' funds other than the profit for the financial period. Accordingly, no reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds is given.



BALANCE SHEET 30 November 1994

	Note	1994		1993
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets Tangible assets	8 9	16,000 98,942		17,000 98,195
Š		114,942		115,195
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors	10 274,058		340,432	
CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	(230,814)		(311,097)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		43,244	·	29,335
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		158,186		144,530
CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	12	(179,712)		(338,107)
		£(21,526)		£(193,577)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital	13	1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account	14	(22,526)		(194,577)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		£(21,526)		£(193,577)

APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

M. T. Samuels

R. E. L. Cocks

30th June 1995

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards, using the historical cost convention. The particular accounting policies which the directors have adopted within that convention are set out below.

a) Turnover

Turnover is the amount derived from the provision of services falling within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of value added tax.

b) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost of fixed assets to their estimated residual values over the period of their estimated useful economic lives. The following rates have been used

Motor vehicles - 30% p.a. reducing balance Furniture, fixtures & fittings - 15% p.a. straight line Office equipment - 20% p.a. straight line

Computer equipment - 25% p.a. straight line

c) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of other group companies' businesses is being amortised over the estimated useful economic life through the profit and loss account. Useful economic life is determined by the directors as twenty years.

d) Leased assets

Fixed assets held under finance leases, including hire purchase, are capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful economic lives. The finance charges are allocated over the primary period of the lease in proportion to the capital element outstanding. The costs of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as they accrue.

e) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided at anticipated tax rates in respect of significant timing differences to the extent that it is probable that such tax will become payable.

f) Pension costs

The company participates in the DIAGONAL Contracted Out Money Purchase pension scheme on behalf of some members of staff. This involves the diversion of a portion of National Insurance Contributions into the fund. In addition contributions are made towards personal pension plans of certain senior officials. The pension cost represents the company's contributions made in respect of the accounting period.

2.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	1994	1993
	The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is arrived at		
	after charging		
		£	£
	Amounts written off intangible assets	1,000	1,000
	Depreciation - owned assets	5,760	4,479
	- leased assets	27,848	14,895
	Auditors' remuneration	3,750	2,525
	Operating lease charges	448	768
	•		



3.	EMPLOYEES The average number employed by the company during the year, including those directors whose employment costs were borne by	1994	1993
	the company, was as follows	<u>No. of</u>	employees
	Operating	7	9
	Sales	4	4
	Administration	2	
		13	<u>15</u>
	The costs incurred in respect of these employees were as follows		
	Warra and palaries	440,805	533,565
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	45,337	57,679
	Other pension costs	11,755	11,548
		£497,897	£602,792
4.	DIRECTORS	1994	1993
⊶.	The emoluments of the directors were as follows		
	The emolarisms of the directors were de follows		
	Management remuneration	£194,871	£187,015
	The management remuneration excluding pension contributions of directors was as follows	3	
	Chairman	£-	£-
			
	Highest paid director	£64,318	£52,381
	Other Directors		
			f directors
	£0 to £5,000	two none	one one
	£30,001 to £35,000 £40,001 to £45,000	none	one
	£40,001 to £45,000 £50,001 to £55,000	one	one
	£60,001 to £65,000	one	none
	modian; in manian		
5.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	1994	1993
	Bank interest receivable	£1,346	£-



6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	1994	1993
	Group interest in respect of bank overdraft repayable within five years	36,250	45,718
	Finance lease charges	5,030	6,121
	•		
		£41,280	£51,839
			
7.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	1994	1993
••	Taxation is based on the results for the year and comprises		
	Corporation tax at 33% (effective rate - 31.3%; 1993 - nil)	£60,488	£-
	Corporation tax at 50% (Silestifue Tates of 1.0%, 1000 1)		
	The taxation charge for both years is low due to the utilisation of tax losses.		
8.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Goodwill arising on acquisition of trade		
	Cost		
	At 1 December 1993		
	and 30 November 1994		20,000
	and so restance 1004		
	Amortisation		
	At 1 December 1993		3,000
	Provided in year		1,000
			4 000
	At 30 November 1994		4,000
	Net book value		
	At 30 November 1994		£16,000
	At 30 November 1993		£17,000



9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Motor <u>vehicles</u>	Furniture, fixtures and fittings	Office equipment	Computer <u>equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
	Cost At 1 December 1993 Additions	137,102 38,137	5,898 -	9,213 199	13,187 8,748	165,400 47,084
	Disposals	(36,028)	-	-	-	(36,028)
	At 30 November 1994	139,211	5,898	9,412	21,935	176,456
	Depreciation At 1 December 1993 Charge for the year Disposals	41,815 30,835 (23,299)	4,987 689 -	7,223 663 -	13,180 1,421	67,205 33,608 (23,299)
	At 30 November 1994	49,351	5,676	7,886	14,601	77,514
	Net book value At 30 November 1994	£89,860	. 222	1,526	7,334	£98,942
	At 30 November 1993	£95,287	911	1,990	7	£98,195
	Motor vehicles with a net book va	lue of £80,15	64 (1993 - £8	9,916) are heid	d under hi	re purchase
10.	DEBTORS			1994		1993
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group companies Other debtors			175,356 96,332		339,253
	Prepayments and accrued income			436 1,934	-	134 1,045
				£274,058	:	£340,432
11.	CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING	DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR	1994		1993
	Bank overdraft Trade creditors Amount owed to group companies			28,639 55,347 17,254		1,141 28,587 184,979
	Other creditors Corporation tax payable Group relief payable			4,083 22,350 9,284		1,075 - -
	Other taxation and social security Obligations under finance leases			35,093 28,671		49,489 21,259
	Accruals and deferred income			30,093		24,567
				£230,814		£311,097

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

12.	CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR Amount owed to parent company Obligations under finance leases	1994 150,000 29,712 £179,712	1993 300,000 38,107 £338,107
	Obligations under finance leases fall due between two and five years.		
13.	SHARE CAPITAL	1994	1993
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	£1,000	£1,000
14.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Balance at 1 December 1993 Retained profit for the year		(194,577) 172,051
	Balance at 30 November 1994		£(22,526)

15. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of DIAGONAL PLC, a company registered in England and Wales, the accounts of which can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF4 3UZ.

16. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

At 30 November 1994 the company had contracted to purchase tangible assets costing £2,132 (1993 - £nil) which are not included in these accounts.

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Cross-guarantee

The company has issued a guarantee in favour of National Westminster Bank PLC in respect of the indebtedness of the parent company and other subsidiaries to the bank. At 30 November 1994 the contingent liability amounted to £650,481 (1993 - £741,725).