

Company Registration No. 01976952

Associates in Advertising Limited

**Annual Report and Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 December 2018**



Associates in Advertising Limited

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Associates in Advertising Limited

Annual report and financial statements 2018

Company information

Directors

J Sippy
M Abbey
G Edwards

Company secretary

J Sippy

Registered office

200 Aldersgate Street
London
EC1A 4HD

Solicitors

Gordons Partnership LLP
22 Great James Street
London
WC1N 3ES

Bankers

NatWest Bank Plc
135 Bishopsgate
London
EC2M 3UR

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
30 Finsbury Square
London
EC2A 1AG

Associates in Advertising Limited

Strategic report For the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors, in preparing this strategic report, have complied with s414C of the Companies Act 2006.

Principal activity

The principal activities of the company are recruitment advertising and employee communication services.

Fair review of the business

The operating profit for the year was £1,463,000 (2017: £404,000) and the profit for the year after taxation amounted to £984,000 (2017: £333,000).

Key Performance Indicators

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000	Change
Turnover	20,100	17,001	18.2%
Gross Profit	10,163	8,722	16.5%
Operating Profit	1,463	404	262.1%
Gross Profit Margin	50.6%	51.3%	(0.7%)
Operating Profit Margin	7.3%	2.4%	4.9%

The company saw strong gross profit growth in 2018 driven by a solid performance in terms of both new business and existing client growth.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The future prospects of the company are influenced by the demand for hiring talent and staff retention in the United Kingdom which in turn, is influenced by the strength of the United Kingdom economy.

The customer base exposes the company to foreign exchange risk in key global currencies, which are naturally hedged wherever possible.

The recruitment advertising market remains dynamic with significant market developments in advertising technology (ad-tech) and new competitors entering the market. As the volume of ad-tech competitors grows we are prepared to face margin pressure but believe this will be offset by increased productivity inherent in an increasing proportion of our own offer being technology enabled.

At the time of writing the possibility of a 'no-deal' Brexit is very real – this could impact our business both through a decline in business confidence affecting the jobs market and also through a weaker pound driving negative foreign exchange variances.

Future Outlook

Despite the risk of Brexit the high levels of employment throughout northern Europe mean that advertised job vacancies are at a record high in the UK and the jobs economy is strong in all our markets.

Associates in Advertising Limited

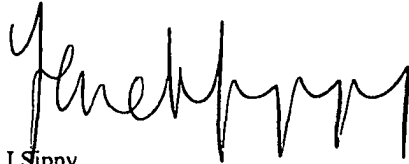
Strategic report

For the year ended 31 December 2018

The company's parent company TMP Worldwide Advertising and Communications, LLC entered into a new partnership agreement in 2018 with Gemspring Capital, a private equity firm headquartered in the United States. The company has since acquired a programmatic advertising company, another traditional competitor in North America and is making headway on key acquisitions in the European market.

The directors continue to look for appropriate business opportunities and are confident of the future prospects for the company.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:



J Sippy

Company secretary and director

27th September 2019

Associates in Advertising Limited

Directors' report For the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report annually on the affairs of the company, together with the audited financial statements and auditor's report, for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Environment

The company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities. As the principal activities of the company are recruitment advertising and employee communications services, they have limited impact on the environment.

Going concern

Associates in Advertising Limited meets its working capital requirements through its existing cash reserves and the cash flows generated by its principal trading activities. The directors have prepared forecasts and projections, including reasonable downside sensitivities, which indicate that Associates in Advertising Limited should maintain an adequate cash position for a period in excess of one year from the date of approval of these financial statements. After consideration of these projections and after making due enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that Associates in Advertising Limited has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Consequently, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

Objectives and policies

Credit risk

The company's principal financial assets are bank balances and trade debtors. The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of provisions for doubtful debts. The company has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of customers. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The company does not enter into derivative financial instruments.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the Company has access to short term funding through its parent undertaking.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2017: £nil).

Developments after the balance sheet date

As referred to in the strategic report, the company's ownership structure changed in 2018. For further details please refer to note 15.

Directors

The directors, who served throughout the year except as noted, were as follows:

J Sippy	Company secretary and director
M Abbey	
G Edwards	

Associates in Advertising Limited

Directors' report (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Grant Thornton UK LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:



J Sippy
Company secretary and director

27th September 2019

Associates in Advertising Limited

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, United Kingdom Accounting Standard and applicable law, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Ireland". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The directors confirm that:

- So far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware and;
- The directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report in accordance with applicable law and regulations. The directors consider the annual report and the financial statements, taken as a whole, provides the information necessary to assess the company's performance, business model and strategy and is fair balanced and understandable.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

To the best of our knowledge:

- The financial statements, prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company; and
- The strategic report and directors report include a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Associates in Advertising Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Associates in Advertising Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018, which comprise Profit and loss, Statement of comprehensive income, Balance sheet, Statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Marc Summers BSc (Hons) FCA
Senior Statutory Auditor
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants
London

Date: 27/09/19

Associates in Advertising Limited

Profit and loss account For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Turnover	2	20,100	17,001
Cost of sales		<u>(9,937)</u>	<u>(8,279)</u>
Gross profit		10,163	8,722
Administrative expenses		<u>(8,700)</u>	<u>(8,318)</u>
Operating profit	3	1,463	404
Interest payable and similar charges	4	<u>(25)</u>	<u>(23)</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	1,438	381
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	<u>(454)</u>	<u>(48)</u>
Profit for the financial year		<u>984</u>	<u>333</u>

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 14 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Profit for the year		984	333
Other comprehensive income – foreign currency gain/(loss)		-	-
Total comprehensive income		<u>984</u>	<u>333</u>

The notes on pages 14 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Associates in Advertising Limited

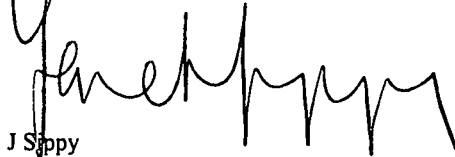
Balance sheet

As at 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	8	238	274
		<u>238</u>	<u>274</u>
Current assets			
Debtors due within one year	9	19,052	15,352
Cash at bank and in hand		129	(81)
		<u>19,181</u>	<u>15,271</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	<u>(10,675)</u>	<u>(7,788)</u>
Net current assets		<u>8,506</u>	<u>7,483</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>8,744</u>	<u>7,757</u>
Provisions for liabilities	11	<u>2</u>	<u>5</u>
Net assets		<u>8,746</u>	<u>7,762</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	12	41	41
Profit and loss account		<u>8,705</u>	<u>7,721</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>8,746</u>	<u>7,762</u>

The financial statements of Associates in Advertising Limited (number 01976952) were approved by the Board of directors and authorised for issue on 27th September 2019.

They were signed on its behalf by:



J Sippy

Company secretary and director

The notes on pages 14 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Called-up share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2017	41	7,388	7,429
Profit for the year	-	333	333
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	333	333
At 31 December 2017	41	7,721	7,762

	Called-up share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 January 2018	41	7,721	7,762
Profit for the year	-	984	984
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	984	984
At 31 December 2018	41	8,705	8,746

The notes on pages 14 to 22 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is:
200 Aldersgate Street
London
EC1A 4HD

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic report on page 2.

1. Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Associates in Advertising Limited meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and has therefore taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available to it. Exemptions have been taken in relation to the presentation of a cash flow statement, intra-group transactions and remuneration of key management personnel.

The functional currency of Associates in Advertising Limited is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements. Please see Directors report for further details.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets is stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Leasehold improvements	over term of lease
Furniture and equipment	20%
Computer equipment	33 – 50%

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

When the amount that can be deducted for tax for an asset (other than goodwill) that is recognised in a business combination is less (more) than the value at which it is recognised, a deferred tax liability (asset) is recognised for the additional tax that will be paid (avoided) in respect of that difference. Similarly, a deferred tax asset (liability) is recognised for the additional tax that will be avoided (paid) because of a difference between the value at which a liability is recognised and the amount that will be assessed for tax. The amount attributed to goodwill is adjusted by the amount of deferred tax recognised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for timing differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the timing difference and it is probable that it will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax relating to property, plant and equipment measured using the revaluation model and investment property is measured using the tax rates and allowances that apply to sale of the asset.

Where items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity are chargeable to or deductible for tax purposes, the resulting current or deferred tax expense or income is presented in the same component of comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense or income.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if: a) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and b) the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Revenue is recognised in the period in which the service is provided. Where payments are received from customers in advance of services provided, the amounts are recorded as deferred income and included as part of creditors due within one year.

Leases

Assets held under finance leases, hire purchase contracts and other similar arrangements, which confer rights and obligations similar to those attached to owned assets, are capitalised as tangible fixed assets at the fair value of the leased asset (or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments as determined at the inception of the lease) and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease terms and their useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the leases to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are similarly spread on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at the transaction price less any provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised at the transaction price.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured based on management's best estimate of the future cash outflows expected as a result of past events.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

i. Critical accounting judgements

Revenue recognition - deferred income

The key accounting judgement is in respect of deferred income and subsequent recognition of revenue over the life of projects undertaken for customers. Management judgement is required to determine the timing and period over which the services are performed and revenue recognised.

ii. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

There are no material key sources of judgement uncertainty

Apart from this, there were no critical judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty that the directors have needed to make in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies that had had any significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

2. Turnover

Turnover represents the value of goods and services supplied within the company's ordinary activities after deduction of value added tax and discounts. All of the turnover originates in the United Kingdom however some customers are situated outside of the United Kingdom.

3. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Depreciation expense	124	108
Operating lease expense	449	426

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

4. Interest payable and similar charges

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Bank charges	22	20
Bank interest payable	3	3
	<u>25</u>	<u>23</u>

5. Staff costs

The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) was:

	2018 No.	2017 No.
Administration	10	9
Sales and operations	95	82
Management	6	6
	<u>111</u>	<u>97</u>

Their aggregate remuneration comprised:

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Wages and salaries	5,901	4,917
Social security costs	670	601
Pension costs	114	91
	<u>6,685</u>	<u>5,609</u>

Directors' Remuneration

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Emoluments	408	409
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	15	15
	<u>423</u>	<u>424</u>

In respect of the highest paid director:

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Emoluments	255	255
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	9	9
	<u>264</u>	<u>264</u>

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

6. Auditor's remuneration

Fees payable to Grant Thornton UK LLP and their associates for the audit of the company's annual financial statements were £28,000 (2017: £30,000 fees payable to Deloitte LLP). See table below for analysis.

Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the company's annual financial statements

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Total audit fees	28	30
Taxation compliance services	5	4
Other taxation advisory services	-	-
Total non-audit fees	5	4
Total	33	34

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The tax charge comprises:

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Current taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
UK corporation tax on income for the period	345	18
UK corporation tax adjustment to prior periods	106	25
Total current tax	451	43
Deferred tax		
Arising from origination and reversal of timing differences	4	6
Arising from changes in tax rates and laws	(1)	(1)
Arising from previously unrecognised tax loss, tax credit or temporary difference of prior periods	-	-
Total deferred tax	3	5
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	454	48

The tax on profit before tax for the year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2017: the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2017: 19.25%).

The differences between the total tax charge shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,438	381
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2017: 19.25%)	273	73
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible	76	10
Prior period adjustment	106	25
Tax increase (decrease) arising from group relief	-	(59)
Tax rate changes	(1)	(1)
Tax charge for the year	454	48

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

8. Tangible assets

	Leasehold improvements £ 000	Furniture and equipment £ 000	Computer equipment £ 000	Total £ 000
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2018	427	183	468	1,078
Additions	0	14	74	88
Disposals	0	0	0	0
At 31 December 2018	427	197	542	1,166
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2018	264	163	377	804
Charge for the year	44	9	71	124
Disposals	0	0	0	0
At 31 December 2018	308	172	448	928
Net book value				
At 31 December 2018	119	25	94	238
At 31 December 2017	163	20	91	274

9. Debtors due within one year

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Trade debtors	4,771	4,531
Receivables from related parties	13,574	10,164
Staff loan	29	9
Prepayments	678	648
	19,052	15,352

The staff loan balance of £29,000 (2017: £9,000) relates to amounts due from staff for season ticket loans advanced by the company.

Amounts owed by related parties relate to some intercompany trading balances and intercompany recharges and may be recalled at any time unless otherwise agreed.

The Directors consider the carrying amounts of the financial assets above to approximate to their fair value.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Trade creditors	1,777	1,140
Social security and other taxes	1,125	321
Other payables	85	248
Accrued expenses	2,767	2,903
Deferred income and cash on account	4,921	3,176
	<u>10,675</u>	<u>7,788</u>

The Directors consider the carrying amounts of the financial liabilities above to approximate to their fair value.

11. Provisions for liabilities

Deferred tax

	2018 £ 000
At 1 January 2018	(5)
Expensed to the Profit & Loss account for the year	<u>3</u>
At 31 December 2018	<u>(2)</u>

12. Called-up share capital

Allotted, called-up and fully paid shares

	No. 000	2018 £ 000	No. 000	2017 £ 000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>41</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>41</u>

The company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income.

The company's other reserves are as follows:

Retained earnings

The retained earnings reserve represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

Associates in Advertising Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 December 2018

13. Obligations under leases

Operating leases

The total of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	2018 £ 000	2017 £ 000
Within one year	555	552
Second to fifth years inclusive	971	1,494
After more than five years	-	-
	<u>1,526</u>	<u>2,046</u>

14. Related party transactions

During the year the company provided services to its parent company TMP Worldwide Advertising and Communications LLC totaling £2,392,000 (2017: £1,937,000); and received services totaling £335,000 (2017: £329,000). As at 31 December 2018 £6,070,000 was due from TMP Worldwide Advertising and Communications LLC (2017: £4,009,000).

The company received services from TMP Worldwide (Singapore) Advertising Pte Ltd totaling £10,000 (2017: £46,000) and provided services of £133,000 (2017: £38,000), £518,000 was due from TMP Worldwide (Singapore) Advertising Pte Ltd as at 31 December 2018 (2017: £309,000 due from TMP Worldwide (Singapore) Advertising Pte Ltd).

The company received services from TMP Worldwide Publicidade Brasil Limitada totaling £2,000 (2017: £nil) and provided services of £nil (2017: £nil). £2,000 was due to TMP Worldwide Publicidade Brasil Limitada as at 31 December 2018 (2017: £nil).

The company received services from TMP Worldwide India Pvt. Ltd totaling £nil (2017: £23,000) and provided services of £1,000 (2017: £nil). £1,000 was due from TMP Worldwide India Pvt. Ltd as at 31 December 2018 (2017: £nil).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Report Standard 102 "Related Party Transactions" and has not disclosed details of transactions with group companies on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary.

15. Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent company is AIA Holdings Limited whose financial statements can be obtained at Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ. People in Business Limited is the immediate parent company of AIA Holdings Limited.

Until 19 April 2018 the ultimate holding entity was VSS-TMP LLC, a company incorporated in the United States of America. From 20 April 2018, the company's ultimate holding company and ultimate controlling party is TMP SuperHoldCo LLC, a company registered in the United States of America. That company heads the largest group in which the financial statements are consolidated.

The smallest group in which the financial statements are consolidated is People in Business Limited. Copies of the financial statements of that company can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.