Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2006

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REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2006

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company and group, together with the financial statements and auditors' report, for the year ended 31 December 2006

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

BGC International ('BGCI' or 'the company'), an unlimited company having a share capital, is an inter-dealer broker and clearer in securities and derivatives operating from London, Milan, Paris and Singapore BGCI's product range includes government bonds, eurobonds, emerging market debt securities, repos, exchange traded derivatives, credit derivatives, commodity derivatives, interest rate derivatives, foreign exchange spot, options and forwards

BGCI is regulated by the Financial Services Authority ('FSA') It is authorised to conduct investment business from its branch offices in Milan and Paris under the provisions of the Investment Services Directive and in Singapore by the Monetary Authority of Singapore It is also authorised to conduct cross-border investment business in EEA member states on a service basis under these provisions

As at the year end date, BGCI was a member of the following exchanges The London Metal Exchange, The London Stock Exchange, Borsa Italiana, EUREX, EURONEXT LIFFE, SWX, SGX-DT and MTS

BGCI acquired 100% of the ETC Pollak group in 2005 and their results are included in these consolidated financial statements

BUSINESS REVIEW

Overview

The company and its subsidiaries made an operating loss for the year of US\$30,879,000 (2005 US\$50,786,000) The retained loss for the year amounted to US\$10,472,000 (2005 loss US\$39,475,000) and has been taken to reserves

During the year, the company received \$616,012 from the issuance of share capital in order to comply with FSA regulatory requirements. In 2005, the company received \$111,772,155 from the issuance of share capital

Broking activities

The business conducted in BGCI is part of the global "BGC Group", part of Cantor Fitzgerald, LP, the ultimate parent entity of BGCI. The BGC Group is a full service inter-dealer broker which specialises in broking over-the-counter financial products and related derivative products. The BGC Group is managed along product lines, and this approach is followed in BGCI. Management review the performance of each product line, and work to ensure that in the medium term each product line achieves an acceptable profit margin.

The principal risks facing the company arise from competition from other brokerage and financial services firms, and from not being able to continue to attract and retain highly skilled brokers

The management of the BGC Group is seeking to become the leading global inter-dealer broker by increasing its share of existing markets and expanding into new markets

As of July 2005, BGCI's inter-dealer broker business in London (matched principal and name give up) was contributed to BGC International LP, an entity under common ownership of Cantor Fitzgerald, LP. Since that date BGCI's role in relation to that business has been limited to acting as the counterparty for credit and risk purposes on principal trades which are executed by BGC International LP as agent in the name of BGCI. The effect of the transfer of the London business to BGC International LP was to trigger a transfer of employees to BGC International LP.

Also with effect from July 2005, the beneficial ownership of the Milan and Singapore branch offices of BGCI was contributed to BGC International LP, such that from that date all profits and losses are transferred to BGC International LP Legal ownership of the Milan and Singapore branches has remained with BGCI

The results for Milan and Singapore are reported in the profit and loss account of BGCI and transferred to BGC International LP via retained earnings

Included in "Operating loss" is a loss of \$11 7m in respect of the ETC Pollak group. The ETC Pollak group had a difficult year and its results were impacted by a number of one-off items as the French broker was integrated into the wider BGC Group.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

Clearing activities

Included in "Turnover" is \$1 5m from clearing activities BGCI acts as clearer to trades executed by entities under the common ownership of Cantor Fitzgerald, LP, (under a Clearing Agreement), and settles trades executed by eSpeed Inc (under a Joint Services Agreement)

Service company activities

Historically, BGCI has acted as a service company for entities under the common ownership of Cantor Fitzgerald, L P in the UK, Europe and Asia The services provided include employing all administration support staff who provide services, owning all fixed assets and leasehold improvements, and having legal title to property leases Included in "Turnover" is \$3 8m earned from service company activities, which is calculated in accordance with an Administrative Services Agreements between BGCI and the service receivers

In order to maximise capital efficiency across the commonly controlled entities, the Directors plan to transfer these service company activities to an unregulated entity in the UK. On 31st December 2006 the first phase of this plan was executed and the administrative staff were transferred to Tower Bridge International Services LP, a commonly owned entity The Directors obtained an independent valuation on the business being transferred from a firm of chartered accountants The business was valued at \$4 5m and a gain of this amount is included in "Other operating income"

Sale of investments

Included in "Profit on sale of fixed asset investments" is a gain of \$18 1m from the disposal of investments in LSE

Additionally, the equities business of ETC Pollak group was sold to Cantor Fitzgerald Europe for \$2 6m, an entity under common ownership of Cantor Fitzgerald, LP The equities business was estimated to account for approximately 20% of the goodwill in the ETC Pollak group, and accordingly a goodwill write-off of \$2 6m was taken in BGCI The net impact of the sale on BGCI's 2006 results was nil

Litigation costs

Included in "Administrative expenses" is \$10 3m relating to litigation costs

Expected future developments

The principal driver of the loss in 2006 was the result in the ETC Pollak subsidiary Prospects for the ETC Pollak business in 2007 are more favourable, due to both the avoidance of further one-off integration costs and also the improved outlook for operating profitability

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

This is as described in note 31 to the financial statements

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2005 - US\$nil)

DIRECTORS

The directors, who served throughout the period except as noted, were as follows

Mr L Amaitis

Mr S Bartlett

Mr S Curran

(resigned 1 February 2006)

Mr S Fraser

(resigned 1 June 2006)

Mr H W Lutnick Mr S Lynn

(resigned 28 December 2006)

(resigned 19 January 2007)

Mr M Macleod

(appointed 6 February 2006, resigned 22 January 2007)

Mr S Merkel

(resigned 28 December 2006)

Mr G Moorehouse

(appointed 13 February 2007)

Mr R Scott

(resigned 19 May 2006)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

The directors had no disclosable interests in the shares of either the company or any other UK company in the UK group at the beginning, at the date of their appointment, or at the end of the year

CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL DONATIONS

During the year, the group made charitable donations of US\$6,894 (2005 - US\$92,022)

AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (2) the director has taken all the steps they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

The company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually and, accordingly, Deloitte & Touche LLP shall be deemed to be reappointed as auditors for a further term under the provisions of S386(2) of the Companies Act 1985

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

RM Snelling

Company Secretary

26 April 2007

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BGC INTERNATIONAL

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements (the "financial statements") of BGC International for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses, the consolidated and company balance sheets, the reconciliation of movement in consolidated shareholders' funds, the consolidated cash flow statement and the related notes 1 to 31 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any further information outside the Annual Report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted
 Accounting Practice, of the state of the group's and the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of the
 group's loss for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Deliftch lover up Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London 30 April 2007

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CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 Total US\$'000	2005 Total US\$'000
TURNOVER	3	138,608	173,728
Cost of sales (including exceptional items in 2006 of US\$NIL (2005 – US\$17m))	5	(156,211)	(208,648)
GROSS LOSS		(17,603)	(34,920)
Administrative expenses Foreign exchange (losses)/gains Other operating income		(17,518) (258) 4,500	(16,091) 225
OPERATING LOSS	6	(30,879)	(50,786)
Interest receivable and similar income	8	8,843	1,778
Interest payable and similar charges	9	(6,492)	(3,207)
Profit on sale of fixed asset investments	14	18,069	
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(10,459)	(52,215)
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	10	<u>-</u>	12,733
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		(10,459)	(39,482)
Equity minority interests	26	(13)	7
RETAINED LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(10,472)	(39,475)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
Loss for the financial year	20	(10,472)	(39,475)
Revaluation of fixed asset investments	14	10,086	559
Transfer to profit and loss on sale of available investments	for sale	(18,069)	-
Currency translation adjustment	20	(268)	<u>-</u>
TOTAL RECOGNISED LOSSES FOR THE YEAR	E	(18,723)	(38,916)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2006

	Note		2005
		2006	as restated
		US\$'000	US\$'000
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	12	6,658	9,901
Tangible assets	13	55,743	37,340
Investments	14	85,336	99,517
		147,737	146,758
CUDDENT ACCETS			
CURRENT ASSETS Long positions		57,911	46,063
Debtors	15	3,297,151	1,066,397
Cash at bank and in hand	13	20,825	12,402
			
		3,375,887	1,124,862
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within	17	(2.215.054)	(1.070.272)
one year	16	(3,315,054)	(1,070,272)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		60,833	54,590
		,	- · ,
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		208,570	201,348
CREDITORS - amounts falling due after			
more than one year	17	(51 000)	(46,000)
y		,	. , ,
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND			
CHARGES	18	(6,808)	(865)
		150.7(2	154 492
		150 762	154,483
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	19	203,308	202,692
Revaluation reserve	20	1,799	9,782
Currency translation reserve	20	(268)	-
Profit and loss account	20	(54,216)	(58,117)
FAIRTY OHADERAL BEBO! EUNBO		150,623	154 257
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		130,023	154,357
MINORITY INTERESTS – EQUITY	26	139	126
		150,762	154 483
			

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 April 2007

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Morge 2 Moorelouse G Moorehouse

Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2006

Note		2005
	2006	as restated
	US\$'000	US\$'000
13	53,116	35,054
14	105,265	114,164
	<u> 158 381</u>	149 218
	57,911	46,063
15	3,309,584	1,062,600
	7,268	8,830
	3,374,763	1,117,493
16	(3,308,867)	(1,062,342)
	65,896	55,151
	224,277	204,369
17	(51,000)	(46,000)
18	(6,808)	-
	<u></u>	
	166,469	158,369
19	203,308	202,692
20	1,799	9,782
20	(38,638)	(54,105)
	166 469	158,369
	14 15 16 17 18	2006 US\$'000 13

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 April 2007 Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

G Moorehouse

Heorge & Moorehouse

Director

RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the year ended 31 December 2006

GROUP	Note	2006 US\$'000	2005 as restated US\$'000
Loss for the financial year	20	(10,472)	(39,475)
Capital contribution from related undertakings		14,373	9,319
Revaluation of fixed asset investments	14	10,086	559
Transfer to profit and loss on sale of LSE shares		(18,069)	-
Share capital issuance	19	616	111,772
Foreign currency translation		(268)	-
Net (decrease)/increase in shareholders' funds		(3,734)	82,175
Opening equity shareholders' funds		154,357	72,182
Closing equity shareholders' funds		150,623	154,357
COMPANY		2006 US\$'000	2005 as restated US\$'000
COMPANY Profit/(loss) for the financial year	20		as restated
	20	US\$'000	as restated US\$'000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	20	US\$'000 1,118	as restated US\$'000 (35,822)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution from related undertakings	20	US\$'000 1,118 14,373	as restated US\$'000 (35,822)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution from related undertakings Foreign currency translation		US\$'000 1,118 14,373 (24)	as restated US\$'000 (35,822) 9,319
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution from related undertakings Foreign currency translation Revaluation of fixed asset investments		US\$'000 1,118 14,373 (24) 10,086	as restated US\$'000 (35,822) 9,319
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution from related undertakings Foreign currency translation Revaluation of fixed asset investments Transfer to profit and loss on sale of LSE shares		US\$'000 1,118 14,373 (24) 10,086 (18,069)	as restated US\$'000 (35,822) 9,319 - 559
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution from related undertakings Foreign currency translation Revaluation of fixed asset investments Transfer to profit and loss on sale of LSE shares Share capital issuance		US\$'000 1,118 14,373 (24) 10,086 (18,069) 616	as restated US\$'000 (35,822) 9,319 - 559 - 111,772
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution from related undertakings Foreign currency translation Revaluation of fixed asset investments Transfer to profit and loss on sale of LSE shares Share capital issuance Net increase in shareholders' funds		US\$'000 1,118 14,373 (24) 10,086 (18,069) 616 8,100	as restated US\$'000 (35,822) 9,319 - 559 - 111,772

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTFor the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 US\$'000	2005 as restated US\$'000
Net cash outflow from operating activities	27	(44,772)	(32,902)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid		8,843 (6,492)	1,778 (3,207)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from returns on investments and servicing of finance		2,351	(1,429)
Taxation UK corporation tax received		-	4,356
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of fixed asset investments Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of fixed asset investments Sale of business unit Redemption of subordinated loan investment		(37,586) 18,069 2,465 6,198	(86,250) (23,907) - -
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure		(10,854)	(110,157)
Acquisitions Purchase of subsidiary undertaking Net cash acquired with subsidiary	28		(13,071)
Net cash outflow from acquisitions		-	(11,219)
Financing Subordinated loans received		51,000	46,000
Issue of share capital Issue of subsidiary undertaking's share capital to minority interest		616	111,772 75
Net cash inflow from financing		51,616	157,847
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year	29	(1,659)	6,496

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. The principal accounting policies are described below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year with the exception of the policies applying to

- recognition of client money, explained in note 2, and
- grant awards made to employees, explained in note 2

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the inclusion of long and short investment positions at fair value

Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and all subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2006 Intra-group sales and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation

Functional currency

The financial statements are prepared in US Dollars, which the directors believe is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates

Foreign exchange

All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than US Dollars are translated into US Dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in currencies other than US Dollars are recorded at the average exchange rates ruling during the month that the transactions occurred Translation differences are taken to the profit and loss account

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost being, their purchase price together with any incidental costs of acquisition, less accumulated depreciation and provision for any impairment in value

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of fixed assets over their estimated useful lives, at the following rates per annum

Computer equipment 15% to 22%

Motor vehicles 33%

Leasehold improvements over the period of the lease

Equipment and machinery and office furniture 15% to 22%

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are recognised and derecognised on trade date, where a purchase or sale of investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at cost

Fixed asset investments are classified as available for sale and are measured at subsequent dates at fair value Gains and losses arising from the changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity via the revaluation reserve until the security is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised and is included in the profit and loss account for the period, the revaluation reserve having first been reversed

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Goodwill

Goodwill capitalised on the face of the group consolidated balance sheet, is calculated on acquisition of subsidiary undertakings as being the difference between the consideration provided and the fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired. It is amortised over a period of 20 years and charged to the profit and loss account along with any impairment in value.

Operating leases

Annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term

Financial instruments

The company determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition in accordance with the categories outlined below. When financial instruments are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, being the transaction price plus, in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Financial instruments classified as held for trading, or designated as such on inception, are included in this category and relate to other derivative financial instruments within trade debtors and trade creditors and long and short inventory position as shown in the balance sheet. Financial instruments are classified as held for trading if they are expected to settle in the short term.

The financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a contract is entered into and subsequently carried in the balance sheet at fair value with gains or losses recognised in the profit and loss account

The company uses derivative financial instruments in order to hedge exposures resulting from derivatives with clients, which are also classified as held for trading

Determination of fair value

Fair value is determined by reference to third party market values where available. Where the Company has assets and liabilities with offsetting market risks, mid-market prices have been used as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions, with bid or offer prices applied to the net open position as appropriate

Where there is no underlying active market, the fair value is determined using proprietary pricing models which apply appropriate valuation techniques and consider the impact of post period end settlement prices

Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and include amounts due from customers on closed positions, (disclosed within trade debtors) other debtors and subordinated loans. These amounts are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in profit or loss when there is evidence that the asset is impaired.

Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, other than those classified as held for trading above, are recognised initially at fair value and carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the group's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for certain UK employees as determined by their contracts of employment. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they are incurred. The company provides no other post retirement benefits to its employees.

Cash at bank and in hand

The group holds money on behalf of clients in accordance with the client money rules of the Financial Services Authority (FSA) and other regulatory bodies. This money is included within cash on the balance sheet and the corresponding liability to clients is included in trade creditor. The return received on managing client money is included within finance revenue.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that economic benefits will flow to the group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Rendering of services includes trading in financial markets, net of commissions expensed. Open positions are carried at fair market value and gains and losses arising on this valuation are recognised in revenue as well as gains and losses realised on positions that have closed.

Finance revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable. The effective interest rate is the rate which exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Interest payable

The interest cost recognised in the income statement is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal amount charged at the effective interest rate applicable. Issue costs are included in the determination of the effective interest rates.

Securities purchased under agreements to resell

Cash balances and accrued interest arising under repurchase agreements and securities lending arrangements are recorded as liabilities and the related securities, where owned by the company, are included in financial instruments at fair value. Cash balances and accrued interest arising under resale agreements and securities borrowing arrangements are recorded as debtors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

2 PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS DUE TO CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

During the year, the Company adopted three new accounting standards

- FRS 20 "Share Based Payments" ("FRS 20"),
- FRS 26 "Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement" ("FRS 26"), and
- FRS 25 "Financial Instruments Disclosure" ("FRS 25")

The comparative figures in the primary financial statements and notes have been restated to reflect these new policies. The effects of adopting these new standards are summarised below

(a) Share based payments

Expense is recognised at the date of award and measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted

(b) Recognition of client money

Client money which was recorded off-balance sheet under previous UK GAAP has now been included within cash under FRS 26 and the equivalent liability to clients included within trade creditors

(c) Treatment for change in value of investment

Application of FRS 26 requires impairment charge previously taken through the profit and loss is now taken through the revaluation reserve

The effects of the changes in policies on the balance sheet are summarised below

		2006	
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
Balance sheet			
Assets			
Increase in cash at bank and in hand	2b	3,746	2,140
Liabilities			
Increase in creditors due within one year	2b	(3,746)	(2,140)
Capital and reserves			
Increase in profit and loss account – 2005 b/fwd	2c	-	(870)
Decrease in revaluation reserve	2c	-	870
Increase in net assets		-	-

(d) Additional Restatement

In addition to the effects of adopting the new accounting standards, comparative figures have been restated to reflect the transfer of the net losses in 2005 of the Singapore and Milan branches of BGC International to BGC International LP (an entity under common ownership of Cantor Fitzgerald, LP) Under the terms of an agreement between both parties dated July 2005 the beneficial ownership of the Singapore and Milan businesses are held in trust to BGC International LP and BGC International LP is responsible for all profits and losses for the periods in question. In the 2005 financial statements the effect of this trust agreement was omitted in error and the capital contribution associated with transferring the losses of the Singapore and Milan businesses was not reported.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

2 PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS DUE TO CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The effects of the restatement on the balance sheet are summarised below

	Note	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
Balance sheet			
Assets			
Increase in debtors	2d	14,373	-
Liabilities			
Decrease in creditors due within one year		-	9,319
Capital and reserves			
Increase in retained earnings	2d	(14,373)	(9,319)

3. TURNOVER

The group's income is derived from inter dealer brokerage services in European government bonds, eurobonds, emerging market debt securities and contracts for difference, as an introducing broker in US government and federal agency securities, interest rate and credit derivatives, forward foreign exchange and foreign exchange options and as an executing broker in on—exchange derivatives

Turnover represents the income received in respect of principal business and commissions earned from agency trades and introducing business. It is shown net of any related dealing/broking expense (eg commissions, carry)

4. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

In the opinion of the directors, the group's activities comprise one class of business. An analysis of the group's results by geographical segment is provided below,

		2006 Profit/(loss) before			2005 Loss before Net a		
	Turnover US\$'000	taxation US\$'000	Net assets US\$'000	Turnover US\$'000	taxation US\$'000	as restated US\$'000	
United							
Kıngdom Continental	64,963	8,815	142,698	145,218	(32,511)	132,177	
Europe	40,902	(8,812)	(7,246)	11,695	(3,466)	(3,466)	
Singapore	32,743	(10,462)	15,310	16,815	(16,238)	25,772	
	138,608	(10,459)	150,762	173,728	(52,215)	154,483	

5. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

There were no exceptional items which materially impacted on the Group in the year ended 31 December 2006. The result for the 2005 year was materially impacted by an exercise undertaken by the group management to substantiate the balance sheet. The outcome of this exercise was to write-off to the profit and loss account certain unsubstantiated balances amounting to US\$4m that had arisen due to operational failures in the control processes of the group and to provide for an additional US\$13m of potential future liabilities that had arisen due to a change in accounting estimate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

6. OPERATING LOSS

7.

	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
The operating loss is stated after charging:		
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	778	121
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	18,871	13,617
Auditors' remuneration, audit (group and company)	1,092	1,075
Auditors' remuneration, other services (group and company)	284	236
Rents payable under operating leases	-	692
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	312	802
DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
DIRECTORS AND EMPLOTEES		
	2006	2005
	US\$'000	as restated US\$'000
Staff costs during the year amounted to:		
Wages and salaries	79,206	114,655
Social security costs	13,469	23,883
Other pension costs	2,049	771
	94,724	139,309

The staff costs for 2006, and the 2005 comparatives as restated, include only staff costs paid to employees of BGC International This differs from the disclosure in 2005's financial statements which contained two disclosures first, gross staff costs of all employees of both BGC International and BGC International LP, and then secondly, separate disclosure of the costs of employees of BGC International only

This change is presentational only and has no effect on the 2005 profit and loss of BGC International. The staff costs related to BGC International LP employees were correctly charged to BGC International LP's profit and loss in 2005. The average employee note below is consistent with this changed disclosure, with the 2005 figures restated to include only BGC International employees (and exclude BGC International LP employees).

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme for certain UK employees as determined by their contracts of employment

The pension charge of US\$2,298,075 for the year ended 31 December 2006 (2005 - US\$885,408) represents contributions payable by the group to the scheme At 31 December 2006 there were no outstanding or prepaid contributions to the scheme (2005 - \$nil)

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed during the year was

	2006	2005
	No	as restated
		No.
Direct operating	181	266
Other	270	240
		
	451	506

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

7 DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (CONTINUED)

The remuneration paid to the directors comprised

Directors' emoluments	2006 US\$'000 7,987	2005 US\$'000 4,601
	7,987	4,601
Highest paid director's remuneration	2006	2005
Emoluments of the highest paid director	US\$'000 3,250	US\$'000 1,546

Six (2005) three) of the directors received no remuneration from the company during the current year. No directors had entitlements in relation to the pension scheme in the current or prior year.

8. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2006	2005
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Bank interest	5,133	1,205
Interest on settlements	-	17
Subordinated loan interest – group companies	622	556
Loans to other group companies	3,088	-
	8,843	1,778
		

9. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
Subordinated loan interest – group companies	3,936	1,785
Loans from other group companies	1,618	1,376
Other interest	938	46
	6,492	3,207

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

10. TAX CREDIT/(CHARGE) ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2006 US\$'000	2005 as restated US\$'000
1) Analysis of tax credit/(charge) on ordinary activities		
United Kingdom corporation tax at 30% (2005 – 30%)		
based on the profit for the year	-	4,058
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	-	4,044
	-	8,102
Foreign tax for current year	-	(767)
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	-	(33)
Current tax credit/(charge) for year	-	7,302
Deferred tax – timing differences, origination		5,431
	-	12,733
		
11) Factors affecting tax credit/(charge) for the current year		
The tax assessed for the year is higher than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 30% (2005 – 30%)		
The differences are explained below		
The differences are explained below	2006 US\$'000	2005 as restated US\$'000
The differences are explained below Loss on ordinary activities before tax		as restated
	US\$'000	as restated US\$'000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	US\$'000 (10,459)	as restated US\$'000 (52,215)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon	US\$'000 (10,459)	as restated US\$'000 (52,215)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	US\$'000 (10,459) 3,138	as restated US\$'000 (52,215) 15,665
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879)	as restated US\$'000 (52,215) 15,665
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences Disposals	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879) 135	as restated US\$'000 (52,215) 15,665 (8,212) (753) 44
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences Disposals UK dividend income	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879)	as restated US\$'000 (52,215) 15,665 (8,212) (753) 44
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences Disposals UK dividend income Unrelievable foreign tax	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879) 135 18	(52,215) 15,665 (8,212) (753) 44 - 32 (537)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences Disposals UK dividend income Unrelievable foreign tax Origination of tax losses	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879) 135 18 (12,189)	(8,212) (753) 44 (537) (5,453)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences Disposals UK dividend income Unrelievable foreign tax Origination of tax losses Partnership losses	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879) 135 18	as restated US\$'000 (52,215) 15,665 (8,212) (753) 44 - 32 (537) (5,453) 2,505
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences Disposals UK dividend income Unrelievable foreign tax Origination of tax losses	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879) 135 18 (12,189)	(8,212) (753) 44 (537) (5,453)
Loss on ordinary activities before tax Tax at 30% thereon Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Movement in short term timing differences Disposals UK dividend income Unrelievable foreign tax Origination of tax losses Partnership losses	(10,459) 3,138 (1,448) (879) 135 18 (12,189)	as restated US\$'000 (52,215) 15,665 (8,212) (753) 44 - 32 (537) (5,453) 2,505

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

10. TAX CREDIT/(CHARGE) ON (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

2006	2005
US\$'000	US\$'000
4,725	(793)
-	87
_	5,431
4,725	4,725
2006	2005
US\$'000	US\$'000
13,196	4,501
799	224
13,995	4,725
(9,270)	
4,725	4,725
	2006 US\$'000 4,725

11. PROFIT OF PARENT COMPANY

As permitted by Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, the profit and loss account of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements. The parent company's retained profit after tax for the financial year amounted to US\$1,118,000 (2005 – US\$35,822,000 loss)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

12. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

THE GROUP	Goodwill US\$'000
COST	
At 1 January 2006	10,022
Asset valuation adjustment	(351)
Disposals	(2,549)
At 31 December 2006	7,122
AMORTISATION	
At 1 January 2006	(121)
Charge for the year	(427)
Disposals	84
At 31 December 2006	(464)
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2006	6,658
ILDI Doomoo 2000	
At 31 December 2005	9,901

Goodwill arose on the acquisition of ETC Pollak and its group companies during the year ended 31 December 2005 (see notes 14 and 28)

During 2006 the equities business of ETC Pollak was sold to Cantor Fitzgerald Europe, a company under common ownership of Cantor Fitzgerald, L P, for consideration of \$2.5m. The Directors estimate that 20% of the goodwill in the ETC Pollak group related to the equities business, and accordingly \$2.5m of goodwill was deemed to be disposed of at the time of the sale

13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

THE GROUP	Computer equipment US\$'000	Motor vehicles US\$'000	Leasehold improve- ments US\$'000	Equipment and machinery US\$'000	Office furniture US\$'000	Total US\$'000
COST						
At 1 January 2006	46,164	572	20,166	14,045	4,838	85,785
Additions	15,768	-	18,814	337	2,667	37,586
Disposals	(624)					(624)
At 31 December 2006	61,308	572	38,980	14,382	7,505	122,747
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 January 2006	21,968	406	9,332	13,890	2,849	48,445
Charge for year	12,114	93	5,540	118	1,006	18,871
Disposals	(312)	-				(312)
At 31 December 2006	33,770	499	14,872	14,008	3,855	67,004
NET BOOK VALUE						
At 31 December 2006	27,538	73	24,108	374	3,650	55,743
At 31 December 2005	24,196	166	10,834	155	1,989	37,340
						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

13 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

THE COMPANY	Computer equipment US\$'000	Motor vehicles US\$'000	Leasehold improve- ments US\$'000	Equipment and machinery US\$'000	Office furniture US\$'000	Total US\$'000
COST						
At 1 January 2006	45,617	572	18,929	14,045	4,242	83,405
Additions	15,312	-	18,054	337	2,579	36,282
Disposals	(625)				-	(625)
At 31 December 2006	60,304	572	36,983	14,382	6,821	119,062
DEPRECIATION						
At 1 January 2006	21,900	406	9,325	13,890	2,830	48,351
Charge for year	11,595	93	5,202	118	900	17,908
Disposals	(313)				-	(313)
At 31 December 2006	33,182	499	14,527	14,008	3,730	65,946
NET BOOK VALUE						
At 31 December 2006	27,122	73	22,456	374	3,091	53,116
At 31 December 2005	23,717	166	9,604	155	1,412	35,054

14. INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS

THE GROUP	Subordinated loans US\$'000	Listed investments other than loans US\$'000	Non-listed investments other than loans US\$'000	Total US\$'000
COST OR VALUATION	033 000	029 000	039 000	033 000
At 1 January 2006	12,998	9,782	76,824	99,604
Additions	12,770	2,702	70,024	-
Disposals	(6,198)	(18,069)	-	(24,267)
Revaluations		8,287	1,799	10,086
At 31 December 2006	6,800	-	78,623	85,423
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT				
At 1 January 2006	-		(87)	(87)
Disposals				
At 31 December 2006	<u>-</u>		(87)	(87)
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 December 2006	6,800		78,536	85,336
At 31 December 2005	12,998	9,782	76,737	99,517

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

14. INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS (continued)

THE COMPANY	Subordinated loans US\$'000	Listed investments other than loans US\$'000	Non-listed investments other than loans US\$'000	Shares in group undertakings US\$'000	Total US\$'000
COST OR VALUATION					
At 1 January 2006	12,998	9,782	76,824	14,647	114,251
Additions	-	-	-	5,282	5,282
Disposals	(6,198)	(18,069)	-	-	(24,267)
Revaluations	<u> </u>	8,287	1,799		10,086
At 31 December 2006	6,800		78,623	19,929	105,352
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT			(07)		(07)
At 1 January 2006	-	-	(87)	-	(87)
Disposals					
At 31 December 2006	-	-	(87)	-	(87)
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 December 2006	6,800	-	78,536	19,929	105,265
At 31 December 2005	12,998	9,782	76,737	14,647	114,164

Shares in group undertakings, whose financial results are consolidated in the group financial statements, as at 31 December 2006 represents the following equity investments in the ordinary share capital of subsidiary companies, all carrying equal voting rights

Company name	Holding	Company activity	Country of incorporation	Registration
Cantor Fitzgerald (Nominees) Limited	99%	Non trading nominee company	Great Britain	England and Wales
Cantor Fitzgerald Assets	99%	Dormant	Great Britain	England and Wales
Data and Technology Associates	99%	Dormant	Great Britain	England and Wales
Cantor Fitzgerald Financial	99%	Dormant	Great Britain	England and Wales
Tower Bridge Securities Limited	90%	Dormant	Great Britain	England and Wales
Cantor Fitzgerald Capital Markets Limited	100%	Dormant	Great Britain	England and Wales
Cantor Fitzgerald Services Limited	100%	Dormant	Great Britain	England and Wales
Financiere EPP (SAS)	100%	Holding company	France	France
E-Finance (SAS)	100%	Holding company	France	France
EPP Holding (SAS)	100%	Holding company	France	France
ETC Pollak (SAS)	100%	Securities, Derivatives and Equites broker	France	France

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

14. INVESTMENTS HELD AS FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Subordinated loans classified as loans and receivables, made to companies under common control as at 31 December 2006 were

Company name	Currency	Value	Effective date	Term	Rate
MIS Brokers Limited	USD	2,000,000	23/03/2006	2 years	6 00%
MIS Brokers Limited	USD	300,000	30/11/2006	2 years	7 28%
MIS Brokers Limited	USD	2,000,000	14/04/2005	2 years	5 35%
MIS Brokers Limited	USD	1,500,000	29/04/2005	2 years	5 40%
MIS Brokers Limited	USD	1,000,000	20/06/2005	2 years	5 60%

The interest rate charged on the above loans is 2% above the London Inter Bank Offer Rate, except for the USD\$1,000,000 loan which is at 1% above the London Inter Bank Offer Rate

The non-listed investments are held at cost except for those classified as available for sale which are held at fair value

Non listed investments held at fair value are as follows,

	Fair Value US\$000	Basis of Fair Value
1,809 shares in Euroclear PLC	1,598	Net asset value of consolidated group
2,806 shares in Euronext N V	331	Share price

The company disposed of 857,142 London Stock Exchange shares which were sold on the open market and generated a profit on sale of \$US18,069,000

15 DEBTORS

	Group		Compa	npany	
	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000	
Trade debtors Amounts owed by subsidiary companies	3,160,773 -	987,197 -	3,157,309 7,684	980,467 4,768	
Amounts owed by other group undertakings Deferred taxation (note 10iii)	70,454 4,725	22,363 4,725	78,729 4,725	22,333 4,725	
Other debtors	46,148	40,624	46,866	39,324	
Prepayments and accrued income	15,051	11,488	14,271	10,983	
	3,297,151	1,066,397	3,309,584	1,062,600	

For those trade debtors not accounted for at fair value, and for the other financial assets included above, the Directors consider the carrying value of these items approximates to fair value

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

16. CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

Group		o Compa				
2006	2006	2006	2006	2005	2006	2005
US\$'000	as restated	US\$'000	as restated			
	US\$'000		US\$'000			
10,965	883	13,153	994			
3,049,775	886,415	3,049,929	886,457			
-	-	670	744			
44,791	92,182	42,815	92,213			
-	-	-	-			
34,062	16,113	31,685	13,079			
70,095	11,606	67,249	7,779			
59,366	63,073	57,366	61,076			
46,000	-	46,000				
3,315,054	1,070,072	3,308,867	1,062,342			
	2006 US\$'000 10,965 3,049,775 - 44,791 - 34,062 70,095 59,366 46,000	2006 US\$'000 as restated US\$'000 10,965 3,049,775 886,415 - 44,791 92,182 - 34,062 16,113 70,095 11,606 59,366 59,366 63,073 46,000 -	2006 US\$'000 2005 as restated US\$'000 2006 US\$'000 10,965 883 13,153 3,049,775 886,415 3,049,929 - 670 44,791 92,182 42,815 - - - 34,062 16,113 31,685 70,095 11,606 67,249 59,366 63,073 57,366 46,000 - 46,000			

For those trade creditors not accounted for at fair value, and for the other financial liabilities included above, the Directors consider the carrying value of these items approximates to fair value

Subordinated loans provided to the company to meet FSA regulatory capital requirements during the year were

Company providing loan	Currency	Value	Effective date	Term	Rate
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P	USD	18,000,000	11/03/2005	2 years	7 50%
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P	USD	11,000,000	15/04/2005	2 years	7 44%
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P	USD	8,000,000	29/04/2005	2 years	7 24%
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P	USD	9,000,000	08/06/2005	2 years	7 39%
Rates are recalculated quarterly	,	, ,		,	

17 CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

		Group		Group Company	
		2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
Subordinated loans		51,000	46,000	51,000	46,000
Subordinated loans provided to twere	he company	to meet FSA reg	ulatory capital re	quirements durir	ng the year
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P	USD	42,000,000	04/04/2006	2 years	7 16%
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P Rates are recalculated quarterly	USD	9,000,000	28/12/2006	2 years	7 37%

18. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Group		Company	
	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
Provision for onerous lease	6,808	865	6,808	

The provision for onerous lease commitments has been calculated for properties vacated during 2005 and 2006 by reference to discounted expected future net cashflows relating to the properties

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2006 £'000	2005 £'000
Authorised	2 000	2 000
2006 total (2005 – 200,000,000) ordinary		
shares of £1 each	200,000	200,000
2,000,000 (2005 – 2,000,000) preferred shares		
of £10 each	20,000	20,000
	2006	2005
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Called up, allotted and fully paid		
2006 total 118,783,829 (2005 – 118,469,047)		
ordinary shares of £1 each	203,308	202,692

During the year, the company issued 314,782 £1 ordinary shares for a cash consideration of \$616,012 in order to meet additional FSA regulatory capital requirements. In 2005, the authorised share capital was increased by 133,244,128 £1 ordinary shares and the company issued 62,523,630 £1 ordinary shares for a cash consideration of \$111,772,155

20. RESERVES

THE GROUP	Foreign currency translation reserve US\$'000	Revaluation reserve US\$'000	Profit and loss account US\$'000	Total US\$'000
At 1 January 2005 as restated	-	9,223	(27,961)	(18,738)
Loss for the financial year (as restated)	-	-	(39,475)	(39,475)
Capital contribution from related undertaking	-	-	9,319	9,319
Revaluation of fixed asset investments		559		559
At 1 January 2006 as restated	-	9,782	(58,117)	(48,335)
Loss for the financial year	-	-	(10,472)	(10,472)
Capital contribution from related undertaking	-		14,373	14,373
Revaluation of fixed asset investments	-	1,799	-	1,799
Available for sale investments Valuation gains taken to equity	-	8,287	-	8,287
Transfer to profit and loss on sale of LSE shares	-	(18,069)	-	(18,069)
Currency translation of foreign subsidiary	(268)			(268)
At 31 December 2006	(268)	1,799	(54,216)	(52,685)

As disclosed in note 2, the capital contributions from related undertaking relate to the transfer of the Singapore and Milan branch losses to BGC International LP

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

20 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

THE COMPANY	Revaluation reserve US\$'000	Profit and loss account US\$'000	Total US\$'000
At 1 January 2005 as restated	9,223	(27,602)	(19,249)
Loss for the financial year	-	(35,822)	(35,822)
Capital contribution from related undertaking		9,319	9,319
Revaluation of fixed asset investments	559		559
At 1 January 2006 as restated	9,782	(54,105)	(44,323)
Profit for the financial year	-	1,118	1,118
Capital contribution from related undertaking	-	14,372	14,372
Foreign currency translation	-	(23)	(23)
Revaluation of fixed asset investments	1,799	-	1,799
Available for sale investments Valuation gains taken to equity	- 8,287	-	8,287
Transfer to profit and loss on sale of LSE shares	- (18,069)	· -	(18,069)
At 31 December 2006	1,799	(38,638)	(36,839)

As disclosed in note 2, the capital contributions from related undertaking relate to the transfer of the Singapore and Milan branch losses to BGC International LP

Reserves are distributable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

21 COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2006 the company and the group were committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases

2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
1,476	-
-	4,135
8,500	6,811
9,976	10,946
	1,476 - 8,500

In addition, the company has, in the ordinary course of business, issued guarantees in respect of trading activities of certain group companies

22 CLIENT MONEY

The company holds client money in accordance with client money regulations of the Financial Services Authority ('FSA') The amount held as of 31 December 2006 totalled US\$3,746,189 (2005 – US\$2,139,937) and is included within Cash at Bank and in hand

23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company is a defendant in various legal actions following the engagement of a number of employees Legal advice has been obtained and the cases are being defended. In management's opinion, any adverse decision arising from these cases will not have a material impact on the financial position of the company

24 PARENT COMPANIES

The immediate parent and controlling party is BGC International Holdings, LP. The smallest group into which the results of the company are consolidated is BGC Partners, LP. The ultimate parent, controlling party and the largest group into which the consolidated results of the company are consolidated is Cantor Fitzgerald LP. These entities are all registered in the United States of America.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company and its subsidiaries enter into service arrangements with various parties that are related by common ownership and control. As of 31 December 2006 the intercompany balances held with related parties comprised.

•	2006		2005	
	Owed to US\$'000	Owed by US\$'000	Owed to US\$'000	Owed by US\$'000
Cantor Fitzgerald Leasing	=	37	-	30
Cantor Fitzgerald Nova Scotia	-	179	-	2,692
Cantor Fitzgerald & Co	243	-	-	51
Cantor Fitzgerald Securities	2,363	-	-	118
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P	-	4,976	-	446
Cantor Fitzgerald Brokerage, L P	15	-	14	-
BGC Capital Markets (Hong Kong) Ltd	6,945	-	556	-
Cantor Fitzgerald (Hong Kong) Capital				
Markets Ltd	1,452	-	-	244
BGC Capital Markets (Japan) LLC	-	49	-	4,385
BGC Shoken Kaisha Ltd	-	893	1,241	-
BGC Securities (Hong Kong) LLC	1,372	-	-	3
BGC Securities	214	-	-	33
BGC Capital Markets, L P	789	-	-	4,209
Cantor Fitzgerald Europe	19,249	-	34,573	±.
Cantor Index Ltd	-	40,345	-	1,091
Electronic Screen Brokerage Exchange Ltd	-	231	-	154
Cantor Fitzgerald Energy Europe Ltd	708	-	708	-
MIS Holdings LLC	-	-	-	3,800
MIS Brokers Limited	-	1,486	9,048	-
BGC Capital Markets (Switzerland) LLC	1,558	-	70	-
BGC Partners (Australia) Pty Ltd	-	5,304	-	153
Cantor Fitzgerald (Proprietory) Ltd	-	342	-	333
Eaustbond Pty Ltd	-	287	-	976
CO2e com LLC	_	638	-	43
CO2e com London Ltd	-	168	-	444
CO2e com (Australia) Pty Ltd	-	12	-	-
Sub-total	34,908	54,947	46,210	19,205

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

0 Owed b 0 U\$\$'00 18 54,94' - 84 - 54:54 - 54:54 - 56:- 5,476 18 - 33:	US\$'000 7 46,210 4 - 3 254 5 - 1,710 6 93 8 37	263 231 781
- 84 - 54: 44 - 56 - 5,476	4 - 3 254 5 - 1,710 6 93 8 37 6	263 231 781
- 54. 44 - 54 - 5. - 5,476	3 254 	263 231 781
54 - 54 - 55 - 5,476		263 231 781
27 - - - - - - - 5,470	- 1,710 6 93 8 37 6 -	231 781
- 5,470 - 5,470	- 1,710 6 93 8 37 6 -	781 - -
24 - 56 - 55 - 5,476	- 1,710 6 93 8 37 6 -	- -
- 56 - 5,476 - 5,476	6 93 8 37 6 -	-
- 55,476 - 5,476	8 37 6 -	434
- 5,470 88	-	434
8		434
	- 351	
- 333		-
55,	8 6,299	-
- 45		73
4	- 2,630	-
32	- 3,508	-
- 5,62	1 31,001	-
31	- 8	-
5		
-	-	17
- 249	9 31	_
0	- 50	_
		-
8	- -	-
- 2,532	2 -	1,359
- 7	7 -	-
-	-	-
	- ———— 4 92,182	22,363
	50 - 58 - 2,53 - 7	50 - 50 - 1

The company and its subsidiaries enter into securities transactions with various parties that are related by common ownership and control. As of 31 December 2006 balances held with related parties and contained within trade debtors/creditors were nil

As disclosed in note 2, the losses of the Milan and Singapore branches have been transferred to BGC International LP

The company entered into a reverse repurchase agreement with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co on 8 March 2006 At 31 December 2006, the balance due to BGCI was US\$20,208,375 (2005 US\$Nil)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

During the year ended 31 December 2006, the net value of charges payable to and receivable for the following transactions from those related parties comprised

Service arrangements	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
BGC Capital Markets (Hong Kong) Ltd	1,718	1,434
Cantor Fitzgerald Europe	15,736	10,567
BGC Shoken Kaisha Ltd	883	1,173
BGC Capital Markets (Japan) LLC	694	532
BGC Securities (Hong Kong) LLC	641	746
eSpeed International Limited	(4,943)	(15,909)
Cantor Index Ltd	13,334	6,735
eSpeed (Japan) Limited	205	197
eSpeed (Hong Kong) Ltd	142	161
Cantor Fitzgerald (Hong Kong) Capital Markets Ltd	1,298	626
MIS Brokers Limited	3,172	2,635
BGC Capital Markets (Switzerland) LLC	707	387
Clearspeed	12	53
Cantor G&W International LP	1,049	-
BGC International LP	34,403	9,535
BGC Brokers Ltd	5,504	1,462
CO2e com Ltd	1,521	515
BGC Partners (Australia) Pty Ltd	1,814	1,226
	77,890	22,075

Included above are recharged costs for support services recharged by BGC International as the service company to commonly controlled European trading companies contained within the company's revenue. Also included are costs recharged by eSpeed International Limited for the provision of its electronic trading platform and IT support services.

Inter-company funding	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
Cantor Index Ltd MIS Brokers Limited	313 286	228 328
Cantor Fitzgerald, L P	(3,935)	(1,785)
	(3,336)	(1,229)

The above represents interest paid and received on subordinated loan arrangements (see notes 14 and 17)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

26. MINORITY INTERESTS - EQUITY

	2006 US\$'000	2005 US\$'000
At 1 January	126	58
Additional investment in Tower Bridge		
Securities Limited	-	75
Profit and loss account movement	13	(7)
		<u></u>
At 31 December	139	126

27. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2006 US\$'000	2005 as restated US\$'000
Operating loss	(30,879)	(50,786)
Capital contribution from related undertaking	14,372	9,319
Depreciation and amortisation	19,961	14,547
Increase in long positions	(11,848)	(8,011)
Increase in debtors	(2,231,022)	(554,093)
Increase in creditors	2,194,643	556,122
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(44,772)	(32,902)

28 PURCHASE OF SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

	2006	2005
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Fair value of net assets acquired:		
Fixed assets	-	3,209
Debtors	-	8,045
Cash at bank and in hand	_	1,852
Creditors		(10,057)
	-	3,049
Goodwill (see note 11)	-	10,022
Acquisition satisfied by cash		13,071

29. ANALYSIS OF NET FUNDS

	At 1 January 2006 As restated	Cash flows	At 31 December 2006
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Cash at bank and in hand Bank loans and overdrafts	12,402 (883)	8,423 (10,082)	20,825 (10,965)
	11,519	(1,659)	9,860

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

30. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company utilises the following derivative instruments for trading and economic hedging purposes

		2006	
	Contract or underlying principal amount \$'000	Fair Value Asset \$'000	Fair Value Liability \$'000
FX Forward Contracts	19,269	5,367	(5,337)
FX SWAPS	187,502	425,983	(72)
FX SPOTS	350,142	255,500	(427,361)
Futures	640,563	280	(1,437)
Options	12,234	629	(249,718)
Total Derivatives asset / (liability)	1,209,710	687,759	(683,925)
		2005	
	Contract or underlying principal amount \$'000	Fair Value Asset \$'000	Fair Value Liability \$'000
FX Forward Contracts	107	54	(53)
FX SWAPS	3,218	2,854	(364)
FX SPOTS	2,064	1,620	(443)
Futures	137,948	394	(3,292)
Options	5,786	836	(601)
Total Derivatives asset / (liability)	149,123	5,758	(4,753)

31. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group faces credit, market and operational risks in the course of its normal business. The Board places reliance on the Risk Management function and receives regular reports on specific risks affecting the Group

The Group transacts business predominantly on an agency or matched principal basis. In its role as an intermediary, matching buyers and sellers, its exposure to credit and market risk is limited. In addition the Group has established polices and procedures to mitigate further its exposure to both credit and market risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss from a customer or counterparty default. Authority to approve credit exposures is delegated by the Board to the Credit department and the Credit Committee of the ultimate parent group Credit exposures are monitored by Risk Management and reported to the Board

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers. The directors consider that the carrying value of the financial assets best represents the maximum credit risk exposure at the balance sheet dates,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2006

31. RISK MANAGEMENT CONTINUED

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of potential loss due to changes in market prices or parameters influencing market prices. Responsibility for establishing policy for the management of market risk and setting limits for business areas lies with the Board. All market risks are monitored by Risk Management and reported to the Board.

Market risk can arise in those instances where one or both counterparties in a matched principal transaction fail to fulfil their obligations or through trade mismatches or other errors. The risk in these situations is restricted to short-term price movements in the underlying securities held by the Group and movements in foreign exchange and interest rates. Any such market risk arising is identified and monitored on a daily basis.

The Group does, in certain very limited circumstances, take positions, almost exclusively for customer facilitation purposes and these can give rise to market risk in the event of any price movement. Such risks are monitored and controlled by the setting of limits and the use of hedging arrangements where appropriate

Interest rate risk profile of financial assets and liabilities

The interest rate risk profile of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date was as follows

	31 December 2006				
	Less than one year \$'000	More than one year \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000	
Cash at bank and in hand	20,825	-	_	20,825	
Subordinated loans - Investment	4,500	2,300	-	6,800	
Subordinated loans - Liability	(46,000)	(51,000)	-	(97,000)	
Other financial assets and liabilities		-	70,136	70,136	
	(20,675)	(48,700)	70,136	761	
	31 December 2005			m	
	Less than one year \$'000	More than one year \$'000	Non-interest bearing \$'000	Total \$'000	
Cash at bank and in hand	12,402	- · · · · ·	-	12,402	
Subordinated loans - Investment	6,198	6,800	-	12,998	
Subordinated loans - Liability	· <u>-</u>	(46,000)	-	(46,000)	
Other financial assets and liabilities	-		14,452	14,452	
	18,600	(39,200)	14,452	(6,148)	

Operational Risk

This is the risk of a direct or indirect loss resulting from the inadequacies or failures in projects, processes or controls due to technology, staff, organisation or external factors. To monitor and control operational risk, the Group maintains a system of comprehensive policies and a control framework which are designed to provide a sound and well-controlled operational environment. Key risk indicators are reported to the Board through the Operational Risk Committee. This enables management to maintain operational risk at appropriate levels within each line of business.

Derivatives

Financial instruments used to reduce the Group's exposure to market risk include contracts for differences on individual shares, exchange traded futures and options. The fair value exposures on these derivatives, and underlying notional amounts, are disclosed in note 30 above.