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Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2000

Contents

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Page:

2 H	Report of	the directors
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- 4 Report of the auditors
- 5 Profit and loss account
- 6 Balance sheet
- 7 Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

M I Farmer P V Pisacane M W Walker

Secretary and registered office

M I Farmer, Arc House, Terrace Road South, Binfield, Bracknell, Berks, RG42 4PZ

Company number

1972114

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward, Barclays House 9-10 Victoria Street, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG21 3BT



Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2000

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2000.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the year.

A dividend of £10,000 was paid during the year (1999 - £Nil).

Principal activities, review of business and future developments

The principal activity of the company throughout the year has been the manufacture of chemical products.

The company continued to trade successfully and maintained a sound financial position at the year end.

The company will continue to develop its business in line with current activities.

Directors

The directors of the company at the year end were:

	2000	1999
M I Farmer	-	-
P V Pisacane	-	_
M W Walker	_	_
W Walker	_	_

Ordinary £1 Shares
31 December 31 December

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company during the year.

The directors interest in the share capital of the ultimate parent undertaking are shown in its financial statements.

M W Walker was appointed as director on the 24 November 2000.

T G Page and D A G Tugwell resigned as directors on 24 November 2000.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2000 (Continued)

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the board

who runed

M I Farmer

Secretary

14 June 2001



BDO Stoy Hayward Chartered Accountants Barclays House 9-10 Victoria Street Basingstoke Hampshire RG21 3BT Telephone +44 (0)1256 403700 Facsimile +44 (0)1256 403777 Web Site www.bdo.co.uk

Clydebridge Chemicals Limited

Report of the auditors

To the shareholders of Clydebridge Chemicals Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 14 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 7 to 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Basingstoke

18 June 2001

BDO Stay Haywood.

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2000

	Note	2000 £	1999 £
Turnover	2	2,001,322	2,033,419
Decrease in stocks of finished goods and work in progress		(11,000)	(26,000)
Raw materials and consumables Other external charges Staff costs Depreciation and other amounts written off fixed assets Other operating charges	3	1,990,322 1,178,938 59,279 253,940 57,648 218,915	2.007,419 1.186,690 69,161 240,198 64,527 239,430
Operating profit	5	221,602	207,413
Other interest receivable and similar income	6	29,204	16,681
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		250,806	224,094
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	7	87,107	85,132
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation for the year		163,699	138,962
Dividends	8	10,000	-
Retained profit for the financial year	15	153,699	138,962

All amounts relate to continuing activities.
All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2000

	Note	2000 £	2000 £	1999 £	1999 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	9		99,172		130,338
Tangible assets	10		44,353		64,662
			143,525		195,000
Current assets			145,525		175,000
Stocks	11	132,890		143,890	
Debtors-due within one year Debtors-due after more than one	12	250,746		238,907	
year	12	312,000		12,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		287,339		408,759	
					
		982,975		803,556	
Creditors: amounts falling due with one year	in 43	213,394		239,149	
Net current assets			769,581		564,407
			913,106		759,407
					
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		10,000		10,000
Profit and loss account	15		903,106		749,407
Equity shareholders! funds			913,106		759,407
Equity shareholders' funds			715,100		====

The financial statements were approved by the Board on

14 June 2001

Directors Wather Falmy

M I Farmer

M W Walker

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by Classicvale Limited and the company is included in consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes on sales.

Tangible fixed assets Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Plant & machinery, fittings and equipment

- 2% on a straight line basis per month

Motor vehicles

- 2.5% on a straight line basis per month

Intangible Fixed Assets

The cost of intangible fixed assets is their purchase cost excluding any incidental expenses of acquisition.

Amortisation is provided on all intangible fixed assets at 20% on a straight line basis per annum to write off cost, less estimated residual values, of each asset over its expected useful life.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet dates. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pensions

The company operates two defined contribution pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the funds.

2 Turnover

	2000	1999
	£	£
Analysis by geographical market:		
United Kingdom	1,806,601	1,857,209
Europe	109,863	95,985
Middle East	24,906	15,825
Far East	54,720	48,620
Africa	5,232	15,780
	2,001,322	2,033,419

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company.

3 Employees

Staff costs (including directors) consist of:

Staff Costs (Metaunig and Costs) Consist of	2000 £	1999 £
Wages and salaries	216,685	203,164
Social security costs	25,112	23,940
Other pension costs	12,143	13,094
		<u></u>
	253,940	240,198
		·

3 Employees (continued)

The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as follows:

	2000 Number	1999 Number
Administration	1	1
Trading and manufacturing	6	7
		
	7	8
4 Directors' remuneration		
•	2000	1999
	£	£
Directors' emoluments	102,243	66,121
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	10,000	7,500
		

There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension schemes during the year (1999 - 1).

5 Operating profit

	This is arrived at after charging:		
	Ç ü	2000	1999
		£	£
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	26,482	30,531
	Amortisation of goodwill	31,166	33,996
	Auditors' remuneration - audit services	4,500	4,400
			·
6	Other interest receivable and similar income	2000	1999
		£	£
	Bank deposits	29,090	16,681
	Corporation tax interest	114	-
		29 204	16 691
		29,204	16,681

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2000 (Continued)

7	Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2000 £	1999 £
	UK Corporation tax Current year Current tax on income for the year	90,000	83,000
	Prior years UK Corporation tax	(2,893)	2,132
		87,107	85,132
8	Dividends	2000 £	1999 £
	Equity shares Ordinary shares Final dividend £1 (1999 - £NIL) per share	10,000	-
9	Intangible assets		Goodwill
	Cost or valuation		£
	At 1 January 2000 and 31 December 2000		170,000
	Amortisation		
	At 1 January 2000 Provided for the year		39,662 31,166
	At 31 December 2000		70,828
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2000		99,172
	At 31 December 1999		130,338

10 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and motor vehicles	Total	
		£	£	£	
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2000	344,617	78,503	423,120	
	Additions	-	6,173	6.173	
	Disposals	-	(34,286)	(34.286)	
	At 31 December 2000	344,617	50,390	395,007	
	At 31 December 2000	544,017	30,370	373,007	
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2000	296,832	61,626	358,458	
	Provided for the year	20,640	5,842	26,482	
	Disposals	-	(34,286)	(34,286)	
					
	At 31 December 2000	317,472		350,654	
	Net book value		<u></u>		
	At 31 December 2000	27,145	5 17,208	44,353	
					
	At 31 December 1999	47,785	5 16,877	64,662	
			<u> </u>		
11	Stocks				4000
				2000 £	1999 £
	Raw materials and consumables			109,367	122,362
	Finished goods and goods for resale			23,523	21,528
					
				132,890	143,890
					

12	Debtors				
				2000 £	1999 £
	Amounts receivable within one year				
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors			157,035 74,646 19,065	163,726 62,795 12,386
	Amounts receivable after more than one y	/ear		250,746	238,907
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			312,000	12,000
				562,746	250,907
13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	e year			
				2000 £	1999 £
	Trade creditors Taxation and social security Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income			74,136 13,392 90,000 35,866	87,213 8,938 83,000 59,998
				213,394	239,149
					
14	Share capital		Authorised	Allotted, called	
		2000 £	1999 £	2000 £	paid 1999 £
	Equity share capital Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000	10,000	10,000

15 Reserves Profit and loss account £ At 1 January 2000 749,407 Profit for the year 153,699 At 31 December 2000 903,106 16 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds 2000 1999 £ 163,699 . Profit for the year 138,962 Dividends (10,000)138,962 153,699 Opening shareholders' funds 759,407 620,445 Closing shareholders' funds 913,106 759,407

17 Contingent liabilities

The company has guaranteed bank borrowings of its fellow group members. At the year end liabilities covered by these guarantees totalled £2,958,550 (1999 - £Nil).

18 Related party disclosures

Related party transactions and balances

	Sales to related party	Purchases from related party	Amounts owed by related party	Amounts owed to related party	Rent payable
	£	£	£	£	£
Related party					
Classicvale Limited	-	_	300,000	•	-
Alfa Technical	-	-	2,000	-	-
Industries Limited					
Alfa Chemicals	30,999	95,400	1,494	-	80,000
Limited					
RIW Limited	1,042,029	-	73,152	-	-
Venture Chemical Products Limited	-	-	10,000	-	-

19 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The company is a subsidiary of Alfa Technical Industries Limited. The ultimate parent undertaking is Classicvale Limited, a company registered in England.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Classicvale Limited.