EKLECTICA LTD

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2022 TO 30 DECEMBER 2022



22/12/2023 #465 COMPANIES HOUSE

EKLECTICA LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2022 TO 30 DECEMBER 2022

DIRECTORS:

A W Dabell

M R Turtle

SECRETARY:

Mrs P Wright

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Blackgang Chine Blackgang

Ventnor Isle of Wight PO38 2HW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

01959415 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Bright Brown Limited Chartered Accountants

St. Cross Lane Newport Isle of Wight PO30 5BZ

Exchange House

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2022 TO 30 DECEMBER 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3 to 6

BALANCE SHEET 30 DECEMBER 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	6	506,629	506,629
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(506,629)	(506,629)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	es.	(506,629)	(506,629) =====
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Retained earnings		(507,629)	(507,629)
		(506,629)	(506,629)
			

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 30 December 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 30 December 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

A W Dabel Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2022 TO 30 DECEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Eklectica Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The Company has net current liabilities of £506,629 (2021: £506,629). The directors have made an assessment in preparing these financial statements as to whether the Company remains a going concern.

The Company is reliant upon support from its ultimate parent company, Vectis Holdings Limited, which obtains funding for the group as a whole to settle any liabilities.

In order to secure the short term and longer-term viability of the business, the group directors sought additional funding in 2022, securing loans totalling £500,000. In addition, during 2023, support has been provided by Solent LEP who agreed to a revised repayment schedule for the remaining £750k owed to them at the end of 2022. This spread the repayment term out to 2025, reducing the amount payable in 2023, and structuring the payment dates to match the seasonal nature of the business.

At the end of 2023, Solent LEP have agreed to suspend repayments until Robin Hill is sold, when it is agreed the remaining balance will be repaid in full. Lloyd's bank have also agreed to provide an overdraft facility for the business to cover the winter period from January to June 2024 and have offered a capital repayment holiday on existing loans over the same period.

This will allow the directors to complete necessary maintenance and investment into Blackgang Chine over the winter to ensure that it can open with an enhanced offering and revised strategy which will attract more visitors and secure a profitable business in 2024.

On the basis of the above, the directors have produced revised cash flow forecasts for the group, which demonstrate that there are sufficient cash resources available to the Company to ensure it can meet its financial obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future, this being the period covering at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2022 TO 30 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc

- 25% on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank, short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less and bank overdrafts which are an integral part of the Company's cash management.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2022 TO 30 DECEMBER 2022

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the period was NIL (2021 - NIL).

4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

5.

6.

INTANGIBLE FIAED ASSETS		Other intangible assets £
COST		
At 1 January 2022		
and 30 December 2022		1,800
AMORTISATION		
At 1 January 2022		
and 30 December 2022		1,800
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 30 December 2022		
At 31 December 2021		
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
		Plant and
		machinery
		etc
COST		£
At 1 January 2022		
and 30 December 2022		539
DEPRECIATION		
At 1 January 2022		
and 30 December 2022		539
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 30 December 2022		-
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	506,629	506,629

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

7. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned group entities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2022 TO 30 DECEMBER 2022

8. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is Vectis Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The targest and smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been drawn up, is that headed by Vectis Holdings Limited. Copies of the group accounts are available from Companies House.

The ultimate controlling party is A W Dabell, by virtue of their shareholding and directorship in the ultimate parent undertaking.