# **Euxton House Limited**

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 1950511 31 March 2003

\*AHFESS6F\* 0477
COMPANIES HOUSE 30/01/04

Euxton House Limited Directors' report and financial statements 31 March 2003

# Contents

Directors' report	1
Independent auditors' report to the members of Euxton House Limited	3
Profit and loss account	4
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6

# Directors' report

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2003.

## Principal activity

The principle activity of the company is the provision of management services.

#### **Business review**

The directors are satisfied with the results for the year.

#### Results and dividends

The retained profit for the financial year attributable to shareholders is £3,000 (2002: loss £5,000) and has been transferred to reserves. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2002: £nil).

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

TJ Hemmings S Stott JC Kay

The interests of Mr TJ Hemmings in the company's ultimate parent company, TJH Group Limited, are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

No rights to subscribe for shares in or debentures of the company were granted to any of the directors or their immediate families, or exercised by them, during the financial year.

## Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Directors' report (continued)

## Auditors

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution the company is not obliged to re-appoint its auditors annually and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

JC Kay Director

Lynton House Ackhurst Park CHORLEY Lancashire PR7 1NY

21 January 2004



Edward VII Quay Navigation Way Ashton-on-Ribble PRESTON Lancashire PR2 2Y

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Euxton House Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 9.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 1, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2003 and of its profit the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with

he Companies Act 1985.

KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor ム January 2004

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 March 2003

for the year ended 31 March 2003			
•	Note	2003	2002
		£000	£000
Turnover	1	158	108
Cost of sales		(155)	(114)
Gross profit/(loss)		3	(6)
Administrative expenses		-	-
Operating profit/(loss)	2	3	(6)
Interest receivable	4	~	1
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		3	(5)
Taxation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Retained profit/(loss) for the financial year	10	3	(5)
All amounts relate to continuing activities		<del></del>	

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

# Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2003

The profit and loss account includes the only gains and losses of the company for the current and prior year.

# Balance sheet

as at 31 March 2003

as at 31 March 2003			
	Note	2003	2002
		£000	£000
Current assets			
Debtors	7	72	42
Cash		1	
Odbii		л.	_
		72	42
C 12 1 24 1	٥	73	42
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(71)	(43)
Net assets/(liabilities)			(1)
Net assets/(natimities)		2	(1)
Capital and reserves			
	0	50	50
Called up share capital	9	50	50
Profit and loss account	10	(48)	(51)
Equity shareholders' funds	11		(1)
Equity Shureholders Tunds	11	2	(1)

Approved by the board of directors on 21 January 2004 and signed on its behalf by:

JC Kay Director

## Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Statement of accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material to the financial statements.

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention.

The company is exempt by virtue of S228 of The Companies Act 985 from the requirement to prepare group accounts. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 to prepare a cash flow statement as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of TJH Group Limited and its cash flows are included within the consolidated cash flow statement of that company.

#### Related party transactions

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8, paragraph 3(c) and have not disclosed transactions with entities that are part of TJH Group Limited.

#### Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers during the year. All turnover arises in the United Kingdom.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Full provision without discounting is made for deferred taxation in accordance with FRS 19.

Amounts claimed or surrendered by way of group relief are transferred at nil consideration.

## Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included in creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

# Notes (continued)

# 2 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

Auditors' remuneration for the year ended 31 March 2003 was paid by the company's ultimate parent undertaking, TJH Group Limited.

# 3 Staff numbers and costs

The only persons employed by the company during the year were the directors, none of whom received any remuneration from the company (2002: £nil).

## 4 Interest receivable

		2003 £000	2002 £000
	On cash at bank	-	1
5	Taxation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities		
		2003 £000	2002 £000
	UK Corporation tax at 30% (2002: 30%)	-	-
		2003 £000	2002 £000
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(5)
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2002: 30%) Group relief surrendered (from)/to fellow group companies	1 (1)	(2)
	Current tax charge for the period	_	-
			<del></del>

# Notes (continued)

#### 6 Investments

Interest in subsidiary undertakings £000

Cost and net book value
At beginning and end of year

At 31 March 2003 the company had the following subsidiary undertakings, all of which trade in the United Kingdom and are incorporated in England and Wales:

		Principal activity	Proportion of ordinary shares held
	Trustair Limited	Business airline	100%
	Gleadhill House Stud Limited	Racehorse stud and property holding	100%
7	Debtors		
		2003	2002
		£000	£000
	Trade debtors	15	7
	Prepayments		7
	Owed by group undertakings	46	28
	Other debtors	11	-
		72	42
8	Creditors: amounts falling due wi	ithin one year	
		2003	2002
		£000	000£
	Amounts owed to group undertaking	gs <b>68</b>	43
	Other creditors	3	-
		71	43
		#14	<u></u>
9	Called up share capital		
		2003	2002
		000£	£000
	Authorised		
	200,000 ordinary shares of 25p each	h 50	50
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	200,000 ordinary shares of 25p each	h 50	50

# Notes (continued)

#### 10 Reserves

			Profit and loss account £000
	At 1 April 2002		(51)
	Profit for the financial year		3
	At 31 March 2003		(48)
11	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
		2003	2002
		£000	£000
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year	3	(5)
	Shareholders' funds at beginning of year	(1)	4
	Shareholders' funds at end of year	2	(1)

## 12 Contingent liabilities

The company is party to group banking arrangements for TJH Group Limited. Consequently, it is jointly and severally liable for the loans and overdrafts of TJH Group Limited and certain of its subsidiary undertakings. At 31 March 2003 the liability under this guarantee amounted to £229,150,000 (2002: £203,710,000).

# 13 Related party transactions

CWV Group was charged £10,000 (2002: £nil) for services provided by the company. Hemway Limited was charged £9,000 (2002: £9,000) for services provided by the company.

The family interests of Mr TJ Hemmings are shareholders in TJH Group Limited, the company's ultimate parent company, CWV Group Limited and Hemway Limited.

# 14 Ultimate parent company

The ultimate parent company is TJH Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by TJH Group Limited. The consolidated financial statements of that company are available to the public and may be obtained from:

The Registrar of Companies Companies House Crown Way CARDIFF CF14 3UZ