

MESSING

STAPLEFORD PARK LIMITED (formerly Stapleford Park plc)

Report and Financial Statements

31 October 1997

Deloitte & Touche St John's House East Street Leicester LE1 6NG





REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1997

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1997

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

P J De Savary L De Savary M A Lutyens R M Bease W Pound

SECRETARY

Comlaw Secretaries Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

5 Balfour Place Mount Street London W1Y 5RG

BANKERS

Bank of Scotland plc

SOLICITORS

Evans Dodd 5 Balfour Place Mount Street London W1Y 5RG

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants St John's House East Street Leicester LE1 6NG

STAPLEFORD PARK LIMITED (formerly Stapleford Park plc)



DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 October 1997.

ACTIVITIES

The company's principal activity is running a luxury country house hotel and sporting estate and membership club.

REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENTS

The results for the year are shown in the profit and loss account on page 5. The profit for the year was £333,107 before deducting exceptional new development costs of £285,928 resulting in retained profits for the year of £47,179 (1996 profit for the period £148,176).

FIXED ASSETS

The company spent £629,625 in the year on renovations and the building of further amenities for the hotel. Movements on fixed assets for the year are detailed in note 7.

The directors believe that the market value of the land and buildings is in excess of the value included in the financial statements.

DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

No dividend is proposed by the directors.

The profit for the year of £47,179 (1996 profit for the period £148,176) has been transferred to reserves.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served during the period were:

P J De Savary L De Savary M A Lutyens R M Bease W Pound (appointed 22 May 1997)

During the period, no director had any interest in the share capital of the company.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the accounts on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

AUDITORS

A resolution for the reappointment of Deloitte & Touche as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Secretary

for and on behalf of

Comlaw Secretaries Limited

12 March 1998



Chartered Accountants

Deloitte & Touche St. John's House East Street Leicester LE1 6NG Telephone: National 0116 256 2200 International + 44 116 256 2200 Telecopier (Gp. 3): 0116 255 2055

STAPLEFORD PARK LIMITED (formerly Stapleford Park plc)

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 16 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 8.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board, except that the scope of our audit was limited as explained below.

An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. However, the evidence available to us was limited in respect of the revaluation of freehold property to £10,000,000 made at 31 October 1996 carried out by the directors during that year. The directors' estimate of the market value of the property is based on their own financial projections and opinion of market conditions. There were no satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to confirm the directors' assessment of market value. Any adjustment to this figure would also have a consequential effect on the revaluation reserve.

In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Qualified opinion arising from limitation in audit scope

Except for any adjustments to the financial statements that might have been found to be necessary had we been able to obtain sufficient third party evidence concerning the revaluation of freehold property, in our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 October 1997 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE

1), (m/te >

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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Aberdeen, Bath, Belfast, Birmingham, Bournemouth, Bracknell, Bristol, Cambridge, Cardiff, Crawley, Dartford, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Leeds, Leicester, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Milton Keynes, Newcastle upon Tyne, Nottingham, St Albans and Southampton.

Principal place of business at which a list of partners' names is available:

Stonecutter Court, 1 Stonecutter Street, London EC4A 4TR.

Authorised by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and

Wales to carry on investment business.





PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 October 1997

	Note	12 months to 31 October 1997	10 months to 31 October 1996
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2	3,410,955 571,871	1,876,645 369,715
Gross profit		2,839,084	1,506,930
Marketing and distribution costs Administrative expenses		1,612,033 645,885	770,197 419,042
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL DEVELOPMENT COSTS Exceptional new development costs OPERATING PROFIT	4 4	581,166 285,928 ————————————————————————————————————	317,691
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5	(248,059)	32,847 (202,362)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	47,179	148,176
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION		47,179	148,176
Retained loss brought forward		(2,544,308)	(2,692,484)
Retained loss carried forward		(2,497,129)	(2,544,308)
All results derive from continuing operation STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECO Year ended 31 October 1997			
		1997 £000	1996 £000
Profit for the financial year		47,179	148,176
Surplus arising on revaluation of freehold and buildings	land		4,026,845
Total recognised gains and losses relatin the year	g to	47,179	4,175,021

There are no movements in shareholders funds for the current year or prior period other than as stated above.



BALANCE SHEET31 October 1997

	Note	1997 £	1996 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	7	10,821,998	10,307,215
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8 9	107,222 347,153 8,494	
Cash at bank and in hand		462,869	423,710
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	10	(4,746,865)	(4,208,382)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(4,283,996)	(3,784,672)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,538,002	6,522,543
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(2,905,830)	(2,937,550)
NET ASSETS		3,632,172	3,584,993
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	14 7		2,102,456 4,026,845 (2,544,308)
SURPLUS ON EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		3,632,172	3,584,993

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 Mark 1998
Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

P J D∦ Savary

Director







CASHFLOW STATEMENT Year ended 31 October 1997

	Note		1997		1996
		£	£	£	£
Net cash inflow from operating activities	16		484,302		187,879
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments		(246,967) (1,092)		32,847 (202,362)	
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(248,059)		(169,515)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(1,096,778)		(1,707,140)	
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment			(1,096,778)		(1,707,140)
Net cash outflow before use of liquid resources and financing			(860,535)		(1,688,776)
Financing Issue of ordinary share capital		-		152,456	
Debt due within a year: Debenture loans Bank loans Other loans		610,000		3,011,511 - (411,511)	
Debt due beyond a year: Bank loans Capital element of finance lease rentals		429,836 (9,409)		2,700,000	
Net cash inflow from financing			1,030,427		5,452,456
Increase in cash	17		169,892		3,763,680



1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards except for tangible fixed assets, where freehold buildings are not depreciated. The principal accounting policies adopted are stated below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of freehold land and buildings at 31 October 1996.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on cost (less estimated residual value) in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Freehold land

Nil

Freehold buildings

Nil

Motor vehicles

25% per annum

Fixtures, fittings, and equipment

5 to 20% per annum

The cost of buildings includes all expenditure incurred in making good dilapidations which occurred before the building was purchased, as well as other costs of alterations and improvements, including architects fees.

No depreciation is provided on freehold buildings as it is the company's practice to maintain these assets in a continual state of sound repair and to extend and make improvement as necessary. Accordingly the directors consider that the lives of these assets are so long and residual values so high that their depreciation is not material.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost represents purchase price.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on timing differences, arising from the different treatment of items for accounts and taxation purposes, which are expected to reverse in the future, calculated at rates at which it is estimated that tax will arise.

Leases

Assets held under finance leases and the related lease obligations are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value of the leased assets at the inception of the leases. The amounts by which the lease payments exceed the recorded lease obligations are treated as finance charges which are amortised over each lease term to give a constant rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligation.

Rentals are charged to the profit and loss account in equal amounts over the lease term.

Foreign currencies

All transactions arising in foreign currencies are converted into Sterling at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account in the period they arise.

Government grants

Government grants are credited to accruals and deferred income and are written back to the profit and loss account over the estimated life of the assets to which they relate.





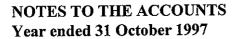
TURNOVER 2.

Turnover represents amounts charged to guests for goods and services provided during the year after deduction of trade discounts and Value Added Tax.

INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES 3.

	12 months to 31 October 1997 £	10 months to 31 October 1996 £
Directors' emoluments Other emoluments	27,498	24,266
Average number of persons employed	64	58
	12 months to 31 October 1997 £	10 months to 31 October 1996 £
Staff costs during the year (excluding directors) Wages and salaries National Insurance Pension Staff accommodation and welfare	1,023,277 76,462 64,714 1,164,453	573,368 47,297 2,624 40,294 663,583





4. OPERATING PROFIT

	12 months to 31 October 1997 £	10 months to 31 October 1996
Operating profit is after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation and amortisation	100 107	55 405
Owned assets Leased assets	109,107 5,735	55,405 -
Auditor's remuneration Audit	6,781	7,200
English Tourist Board grants	(6,000)	(5,500)
Operating lease charges Plant and machinery	16,756	4,935

Costs associated with the relaunch of Stapleford Park in April 1997 amounting to £285,928 represent exceptional publicity mailing and promotional expenditure, which is not recurring.

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	T.	£
Bank overdraft and other loans repayable on demand Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	246,967 1,092	202,362
	248,059	202,362

6. TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

No corporation taxation has been provided for in the accounts as there are losses of approximately £3.8m to carry forward against future profits of the same trade of the company.

£





TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS 7.

	Freehold land and buildings £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			10.601	41 100	10.020.400
At 1 November 1996	10,000,000	878,680 149,331	10,681	41,129 53,974	10,930,490 629,625
Additions	426,320				027,023
At 31 October 1997	10,426,320	1,028,011	10,681	95,103	11,560,115
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 November 1996	•	595,570	10,681	17,024	623,275
Charge for the year		100,000		14,842	114,842
At 31 October 1997	-	695,570	10,681	31,866	738,117
Net book value					
At 31 October 1997	10,426,320	332,441	-	63,237	10,821,998
At 31 October 1996	10,000,000	283,110	-	24,105	10,307,215
					

Freehold land and buildings were valued at £10,000,000 on 31 October 1996 by the directors on the basis of open market value for existing use thereby establishing a revaluation reserve of £4,026,845.

The net book value of the fixed assets includes £17,205 (1996: £ nil) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts.

8. **STOCKS**

		31 October 1997 £	31 October 1996 £
	Raw materials and consumables	49,610	43,289
	Goods for resale	57,612	34,823
		107,222	78,112
9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		£	£
	Trade debtors	257,865	95,965
	Prepayments and accrued income	89,288	37,446
	Other debtors		204,495
		347,153	337,906



10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31 October 1997	31 October 1996
	£	£
Bank overdraft	41,515	210,605
Bank loans	455,556	-
Trade creditors	307,221	490,341
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	13,773	-
Other creditors including taxation and social security	232,752 74,537	133,022 362,903
Accruals and deferred income	3,621,511	3,011,511
Debenture loans owing to parent company		
	4,746,865	4,208,382

Interest is payable on the bank overdraft and loan at a rate calculated on a daily basis at percentages ranging from 2 to 3.5% over the London Interbank Offer Rate. The overdraft is secured by a first fixed and floating charge over the assets of Stapleford Park plc. The loans from the parent company which are repayable on demand, are secured by a second floating charge over the freehold property and other assets and are interest free.

Other creditors including taxes and social security includes:

		£	£
	Taxation and social security	29,542	35,768
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEA	I R	
		£	£
	Bank loan (see notes 10 and 13) Accruals and deferred income	2,674,280 231,550	2,700,000 237,550
		2,905,830	2,937,550





GRANTS RECEIVABLE

GRANTS RECEIVABLE		
	31 October	31 October
	1997	1996
	£	£
Included within accruals and deferred income are the following amounts of grants received from the English Tourist Board:		
	6,000	6,000
after more than one year	231,550	237,550
	237,550	243,550
ANALYSIS OF DEBT REPAYMENT		
MMDIOLOGIC	31 October	31 October
		1996
	£	£
Debenture loans owing to parent company	3,621,511	3,011,511
	3,171,351	2,910,605
contracts	13,773	-
	6,806,635	5,922,116
Analysis of loan repayments:		
Bank loans and overdrafts		
Within one year or on demand	_	210,605
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2,218,724	2,400,000
- -	3 621 511	3,011,511
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase	3,021,311	5,011,511
* *	15,957	_
Less: finance charges allocated for future periods) -
	6,806,635	5,922,116
	Included within accruals and deferred income are the following amounts of grants received from the English Tourist Board: within one year after more than one year ANALYSIS OF DEBT REPAYMENT Debenture loans owing to parent company Bank loans and overdrafts Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Analysis of loan repayments: Bank loans and overdrafts Within one year or on demand Between one and two years Between two and five years Debentures loans owing to parent company Within one year or on demand Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts: Within one year or on demand	Included within accruals and deferred income are the following amounts of grants received from the English Tourist Board: within one year 6,000 after more than one year 231,550 ANALYSIS OF DEBT REPAYMENT Debenture loans owing to parent company 3,621,511 Bank loans and overdrafts 3,171,351 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 13,773 Analysis of loan repayments: Bank loans and overdrafts Within one year or on demand 497,071 Between one and two years 455,556 Between two and five years 2,218,724 Debentures loans owing to parent company Within one year or on demand 3,621,511 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts 15,957 Within one year or on demand 3,621,511 Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts: Within one year or on demand 15,957



14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	31 October 1997 £	Number of shares	31 October 1996 £
Authorised Ordinary shares of 10p each	33,500,000	3,350,000	33,500,000	3,350,000
Called up, allotted and fully paid Ordinary shares of 10p each	21,024,556	2,102,456	21,024,556	2,102,456

15. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 October 1997 the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases:

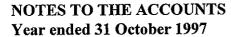
	12 months to 31 October 1997	10 months to 31 October 1996
Leases which expire within one year Leases which expire within two to five	£ 397	-
years	15,202	9,068

None of the operating lease commitments relates to land or buildings.

16. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	1997 €	1996 £
Operating profit	295,238	317,691
Depreciation (Increase) in stocks	114,842 (29,110)	55,405 (40,660)
(Increase) in debtors	(9,247)	(190,384)
Increase in creditors	112,579	45,827
Net cash inflow from operating activities	484,302	187,879





17. ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT

	At 1 November 1996 £	Cashflow £	Other non- cash changes £	At 31 October 1997 £
Cash in hand and at bank	7,692	802	-	8,494
Overdrafts	(210,605)	169,090	-	(41,515)
		169,892		
Debt due after one year	(2,700,000)	(429,836)	455,556	(2,674,280)
Debt due within one year	(3,011,511)	(610,000)	(455,556)	(4,077,067)
Finance leases	-	9,409	(23,182)	(13,773)
		(1,030,427)		
Total	(5,914,424)	(860,535)	(23,182)	(6,798,141)
				

18. RECONCILIATION OF NET CASHFLOW TO MOVEMENTS IN NET DEBT

	1997		1996	
	£	£	£	£
Increase/decrease in cash in the period	169,892		3,763,680	
Cash inflow from increase in debt and lease financing	(1,030,427)		(5,300,000)	
Change in net debt resulting from cashflows		(860,535)		(1,536,320)
New finance leases		(23,182)		
Movement in net debt in the period Net debt at start of year		(883,717) (5,914,424)		(1,536,320) (4,378,104)
Net debt at end of year		(6,798,141)		(5,914,424)

19. CASHFLOW RELATING TO EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

The operating cash inflow includes an outflow of £285,928 incurred as part of the relaunch of Stapleford Park.

20. MAJOR NON CASH TRANSACTION

During the year the company entered into finance lease arrangements in respect of assets with a total capital value at the inception of the leases of £22,940.

21. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors believe that the ultimate controlling party and parent company is Ghillie Limited incorporated in the Commonwealth of the Bahama Islands whose registered office is at Charlotte House, Charlotte Street, P O Box N10 051, Nassau, Bahamas.



22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

	Sales to	Other Operating Expenses £	Owed to 31 October 1997 £	Owed by 31 October 1997 £	Loans Payable £
Skibo Limited	1,112	96,300	97,547	2,938	-
Carnegie Estates Limited	324	-	-	-	-
Bathealton Limited	-	198,498	16,886	-	-
Ghillie Limited	_	-	-	-	3,621,511

Skibo Limited, Carnegie Estates Limited and Bathealton Limited are related parties by virtue of common directors.

Other operating expenses for Skibo Limited comprises recharges for employee salaries for work done of benefit to both companies and fixed asset additions of £56,460 which have been capitalised.

Other operating expenses for Bathealton Limited comprise recharges of costs incurred by that company relating to employee salaries and provision of management services and leasing costs.