Report of the directors for the year ended 29 February 1988

The directors present herewith the audited accounts for the year ended 29 February 1988.

### Principal activities

The main activities of the company for the year ended 29 February 1988 were those of a vehicle interior trim manufacturer.

#### Review of business and future developments

3 The level of business was higher than expected with the increased build, due to NMUK bringing forward their planned expansion. The directors expect that the level of activity will continue to grow significantly throughout the forthcoming year. However costs are expected to reduce with the implementation of material localisations.

A new factory is in the process of being constructed on land purchased adjacent to NMUK, with the proposed move for August 1988 still being forecast.

#### Dividends and reserves

4 The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the period.

#### Fixed assets

5 The movements in fixed assets during the year are set cut in note 8 to the accounts.

#### Directors

6 The directors of the company as at 29 February 1988 and during the year ended on that date were as follows.

H Ikeda (Chairman)

R S Nickerson

T Wakabayashi

Dr R E Goodson

J F Daly

- resigned 29 February 1988

S Hosoi

R Miracle

- appointed 29 February 1988

#### Directors' interest in shares

7 According to the register required to be kept under Section 325 of the Companies Act 1985, no director held any interest in the shares of the company at any time during the year.

COD WAS DESISTEMENON
CODE 1988
NI OFFICE 50

# Close company previsions

8 As far as the directors are aware, the close company provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988, do not apply to the company; there has been no change in this respect since the end of the financial year.

### <u>Auditors</u>

9 A resolution to reappoint the auditors, Coopers & Lybrand, will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Secretary

Report of the auditors to the members of IKEDA HOOVER LIMITED

We have audited the accounts set out on pages 4 to 13 in accordance with approved Auditing Standards.

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 29 February 1988 and of its loss and source and application of funds for the year then ended and comply with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants
NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE

22 August 1988

Profit and loss account for the year ended 29 February 1988

	Notes	<u>1988</u> £	<u>1987</u> €
Turnover	2	£15,761,528	£3,486,509
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(272,701)	(594,120)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7	-	•
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation		£(272,701)	£(594,120)
STATEMENT OF ACCUMULATED LOSSES			
Accumulated losses at 1 March 1987		(394,120)	•
Loss for the financial year		(279,701)	(594,120)
Accumulated losses at 29 February 1988		£(866,821)	£(594,120)

The notes on pages 7 to 13 form part of these accounts.

Auditors' report page 3.

# Balance sheet - 29 February 1988

		19	988	1987	
	<u>Notes</u>	£	<u>£</u>	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	8		3,287,053		713,617
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	2,570,001 3,479,196 300		1,697,199 1,077,062 771,300	
		6,049,497		3,545,561	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	1.1	7,912,571		2,571,898	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/A	SSETS	,	(1,863,074)		973,663
Total assets less current liabilities			1,423,979		1,687,280
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	ır 12	1,675,000		1,675,000	
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOM	1E 13	215,800		206,400	
		<del></del>	1,890,800		1,881,400
			£(466,821)		£(194,120)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	15		400,000 (866,821)		400,000 (594,120)
			£(466,821)		£(194,120)
					<del></del>

These accounts were approved by the board on 12nd Avgust 1988.

Majorhi ) books ) Directors

The notes on pages 7 to 13 form part of these accounts.

Auditors' report page 3.

Statement of source and application of funds for the year ended 29 February 1988

	<u>1988</u> £	£	<u>1987</u> £	£
SOURCE OF FUNDS				
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Adjustments for items not involving movement of funds:	(:	272,701)		(594,120)
Depreciation Government grants released Profit on sale of fixed assets	209,611 (51,600) (170)		78,032 (51,600)	
		L57,841		26,432
Total from operations	(:	114,860)		(567,688)
Funds from other sources: Issue of share capital Government grants receivable Loan from parent consortium companies	61,000	1	400,000 258,000	
Sale of fixed assets	1,180		-	
		62,180	2	,333,000
Total source of funds		(52,680)	1	,765,312
APPLICATION OF FUNDS				
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(2,	784,057)		(791,649)
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN WORKING CAP	ITAL £(2,	836,737)		£973,663
Made up as follows: Increase in stocks Increase in debtors Increase in creditors falling	872,802 2,402,134		L,697,199 L,077,062	
due within one year, excluding bank overdraft and taxation	(3,895,961)	(4	2,516,523)	ı
	(	621,025)		257,738
Movement in net liquid funds:				
Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft	(771,000) (1,444,712)		771,300 (55,375)	ı
	(2,	215,712)		715,925
	£(2,	836,737)		£973,663
	=			

Auditors' report page 3.

Notes to the accounts - 29 February 1488

### Principal accounting policies

I The accounts are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention. A summary of the more important accounting policies of the company, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

#### (a) Tangible fixed assets

All tangible fixed assets are stated at their purchase price, together with any incidental expenses of acquisition.

Provision for depreciation is made so as to write off the cost valuation of tangible fixed assets on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic life of the assets concerned. The prime all annual rates used for this purpose are:-

	ક
Short leasehold	20
Plant and machinery - test equipment	10
- others	20
Fixtures and fittings	20
Office equipment	10
Computer equipment	33.33
Motor vehicles	33.33

#### (b) Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In general cost is determined on a first in first out basis and includes transport and handling costs; in the case of manufactured products cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of realisation and, where appropriate, the cost of conversion from their existing state to a finished condition. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

### (c) Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year as adjusted for disallowable items. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the accounts. Provision is made at the rate which is expected to be applied when the liability or asset is expected to crystallise. Where this is not known the latest estimate of the long term tax rate applicable has been adopted. The amount of unprovided deferred tax is calculated at the best estimate of corporation tax rates in the longer term and is analysed into its major components.

# Notes to the accounts - 29 February 1988 continued

### (d) Foreign currencies

Trading transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling when the transaction was entered into. Moretary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are included in the profit and loss account.

#### (e) Government grants

Government grants made for the purchase of tangible fixed assets are chedited to revenue over the expected useful life of the assets by treating the amount of the grant as a deferred credit, a portion of which is transferred to revenue annually.

# (f) Pension arrangements

The company funds pension liabilities on the advice of external actuaries by payments made to an externally managed pension fund. Payments made to the fund and charged in the accounts comprise current and past service liabilities. The fund is actuarially valued every three years.

#### Turnover

### 2 The geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:-

	<u> 1988</u>	<u>1987</u>
United Kingdom	£15,761,528	£3,486,509
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		
3	<u>1988</u> £	<u>1987</u> £
Turnover (see note 2) Cost of sales	15,761,528 (14,509,011)	3,486,509 (3,474,648)
Gross profit Distribution costs Administrative costs Other operating income	1,252,517 (38,546) (1,542,993) 51,600	11,861 (9,447) (685,989) 51,600
Operating loss (see note 4)	(277,422)	(631,975)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	31,594	39,038
Bank overdraft Other	(25,666) (1,207)	(1,183)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	£(272,701)	£(594,120)

### Operating loss

4 Operating loss is stated after charging:-

	<u>1988</u>	<u> 1987</u>	
	£	£	
Auditors' remuneration	7,500	2,750	
Hire of plant and machinery	16,295	2,319	
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	209,611	78,032	
Directors' emoluments (see note 5)	29,126	13,940	
Lease of motor car	-	12,473	

### Directors' emoluments

- 5(a) Directors' emoluments comprise emoluments (including pension contributions) for management services.
  - (b) Particulars of directors' emoluments (excluding pension contributions), disclosed in accordance with Schedule 5 of the Companies Act 1985, are as follows:-

	<u>1988</u>	<u>1987</u>
Emoluments of the chairman	£NIL.	£nil ==
Emoluments of the highest paid director	£29,126	£13,940
Number of directors (including those above) whose emoluments were within the ranges:-		
£NIL to £5,000 £10,001 to £15,000	6	6
£25,001 to £30,000	1	-

### Employee information

6(a) The average number of persons employed by the company (including executive directors) during the period is analysed below:-

•	<u>1988</u>	<u>1987</u>
Production Selling and distribution Administration	115 2 17	29 2 7
	134	38
	<del></del>	

# Notes to the accounts - 29 Februar; 1988 continued

# (b) Employment costs of all employees included above:-

	<u>1988</u> £	<u>1987</u> £
Gross wages and salaries Employers' national insurance and state	1,353,334	345,497
pension contributions Employers' pension contributions	120,294 48,351	34,782 -
	£1,521,979	£380,279

### Tax on loss on ordinary activities

No provision for corporation tax is required for the period as the company has corporation tax losses of approximately £1,080,000 (1987:£776,000) which are available to be carried forward and set off against future profits of the company's trade. Of these losses £150,000 (1987:£80,000), which at a rate of corporation tax of 35% amount to £52,500 (1987:£28,000), have been utilised in these accounts against the provision for deferred taxation (note 14).

### Tangible fixed assets

8									
		Short	Plant			Fixtures		Assets	in
	Freehold	Lessehold	and	Motor	Office	and	Computer	Course	of
	<u> Jarri</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	Machinery	<u>vehicles</u>	equipment	fittings	equipment	construct	ion Total
	£	£	£	£	f	£	£	£	£
Cost									
At 1 March 19	<b>9</b> 87 -	15,494	648,886	78, <i>64</i> 4	23,923	16,810	7,892	-	791,649
Adjustments	-	(3,706)	2,897	-	-	(2,897)	-	-	(3,706)
Additions	638,726	-	322,243	54,011	29,311	12,288	73,004	1,658,180	2,737,763
Disposals	-	-	(1,193)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,193)
At 29 Februar									
1988	638,726	11,788	972,833	132,655	53,234	26,201	80,896	1,658,180	3,574,513
									<del></del>
Depreciation									
At 1 March 19	87 -	1,549	57,697	14,883	1,196	1,391	1,316	-	78,032
Disposals	-		(183)	-	-	-	-	-	(183)
Charge	-	1,987	151,563	34,316	3,512	3,834	14,399	-	209,611
At 29 Februar	У								
1988	-	3,536	209,077	49,199	4,708	5,225	15,715	-	287,460
								<del></del>	
•									
1988	£638,726	£8,252	£763,756	£83,456	£48,526	£20,976	£65,181	£1,658,180	£3,287,053
at 28 February	y								
1987	£ -	£13,945	£591,189	£63,761	£22,727	CI5,419	£6,576	£ -	£713,617
•	y £638,726  e y	£8,252 ===================================	£763,756 ====================================	£83,456 ————————————————————————————————————	£48,526 ————————————————————————————————————				£3,287,053 ————————————————————————————————————

# Notes to the accounts - 29 February 1988 continued

#### Stocks

9	<u>1988</u> £	<u>1987</u> £
Raw materials and consumables Goods in transit Work in progress Finished goods and goods for resale	1,248,872 1,311,378 - 9,751	684,234 942,816 46,735 23,414
	£2,570,001	£1,697,199

The directors do not consider that there is a material difference between the value of stocks included in the accounts and the value of stocks at replacement cost.

### Debtors

10	<u>1988</u> £	<u>1987</u> £
Trade debtors Amounts owed by related companies Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income Amounts owed by consortium companies	4,135 3,3 <sup>5</sup> 5,393 124,060 16,423 9,185	3,275 842,776 215,067 15,944
	£3,479,196	£1,077,062

All the above amounts are due within one year of the balance sheet date.

# Creditors; amounts falling due within one year

11	<u>1988</u> £	1987 £
Bank overdraft Trade creditors Amounts owed to related companies Bills of exchange payable to related companies (see (a) below) Amounts owed to parent consortium companies Other creditors Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income	1,500,087 1,160,285 1,448,850 2,003,513 301,795 87,490 139,502 521,049	120,455 23,997
Short term loan (see (b) below)	750,000 £7,912,571	£2,571,898

- (a) The bills of exchange payable are in Japanese yen and have been translated at the accounting date exchange rate.
- (b) The loan is guaranteed by Ikeda Bussan, a consortium company.

# Notes to the accounts - 29 February 1988 continued

### Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

12 1988 1987 Loans from parent consortium companies

£1,675,000 £1,675,000

The loans from the parent consortium companies are interest free and are repayable on 28 February 1991.

### Accruals and deferred income

13 Movements on the deferred credit for regional development grants are as follows: -

	<u>1988</u> £	<u>1987</u> £
Grants receivable Released to the profit and loss account	319,000 (103,200)	258,000 (51,600)
Balance at 29 February 1988	£215,800	£206,400
We noted the first had also and also and		

# Provisions for liabilities and charges

#### Deferred taxation: -

	1988		1987	
	Provision made	Full potential <u>liability</u> £	Provision made £	Full potential liability
Accelerated capital allowances Less: Other timing	70,000	70,000	28,000	28,000
differences	(17,500)	(17,500)	-	-
Losses carried forward	(52,500)	(52,500)	(22,000)	(28,000)
			***************************************	
	£ -	£ -	£ -	£ -

Notes to the accounts - 29 February 1988 continued

# Called up share capital

15

<u>1987</u> s <u>'A'shares 'B'shares</u>
204,000 196,000
£204,000 £196,000
1988 1987 £
2,994,356 6,390
1,001,981 153,175
£3,996,337 £159,565
1988 1987 £
£200,000 £150,000

# Ultimate holding company

17 Shares in Ikeda Hoover Limited are held under a joint venture agreement between Ikeda Bussan Company Limited, a company incorporated in Japan, and Hoover Universal (UK) Limited, a company incorporated in Great Fritair.

Auditors' report page 3.