COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 1938272

PETER HOWARTH DESIGN LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



CONTENTS

	Paga
	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Carte and a carte	2
Statement of changes in equity	3
Notes to the financial statements	4 - 9

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		60,971		35,340
Current assets					
Debtors	5	561,660		482,376	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,303,605		1,658,599	
		2,865,265		2,140,975	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(1,320,337)		(857,047)	
Net current assets			1,544,928		1,283,928
Net assets			1,605,899		1,319,268
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		90		90
Capital redemption reserve	•		10		10
Profit and loss reserves			1,605,799		1,319,168
Total equity			1,605,899		1,319,268

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 August 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 3 May 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr P Howarth **Director**

Company Registration No. 1938272

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

	Share capital	-	Profit and loss reserves	Total
Notes	£	£	£	£
	90	10	1,645,800	1,645,900
	-	-	(324,719)	(324,719)
	-	-	(1,913)	(1,913)
	90	10	1,319,168	1,319,268
	-	=	288,600	288,600
	-	-	(1,969)	(1,969)
	90	10	1,605,799	1,605,899
	Notes	Notes £ 90	redemption reserve £	redemption loss reserves reserve reserve £ £ £ 90

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Peter Howarth Design Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Kings Croft. Savage Lane, Dore, Sheffield, South Yorkshire, S17 3GW.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover is recognised when the goods are physically delivered to the customer or when the service is carried out for the customer.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements15% Reducing balanceComputer equipment25% Straight lineFixtures, fittings & equipment15% Reducing balanceMotor vehicles25% Reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or eash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the earrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or eash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which ease the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total	21	23

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

Duildings Machinery etc £	4	Tangible fixed assets	1	Di J	T 1
Cost £ £ £ At 1 September 2021 81,355 191,877 273,233 Additions - 39,490 39,490 Disposals - (44,991) (44,991) (44,992) At 31 August 2022 81,355 186,376 267,733 Depreciation and impairment At 1 September 2021 79,269 158,623 237,892 Depreciation charged in the year 311 8,617 8,921 Eliminated in respect of disposals - (40,060) (40,060) At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,760 Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,344 5 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 305,749 145,500 Corporation tax recoverable - 73,300 Other debtors 255,911 263,57			Land and buildings	Plant and	Total
For			buildings	•	
At 1 September 2021 81,355 191,877 273,233 Additions - 39,490 39,490 Disposals - (44,991) (44,991) At 31 August 2022 81,355 186,376 267,73 Depreciation and impairment At 1 September 2021 79,269 158,623 237,892 Eliminated in respect of disposals - (40,060) (40,060) At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,760 Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,340 5 Debtors 2022 2021 Trade debtors 305,749 145,500 Corporation tax recoverable - 73,300 Other debtors 255,911 263,57			£		£
Additions Disposals - 39,490 Disposals - (44,991) (44,991) At 31 August 2022 81,355		Cost			
Disposals - (44,991) (44,991) (44,992)		At 1 September 2021	81,355	191,877	273,232
At 31 August 2022 81,355 186,376 267,73 Depreciation and impairment At 1 September 2021 79,269 158,623 237,892 Depreciation charged in the year 311 8,617 8,923 Eliminated in respect of disposals - (40,060) (40,060) At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,760 Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,340 5 Debtors Trade debtors \$\frac{2022}{2} \frac{2021}{2} \frac{2}{2} \fra		Additions	-	39,490	39,490
Depreciation and impairment At 1 September 2021 79,269 158,623 237,892 Depreciation charged in the year 311 8,617 8,923 Eliminated in respect of disposals - (40,060) (40,060 At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,760 Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,340 5 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 305,749 145,500 Corporation tax recoverable - 73,300 Other debtors 255,911 263,57		Disposals		(44,991)	(44,991)
At 1 September 2021 79,269 158,623 237,892 Depreciation charged in the year 311 8,617 8,923 Eliminated in respect of disposals - (40,060) (40,066) At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,766 Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,346 5 Debtors Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 255,911 263,57		At 31 August 2022	81,355	186,376	267,731
Depreciation charged in the year 311 8,617 8,922 Eliminated in respect of disposals - (40,060) (40,060 At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,760 Carrying amount		Depreciation and impairment			
Eliminated in respect of disposals At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,760 Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,340 5 Debtors Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 2021 2,086 305,749 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500 145,500		At 1 September 2021	79,269	158,623	237,892
At 31 August 2022 79,580 127,180 206,766 Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,346 5 Debtors Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 2022 2021 £ £ £ Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 255,911 263,57		Depreciation charged in the year	311	8,617	8,928
Carrying amount At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,340 5 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Trade debtors 305,749 145,502 Corporation tax recoverable - 73,302 Other debtors 255,911 263,57		Eliminated in respect of disposals		(40,060)	(40,060)
At 31 August 2022 1,775 59,196 60,97 At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,346 5 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors Other debtors 2022 2021 £ £ £ 2023 2021 £ £ 2024 2021 £ £ 2025 2021 £ £ 2025 2021 £ £ 2026 255,911 263,57		At 31 August 2022	79,580	127,180	206,760
At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,346 5 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 255,911 263,57		Carrying amount			
At 31 August 2021 2,086 33,254 35,346 5 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 2,086 33,254 35,346 2022 2021 £ £ 2023 2021 2024 2021 2025 2021 2027 2021 2027 2021 2028 2021 2029 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2021 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 2020 2021 202		At 31 August 2022	•		60,971
Amounts falling due within one year: 2022 2021 £ £ £ Trade debtors 305,749 145,502 Corporation tax recoverable - 73,303 Other debtors 255,911 263,57		At 31 August 2021	2,086		35,340
Amounts falling due within one year: E £ Trade debtors Corporation tax recoverable Other debtors 255,911 263,57	5	Debtors		2022	2021
Corporation tax recoverable - 73,300 Other debtors 255,911 263,57		Amounts falling due within one year:			
Corporation tax recoverable - 73,300 Other debtors 255,911 263,57		Trade debtors		305,749	145,502
Other debtors <u>255,911</u> <u>263,57</u>				-	73,303
561,660 482,370				255,911	263,571
				561,660	482,376

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within on	ie year			
	C	•		2022	2021
				£	£
	Trade creditors			745,289	438,236
	Corporation tax			67,011	-
	Other taxation and social security			95,280	45,702
	Other creditors			412,757	373,109
				1,320,337	857,047
7	Called up share capital				
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	90	90	90	90

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.