

SENIOR UK LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2009



SENIOR UK LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2009

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SENIOR UK LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2009

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

M Sheppard
A P Bird
M Rollins
S J Nicholls

SECRETARY

A J Bodenham

REGISTERED OFFICE

59/61 High Street
Rickmansworth
Hertfordshire
WD3 1RH

BANKERS

Lloyds TSB Group plc
25 Gresham Street
London
EC2V 7HN

SOLICITORS

Slaughter and May
One Bunhill Row
London
EC1Y 8YY

AUDITORS

Deloitte LLP
Chartered Accountants
Birmingham

SENIOR UK LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the company are the manufacture of flexible tubing, composites and ducting for the aerospace and automotive industries, with no significant changes in these activities for the year under review

Turnover for the year decreased by 8.0% to £41,517,000 (2008 – £45,106,000) due to a contraction in the company's aerospace business. Operating profit decreased by 13.3% to £4,576,000 (2008 – £5,277,000), largely due to reduced activity in the aerospace business.

As a result of the market contraction in the year, the company implemented a rationalisation of its manufacturing facilities. The costs incurred amounted to £329,000 (2008 – £1,014,000) and are identified under exceptional items in note 4.

The company continues to invest in research and development with the majority of its activities focused on new product development and improved manufacturing techniques. In 2009 expenditure on research and development was £2,547,000 (2008 - £2,078,000).

The balance sheet on page 8 shows that the company's financial position at the year end strengthened from the previous year with net assets of £4,750,000 (2008 - £2,909,000).

There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date.

The company is ultimately owned by Senior plc which manages its operations on a divisional basis and sets appropriate key performance indicators for each division. For this reason, the directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The company has two operating sites in Senior's Aerospace division and one in the Flexonics division and the performance of these divisions is discussed in the annual report of Senior plc which does not form part of this report.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The directors expect challenging market conditions to continue going forward, with reduced activity being experienced in both the automotive and aerospace markets. This reduced level of activity will be offset, to an extent, by the development and introduction of new products in both sectors including new products linked to tighter exhaust gas emissions regulations. Hence, despite challenging market conditions, in general the company expects to deliver a satisfactory financial performance in 2010.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

There are a number of potential risks and uncertainties which could have a material impact on the company's future performance and cause actual results to differ materially from expected or historical results.

The company operates in competitive market sectors and competitive pressure is therefore a continuing risk for the business. In addition, the aerospace and automotive markets that the company operates within can also fluctuate, subjecting the business to market risks. The company also faces risks on manufacturing performance, environmental issues, foreign exchange exposure, credit risk, liquidity risk and defined benefit pension plan funding risks.

The above risks, which are the same, or similar, to those faced by Senior plc as a whole are discussed in detail within the annual report for Senior plc, which does not form part of this Report.

Due to a large outstanding balance owed to group undertakings as stated in note 13, the company's main risk in respect of going concern is the net current liabilities position held on the balance sheet. The company's financial position and future prospects are described above. The company achieved a good level of profit and positive cashflow in 2009, and its future prospects are encouraging. This, combined with the support of its parent company (Senior Engineering Investments Limited) by not requiring the repayment of the outstanding intercompany loan of £19,000,000 within twelve months of the date of signing this report, give the directors the expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the company's Financial Statements.

SENIOR UK LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's activities primarily expose it to the financial risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The company uses forward currency exchange contracts to hedge this exposure and the use of these is governed by Senior plc's treasury policy.

DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

No interim dividend was paid in the year (2008 – £nil), and no final dividend is proposed (2008 – £nil). A retained profit of £1,841,000 (2008 – £983,000) has been transferred to reserves.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and to the date of signing this report were as follows -

J R McAleer (resigned 7 April 2009)
M Sheppard
A P Bird
M Rollins
S J Nicholls

DIRECTORS INDEMNITIES

Qualifying third part indemnity provisions for the benefit of the directors were renewed by the Group during the year and remain in force at the date of this report.

EMPLOYEE CONSULTATION

Formal and informal meetings are held with employees at the company, and employees are kept informed of developments within the company and Group, and matters affecting them at their place of employment.

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of employees becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

SUPPLIER PAYMENT POLICY

The company's policy is to settle terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction, ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment available and abide by the terms of payment. The average period for payment of trade creditors during the year was 50 days (2008 – 59 days), based on the ratio of trade creditors at the end of the year to the amounts invoiced during the year by suppliers.

SENIOR UK LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- (1) so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- (2) the director has taken all steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors
and signed on behalf of the Board



A J Bodenham

Secretary

23 March 2010

Registered Office

59/61 High Street
Rickmansworth
Hertfordshire
WD3 1RH

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial instruments for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practices (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SENIOR UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Senior UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, and the related notes 1 to 22. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.



Peter Gallimore FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Birmingham, United Kingdom
23 March 2010

SENIOR UK LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 £000	2008 £000
TURNOVER	2	41,517	45,106
Cost of sales		(24,301)	(29,951)
GROSS PROFIT		17,216	15,155
Other operating expenses (net)	3	(12,640)	(9,878)
OPERATING PROFIT		4,576	5,277
Exceptional reorganisation costs	4	(329)	(1,014)
Finance charges (net)	6	(694)	(1,849)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	7	3,553	2,414
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	8	(1,712)	(1,431)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION BEING THE RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	15, 16	1,841	983

All activities derive from continuing operations

There are no recognised gains and losses other than the profit for the current and previous year. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is given.

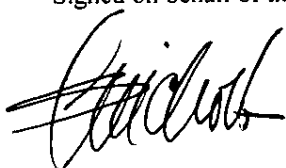
SENIOR UK LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 £000	2008 £000
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	9	16,874	18,562
Tangible assets	10	5,114	5,500
		<u>21,988</u>	<u>24,062</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	11	3,148	4,249
Debtors	12	6,462	10,056
Cash at bank and in hand		472	216
		<u>10,082</u>	<u>14,521</u>
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(27,320)</u>	<u>(35,674)</u>
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>(17,238)</u>	<u>(21,153)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES BEING NET ASSETS		<u>4,750</u>	<u>2,909</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	14	2,000	2,000
Profit and loss account	15	2,750	909
		<u>4,750</u>	<u>2,909</u>
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	16	<u>4,750</u>	<u>2,909</u>

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 23 March 2010

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors



S J Nicholls

Director

Company Registration No 01928053

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and have been applied consistently in the current and prior year. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis as discussed in the directors' report, and under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The company's financial position and future prospects are described in the Directors' Report. The company achieved a good level of profit and positive cash flow in 2009, and its future prospects are encouraging. This, combined with the support of its parent company (Senior Engineering Investments Limited) by not requiring the repayment of the outstanding intercompany loan of £19,000,000 within twelve months of the date of signing this report, give the directors the expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Board has continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the company's Financial Statements.

Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Where costs of acquisition exceed the values attributed to net tangible assets, the difference is treated as goodwill, which is capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over twenty years which the directors consider to be a reasonable maximum economic life. Provision is made for any impairment.

Tangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are shown at cost, net of depreciation and provisions for any impairment.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful life, as follows -

Freehold buildings	50 years
Short leasehold improvements	over the life of the lease
Plant, machinery and equipment	over a maximum of 10 years
Land is not depreciated	

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are based on

Raw materials	purchase cost on a first in, first out basis, including transport
Work in progress and finished goods	cost of direct materials and labour, plus an appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity

Net realisable value is based on estimated normal selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow moving or defective items where appropriate.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full at the anticipated tax rates on timing differences arising from the different treatment of items for accounting and taxation purposes. No provision is made for deferred tax on investment revaluations. A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. The company has elected not to discount the deferred tax assets and liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
Year ended 31 December 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred

Pension costs

Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution pension benefits are available to employees through the Senior plc Pension Plan and Senior plc Group Flexible Retirement Plan respectively. For defined benefit pension schemes the company makes contributions at rates set by Senior plc on the advice of actuaries to discharge in full the company's pension obligations arising in the year. This is a multi employer scheme and as such the company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme. Accordingly, the amount charged to the profit and loss account is the contribution payable in the year, and any variations from this cost are reflected in the accounts of Senior plc, which do not form part of this report.

For the defined contribution scheme, the amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs is the contributions payable in the year.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred with the exception of expenditure on development work where the outcome of those projects is assessed as being reasonably certain as regards viability and technical feasibility. Such expenditure is capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life.

Development work is also carried out on a funded basis. In such circumstances the costs are accumulated in work in progress and are recognised when the related billings are made. Any amounts held in work in progress are subject to normal stock valuation principles.

Share based payments

The company has applied the requirements of FRS 20 Share based payment. In accordance with the transitional provision, FRS 20 has been applied to all grants of equity instruments after 7 November 2002 that was unvested as of 1 January 2005.

Senior plc issues equity settled and cash settled share based payments to certain employees of group companies. Equity settled share based payments are measured at fair value (excluding the effect of non market based vesting conditions) at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity settled share based payment is expensed on a straight line basis over the vesting period, based on the group's estimate of share that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market based vesting conditions.

Fair value is measured by use of the Black Scholes options pricing model for the share option plans and a binomial model for the shares awarded under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan.

The liability in respect of both equity-settled amounts and cash-settled amounts is included in current and non-current liabilities as appropriate.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the value of sales (excluding VAT and trade discounts) of goods and services in the normal course of business.

Sale of goods and services are recognised when delivered in accordance with the terms and conditions of the sale.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
Year ended 31 December 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in sterling at actual exchange rates as of the date of the transaction or, where appropriate, at the rate of exchange in a related forward exchange contract. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year end or, where appropriate, at the rate of exchange in a related forward exchange contract. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account.

Derivative financial instruments

The company uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk. The company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

The derivative financial instruments are not included at fair value in the accounts and when those instruments expire, the resulting gain or loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Cash flow statement

Under the provision of FRS 1, the company has not prepared a cash flow statement because the results of the company have been included in the consolidated accounts of Senior plc, whose accounts are publicly available.

2. TURNOVER

The company's turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation were wholly attributable to the company's principal activity.

The detailed analysis of turnover by geographical area has not been disclosed as the directors are of the opinion that such disclosures would be seriously prejudicial to the business.

3. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (NET)

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Distribution costs	5,101	4,483
Administrative expenses	7,998	6,197
Other operating income	(459)	(802)
	<u>12,640</u>	<u>9,878</u>

SENIOR UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2009

4. EXCEPTIONAL COSTS

Reorganisation costs of £329,000 (2008 – £1,014,000) relate to the rationalisation of the company's manufacturing facilities and comprise

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Redundancy costs	329	664
Stock write-off	-	130
Fixed assets write-off	-	50
Relocation costs	-	150
Contract cancellation costs	-	20
	<u>329</u>	<u>1,014</u>

The effects of the exceptional costs reported after operating profit on the amounts charged to the profit and loss account for taxation were

	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	
	2009 £000	2008 £000
Reorganisation costs	<u>(92)</u>	<u>(289)</u>
Decrease in charge to profit and loss account	<u>(92)</u>	<u>(289)</u>

5. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Directors' remuneration		
Emoluments	<u>285</u>	<u>246</u>

The above amounts do not include any gains made on the exercise of share options or the value of any shares or share options received under long-term incentive schemes. During the year three directors were granted share options and three directors exercised share options. M Rollins, S J Nicholls and M Sheppard did not receive any emoluments from Senior UK Limited during either 2009 or 2008 and their emoluments are reported in the accounts of Senior plc.

	2009 No.	2008 No.
The number of directors who were contributing members of pension schemes was as follows		
Defined benefit schemes	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>

The above amounts for remuneration include the following in respect of the highest paid director

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Emoluments	<u>159</u>	<u>162</u>

The accrued pension entitlement under the company's defined benefit scheme of the highest paid director at 31 December 2009 was £12,778 (2008 – £10,364)

SENIOR UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2009

5. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES (CONTINUED)

	2009	2008
Average number of persons employed	No.	No
Production	436	544
Distribution	9	9
Sales	73	73
Administration	42	48
	<u>560</u>	<u>674</u>

	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Staff costs during the year (including directors)		
Wages and salaries	12,203	15,409
Social security costs	1,042	1,272
Pension costs – defined benefits	662	757
Pension costs – defined contributions	284	203
Redundancy costs	329	664
	<u>14,520</u>	<u>18,305</u>

Due to the material nature of the redundancy costs recognised in 2009, the amount of £329,000 (2008 £664,000) has been separately identified as an exceptional cost in note 4

6 FINANCE CHARGES (NET)

	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Intercompany loan	617	1,986
Bank interest payable/ (receivable)	77	(137)
	<u>694</u>	<u>1,849</u>

7. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/ (crediting)	2009	2008
	£000	£000
(Profit)/ loss on disposal of fixed assets	(338)	1
Depreciation and amounts written off tangible fixed assets	746	1,117
Amortisation of goodwill	1,688	1,688
Hire of plant and machinery		
Under operating leases	81	100
Other operating lease rentals	399	399
Research and development expenditure	2,547	2,078
Foreign exchange loss	3,380	1,403
The analysis of auditors' remuneration is as follows		
Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's annual financial statements	21	33
Fees payable to the company's auditors and their associates for other services to the group		
- Tax services	2	2
- Other services	1	9

SENIOR UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2009

8 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(i) Analysis of tax charge on ordinary activities

	2009 £000	2008 £000
United Kingdom corporation tax charge at 28% (2008 – 28.5%) on the profit for the year	1,712	1,431

The above tax charge relates to amounts payable in respect of group tax relief

(ii) Factors affecting tax charge for the current period

The tax charge for the current period differs from that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax of 28% (2008 – 28.5%) to the profit before tax

	2009 £000	2008 £000
The differences are explained below		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3,553	2,414
Tax at 28% (2008 – 28.5%) thereon	995	688
Non-deductible goodwill amortisation	481	481
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances claimed	185	300
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, net	104	47
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(95)	-
Other tax adjustments	42	(85)
Current tax charge for the period	1,712	1,431

(iii) Factors that may affect the future tax charge

A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of timing differences relating to capital allowances, and other short term timing differences, as there is insufficient evidence that the asset will be recovered. The amount of the asset not recognised is £3,384,000 (2008 £2,882,000), and is made up as follows

Deferred tax assets not recognised

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Tax effect of timing differences due to		
Depreciation excess over capital allowances claimed	3,321	2,837
Short term timing differences	35	18
Pension costs	28	27
	3,384	2,882

SENIOR UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2009

9 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2009 and at 31 December 2008	33,754
Accumulated amortisation	
At 1 January 2009	15,192
Charge for the year	1,688
At 31 December 2009	16,880
Net book value	
At 31 December 2009	16,874
At 31 December 2008	18,562

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold buildings £000	Short leasehold improve- ments £000	Plant, machinery and equipment £000	Total £000
Cost				
At 1 January 2009	2,962	87	14,508	17,557
Additions	-	-	390	390
Disposals	-	-	(3,358)	(3,358)
At 31 December 2009	2,962	87	11,540	14,589
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2009	874	16	11,167	12,057
Charge for the year	66	4	676	746
Disposals	-	-	(3,328)	(3,328)
At 31 December 2009	940	20	8,515	9,475
Net book value				
At 31 December 2009	2,022	67	3,025	5,114
At 31 December 2008	2,088	71	3,341	5,500

11 STOCKS

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Raw materials and consumables	1,189	1,512
Work-in-progress	1,048	1,220
Finished goods and goods for resale	911	1,517
	3,148	4,249

There is no material difference between the balance sheet value of stocks and their replacement cost

SENIOR UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2009

12 DEBTORS

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Trade debtors	5,788	8,386
Amounts owed by group undertakings	256	1,182
VAT	27	134
Prepayments and accrued income	391	354
	<u>6,462</u>	<u>10,056</u>

13. CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Bank overdraft	-	1,028
Trade creditors	1,784	3,261
Amounts owed to group undertakings	19,663	24,129
Group Tax relief payable	1,712	1,431
Other taxation and social security	548	584
Other creditors	95	133
Accruals and deferred income	3,518	5,108
	<u>27,320</u>	<u>35,674</u>

The bank overdraft is secured by an omnibus guarantee and set off agreement between the Bank and certain group companies

Of the total amounts due to group undertakings, £19,000,000 relates to an unsecured loan with interest charged at a fixed rate of 1.6% and a maturity date of 21 June 2010

14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,800,000 (2008 – 1,800,000) 'A' Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,800	1,800
200,000 (2008 – 200,000) 'B' Ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200
	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>

Under the company's Articles of Association, each 'A' ordinary share carries one vote, whilst each 'B' ordinary share carries five votes. The 'A' and 'B' shares rank equally in all other respects.

Senior Engineering Investments Limited holds 1,800,000 ordinary 'A' shares together with the 200,000 ordinary 'B' shares and thus 100% of Senior UK Limited

15 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	£000
At 1 January 2009	909
Profit for the financial year	<u>1,841</u>
At 31 December 2009	<u>2,750</u>

SENIOR UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2009

16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Profit for the financial year	1,841	983
Net increase in shareholder's funds	1,841	983
Opening shareholder's funds	2,909	1,926
Closing shareholder's funds	4,750	2,909

17. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The company's directors and senior managers, when deemed appropriate, are issued share options from the Senior plc share based payment plans. The company recognised total expenses of £115,000 (2008 – £73,000) related to equity settled share based payments.

Details of the plans relating to the company's directors and employees are shown below.

(i) 1999 Executive Share Option Plan

Equity-settled share option plans

Under the 1999 Executive Share Option Plan, options will normally only become exercisable if the Group's Adjusted Earnings per Share grows by not less than 4% per annum compound above the growth in the UK Retail Price Index (RPI) over a period of three or more financial years commencing in January of the year of grant. They will lapse if not exercised within six years of the date of grant. Options are exercisable at a price equal to the average of the closing mid-market price of the Senior plc's shares in the three days prior to the date of grant. The 1999 Plan is closed for new awards.

The following options were outstanding as at 31 December 2009 and 2008

	Year ended 2009		Year ended 2008	
	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at 1 January	-	-	365,102	21.97p
Exercised	-	-	(365,102)	21.97p
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at 31 December	-	-	-	-
Exercisable at 31 December	-	-	-	-

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the period was nil (2008 – 80.11p).

There were no options outstanding at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
Year ended 31 December 2009

17 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

(ii) 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan

52,456 shares were awarded to the company's employees under the 2005 Long Term Incentive Plan on 12 March 2009. Awards under this plan have a three year vesting period, subject to earnings per share (EPS) and total shareholder return (TSR) performance conditions being met. Half the awards have an attaching performance target for EPS growth over the three year performance period of at least 5% per annum above the RPI. The other half of the awards begin to vest if the company's TSR falls in the top half of a comparator group at the end of the three year performance period. Vesting levels increase with higher performance. The awards are settled by delivering shares to the participant. The awards made during the year are subject to a TSR performance condition only, as opposed to previous years where a mixture of EPS and TSR conditions have applied. The estimated fair value for the awards granted in the year with TSR condition is 13.00p per share, reflecting an adjustment of 61% to the fair value of awards if the TSR condition was excluded.

These fair values were calculated by applying a binomial option pricing model. This model incorporates a technique called "bootstrapping", which models the impact of the TSR condition. The model inputs at the date of grant were the share price of 28.50p, a risk free interest rate of 1.7% per annum, expected volatility of 60.0% per annum, net dividend yield of 9.1% per annum, and the performance conditions as noted above. Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of Senior plc's share price over the previous three years.

The following share awards were outstanding as at 31 December 2009 and 2008

	Year ended 2009	Year ended 2008
	Number of shares	Number of shares
Outstanding at 1 January	300,664	191,859
Granted	52,456	108,805
Exercised	(139,641)	-
Forefeited	(8,740)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Outstanding at 31 December	204,739	300,664
	<hr/>	<hr/>

(iii) Savings Related Share Option Plan

Senior plc operates a Savings Related Share Option Plan for eligible employees across the Group. There are no performance criteria for this arrangement and options are issued to all participants in accordance with the HM Revenue & Customs rules for such savings plans. Savings Related Share Options were last awarded on 8 April 2009.

The estimated fair value of the award granted during the year was 5.71p. This fair value was calculated by applying a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The model inputs at the date of the grant were the share price of 25.00p, a risk free interest rate of 2.17% per annum, expected volatility of 58.20% per annum and a net dividend yield of 10.40%. Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous three years.

SENIOR UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Year ended 31 December 2009

17. SHARE BASED PAYMENT (CONTINUED)

The following options were outstanding as at 31 December 2009 and 2008

	Year ended 2009		Year ended 2008	
	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at 1 January	511,020	79 50p	923,682	66 44p
Granted	2,634,572	25 00p	-	-
Exercised	-	-	(218,121)	24 20p
Forfeited	(550,886)	63 73p	(194,541)	79 50p
Outstanding at 31 December	2,594,706	27 51p	511,020	79 50p
Exercisable at 31 December	-	-	-	-

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the period was nil (2008 – 94 63p). The options outstanding at 31 December 2009 had exercise prices of 25 00p and 79 50p per share, and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.9 years. The options outstanding at 31 December 2008 had an exercise price of 79 50p per share and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.0 years.

18. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

	2009 £000	2008 £000
Capital commitments		
Contracted for but not provided	42	65

Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2009, the company was committed to making the following payments during the next year in respect of operating leases

	2009		2008	
	Property £000	Plant and equipment £000	Property £000	Plant and equipment £000
Leases which expire				
Within one year	-	23	-	12
Within 2 to 5 years	-	61	-	87
After 5 years	399	-	399	-
	399	84	399	99

The company leases certain land and buildings under operating leases. The rents payable under these leases are subject to renegotiation at various intervals specified in the leases. The company pays all insurance, maintenance and repairs of these properties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
Year ended 31 December 2009

18. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Guarantees

(a) Private placement loans

The company is a guarantor, jointly and severally, with certain other group companies, of US \$120 million (2008 – \$120 million) unsecured loan notes under an agreement dated 8 October 2008

The company is a guarantor, jointly and severally, with certain other Group companies, of US \$30 million (2008 – \$30 million) unsecured loan notes under an agreement dated 31 January 2007

The company is a guarantor, jointly and severally, with certain other group companies of US \$35million (2008 – \$35 million) unsecured loan notes under an agreement dated 22 October 2007

The company was a guarantor, jointly and severally, with certain other group companies of US \$75 million unsecured loan notes, under amended agreements dated 22 October 1998 and 31 December 2005 These were repaid in October 2008

(b) Bank guarantees

The company is a guarantor, jointly and severally, with certain other group companies, of all indebtedness of these other group companies to the group's UK clearing bankers

(c) Revolving credit facility

The company is a guarantor, jointly and severally, with certain other group companies of a committed £80 million syndicated multi-currency revolving credit facility maturing in July 2012 At 31 December 2009 the total amounts borrowed under the facility were £4.5 million comprising €5.0 million At 31 December 2008 the total amounts borrowed under the facility were £20.2 million comprising £18.6 million and €1.7 million

(d) Bilateral facility

In January 2008, a new £20 million bilateral 364 day facility, with an option to extend by one year, was established with the Group's principal UK clearing banks The facility was cancelled in October 2008 following the raising of the \$120 million loan notes

19. PENSION COSTS

The company participates in the Senior plc Pension Plan The Plan includes a defined benefit multi-employer section, the assets and liabilities of which are held independently from the group The company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme and accordingly accounts for the Plan as if it were a defined contribution plan

Company contributions to the Plan for the period were £662,000 (2008 – £757,000) and the agreed contribution rate for the next 12 months is 16.4% (2008 – 16.4%) Further details of the group schemes and the actuarial valuations are given in the Group financial statements of the ultimate parent company, Senior plc

As stated in the Senior plc Group financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2009, the most recent full actuarial valuation, carried out as at 6 April 2007, was updated in order to assess the position of the Plan at 31 December 2009 for the purposes of accounting under IAS 19 and showed that the fair value of the Plan's assets was £149.2 million (2008 – £125.5 million) and that the actuarial value of these assets represented 79.0% (2008 – 77.1%) of the benefits that had accrued to members

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
Year ended 31 December 2009

19. PENSION COSTS (CONTINUED)

The assets and liabilities and the expected rates of return at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 were

	2009	2009	2008	2008
	Fair value	Expected	Fair value	Expected
	£m	rate of	£m	rate of
		return		return
Equities	62.5	7.4%	53.9	6.6%
Bonds	52.1	4.8%	47.3	4.5%
Gilts	33.1	3.6%	24.2	3.1%
Cash and other	1.5	3.9%	0.1	3.1%
	<hr/>		<hr/>	
Total fair value of assets	149.2	5.6%	125.5	5.1%
Present value of scheme liabilities	(188.8)		(162.8)	
	<hr/>		<hr/>	
Plan deficit	(39.6)		(37.3)	
	<hr/>		<hr/>	

The history of experience gains and losses is as follows

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(188.8)	(162.8)	(172.8)	(172.1)	(165.7)
Fair value of plan assets	149.2	125.5	142.3	141.3	134.4
Plan deficit	(39.6)	(37.3)	(30.5)	(30.8)	(31.3)
Experience gain/(loss) on plan liabilities	0.6	0.1	12.8	(2.2)	0.3
Experience gain/(loss) on plan assets	8.6	(24.9)	(5.2)	0.7	11.1

The figures shown above were calculated on the basis of the following assumptions

	2009	2008
Major assumptions (per annum %)		
Inflation	3.5%	2.8%
Increase in salaries	2.0%	3.8%
Increase in pensions	3.4%	2.7%
Increase in deferred pensions	3.5%	2.8%
Rate used to discount plan liabilities	5.7%	6.4%
Expected return on assets	5.6%	5.1%
Life expectancy of a male aged 65 in 2009	20.5	20.8
Life expectancy of a male aged 65 in 2029	22.4	21.9

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2009

19. PENSION COSTS (CONTINUED)

The estimated impact on the plan deficit at 31 December 2009 for changes in assumptions is as follows

	Increase in plan deficit £m
0.5% decrease in the discount rate	15.0
One year increase in life expectancy	5.0
0.5% increase in inflation	8.0

This disclosure is taken from the consolidated accounts of Senior plc and was calculated under IAS19. This represents the best information available to the Directors.

The company also operates a defined contribution pension scheme whose assets are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company and amounted to £284,000 (2008 – £203,000). Contributions totalling £2,800 (2008 – £28,000) were payable to the fund at the year end and are included in creditors.

20. DERIVATIVES NOT INCLUDED AT FAIR VALUE

The company has derivatives which are not included at fair value in the accounts

	Fair value	
	2009	2008
	£000	£000
Forward foreign exchange contracts	<u>146</u>	<u>(7,469)</u>

The company enters into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the exchange risk arising on its trading activities in foreign currencies. The fair values are based on market values of equivalent instruments at the balance sheet date.

21. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's immediate parent company is Senior Engineering Investments Limited.

The company's ultimate parent and controlling company, which prepares consolidated accounts incorporating the company's results, is Senior plc, whose registered office is at 59/61 High Street, Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire WD3 1RH. The consolidated accounts of the group are available to the public and can either be downloaded from the Senior plc website www.seniorplc.com or obtained from the aforementioned address.

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with group entities are not disclosed as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company which produces consolidated accounts that are publicly available.