Form 4.68

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Progress
Report
Pursuant to Section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

S.192

For official use

Company Number 01920981

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) CO Realisations Limited

(b) Insert full We name(s) and address(es) Of

I C Oakley Smith & M J A Jervis PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT

The liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my / our Progress Report under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Mump

Date 25/07/2011

Presenter's name. Yashkumar Selarka
address and
reference PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
(if any) 7 More London Riverside
London
SE1 2RT



Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Company's registered number

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Date of commencement of winding up

Date to which this statement is brought down

Name and address of liquidator

Connections Limited

01920981

Creditors

07/07/2008

07/07/2011

See page 1

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
22/03/2011	HM Revenue & Customs	Brought forward VAT refund	£ 115,104 93 1,625 40
<u>. </u>		Carried forward	116,730 3

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

Date	sements To whom paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount
Dale	10 Whom paid	Nature of dispulsement	
		Brought forward	£ 47,536 67
01/04/2011	The Insolvency Service	Cheque fees/ ISA costs	23 00
01/07/2011	The Insolvency Service	Cheque fees/ ISA costs	23 00
		Carried forward	47,582 67

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT

Analysis of		£
Total realisations	116,730 33	
Total disbursements		47,582 67
	Balance £	69,147 66
The Balance is made up as follows -		
Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00	
2 Balance at bank	0 00	
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		69,147 66
4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less the cost of investments realised	£	
Balance		0 00
Total balance as shown above	£	69,147 66

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)

£

Liabilities -Fixed charge creditors Uncertain

0 00

Floating charge holders

0 00

Unsecured creditors

Uncertain

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash

250,000 00

Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Client Funds Awaited

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded As Above

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed Uncertain