Company Registration No. 1908750

PEGASUS LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

**31 December 2004** 

WASKZPIUS\* 621

A05 COMPANIES HOUSE 621 15/09/2006

## REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2004

CONTENTS	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	3
Independent auditors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7

## **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2004**

## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

### DIRECTORS

J M Malmquist U A Grunander N A Bracey

### **SECRETARY**

A Scott-Green

## REGISTERED OFFICE

Pegasus House Waterberry Drive Waterlooville Hampshire PO7 7XX

## BANKERS

Barclays Bank 18 Southgate Street Gloucester GL1 2DJ

## SOLICITORS

Blake Lapthorn Harbour Court Compass Road North Harbour Portsmouth Hampshire PO6 4ST

## **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants Birmingham

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The company trades as manufacturers of medical and nursing care equipment. The directors are satisfied with the result for the year and with the outlook for the future.

The research and development activities of the company continue to be directed principally towards the development of new products and improving the performance and effectiveness of existing products.

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

The directors recommend a final dividend of £nil (2003: £nil). An interim dividend of £13,500,000 (2003: £nil) was paid during the year.

### **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS**

The directors who served during the year and subsequently were:

J M Malmquist

U A Grunander

N A Bracey

R F Lock

(resigned 18 February 2004)

The directors had no interests required to be disclosed under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1985.

#### **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

The ultimate parent company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of the company's directors which were made in 2005 and remain in force at the date of this report.

### **AUDITORS**

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

A. Scott-Green

Secretary
13th September 2006

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PEGASUS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Pegasus Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, and the related notes 1 to 24. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

## Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Oninion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Delottes Toude LLP

Birmingham

14 September 2006

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2004

	Note	2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	3	21,634 (10,232)	17,470 (6,648)
GROSS PROFIT Distribution costs Administrative expenses		11,402 (7,758) (990)	10,822 (7,958) (1,206)
OPERATING PROFIT Interest receivable and similar income	4	2,654 454	1,658 363
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2 5	3,108 (611)	2,021 (660)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Dividends	6	2,497 (13,500)	1,361
RETAINED (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	17	(11,003)	1,361

Turnover and operating profit derive entirely from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses in either year other than those reported in the profit and loss account above and accordingly no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented.

## BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2004

	Note		
		2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	7	236	244
Tangible assets	8	2,078	1,693
Investments	9	317	317
		2,631	2,254
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	10	2,042	1,917
Debtors	11	5,275	3,810
Cash at bank and in hand		3,075	14,916
		10,392	20,643
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(4,137)	(3,086)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		6,255	17,557
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		8,886	19,811
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(497)	(419)
NET ASSETS		8,389	19,392
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up share capital	16	2,803	2,803
Share premium account		67	67
Profit and loss account	17	5,519	16,522
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18	8,389	19,392

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 13th September 2006

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

N A Bracey
Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2004

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the principal accounting policies is set out below.

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

In accordance with Section 228(2) of the Companies Act 1985, group financial statements have not been prepared because the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Getinge AB which prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available. The company is also, on this basis, exempt from the requirement of FRS 1 to present a cash flow statement.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover comprises the net amount receivable, excluding value added tax, from the sale and rental of medical and nursing care products. It also includes service income and the proceeds from the sale of warranties. Warranties are granted for up to three years and the income element is released to the profit and loss account evenly over the life of the warranty. Income received in advance is included in deferred income.

#### Intangible assets

Licences are included at cost. Amortisation is in equal annual instalments over a period of 4 years to write off the cost less their estimated residual value. Provision is made for any impairment. Residual value is the remaining value receivable from a third party.

## Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, on a straight-line basis over their expected useful lives, as follows:

Cairwave and other beds 20% - 33.33% Motor vehicles 25% - 33.33%

Machinery 20%

Office equipment 20% - 33.33%

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition.

#### Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

#### Finance leases

Assets obtained under finance leases and similar contracts are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The capital elements of future lease obligations are recorded as liabilities, while the interest elements are charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the contracts to produce a constant rate of charge on the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

## Operating leases

Rentals applicable to operating leases, where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor, are credited or charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price, less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

### Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date or, where appropriate, the contracted rate. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction or, where appropriate, at the contracted rate. All exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

#### **Taxation**

UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

The taxation assets and liabilities of the company may be reduced wholly or in part by the surrender of losses to or from fellow group undertakings. The tax benefits arising from the group relief are recognised in the financial statements of the surrendering or recipient companies, as appropriate.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Pensions

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable. Any differences between contributions payable and those actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

#### **Buybacks**

A number of the company's sales agreements are sold via leasing arrangements and contain "buy-back" arrangements that may be exercised at the option of the customer within specified periods in the future. The company recognises the full value of the potential liability immediately with an equivalent stock balance. The stock balance is re-assessed on an on-going basis and the value is impaired where indications are that the market value of the item will be lower than the agreed buyback price.

## 2. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2004	2003
	£ 000	£ 000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
- Owned	577	599
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	8	31
Loss/(profit) on sale of fixed assets	2	(7)
Operating lease rentals		. ,
- plant and machinery	57	60
- other	973	964
Auditors' remuneration		
- audit fees	10	7
- non audit fees	24	11
Research and development	520	516
Operating lease rentals receivable	(4,787)	(5,652)
Loss/(gain) on foreign exchange (net)	25	(288)

## 3. TURNOVER

The turnover is derived from one class of business. No analysis of geographical markets is provided because, in the opinion of the directors, such an analysis would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company.

## 4. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

2004	2003
£ 000	£ 000
Other interest receivable and similar income 454	363

6.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Year ended 31 December 2004

## 5. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax charge comprises:

The dia charge comprisos.		
	2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
Current tax	896	646
Adjustments in respect of prior years - UK corporation tax	(380)	19
Total current tax	516	665
Deferred tax - origination and reversal of timing differences	53	(5)
Adjustments in respect of prior years - origination and reversal of timing differences	42	
Total deferred tax	95	(5)
Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	611	660
The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount cal standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:	culated by app	lying the
	2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	3,108	2,021
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2003: 30%). Effects of:	932	606
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	17	28
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(53)	(9)
Movement in short term timing differences Prior period adjustments	(380)	21 19
Current period tax charge	516	665
DIVIDENDS		
	2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
Dividend paid, £4.82 per ordinary share	13,500	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Year ended 31 December 2004

## 7. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Licences £ 000
Cost	2000
At 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	305
Amortisation At 1 January 2004 Charge for the year	61
At 31 December 2004	69
Net book value At 31 December 2004	236
At 31 December 2003	244

## 8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Cairwave and other beds £ 000	Motor vehicles £ 000	Machinery and office equipment £ 000	Total £ 000
Cost				
At 1 January 2004	6,814	31	2,233	9,078
Additions	875	1	164	1,040
Disposals	(217)		(87)	(304)
At 31 December 2004	7,472	32	2,310	9,814
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2004	5,266	28	2,091	7,385
Charge for the year	516	-	61	577
Disposals	(139)		(87)	(226)
At 31 December 2004	5,643	28	2,065	7,736
Net book value				
At 31 December 2004	1,829	4	245	2,078
At 31 December 2003	1,548	3	142	1,693

Cairwave and other beds represent assets held for use in operating leases.

9. FIXI	ED ASSET	INVESTMENTS
---------	----------	-------------

Owned directly Owned by subsidiary company

SIDSIGIAL V UNGCHAKTIES	Subs	idiary	undertakings
-------------------------	------	--------	--------------

			£ 000
		_	2,803
		-	2,486
1		=	317
lertakings:			
Country of incorporation	Principal activity	Share capital	Holding
England & Wales	Dormant	£476	100%
England & Wales	Dormant	£476,100	100%
	lertakings:  Country of incorporation England & Wales	lertakings:  Country of Principal	lertakings:  Country of Principal Share capital incorporation activity  England & Wales Dormant £476

## 10. STOCKS

(1)

	2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
Raw materials and consumables	1,010	1,032
Work in progress Finished goods and goods for resale	1,032	879
	2,042	1,917

## 11. DEBTORS

	2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	3,424	1,915
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,108	884
Other debtors	82	124
Deferred taxation (note 14)	194	289
Prepayments and accrued income	467	598
	5,275	3,810
		3,010

## 12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

14.	CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DEE WITHIN ONE TEAR		
		2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
	Trade creditors	2,064	1,458
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	409	360
	Corporation tax	374	621
	Other tax and social security	341	-
	Accruals and deferred income	949	647
		4,137	3,086
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEA	ıR	
		2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
	Accruals and deferred income between two and five years	496	416
	Accruals and deferred income after more than five years	1	3
		497	419
14.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
	Movement on deferred tax asset in the year:		
			2004
			£ 000
	At 1 January 2004		289
	Charged to profit and loss account	_	(95)
	At 31 December 2004	_	194
	Deferred tax asset is provided as follows:	_	
		2004	2003
		£ 000	£ 000
	Accelerated capital allowances	156	241
	Other timing differences	38	48
	Deferred tax asset	194	289

## 15. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS – OPERATING LEASES

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		Land and bu	Land and buildings		Other	
	Expiry date:	2004	2003	2004	2003	
		£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	
	Within one year	-	-	75	114	
	Between two and five years	168	15	434	300	
	After more than five years	213	366		-	
		381	381	509	414	
16.	CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL					
				2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000	
	Authorised			2 000	* 000	
	2,803,434 ordinary shares of £1 each			2,803	2,803	
	Called-up, allotted and fully paid					
	2,803,434 ordinary shares of £1 each			2,803	2,803	
17.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT					
				2004	2003	
				£ 000	£ 000	
	At 1 January 2004			16,522	15,161	
	Retained (loss)/profit for the year			(11,003)	1,361	
	At 31 December 2004			5,519	16,522	
18.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SI	HAREHOLDERS' F	UNDS			
				2004	2003	
				£	£	
	Profit on ordinary activities after taxation			2,497	1,361	
	Dividends			(13,500)	-	
	Net (reduction)/increase to shareholders' funds			(11,003)	1,361	
	Opening shareholders funds			19,392	18,031	
	Closing shareholders funds			8,389	19,392	

### 19. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration of the directors was as follows:

	2004 £ 000	2003 £ 000
Emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	147 7	101 7
	154	108

There was one (2003: one) director to whom retirement benefits accrue under a money purchase pension scheme.

## 20. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of persons, including executive directors, employed during the year was as follows:

	2004 Number	2003 Number
Administration	57	57
Selling and distribution	26	24
Production	17	23
Servicing	82	74
	182	178
Their total remuneration was:		
	2004	2003
	£ 000	£ 000
Wages and salaries	5,066	4,627
Social security costs	531	496
Other pension costs	161	186
	5,758	5,309

### 21. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for its directors and employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. At 31 December 2004, an amount of £22,000 (2003: £nil) was due to the pension scheme and included in accruals and deferred income.

## 22. PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

The ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is Getinge AB, incorporated in Sweden. The immediate parent undertaking is Getinge Holding Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Getinge AB. Copies of these financial statements may be obtained from Getinge AB, PO Box 69, S-310 44, Getinge, Sweden.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Year ended 31 December 2004

## 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption set out in FRS 8 and have not disclosed transactions with entities within the same group as the company.

## 24. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2004, the company had a guarantee in favour of HM Customs & Excise of £100,000 (2003: £200,000).