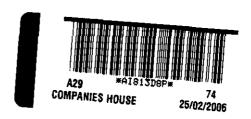
Company Number: 1887373



(formerly British Maritime Technology Limited)

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

30 SEPTEMBER 2005



# **DIRECTORS**

C V Betts CB

Dr N E Cross

(Appointed Chairman to take effect from 1 January 2006)

A P Docherty

P D French

J P Gallagher

D K McSweeney

B A Smouha

Dr A O Tyler

Vice Admiral Sir Peter Woodhead KCB

(Deputy Chairman)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

**G** Turner

### **AUDITORS**

Baker Tilly The Clock House 140 London Road Guildford Surrey GU1 1UW

# **BANKERS**

Barclays Bank Plc

### **SOLICITORS**

Freshfields Curtis Davis Garrard Barlow Lyde & Gilbert

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Oriando House 1 Waldegrave Road Teddington Middlesex TW11 8LZ

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The Directors present their report together with the accounts of the company and the Group for the year ended 30 September 2005. The company is limited by guarantee, without share capital, and is in the ultimate control of the Trustees of the BMT Employee Benefit Trust ("EBT") established for the short, medium and long-term benefit of all staff.

#### **CHAIRMAN**

The directors and the staff were saddened by the death of the Chairman, Mr David Goodrich on 30 October 2005. David Goodrich made an invaluable and unique contribution to the company, being its first Managing Director and Chief Executive. He was appointed Chairman of the company on 21 March 1997 and remained so after his retirement from the post of Chief Executive on 11 April 2002. He will be greatly missed.

#### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE**

Mr Roger Swann stepped down, on the grounds of ill health, from the post of Chief Executive on 8 September 2005 and also tendered his resignation as a Director of the company. The Board and the staff wish him well on his road to recovery. The Board was very pleased to announce the appointment of Mr Peter French, an existing executive Director, as Chief Executive, effective from 1 October 2005.

# **CHANGE OF NAME**

The company changed its name from British Maritime Technology Limited to BMT Limited on 3 October 2005.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

BMT is a leading design, engineering and risk management consultancy, working principally in the defence, energy, marine insurance and transport sectors. It invests significantly in research. Its customers are served by a network of international subsidiary companies, employing 947 staff worldwide.

The various professional and technical disciplines are more specifically defined in the list of companies shown on pages 26 & 27.

#### **REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS**

The turnover for the year was £76,300,000 (2004: £71,200,000) showing 7% growth on the turnover achieved on the previous year.

No acquisitions were made during the year, but four new companies were established: BMT Defence Services (Australia) Pty Limited is based in Melbourne and is providing design and programme management services to the Australian defence sector; PT BMT Asia Pacific Limited is based in Jakarta and its principal activity is the provision of environmental services to the oil and gas industry; BMT ISIS Limited is engaged in safety and environmental services primarily within the UK defence sector; and BMT Rail Limited is working with the rail industry to improve availability, reliability and maintainability of rolling stock.

The markets in which the Group traded were mixed; for example, the defence market was very challenging whilst the energy sector benefited from the impact of higher oil prices.

#### **RESULTS**

The Directors are able to announce that the profit for the year before subsidiary companies profit share, the BMT profit sharing scheme and taxation was £2,700,000.

After the subsidiary companies' profit related pay, the BMT profit sharing scheme, taxation and minority interest £295,000 will be taken to reserves. The profit share payment within subsidiary companies was £1,662,000 (2004: £1,800,000). The Board has approved a BMT profit share pool of £1,000,000 (2004: £1,700,000) and this will be distributed to all eligible staff in March/April 2006.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors during the year were:

D Goodrich

(Chairman, died 30 October 2005)

C V Betts CB

Dr N E Cross

A P Docherty\*

P D French\*

J P Gallagher \*

D K McSweeney\*

B A Smouha

R Swann\*

(to 8 September 2005)

Vice Admiral Sir Peter Woodhead KCB (Deputy Chairman)

Dr Andrew Tyler was appointed as an executive Director effective from 1 October 2005

Membership of the Sub-Committees of the Board during the year was as follows:-

Member	Audit	Remuneration	Research & Development	Investment	Operations
Mr D Goodrich	•			•	
Mr C V Betts			•		<u> </u>
Dr F Caldeira-Saraiva			•		<u> </u>
Dr N E Cross	•			C	<u> </u>
Dr M E Davies			•		<b></b>
Mr A P Docherty					•
Mr P D French					•
Mr J P Gallagher			<u></u>		<u> </u>
Mr D K McSweeney				•	<u> </u>
Mr B A Smouha	С	•	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Mr R Swann		•	C	<u> </u>	
Sir Peter Woodhead		С		<u> </u>	<u>l</u>

# c denotes Chairman

Dr F Caldeira-Saraiva is the Research Director of BMT Limited and Dr ME Davies is the Development Director of BMT Limited. Neither is a Director of the company.

# **BMT EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST**

The Trustees of the EBT, who are the sole voting members of the company, are:

Vice Admiral Sir Peter Woodhead KCB (Chairman of the Trustees)

Dr N E Cross

(Trustee)

G W Morton

(Independent Trustee)

B A Smouha

(Trustee)

Trustees and non-executive directors cannot benefit from the Employee Benefit Trust.

<sup>\*</sup> executive directors



### **HEALTH & SAFETY**

The Group has a vigorous approach to health and safety and has proper policies and procedures in place in order to comply with both the requirements and spirit of all relevant British and overseas legislation. The Group has nominated one of the Executive Directors, Mr A P Docherty, to be responsible for all such matters, supported by an Independent Health and Safety Advisor in the UK, an independent specialist Health & Safety consultancy in North America and by subsidiary company health and safety officers. Formal reporting is required at every Board meeting of the parent company and at all subsidiary company Board meetings.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

The company is in the ultimate control of the Trustees of the EBT in beneficial ownership for all employees. A quarterly publication, "Staff in Partnership", is produced, informing staff of the overall performance of the business and other relevant matters.

The subsidiary companies operate a number of methods (including briefing sessions and newsletters) whereby their staff are briefed on matters of concern to them as employees and as beneficiaries of the Employee Benefit Trust.

The Group gives proper consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons. Where an employee becomes disabled, the Group endeavours to continue employment, provided there are duties the employee is capable of performing. In the UK, where this is not possible, the employee's earnings and pension contributions are normally protected by an insurance policy up to his or her normal retirement date and elsewhere arrangements follow local customs. Training, career development and promotion are available to disabled persons. Furthermore, when acquiring or modifying properties, the Group endeavours to make the property accessible to individuals with a disability.

# **AUDITORS**

Baker Tilly has expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Whilst BMT is not a public company, its policy is nevertheless, where appropriate for a group of its size, to comply with the spirit of the Combined Code, the Principles of Good Corporate Governance and the Code of Best Practice contained in the Combined Code. Different aspects of Corporate Governance and the development of Corporate Governance policies are regular features of Board meetings of the company.

#### **CHARITABLE AND POLITICAL DONATIONS**

During the year, the Group made charitable donations of £19,879 including a donation of £10,000 to the International Maritime Organisation's Tsunami Maritime Relief Fund.

By order of the Board

officy June.

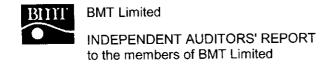
G Turner Secretary

15 December 2005

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and Group and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



We have audited the accounts on pages 8 to 37.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not yet received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the Annual Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited accounts. This other information comprises only the Directors' Report. We consider the implications of our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the accounts. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the Group as at 30 September 2005 and of the profit of the Group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Baker Tim

BAKER TILLY
Chartered Accountants and
Registered Auditors
The Clock House
140 London Road
Guildford
Surrey GU1 1UW

15 December 2005

	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000 restated
GROUP TURNOVER	2	76,301	71,201
Costs less other income	3	(76,997)	(70,500)
Operating (Loss) / Profit		(696)	701
Share of associates losses		(77)	(32)
TOTAL OPERATING (LOSS) / PROFIT	4	(773)	669
Income from fixed asset investments		1,821	1,506
Interest receivable	7	216	224
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(226)	(222)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION AND BMT PROFIS SHARING SCHEME		1,038	2,177
BMT profit sharing scheme		(1,000)	(1,700)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIE BEFORE TAXATION	s	38	477
Tax (charge) / credit on profit on ordinal activities	ry 9	-	250
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIE AFTER TAXATION	S	38	727
Minority Interest		5_	22
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		43_	749



# GROUP STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 30 September 2005

	2005 £000	2004 £000 restated
Retained profit for the year:		
Group Share of associates	128 (85)	781
Share of associates	43	<u>(32)</u> 749
Net exchange gain/(loss) on foreign equity investments	200	(320)
Actuarial (loss)/gain recognised on pension schemes	(1,279)	2,582
Movement on deferred tax relating to actuarial gain on pensions Exchange (loss)/gain on foreign pensions	351 (52)	(824) 73
Exchange (1999)/gain on foreign periodria	(02)	73
Total recognised gains less losses relating to the year and		
net movement in funds	(737)	2,260
Prior year adjustment (UITF 40) (note 27)	592	
Prior year adjustment (FRS 17) (note 28)	(12,217)	
<del>-</del>		
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report	(12,362)	
RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN MEMBERS FUNDS		
	2005	2004
	£000	£000 restated
Profit for the financial year	1,043	2,449
BMT Profit Sharing Scheme	(1,000)	(1,700)
Movement on Pension Scheme	(980)	1,831
Net exchange gain/(loss) on foreign equity investments	200	(320)
	(737)	2,260
Total funds at 1 October 2004 (originally 51,443 before deducting	00.040	07.550
prior year reduction of 11,625)	39,818	37,558
Total funds at 30 September 2005	39,081	39,818
TOTAL PROFIT RECONCILIATION		
	2005	2004
	£000	£000
		restated
Profit on ordinary activities for the year Profit related bonuses in subsidiary companies	2,700	3,977
BMT profit sharing scheme	(1,662) (1,000)	(1,800) (1,700)
Taxation	-	250
Minority interest		22
Retained profit for the year	43	749
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		170

The profit on ordinary activities for the year before the impact of UITF40 was £3,096,000 (2004: £4,086,000).

	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000 restated
FIXED ASSETS			
Goodwill Other intensible assets	10 10	5,616 1,600	7,376 1,728
Other intangible assets Tangible assets	11	7,489	7,821
Investments	12	28,318	26,515
Investments in associates	12	76	65
		43,099	43,505
CURRENT ASSETS		5	34
Stocks Debtors:		J	34
Amounts falling due within one year	13	30,598	26,658
Amounts falling due after one year	13	692	357
Cash at bank and in hand	14	11,753	9,948
		43,048	36,997
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	15	33,671	27,657
NET CURRENT ASSETS		9,377	9,340
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		52,476	52,845
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	16	687	1,338
Accruals and deferred income	19	233	241_
TOTAL NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION LIABILITY		51,556	51,266
Pension liability		(12,519)	(11,487)
TOTAL NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION LIABILITY		39,037	39,779
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Profit and loss account	20	51,600	51,305
Pension reserve	20	(12,519)	(11,487)
TOTAL FUNDS		39,081	39,818
Minority interest		(44)	(39)
		39,037	39,779
Approved by the Board on 15 December 2005			

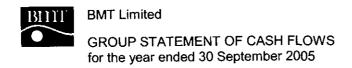
*'* , ) ,

P D French Director D K McSweeney Director

	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets Investments	11 12	5,486 49,444	5,720 46,452
	-	54,930	52,172
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due after one year	13 13	2,531 4,625	3,239 4,049
Cash at bank and in hand		739	1,197
	,	7,895	8,485
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	15	6,227	4,359_
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,668	4,126
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		56,598	56,298
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	16	510	1,020
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	18	215	365
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	19	233_	241_
		55,640	54,672
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Profit and loss account	20	55,640	54,672
TOTAL FUNDS		55,640	54,672

Approved by the Board on 15 December 2005

P D French Director D K McSweeney Director



	Notes	2005 £000	2004 £000
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Reconciliation to operating profit on page 13		3,391	3,360
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING			
OF FINANCE Interest and similar income received Interest paid Interest paid on finance leases Fixed asset investment income received		216 (45) (21) 1,821	224 (26) (21) 1,506
		1,971	1,683_
TAXATION Corporation tax paid		(365)_	(207)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE & FINANCIAL INVESTMENT Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Transfer to managed funds Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		(802) (1,803) 17	(963) (282) 3
		(2,588)	(1,242)
ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS Purchase of shares in subsidiary undertakings Purchase of shares in associated undertakings Cash acquired with subsidiary undertakings	12	(103)	(234) (4) 63
		(103)	(175)
BMT PROFIT SHARING SCHEME PAYMENT		_(1,700)_	(200)
NET CASH INFLOW BEFORE USE OF LIQUID RESOURCES AND FINANCING		606	3,219
FINANCING Repayments of capital element of finance lease rentals Repayment of short term loan Increase in short term borrowings		(2) (219) -	(22) (26) 190
NET CASH INFLOW FROM FINANCING		(221)	142_
INCREASE IN CASH	14	385	3,361_

	2005	2004
	£000	£004
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULT TO NET CASH		
INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Group operating (loss)/profit	(696)	701
Depreciation	1,157	1,142
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	27
Amortisation of design portfolio	128	128
Amortisation of goodwill	1,217 (8)	850 (8)
Amortisation of Government grants Decrease in stocks	29	(0)
(Increase)/Decrease in debtors	(4,056)	1,439
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	5,461	(805)
Exchange differences	152	(114)
Dividends from associates	7	
NET CASH INFLOW FROM		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,391	3,360
	2005	2004
	£000	£000
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW		
TO MOVEMENTS IN FUNDS	385	3,361
Increase in cash	363	3,301
Repayment of short term loan	219	26
Increase in short term borrowings	-	(190)
Repayments of capital element of finance lease rentals	2	22
• •	606	3,219
Net funds at 30 September 2004	4,844	1,625
Net Julius at 30 September 2004		
Net funds at 30 September 2005	5,450	4,844
	2005	2004
	£000	£000
ANALYSIS OF NET FUNDS	£000	2000
Net cash at bank and in hand	6,028	5,643
Bank loans	(545)	(764)
Finance leases	(33)	(35)
	5,450	4,844
	J,400	7,044



# 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

The Group operates a profit sharing scheme which is based on the overall results of the Group and is a reward for staff loyalty. In view of the basis of this share of profit, the directors have modified the format of the Group Profit and Loss account and present it separately as a charge immediately above 'Profit before Tax'. The directors believe this presentation better reflects the nature of this benefit enjoyed by the employees of the Group and is required in order to show a true and fair view as permitted under Schedule 4 of the Companies Act 1985.

# Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Company and all subsidiary undertakings. Subsidiaries acquired in the year are accounted for by the acquisition method of accounting. Associated undertakings are shown in the consolidated balance sheet as the Groups share of tangible net assets and in the company balance sheet at cost of investment less impairment, if any.

As permitted by Section 230 of the Companies Act 1985, no profit and loss account is presented for the parent company.

Goodwill and Intangible Fixed Assets

Goodwill arising on acquisitions occurring since 1 October 1998 has been capitalised in the balance sheet and will be amortised through the profit and loss account over its useful economic life. Goodwill is amortised over three to fifteen years reflecting the directors' estimate of the useful economic life of each acquisition. Assets are written down when the carrying amount exceeds the estimated amount recoverable through use or sale.

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is written off against profits as it is incurred.

#### Investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provisions for impairment. A review for impairment is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an investment may not be recoverable. Any loss that arises as a result of such an impairment is recognised in the profit and loss account for the financial year in which it is incurred.

If, in the opinion of the directors, there has been a permanent diminution in value of a fixed asset investment, an appropriate provision is made.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of each asset evenly over its expected useful life to the business, as follows:

Freehold buildings and leasehold property/improvements 20 to	to 50 years
Test facilities 10	to 30 years
	5 years
Motor vehicles 4 to	o 10 years
Demonstration computer equipment 1 to	2 years
Scientific equipment used in harsh environments 3 years	ears
Other equipment 4 to	o 10 years

# 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition

A long term contract is defined as a contract entered into where the time taken to substantially complete the contract is such that the contract activity falls into more than one accounting period.

In accordance with UITF40 (Income recognition for service providers), contracts for services are accounted for as contract activity progresses and revenue is recognised to reflect the partial performance of contractual obligations. The amount recognised reflects any uncertainties as to the amount of revenue to be received. However, where the right to consideration does not arise until the occurrence of a critical event, revenue is not recognised until that event occurs.

These contracts are included in debtors at cost plus attributable profits estimated to be earned to date based on the stage of completion less provision for any known or anticipated losses and payments on account received. Where payments on account are in excess of turnover, these amounts are included in creditors.

Turnover represents the sales value (excluding value added tax) of services provided by the Group during the year, as adjusted for the opening and closing valuations of contracts.

#### Accruals and deferred income

Government grants on capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to profit over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments. Government grants to fund the business liabilities inherited on formation are credited to a deferred income account and are released to profit as the related costs are incurred, or on evidence that the liabilities will not crystallise. Project grants are released to profit over the life of the project to which they relate.

#### Taxation

Current tax, including UK Corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on material timing differences at the rate of taxation anticipated to apply when these differences crystallise. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in the taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements.

A deferred tax asset is only recognised when it is more likely than not that it will be recoverable in future. Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised have not been discounted.

#### Leases

Tangible fixed assets held under finance leases and the related lease obligations are recorded in the balance sheet at the fair value of the leased assets at the inception of the lease. The excesses of the lease payments over the recorded lease obligations are treated as finance charges which are amortised over each lease term to give a constant rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations. Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal amounts over the periods of the leases.

# 1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Foreign currencies

#### Company

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Group

On consolidation the assets and liabilities of overseas undertakings are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The results and cash flows for the period are translated at an average rate of exchange. The exchange difference arising on the retranslation of opening net assets, the differences on foreign currency borrowings, forward contracts and the exchange differences on the carrying amount of equity investments in foreign enterprises are taken directly to reserves. All other translation differences are taken to the profit and loss account

#### Pension costs

The Group operates various funded pension schemes that are established in accordance with local conditions and practices within the countries concerned. The principal UK fund is a defined benefit scheme. The amount charged to the profit & loss account in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost and expected returns on assets are included within other finance costs.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the balance sheet date are recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the group in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each balance sheet date. The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the group has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

Subsidiaries which operate defined contribution schemes charge an amount to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post retirement benefits equal to the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the balance sheet.

# 2. GROUP TURNOVER

The Group is a multi-disciplinary engineering and technology consultancy, specialising in design, support and risk and contract management. This consultancy is supported by a significant research investment. The main market areas are defence, energy, environment, marine surveying & insurance and transportation.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	2005	2004
	£000	£000
		restated
UK	42,094	41,456
North America	20,683	18,833
Other EU	5,575	5,131
Rest of the world	7,949_	5,781
	76,301	71,201

The impact of the change in accounting policy under UITF 40 has been to reduce turnover and profit before tax in the current year by £396,000 (2004 increase £35,000).

# 3. COSTS LESS OTHER INCOME

	2005 £000	2004 £000
	2000	restated
Charges/(credits):		
Changes in stocks and work in progress	29	-
Other operating income	(756)	(603)
Raw materials and consumables	9,284	8,629
Other external charges	14,479	14,069
Staff costs (note 6)	42,228	38,851
Depreciation and amortisation	2,495	2,120
Other operating charges	9,238	7,434
	76,997	70,500



# 4. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

This is stated after charging/(crediting):

		2005	2004
	Group:	£000	£000
	Auditors' remuneration:	4.40	40=
	Baker Tilly - audit services	112	107
	<ul> <li>non-audit services</li> </ul>	60	54
	Other Auditors - audit services	85	72
	<ul> <li>non-audit services</li> </ul>	33	18
	Operating lease rentals receivable:		
	- buildings	(12)	(12)
	Operating lease rentals payable:		
	- other equipment	123	189
	- buildings	1,539	1,534
	Exchange profit on foreign currency borrowings less deposits	38	(49)
	Amortisation of Government grants	8	8
	Depreciation on owned assets	1,150	1,135
	Depreciation on assets held under finance leases	7	7
	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	128	128
	Amortisation of goodwill	1,011	761
	Impairment of goodwill	206	89
	Company: Auditors' remuneration: - audit services - non-audit services	50 46	50 26
5.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION	2005	2004
		£000	£000
	Emoluments (excluding pension contributions)	1,047	1,031
	Highest paid director:		
	Aggregate emoluments	244	274
	Defined benefit pension scheme:		
	Accrued pension at end of year	11	65
	Addition pension at one or year		

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined benefit pension schemes amounted to 3 (2004:4).

6.	STAFF COSTS	2005	2004
		£000	£000
	Salaries	36,100	33,141
	Social security costs	2,808	2,680
	Pension and post retirement costs	3,320	3,030
		42,228	38,851
	BMT profit sharing scheme:		
	Wages and salaries	894	1,508
	Social security costs	106_	192
		43,228	40,551
	The average weekly number of employees during the year was r	nade up as fol	llows:
		2005 No.	2004
		No.	No.
	Scientific and technical	782	722
	Administrative and support	<u>165</u>	158
		947	880
7.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		2005	2004
		£000	£000
	Bank interest	216	224
•	INTEREST RAVARIES		
8.	INTEREST PAYABLE	2005	2004
		£000	£000
	Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans	45	26
	On finance leases	21	21
	Expected rate of return on pension scheme assets	(3,080)	(2,824)
	Interest on pension liabilities	3,240	2,999
		226	222

9.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Ourse at the co	2005 £000	2004 £000
	Current tax: UK corporation tax on results of period Share of associates tax Adjustments in respect of prior periods Foreign tax	(252) 8 - 652	(299) 101
		408	(190)
	Deferred tax: UK deferred tax Overseas deferred tax	(216) (192 <u>)</u>	10 (70)
	Total deferred tax	(408)	(60)
	Tax on result on ordinary activities	<u> </u>	(250)
	Factors affecting tax charge for the period		
	The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of Corporation tax in the UK (30%)		
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	38	477
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2004: 30%) Effects of:	11	143
	Items not deductible for tax purposes	277	186
	Short term timing differences	199	30
	Research & development tax credit	(355)	(321)
	Prior year adjustment Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	209	(258) (43)
	Tax losses	(23)	52
	Adjustment in respect of overseas tax rates	90	21
	Current tax charge (credit) for the period	408	(190)

Net book value at 30 September 2005

Net book value at 30 September 2004

10.

#### **INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS** Marine Design Goodwill Portfolio Total £000 000£ £000 Cost: 11,212 At 1 October 2004 9.292 1,920 Reduction in deferred consideration (550)(550)Exchange difference 13 13 At 30 September 2005 8,755 1,920 10,675 Amortisation: At 1 October 2004 1,916 192 2,108 Provided during the year 1,011 128 1,139 Impairment during year 206 206 Exchange difference 6 6 At 30 September 2004 3,139 320 3,459

The reduction in deferred consideration relates to two acquisitions:

James Dillon & Co – An amount of £50,000 was accrued and was due to be paid out to the former shareholders and related to the profits made by the company post-acquisition. The directors now believe that based upon the evidence of past trading performance the level of profitability required to activate the payment of deferred consideration will not be achieved in the required timescales.

5,616

7,376

1,600

1,728

7,216

9,104

Nigel Gee & Associates — The agreement with the former shareholders related to deferred consideration being paid on a mixture of profits and royalties received. Based upon trading conditions, the directors have reduced their estimate of deferred consideration payable from £1,000,000 from £500,000.

# 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS Group

	Freehold land and buildings £000	Leasehold properties & improvements £000	Motor Vehicles £000	Computers & Instruments £000	Other Equipment £000	Total £000
Cost at:	0.004	0.400	245	E 470	4 077	40 222
1.10.04	6,201	2,428	245	5,172 590	4,277 212	18,323 802
Additions Disposals	-	-	(21)	(89)	(86)	(196)
Exchange fluctuations	3_	24	(5)	84	114	220_
At 30.9.05	6,204	2,452	219	5,757	4,517	19,149
Depreciation:						
1.10.04 Provided	1,616	1,095	168	4,179	3,444	10,502
during year	171	157	17	517	295	1,157
Disposals	-	-	(18)	(88)	(73)	(179)
Exchange fluctuations	1	25	(4)	78	80	180_
At 30.9.05	1,788	1,277	163	4,686	3,746	11,660
Net book valu	е					
At 30.9.05	4,416	1,175	56	1,071	771	7,489
			<del>"</del>			
At 30.9.04	4,585	1,333	77	993	833	7,821

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £363,000 (2004: £371,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

# 11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (Continued) Company

	Freehold land and buildings £000	Leasehold properties & improvements £000	Motor Vehicles £000	Computers & Instruments £000	Other equipment £000	Total £000
Cost at:	C 052	4 707	4.4	400	640	Q E 44
1.10.04	6,053	1,727	11	108 45	642 13	8,541 58
Additions Disposals	-	-	(11)	(14)	13	(25)
Disposais			(11)	(17)		(20)
At 30.9.05	6,053	1,727	-	139	655	8,574
Depreciation 1.10.04 Provided during year Disposals	1,611 1,611 167	574 64 -	8 - (8)	85 25 (17)	543 36	2,821 292 (25)
At 30.9.05	1,778	638	-	93	579	3,088
Net book va At 30.9.05		1,089	-	46	76	5,486
At 30.9.04	4,442	1,153	3	23	99_	5,720

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £363,000 (2004: £371,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

# 12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Group	Managed Fund £000	Listed Investments £000	Bank deposits £000	Total £000
Cost: At 1 October 2004 Additions Disposals	19,457 1,717	6,097 40	961 46 -	26,515 1,803 -
At 30 September 2005	21,174	6,137	1,007	28,318
Provisions: At 1 October 2004 Released during year	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>
At 30 September 2005			<del>-</del>	
Net book value At 30 September 2005	21,174	6,137	1,007	28,318
At 30 September 2004	19,457	6,097	961	26,515

The managed fund represents two portfolios of readily marketable interest bearing securities held under management by Schroder Investment Management International Limited and Brewin Dolphin Securities Limited.

The market value of the managed fund at 30 September 2005 was £21,297,000 (2004: £19,568,000). The market value of the listed investments at 30 September 2005 was £6,723,000 (2004: £6,116,000)

The bank deposit of £1,007,000 is secured on a deed of charge dated 20 February 1987 in favour of ex Civil Servants employed within the Group.

In addition to the above investments, the Group also participates in associated undertakings as follows:

	£'000
Associates:	
Cost:	
At 1 October 2004	65
Additions	103
Share of profits and losses	(85)
Dividends paid	(7)
At 30 September 2005	76

# 12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (Continued) Company

	Managed Fund £000	Listed Investments £000	Bank Deposits £000	Subsidiary Undertakings £000	Associates £000	Total £000
Cost:	10.457	6 007	961	22,984	284	49,783
At 1 October 2004 Additions	19,457 1,717	6,097 40	46	1,190	123	3,116
At 30 September 2005	21,174	6,137	1,007	24,174	_407	52,899
Provisions: At 1 October 2004 Charge for year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	3,259	72 124	3,331 124
At 30 September 2005				3,259	196	3,455
Net book value: At 30 September 2005	21,174	6,137	1,007	20,915	211	49,444
At 30 September 2004	19,457	6,097	961	19,725	212	46,452

The managed fund represents a portfolio of readily marketable interest bearing securities held under management by Schroder Investment Management International Limited and Brewin Dolphin Securities Limited.

The market value of the managed fund at 30 September 2005 was £21,297,000 (2004: £19,568,000).

The market value of the listed investments at 30 September 2005 was £6,723,000 (2004: £6,116,000)

The bank deposit of £1,007,000 is secured on a deed of charge dated 20 February 1987 in favour of ex Civil Servants employed within the Group.



# 12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The directors consider that to give full particulars of all subsidiary undertakings would lead to a statement of excessive length. The following information relates to those subsidiary undertakings whose results or financial position, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the figures of the Group:

Subsidiary undertakings	Country of Registration/ incorporation	Holding	Proportion held	Nature of Business
Name of company				
BMT Asia Pacific Ltd	Hong Kong	Ordinary	100%	Maritime consultancy
BMT Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	Singapore	Ordinary	100%	Maritime consultancy
BMT Asia Environment Ltd	Hong Kong	Ordinary	100%	Environmental consultancy
BMT Cordah Ltd	Scotland	Ordinary and Preference	100%	Environmental consultancy
BMT Defence Services Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Services to the defence industry
BMT Entech Inc	USA	Ordinary	100%	Environmental consultancy
BMT Fluid Mechanics Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary and Preference	100%	Fluid and structural mechanics consultancy
BMT Marine Projects Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Procurement and contract management services for the marine industry
BMT Murray Fenton Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Maritime litigation consultancy services
BMT Nigel Gee and Associates Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary and Preference	100%	Naval architectural services
BMT Reliability Consultants Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary and Preference	100%	Reliability life cycle costing and safety services
BMT Salvage Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary and Preference	100%	Marine Hull and machinery casualty surveying



12.	FIXED ASSE	T INVESTMENTS	(Continued)

FIXED ASSET INVEST		cuj		
Subsidiary undertakings	Country of Registration/ incorporation	Holding	Proportion held	Nature of Business
Name of company				
BMT SeaTech Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Specialist consultancy services for commercial shipping
BMT SHIPDESIGN Ltd	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Naval architectural and marine engineering services
BMT Designers & Planners Inc	USA	Common stock	100%*	Ship engineering and environmental services
BMT Transport Solutions GmbH	Germany	Ordinary	100%	Inter-modal transport
BMT Fleet Technology Ltd	Canada	Ordinary	100%*	Specialist consultancy
BMT Scientific Marine Services Inc.	USA	Common stock	100%*	Marine and offshore consultancy
BMT de Beer BV	Netherlands	Ordinary	100%	Marine surveying
Syntek Technologies Inc	USA	Common stock	100%*	Defence consultancy
BMT Maritime Consultants (Pty) Ltd	Australia	Ordinary	60%	Port consultancy
Associated Prism Risk Management Ltd ***	England and Wales	Ordinary and Preference	40% **	Risk management products for the health market
Argoss BV	Netherlands	Ordinary	20%	Earth observation consultancy
Info@Sea pte Ltd	Singapore	Ordinary	33%*	Solutions for the marine electronic highway.

<sup>\*</sup> Held by subsidiary undertaking.
\*\* Part held by subsidiary undertaking
\*\*\* Prism Risk Management Ltd is now in administration

# 13. DEBTORS

	Gt	roup	Company	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year:		restated		
Trade debtors	19,839	16,092	596	621
Amounts owed by subsidiary				
undertakings	-	-	1,230	1,743
Amounts owed by associated				
undertakings	156	-	-	-
Amounts recoverable on contracts	7,584	8,168	276	391
Other debtors	1,802	1,125	234	294
Corporation tax	72	213	72	80
Prepayments and accrued income	1,145	1,060	123	110
	30,598	26,658	2,531	3,239
Amounts falling due after more than				
one year:				
Amounts owed by subsidiary				
undertakings	-	-	3,375	2,799
Other debtors	692	338		-
Prepayments and accrued income	-	19		
Pension prepayment		-	1,250	1,250
				1010
	692	357	4,625	4,049

Included within other debtors is an amount of £645,000 in respect of deferred tax recoverable in more than one year (see note 18)

# 14. CASH

Group	2005 £000	2005 Change In year £000	2004 £000	2004 Change In year £000	2003 £000
Analysis of balances: Cash at bank and in hand	11,753	1,805	9,948	2,698	7,250
Bank overdrafts	_(5,725)	(1,420)	(4,305)	663	(4,968)
At 30 September 2005	6,028	385	5,643	3,361	2,282
				2005 £000	2004 £000
Changes during the year: At 1 October 2004				5,643	2,282
Net cash inflow / (outflow)	ı			385	3,361_
At 30 September 2005			_	6,028	5,643

# 15. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	Notes	Gro	oup	Company	
		2005	2004	2005	2004
		£000	£000	£000	£000
			restated		
D. J. vederfi		E 70E	4 205		
Bank overdraft	4.7	5,725	4,305	500	490
Short term bank loan	17	545	749	528	489
Obligations under finance leases		7	/		-
Income in advance of work in progress		10,052	7,012	427	310
Trade creditors		7,519	5,256	108	327
Amounts owed to subsidiary					
undertakings		_	_	2,457	1,063
Corporation tax		399	253	-	-
Other taxation and social security		1,890	1,219	542	520
Other creditors		2,889	2,994	1,396	598
BMT profit sharing scheme		1,000	1,700	121	235
Accrued charges		3,645	4,162	648	817
	,	33,671	27,657	6,227	4,359

# 16. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

Between one and five years

	Group		Company	
	2005 £000	2004 £000	2005 £000	2004 £000
	1,000	2000	2000	2000
Bank Loans	-	15	-	-
Obligations under finance leases	26	28	10	20
Other creditors	<u>661</u>	1,295	500	1,000
	687	1,338	510	1,020
The net finance lease obligations to which th	e aroup is co	ommitted are	, <b>.</b>	
The net mance lease obligations to which the	c group is oc	Annaca are	•	
			2005	2004
			£000	£000
In one year or less			7	7
m and year or rese			00	20

26

33

28

35

# 17. LOANS

	Group 2005 2004 £000 £000		Con 2005 £000	npany 2004 £000
Repayable within one year Repayable between 1 – 2 years	545	749 15	528 	489
	545	764	528	489
Analysis of changes in group loan financir	ng during th	e year:	2005 £000	2004 £000
At 1 October 2004			764	600
New loans Repayment of loans			(219)	190 (26)
At 30 September 2005			545	764



### 18. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

Deferred Taxation	2005 £000	2004 £000 restated
Group Balance at 1 October 2004 Transfer from profit and loss Reclassified Exchange differences	(298) (408) 48 13	(111) (30) (157)
Balance at 30 September 2005	(645)	(298)
	2005 £000	2004 £000
Provision for deferred tax has been made as follows:		
Short term timing differences Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(436) (209)	(212) (86)
Provision for deferred tax	(645)	(298)
The above deferred tax asset is shown in debtors		Deferred Taxation £000
Company Balance at 1 October 2004 Transfer from profit and loss		365 (150)
Balance at 30 September 2005		215

The above provision relates to short term timing differences

# 19. ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME

Accruals and deferred income comprise cash grants for fixed asset additions upon formation of BMT Limited from the Department of Trade and Industry. The movements during the year have been as follows:

£000

# **Group and Company**

	2000
At 1 October 2004 Amounts released to profit and loss account	241 (8)
At 30 September 2005	233_

20.	RESERVES			
	Group	Pension	Profit & loss	Total
		reserve	reserve	
		£000	£000	£000
	At 1 October 2004 – previously reported	_	51,443	51,443
	Prior year adjustment (note 27)	(11,487)	(138)	(11,625)
	At 1 October 2004 - restated	(11,487)	51,305	39,818
	Retained profit for the year	<del></del>	43	43
	Transfers in relation to pensions	(52)	52	-
	Exchange translation gain	- · ·	200	200
	Net pension movements	(980)	-	(980)
	At 30 September 2005	(12,519)	51,600	39,081

There remains an accumulated amount of goodwill written off directly to reserves of £3,073,000. This goodwill relates to the purchases of Designers & Planners Inc, Reliability Consultants Limited and Scientific Marine Services Inc.

Company At 1 October 2004 Retained profit for the year	54,672 968
At 30 September 2005	55,640

# 21. SHARE CAPITAL

The company is limited by guarantee without share capital.

#### 22. CONSTITUTION AND CONTROL

Within BMT Limited there are two classes of member with the following rights:-

Type of Member	Number of Votes	Interest
Ordinary	None	Non equity
Trustee of the EBT	1 vote each	Equity – on behalf of the EBT only

In accordance with the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, any surplus of assets, up to £30 million plus indexation based on RPI from September 1998 (£35.2 million at 30 September 2005), on a winding up must first be paid to such university or universities in the United Kingdom or, failing that, such charitable institutions as the Trustees may determine, and any remaining assets will be paid to the beneficiaries of the Employee Benefit Trust. No ordinary member shall have any entitlement to share in the profits or surplus assets of the company.

The company is in the ultimate control of the Trustees of the Employee Benefit Trust, in beneficial ownership for all employees.

#### 23. LEASING COMMITMENTS

The annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Land and	i Buildings		Other	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Group					
Operating leases which expire:					
Within one year	523	680	106	141	
In the second to fifth years inclusive	864	885	190	129	
Over five years	595	309	1	11_	
Company					
Operating leases which expire:					
Within one year	-	-	9	6	
In the second to fifth years inclusive	225	97	5	12	
Over five years	<u> </u>	118			

#### 24. PENSION COMMITMENTS

24a The Group operates a number of pension schemes throughout the world, the most significant one being the BMT Pension and Life Assurance Scheme ("The BMT Scheme") which is a defined benefit scheme.

Contributions to defined benefit schemes are based on advice from independent actuaries using actuarial methods, the objective of which is to provide adequate funds to meet pension liabilities as they fall due.

# A summary of the defined benefit schemes is as follows:

#### The BMT Scheme

A majority of UK employees are members of the BMT Scheme. Company contributions to the pension scheme have been set at 16% and these are matched on a 2:1 ratio by employees.

The date of the last actuarial valuation was 6 April 2003.

### **BMT Salvage Limited Schemes**

The UK support staff participate in a multi-employer scheme with Lloyds of London. The latest actuarial valuation of the Scheme was at 31 March 2004 and company contributions have been set at 27%.

As the company is unable to identify on a consistent and reliable basis, its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme, the figures do not form part of these accounts.

The USA staff participate in a defined benefit scheme "BMT Salvage" where the latest actuarial valuation was carried out at 1 January 2001. Contributions are currently being paid to the scheme at £35,000 per annum and the scheme has been closed to new members. The deficit on this scheme is £970,000.

24b The latest actuarial valuations of the defined benefit schemes have been updated by independent qualified actuaries in order to assess the assets and liabilities of the schemes at 30 September 2005 for the purposes of FRS17. Scheme assets are stated at their market value at 30 September 2005.

	2005	2004	2003
	£000	£000	£000
Total market value of assets Present value of schemes' liabilities Deficit in Schemes	51,666	41,525	37,076
	(69,730)	(58,162)	(56,133)
	(18,064)	(16,637)	(19,057)
Related deferred tax asset	5,545	5,150	5,903
Net pension deficit	(12,519)	(11,487)	(13,154)

24c

	BMT Scheme			BMT Salvage		
Main assumptions for FRS 17 purposes	2005	2004	2003	2005	2004	2003
Rate of increase in salaries	4.4%	4.5%	4.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Rate of increase in pensions	3.4%	3.4%	3.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
in payment Discount rate	5.0%	5.5%	5.3%	5.4%	5.4%	5.4%
Inflation assumption	2.9%	3.0%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Rate of increase to deferred pensions	2.9%	3.0%	2.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

The assets in the BMT Scheme at 30 September 2005 total £45,350,000 (2004: £35,540,000) of which £44,900,000 (2004: £35,130,000) is invested in the With Profits Cash Accumulation Policy issued by Prudential Assurance Co. Ltd. The long-term rate of return expected at 30 September 2005 is 7.2%. The spread of the assets within the Cash Accumulation Policy and the BMT Salvage USA scheme is estimated as follows:

		BMT Scheme		BMT Salvage		
	2005	2004	2003	2005	2004	2003
Equities	58%	48%	45%	70%	69%	57%
Bonds and Cash	26%	34%	38%	30%	31%	43%
Properties	16%	18%	17%	0%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

24d				
	Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit	2005	2004	2003
		£000	£000	£000
	Service cost	2,800	2,610	2,160_
	Total operating charge	2,800	2,610	2,160
	Analysis of the net return on pension schemes	2005 £000	2004 £000	2003 £000
	Expected rate of return on pension schemes'	3,080	2,824	2,378
	assets Interest on pension liabilities	(3,240)	(2,999)	(2,309)
	<u>-</u>	_(160)	(175)	69
0.4	And the second s	_		
24 <del>e</del>	Analysis of amount that would be recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses			
		2005 £'000	2004 £'000	2003 £'000
	Actual return less expected return of assets	4,618	71	2,134
	Experience gains and losses on liabilities Changes in assumptions	(1,067) (4,830)	1,371 1,140	(1,500) (6,430)
	Actual amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses	(1,279)	2,582	(5,796)
24f	Movement in deficit during the year			0000
		2005 £'000	2004 £000	2003 £'000
	Deficit in schemes at beginning of year	(16,637)	(19,057)	(13,185)
	Movement in year: Current service cost	(2,800)	(2,610)	(2,160)
	Contributions Net return on interest cost	2,864 (160)	2,550 (175)	1,788 69
	Actuarial (loss) / gain Exchange (loss) / gain	(1,279) (52)	2,582 73	(5,796) 227
	Gross deficit in schemes at end of year	(18,064)	(16,637)	(19,057)
	Oross denoit in somethos at end or year	(10,004)	(10,001)	(10,001)

24g History of experience gains and losses	2005 £'000	2004 £000	2003 £'000
Difference between expected and actual return			
on schemes' assets: amount (£'000)	4,618	71	2,134
Percentage of schemes' assets	9.1%	0.2%	5.8%
Experience gains and losses on plan liabilities:			
amount (£'000)	(1,067)	1,371	(1,500)
Percentage of schemes' liabilities	(1.5%)	(2.4%)	2.7%
Total amount recognised in statement of total			
Recognised gains and losses:			
amount (£'000)	(1,279)	2,582	(5,796)
Percentage of schemes' liabilities	1.7%	(4.4%)	10.3%

# The company

The company accounts for pension costs in accordance with FRS 17 on retirement benefits. In accordance with the standard, the company treats contributions to defined benefits schemes as if they were contributions to a defined contribution plan. This is because the underlying assets and liabilities of the defined benefit schemes cover a number of the groups UK undertakings and cannot readily be split between each undertaking on a consistent and reliable basis.

# **DEFINED CONTRIBUTION SCHEMES**

A number of subsidiary companies operate a mixture of state and private defined contribution schemes. Contributions to these schemes during the year amounted to £456,000 (2004:£420,000).

# 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

BMT Limited has provided a guarantee to Barclays Bank plc in respect of overdraft facilities granted to the subsidiary undertakings. The amount guaranteed, as at 30 September 2005 was £5,442,000. The guarantee is unsecured.

# 26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with subsidiary companies where over 90% of the voting rights of that subsidiary are controlled within the Group have been eliminated on consolidation in the Group accounts. In accordance with FRS 8, these transactions have not been separately disclosed.

During the year the group sold intellectual property with a value of £395,000 to Info @ Sea Pte Limited, a company in which the group has a 33% holding. The group also provided management services to the value of £92,000. At the year end Info @ Sea Limited owed the group £295,000.

# 27. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT - UITF 40

The company has adopted UITF 40 Revenue Recognition and Service Contracts in the accounts for the year ended 30 September 2005.

The impact on the results for the prior periods has been as follows:

Net effect	24	568	592
Taxation	(11)	(242)	(253)
Turnover	35	810	845
	2004 £000	Prior Periods £000	Total £000

The impact on the current year has been to reduce turnover and profit before tax by £396,000.

The balance sheet impact has been to reallocate Work in progress to amounts recoverable on contracts with an increase for the profit amounts shown above.

### 28. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT - FRS17

The application of FRS 17 (Retirement Benefits) has reduced the 2004 balance sheet for debtors by £1,350,000 and decreased creditors by £307,000. The related deferred tax movement amounted to £313,000 and the net movement to the profit and loss account was a reduction of £730,000.

The impact upon the results of the company before tax has to reduce profit for the current year by £60,000 and for the prior year by £144,000.

The pension liability as shown by note 24 above has been brought into the financial statements as a result of this adjustment.