Registrar of Companies

ACCESS KEYBOARDS LIMITED DIRECTOR'S REPORT

DIRECTOR:

R.R.G. Wylie

SECRETARY:

L. Nelhams

REGISTERED OFFICE: Unit 18,

Suttons Business Park,

Earley, Reading, RG6 1AZ.

COMPANY NUMBER:

1873263

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st December, 1995.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company's principal activity continues to be that of the design and manufacture of electronic keyboards.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

1995 showed continued growth, with turnover and margins stabilising after rapid increases in 1994.

The company intends to continue its two-pronged strategy in the U.K. of providing solutions for customised keyboard problems and design wins for specialist bar-code and printer products in the retail, industrial, broadcast and banking sectors.

The company is seeking to exploit export opportunities for its custom keyboard products by the appointment of overseas agents and development of multi-national accounts.

DIVIDENDS

The director recommends the payment of a dividend of £125 per ordinary share.

DIRECTORS

The director did not have a beneficial interest in the share capital of the company during the year under review, as required to be recorded in the Register of Directors' Interests under Section 325 Companies Act 1985.

The interests of the director in the company's parent undertaking, is shown in the financial statements of that company.



ACCESS KEYBOARDS LIMITED DIRECTOR'S REPORT

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint Messrs. Bright Grahame Murray, Chartered Accountants, of 124/130, Seymour Place, London, WlH 6AA., as auditors of the company will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the board, taking advantage of special exemptions available to small companies.

By order of the Board

Secretary

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REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF ACCESS KEYBOARDS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 12 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 6 and 7.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December, 1995 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 applicable to small companies.

124/130, Seymour Place, London, WIH 6AA. 17th May, 1996 BRIGHT GRAHAME MURRAY Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

ACCESS KEYBOARDS LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1995

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>1995</u> £	£	<u>199</u> £	<u>4</u> £
Turnover Cost of sales	2		,921,515 ,250,772		1,875,715 1,226,368
Gross profit			670,743		649,347
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Research and development		190,152 226,216 65,226		179,018 300,187 53,498	
			481,594		532,703
OPERATING PROFIT	3		189,149		116,644
Interest	4		(15,516)		20,722
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			173,633		137,366
Tax on ordinary activities	5		42,368		22,628
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCI YEAR	AL		131,265		114,738
Retained profit brought forward Dividends	6	555,187 250,000		440,449	
5			305,187		440,449
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED FORWARD			436,452		555,187
			***====		======

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains or losses other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The attached notes 1 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

ACCESS KEYBOARDS LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1995

	<u>Notes</u>	£ 19	995 £	£ 19	9 <u>94</u> £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		39,387		44,307
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	56,076 1,070,946 299,503 1,426,525		57,646 919,599 297,654 1,274,899	
<pre>CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year</pre>	9	729,194		394,152	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			697,331		880,747
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			736,718		925,054
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		199,679 537,039		246,777 678,277
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	11	·	98,587 438,452		121,090 557,187
			======		52 5 255
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12		2,000 <u>436,452</u>		2,000 555,187
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	13		438,452		557,187
			======		======

The director has relied on special exemptions available to small companies on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company by virtue of Section 247 of the Companies Act 1985.

.....Director

Approved on 17th May 1996

The attached notes $1\ \text{to}\ 17$ form part of these financial statements.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF ACCOUNTS

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

TURNOVER

Turnover is invoiced sales less returns exclusive of value added tax.

LEASED ASSETS

Where assets are financed by hire purchase agreements, the assets are treated as if they had been purchased. The present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term is capitalised as a tangible asset and the corresponding leasing commitment is included as a liability. Rentals payable are apportioned between interest which is charged to the profit and loss account, and capital which reduces the outstanding commitment.

Operating lease rentals are written off as incurred.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and equipment - 30% of cost per annum Motor vehicles - 30% of cost per annum Fixtures and fittings - 30% of cost per annum

STOCKS

Stock and work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cost includes all direct expenditure and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred.

WARRANTY PROVISION

Provision is made for claims which may arise under the warranty clause of the standard sales contract and are estimated to be incurred in the following year.

All costs and expenses arising are taken to the profit and loss account.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method on all timing differences except where no liability is likely to arise in the future.

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

PENSION COSTS

Retirement benefits to employees' defined contribution schemes are funded by contributions from employees and the company. Payments are made to pension trusts which are financially separate from the company. The company's contributions charged to the profit and loss account are calculated on the basis of periodic valuations in accordance with established actuarial practice to fund the accruing liabilities on a continuing basis.

CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other instruments are classified as liabilities if they contain an obligation to transfer economic benefits and if they are not included in shareholders' funds. The finance cost recognised in the profit and loss account in respect of capital instruments other than equity shares is allocated to periods over the term of the instrument at a constant rate on the carrying amount.

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and pre-tax profit are attributable to the principal activity of the company.

During the year the company exported 15% of its turnover (1994: 7%).

3.	OPERATING PROFIT	<u>1995</u> £	<u>1994</u> £
	This is stated after charging or (crediting):		
	Directors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:	78,289 6,250	78,832 5,000
	- owned by the company - held under finance leases Profit on disposal of fixed assets Pension costs Interest element of finance leases Operating lease rentals Equipment hire	16,608 10,331 (3,580) 21,046 1,488 50,224 4,556	20,714 5,698 (2,100) 13,058 396 20,213 925
		=====	=====
4.	INTEREST		
	Group loan interest receivable Bank interest receivable Other interest receivable	8,560 376	17,047 11,461
	Bank interest payable Hire purchase interest Other interest payable	8,936 (22,866) (1,488) <u>(98</u>)	28,508 (7,390) (396)
		(15,516)	20,722
		=====	======
5.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Based on the results for the year:		
	U.K. Corporation tax at 26% (1994: 25%)	42,368	22,628
		=====	=====
	At 31st December, 1995 the company had no potential liability.	deferred tax	
6.	DIVIDENDS	1995 £	<u>1994</u> £
	Proposed dividend payable of £125 per share (1994: £Nil)	250,000	
		= #====	==

7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Plant and equipment	Motor <u>vehicles</u>	Fixtures and <u>fittings</u>	<u>Total</u>
	Cost:	£	£	£	£
	At 1st January, 1995 Additions Disposals	42,965 9,917 <u>(4,768</u>)	78,347 15,440 (9,500)	900 - 	122,212 25,357 (14,268)
	At 31st December, 1995	48,114	84,287	900	133,301
	Depreciation:				
	At 1st January, 1995 Provided during the year Disposals	23,555 11,156 (1,430)	53,810 15,513 (9,500)	540 270 —	77,905 26,939 (<u>10,930</u>)
	At 31st December, 1995	33,281	59,823	810	93,914
	Net book value:				
	At 31st December, 1995	14,833	24,464	90	39,387
		=====	=====	===	=====
	Net book value:				
	At 31st December, 1994	19,410	24,537	360	44,307
		=====	=====	===	=====

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes £17,678 (1994: £13,297) in respect of assets held under hire purchase contracts.

8.	DEBTORS	<u>1995</u> £	<u>1994</u> £
	Amount due from parent undertaking Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	650,761 390,340 29,845	621,225 252,965 45,409
		1,070,946	919,599
		========	======

Of the amount due from the parent undertaking £558,000 is repayable after more than one year.

0	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	<u>1995</u> f	<u>1994</u> £
9.		50,000	12,500
	Bank loan (secured - see Note 10) Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Trade creditors Current corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs Accruals Proposed dividends	10,892 263,207 42,368 50,533 62,194 250,000	5,774 214,846 22,628 44,059 94,345
		729,194	394,152
		=====	=====
10.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Bank loan (secured - see Note below)	187,500	237,500
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	12,179	9,277
		199,679	246,777
		======	======
	The bank loan bears interest at a rate of 2.5% over repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets.	base rate ar nd floating	nd is charge
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a	base rate ar nd floating	nd is charge
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets.	base rate ar nd floating <u>1995</u> £	nd is charge <u>1994</u> £
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets.	nd floating	nd is charge <u>1994</u> £
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets. Analysis of repayments:	nd floating	1994 £
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets. Analysis of repayments: Bank loan: Between one and two years	nd floating 1995 £ 50,000	1994 £
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets. Analysis of repayments: Bank loan: Between one and two years	1995 £ 50,000 137,500	1994 £ 50,000 187,500
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets. Analysis of repayments: Bank loan: Between one and two years Between two and five years	1995 £ 50,000 137,500	1994 £ 50,000 187,500
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets. Analysis of repayments: Bank loan: Between one and two years Between two and five years Finance leases and hire purchase contracts: Between one and two years	1995 £ 50,000 137,500 187,500 7,859	1994 £ 50,000 187,500 237,500 7,257
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets. Analysis of repayments: Bank loan: Between one and two years Between two and five years Finance leases and hire purchase contracts: Between one and two years	1995 £ 50,000 137,500 187,500 7,859 4,320	1994 £ 50,000 187,500 237,500 7,257 2,020
	repayable by instalments and is secured by a fixed a over the company's assets. Analysis of repayments: Bank loan: Between one and two years Between two and five years Finance leases and hire purchase contracts: Between one and two years	1995 £ 50,000 137,500 187,500 7,859 4,320	1994 £ 50,000 187,500 237,500 7,257 2,020

11.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	<u>1995</u> £	<u>1994</u> £
	Warranty Repairs:		
	At 1st January, 1995 Released during the year Provided during the year	121,090 (49,536) 27,033	70,810 - 50,280
	At 31st December, 1995	98,587	121,090
		======	======
12.	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorised		
	100,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Allotted, issued and fully paid		======
	2,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	2,000	2,000
		====	====
13.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
	(Loss)/profit retained for the year Shareholders' funds at 1st January, 1995	(118,735) 557,187	114,738 442,449
	Shareholders' funds at 31st December, 1995	438,452	557,187
		=== ===	

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has guaranteed all monies owed to 3i Plc by its parent undertaking, amounting to £330,000 as at 31st December, 1995. These monies are secured by fixed and floating charges over all the assets of the company.

15. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the year end the company had capital commitments not provided for in these accounts as follows:-

Authorized by the director but how some warrant	, =====	#===##
Authorised by the director but not contracted for	50,000	40,000
	<u>1995</u> £	<u>1994</u> £

16. OTHER COMMITMENTS

At 31st December, 1995 the company had the following annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases expiring as follows:

After more than five years 64,500 64,500		<u>Land and</u> 1995 £	building 1994 £
	After more than five years	64,500	64,500

17. PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's parent undertaking is A.K. Capital Investments Limited, a company incorporated in England.