

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** JH Greasley

CJ Greasley

Secretary G Hairs

Company number 01868974

Registered office Dove Flatts Farm

Barrow Hill Rocester Staffs ST14 5BX

Accountants Newby Castleman LLP

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Leicester LE1 7LT

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# BALANCE SHEET

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

			7	2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		210,840		219,105
Current assets					
Debtors	4	266,140		250,138	
Cash at bank and in hand		414,251		311,019	
		680,391		561,157	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(245,104)		(152,237)	
•					
Net current assets			435,287		408,920
Total assets less current liabilities			646,127		628,025
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	6		(53,021)		(51,143)
Provisions for liabilities			(34,559)		(25,064)
Net assets			558,547		551,818
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		15,000		15,000
Profit and loss reserves			543,547		536,818
Total equity			558,547		551,818

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 March 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

JH Greasley **Director** 

Company Registration No. 01868974

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

John Greasley Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office and place of business is given in the company information page of these financial statements.

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for golf course construction and landscape contracting net of VAT and trade discounts.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements

Plant and machinery

25% per annum on cost

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

Loose tools

Motor Vehicles

Over the life of the lease
25% per annum on cost
10% or 20% per annum on cost
20% per annum on cost
25% per annum on cost

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit is estimated and compared to the carrying amount in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

#### 1.9 Employee benefits

When employees have rendered service to the company, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

#### 1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.11 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 12 (2016 - 12).

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible lixed assets	Land and buildingsna	Total	
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2017	23,620	1,151,311	1,174,931
Additions	-	141,212	141,212
Disposals	-	(108,383)	(108,383)
At 31 December 2017	23,620	1,184,140	1,207,760
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 January 2017	23,620	932,206	955,826
Depreciation charged in the year	-	134,104	134,104
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(93,010)	(93,010)
At 31 December 2017	23,620	973,300	996,920
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2017	-	210,840	210,840
At 31 December 2016		219,105	219,105

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	255,169	239,615
	Other debtors	10,971	10,523
		266,140	250,138
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	-	4,023
	Trade creditors	76,872	31,945
	Corporation tax	11,327	-
	Other taxation and social security	68,650	50,675
	Other creditors	88,255	65,594 ———
		245,104 	152,237 ———
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
•	croaterot ameante family and after the order and offer your	2017	2016
		£	£
	Other creditors	53,021	51,143
7	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid 11,251 Ordinary 'A' Shares of £1 each	11,251	11,251
	2,998 Ordinary 'B' Shares of £1 each	2,998	2,998
	751 Ordinary 'C' Shares of £1 each	(51	751
	751 Ordinary 'C' Shares of £1 each	751 ———	751 ———

#### 8 Directors' transactions

Dividends totalling £94,589 (2016 - £39,200) were paid in the year in respect of shares held by the company's directors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.