DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

Company Registration No. 01867923 (England and Wales)

SATURDAY



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Mr D I Horrocks

Company number 01867923

Registered office Jubilee Drive

Loughborough Leicestershire LE115TW

Auditors Duncan Sheard Glass

Castle Chambers 43 Castle Street

Liverpool L2 9TL

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DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

The director presents his report and financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2013.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the period was the manufacture of external wall insulation and concrete repair and protection systems.

Director

The following director has held office since 1 December 2012:

Mr D I Horrocks

Auditors

The auditors, Duncan Sheard Glass, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the director has taken all the necessary steps that he ought to have taken as director in order to make himself aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

> Worrochs

Mr D I Horrocks

Director

16 June 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF PERMAROCK PRODUCTS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Permarock Products Limited for the year ended 30 November 2013 set out on pages 4 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 1, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 November 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF PERMAROCK PRODUCTS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the director's report and from preparing a strategic report.

Je COC

Jean Ellis BA FCA CTA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Duncan Sheard Glass

16 June 2014

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Castle Chambers 43 Castle Street Liverpool L2 9TL

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover		5,195,697	6,048,934
Cost of sales		(3,822,275)	(4,377,069)
Gross profit		1,373,422	1,671,865
Administrative expenses (including exceedange of £nil (2012: £525,000))	eptional management	(986,828)	(1,796,008)
Operating profit/(loss)	2	386,594	(124,143)
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(22,336)	(10,669)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	· ·	364,258	(134,812)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	4	22,734	33,147
Profit/(loss) for the year	15	386,992	(101,665)
			

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2013

2013 £	2012 £
386,992	(101,665)
	116 006
-	116,886
-	168,000
_	(168,000)
	(100,000)
386,992	15,221
2013 £	2012 £
364,258	(134,812)
1,164	
365,422	(134,812)
	£ 386,992 386,992 386,992 1,164

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

		20	13	20	12
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	6		4		4
Tangible assets	7		659,346		691,256
			659,350		691,260
Current assets				-	
Stocks	8	109,525		152,427	
Debtors	9	1,398,676		1,889,477	
Cash at bank and in hand		629,533		721,706	
		2,137,734		2,763,610	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(1,051,384)		(1,772,374)	
Net current assets			1,086,350		991,236
Total assets less current liabilities			1,745,700		1,682,496
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(391,057)		(472,077)
			1,354,643 ————		1,210,419 ======
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		389,265		389,265
Share premium account	15		5,800		5,800
Revaluation reserve	15		114,548		116,886
Other reserves	15		23,135		23,135
Profit and loss account	15		821,895		675,333
Shareholders' funds	16		1,354,643		1,210,419

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 16 June 2014

Mr D I Horrocks

Director

Company Registration No. 01867923

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.4 Goodwil

Acquired goodwill is written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated useful economic life.

1.5 Patents

Patents are valued at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost in equal annual instalments over their estimated useful lives.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings Leasehold

2% straight line

Plant and machinery

15% reducing balance and 20% straight line

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

10% straight line

The part of the annual depreciation charge on revalued assets which relates to the revaluation surplus is transferred from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

1.7 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.8 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis, and includes all direct costs incurred and attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete.slow moving or defective items where appropriate.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.9 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.10 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted. No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value as the company does not intend to sell the revalued assets.

1.11 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

2	Operating profit/(loss)	2013	2012
		£	£
	Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	33,018	32,205
	Loss on foreign exchange transactions	13,007	-
	Operating lease rentals		
	- Plant and machinery	76,955	82,497
	- Other assets	18,601	18,561
	Auditors' remuneration (including expenses and benefits in kind)	13,260	12,000
	and after crediting:		,
	Profit on foreign exchange transactions	-	(2,590)
	·	=	
3	Interest payable	2013	2012
•		£	£
		•	~
	Included in interest payable is the following amount:		
	Hire purchase interest	-	5,414

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

4	Taxation	2013 £	2012 £
	Domestic current year tax	L	L
	Adjustment for prior years	-	(6,144)
	Total current tax	-	(6,144)
	Deferred tax		
		,734)	(27,003)
	(22	,734)	(33,147)
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation 364	,258	(134,812) ======
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate		
		,422	(32,355)
	Effects of:		
	·	,476	822
	·	,840	1,532
		,738)	151,774
	Share-based payments	-	(6,894)
	Adjustments to previous periods	-	(6,144)
	Payment to exit onerous pension liability	-	(120,960)
	Other short-term timing differences	-	6,081
	(87	,422)	26,211
	Current tax charge for the year	-	(6,144)
5	The company has estimated losses of £ 200,147 (2012 - £ 632,390) available for cafuture trading profits. Dividends	rry forwa	ard against
		£	£
	Ordinary interim paid 242	,768	60,201

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

	Intermitals found accepts			
6	Intangible fixed assets	Goodwill	Other intangible assets	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 December 2012 & at 30 November 2013	2	15,002	15,004
	Amortisation		•	
	At 1 December 2012 & at 30 November 2013	-	15,000	15,000
	Net book value			
	At 30 November 2013	2	2	4
	At 50 November 2015			
	At 30 November 2012	2	2	4
			<u> </u>	
7	Tangible fixed assets			
•	Tuligible lived assets	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost or valuation	-	_	
	At 1 December 2012	575,000	295,260	870,260
	Additions	-	1,108	1,108
	At 30 November 2013	575,000	296,368	871,368
	Depreciation			
	At 1 December 2012	-	179,004	179,004
	Charge for the year	11,500	21,518	33,018
	At 30 November 2013	11,500	200,522	212,022
	Net book value			
	At 30 November 2013	563,500	95,846	659,346
	At 30 November 2012	 575,000	116,256	691,256
		====		====

The land and buildings was revalued by Readings Property Group Limited Chartered Surveyors external to the company. The valuation of £575,000 was incorporated in the financial statements on the 30th November 2012. The increase in value has been transferred to the revaluation reserve.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

7	Tangible fixed assets		(Continued)
	Comparable historical cost for the land and buildings included at value	ation:	
	Cost	£	
	At 1 December 2012 & at 30 November 2013		516,800
	Depreciation based on cost		
	At 1 December 2012		58,686
	Charge for the year		10,336
	At 30 November 2013		69,022
	Net book value		
	At 30 November 2013		447,778
	At 30 November 2012		458,114
8	Stocks	2013 £	2012 £
	Raw materials and finished goods	109,525	152,427
	Naw materials and imported goods	====	=======================================
9	Debtors	2013 £	2012 £
	Trade debtors	675,712	1,222,459
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the		
	company has a participating interest	566,632	575,632
	Other debtors	113,053	70,841
	Deferred tax asset (see note 12)	43,279	20,545
		1,398,676	1,889,477

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2013 £	2012 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	83,300	83,300
	Trade creditors	731,342	1,292,897
	Taxation and social security	91,861	189,185
	Other creditors	144,881	206,992
		1,051,384	1,772,374

Bank loans and overdrafts amounting to £83,300 (2012: £83,300) are secured by the assets of the company.

11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2013 £	2012 £
	Bank loans	391,057	472,077 ======
	Analysis of loans		
	Wholly repayable within five years	474,357	555,377
	Included in current liabilities	(83,300)	(83,300)
		391,057	472,077
			=
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than one year but not more than two years	67,212	83,300
	In more than two years but not more than five years	323,845	388,777
			====

Bank loans amounting to £391,057 (2012: £472,077) are secured by the assets of the company.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

12	Provisions for liabilities		
	The deferred tax asset (included in debtors, note 9) is made up as follows:		
		2013 £	
	Balance at 1 December 2012 Profit and loss account	(20,545) (22,734)	
	Balance at 30 November 2013	(43,279)	
		2013 £	2012 £
	Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses available	8,468 (51,747)	10,201 (30,746)
		(43,279)	(20,545)
13	Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments Defined contribution		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Contributions payable by the company for the year	19,677	115,985
14	Share capital	2013 £	2012 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 389,265 Ordinary A of £1 each	389,265	389,265

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

15	Statement of movements on reserves			
.0	outsment of movements on reserves	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves (see below)	Profit and loss account
		£	£	£
	Balance at 1 December 2012 Profit for the year	116,886	23,135	675,333 386,992
	Transfer from revaluation reserve to profit and loss account Dividends paid	(2,338)	- -	2,338 (242,768)
	Balance at 30 November 2013	114,548	23,135	821,895
	Other reserves Capital redemption reserve			
	Balance at 1 December 2012 & at 30 November 2013		23,135 	
16	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		2013 £	2012 £
	Profit/(Loss) for the financial year Dividends		386,992 (242,768)	(101,665) (60,201)
	Other recognised gains and losses		144,224	(161,866) 116,886
	Net addition to/(depletion in) shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds		144,224 1,210,419	(44,980) 1,255,399
	Closing shareholders' funds		1,354,643	1,210,419

17 Financial commitments

At 30 November 2013 the company was committed to making the following payments under non-cancellable operating leases in the year to 30 November 2014:

	Land and buildings		Other	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire:				
Within one year	•	7,088	-	-
Between two and five years	-	-	67,953	43,008
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	•	7,088	67,953	43,008
				

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2013

18 Control

The ultimate controlling party is Mr D I Horrocks by virtue of his majority shareholding in the parent company, Sustainable Building Solutions (UK) Limited.

19 Related party relationships and transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 8 "Related party disclosures" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of the group.

During the year the company made sales totalling £780,807 and purchases of £21,275 with Sustainable Building Services (UK) Limited (formerly St. Annes Contractors Limited), a related party due to common shareholders.

At the year end the company was owed £99,101 (2012: £127,371) by Sustainable Building Services (UK) Limited.

During the year the company charged management fees totalling £33,250 to Sustainable Housing Limited, a related party due to the ultimate controlling party, Mr DI Horrocks.

At the year end the company was owed £33,250 (2012: £nil) by Sustainable Housing Limited.

Mr D I Horrocks provides a personal guarantee in respect of borrowings from Barclays Bank plc.

There is a cross guarantee and debenture between Permarock Products Limited & its parent company , Sustainable Building Solutions (UK) Limited dated 31/08/2012.