REGISTERED NUMBER: 01857160 (England and Wales)

Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

for

Hamilton House Medical Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

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Hamilton House Medical Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

DIRECTORS: Mr D A Edmondson Mrs H J Edmondson

SECRETARY: Mrs H J Edmondson

REGISTERED OFFICE: Head Office

The Cookham Riverside

Berries Road Cookham Berks. SL6 9SD

REGISTERED NUMBER: 01857160 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: The Fish Partnership Audit Services

Statutory Auditor Mill House Boundary Road Loudwater High Wycombe

Bucks. HP10 9QN

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2018.

The objectives of the Board are to optimise the long-term returns to shareholders whilst at the same time providing both a very high quality of service to residents and a safe and rewarding working environment for all our staff. The Board will achieve these goals through implementation of our strategy of:

Continual improvement to our physical assets

Seeking to identify high quality investments in the healthcare and medical sectors

Strict adherence to regulatory requirements and GDPR

Preservation of an environment in which staff feel cared for, appreciated and fairly rewarded, and Dedication to staff training and supervision such that all staff are equipped and enabled to deliver an excellent service.

In 2014 the Company made an initial investment in CREO Medical Limited, a company engaged in the development of a range of surgical instruments. Although the Company has yet to identify further opportunities it has been again pleasing to see CREO progress. The company has all necessary approvals for its instruments and there are now over 30 physicians trained and using the devices. Furthermore two separate gastroenterologists at two separate NHS centres have also treated the first patients with the Speedboat device developed by the company with very successful outcomes. The company has a clear pathway to commercialise its products and has moved to a new bespoke manufacturing facility with current capacity of 2400 devices and 120 generators. The share price has increased from 75 pence at flotation in December 2016 to 165p at the time of writing. The Company continues to look at further investment opportunities in the med-tech sector and during the course of the year expanded its connections with sponsors and experts in this field.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Board measures its progress towards these objectives through a number of Key Performance Indicators. These outcomes are highlighted below:

Earnings per share in 2017/18 up 8.8% to £2.34 per share Return on equity down from 30.1% to 26.5%

Earnings for 2017/18 were boosted by an increase in fee rates (partially offset by lower occupancy), a reduction in interest payable and similar expenses and a further substantial increase in the value of the CREO investment. A very significant increase in the rate of pay for carers and housekeeping staff is likely to restrict near term earnings growth but help staff motivation and retention. The need to attract staff in a very competitive marketplace is paramount.

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company will continue to develop measures designed to reduce risk in its mainstream activity of care home operation. The Board recognises that the principal risk it faces is the danger of a loss of reputation as a result of improper or inappropriate actions by one or more staff members. The Board will continue to invest heavily in staff training, seek to maintain low staff turnover, ensure that the staff supervision practices are healthy and robust and maintain a culture of open and constructive communication within all levels of the workforce. The Company has recently increased its management resource in both homes in order to remain abreast of increased regulation of the sector. Since the year end Walton Heath Manor received beacon status accreditation for the Gold Standards Framework for end of life care. This huge achievement is expected to elevate the home's status and help its quest to be recognised as 'outstanding' by the CQC.

The Company's overall aim remains to ensure a first class operation in its mainstream activities, thereby optimising occupancy levels in the homes, whilst balancing its investment portfolio through establishing worthwhile shareholdings in small businesses with perhaps greater long-term growth potential.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr D A Edmondson - Director

29 October 2018

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the operation of care homes for the elderly.

DIVIDENDS

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 March 2018 will be £189,519.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2017 to the date of this report.

Mr D A Edmondson Mrs H J Edmondson

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Mrs B M Edmondson - resigned 25 February 2018

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

AUDITORS

The auditors, The Fish Partnership Audit Services, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr D A Edmondson - Director

29 October 2018

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Hamilton House Medical Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hamilton House Medical Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are

Other information

authorised for issue.

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Hamilton House Medical Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Laird (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of The Fish Partnership Audit Services
Statutory Auditor
Mill House
Boundary Road
Loudwater
High Wycombe
Bucks.
HP10 9QN

30 October 2018

Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
TURNOVER	3	3,867,516	3,789,470
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT		<u>276,158</u> 3,591,358	<u>266,992</u> 3,522,478
Administrative expenses OPERATING PROFIT	5	<u>2,322,907</u> 1,268,451	2,267,072 1,255,406
Interest receivable and similar income		34	1,118
Gain/loss on revaluation of investments		1,268,485 <u>223,684</u> 1,492,169	1,256,524 <u>182,638</u> 1,439,162
Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	6	<u>36,714</u> 1,455,455	<u>105,178</u> 1,333,984
Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7	211,480 1,243,975	234,013 1,099,971

The notes form part of these financial statements

Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,243,975	1,099,971
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		_ 1,243,975	

The notes form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet 31 March 2018

		201	8	201	7
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	9		-		-
Tangible assets	10		6,551,103		6,543,961
			6,551,103		6,543,961
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	11	6,700		6,700	
Debtors	12	122,462		121,289	
Investments	13	7 41,351		517,668	
Cash at bank and in hand		139,746	-	217,247	
		1,010,259		862,904	
CREDITORS	4.	4 074 107		4 0 4 7 5 0 0	
Amounts falling due within one year	14	1,271,467	(004.000)	1,217,599	(054.005)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(261,208)		(354,69 <u>5</u>)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			6 200 005		6 490 266
LIABILITIES			6,289,895		6,189,266
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	15		(1,497,094)		(2,432,212)
, oa.	. •		(1,101,001,		(=, :==,=:=)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	18		(93,313)		(112,022)
NET ASSETS			4,699,488		3,645,032
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	19		425,886		425,886
Revaluation reserve	20		1,533,802		1,533,802
Capital redemption reserve	20		244,949		244,949
Retained earnings	20		2,494,851		1,440,395
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,699,488		3,645,032

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 October 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr D A Edmondson - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve	Capital redemption reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2016	425,886	340,424	1,533,802	244,949	2,545,061
Changes in equity					
Total comprehensive income	-	1,099,971	-	-	1,099,971
Balance at 31 March 2017	425,886	1,440,395	1,533,802	244,949	3,645,032
Changes in equity					
Dividends	-	(189,519)	-	-	(189,519)
Total comprehensive income	-	1,243,975	_	-	1,243,975
Balance at 31 March 2018	425,886	2,494,851	1,533,802	244,949	4,699,488

The notes form part of these financial statements

Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

		2018	2017
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	1,174,633	1,264,507
Interest paid		(34,256)	(53,668)
Finance costs paid		(4,017)	(48,199)
Unlisted investments at cost		-	(200,000)
Tax paid		(238,193)	(98,933)
Net cash from operating activities		898,167	863,707
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(9,283)	_
Interest received		34	1,118
Net cash from investing activities		(9,249)	1,118
Cash flows from financing activities			
Loan repayments in year		(882,173)	(782,014)
Amount introduced by directors		105,273	.
Amount withdrawn by directors		-	(55,563)
Equity dividends paid		(189,519)	· -
Net cash from financing activities		(966,419)	(837,577)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash e	quivalents	(77,501)	27,248
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2	217,247	189,999
Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
year	2	139,746	217,247

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Profit before taxation	1,455,455	1,333,984
Depreciation charges	2,141	12,240
Gain on revaluation of fixed assets	(223,684)	(182,638)
Finance costs	36,714	105,178
Finance income	(34)	(1,118)
	1,270,592	1,267,646
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other debtors	(1,173)	8,170
Decrease in trade and other creditors	(94,786)	(11,309)
Cash generated from operations	1,174,633	1,264,507

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 March 2018

real ended 31 March 2010	31.3.18	1.4.17
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>139,746</u>	217,247
Year ended 31 March 2017		
	31.3.17	1.4.16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	217,247	189,999

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Hamilton House Medical Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2005, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 15% on cost Motor vehicles - 20% on cost

Freehold properties are shown at deemed cost. Other fixed assets are shown at cost.

On the basis that the properties are kept in a good condition in order to facilitate the company's operations, and that property prices in the locations of the assets have increased in recent years the directors consider the ultimate residual value of the properties to be in excess of their carrying value in these Financial Statements. As a result the directors consider that no depreciation charge is necessary.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

-14- continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Investments

Listed investments are recognised initially at fair value which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value through profit or loss if the shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably.

Unlisted investments are measured at cost less impairment.

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	2018	2017
	£	£
United Kingdom	3,867,516	3,789,470
·	3,867,516	3,789,470
4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	5	
	2018	2017
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,735,559	1,693,108
Social security costs	143,262	144,324
Other pension costs	25,235	19,149
	1,904,056	1,856,581

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued		
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2018	2017
	Management and administrative staff Nursing staff	3 89 92	4 84 88
	Directors' remuneration	2018 £ 8,160	2017 £ <u>16,120</u>
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation - owned assets Auditors' remuneration	2018 £ 2,141 12,600	2017 £ 12,240
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2018	2017
	Bank loan interest Preference dividend	£ 32,697 4,017 36,714	£ 56,979 48,199 105,178
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2018	2017
		2016 £	2017 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax	230,189	238,180
	Deferred tax Tax on profit	(18,709) 211,480	(4,167) 234,013

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

7. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

		2018	2017
	Profit before tax	£ 1,455,45 <u>5</u>	£ 1,333,984
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 20%)	276,536	266,797
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	763	9,640
	Income not taxable for tax purposes	(42,499)	(36,528)
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(4,611)	(1,729)
	Movement in deferred tax provision Total tax charge	<u>(18,709)</u> 211,480	(4,167)
	Total tax charge	211,400	<u>234,013</u>
8.	DIVIDENDS		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary shares shares of £1 each		
	Final	<u> 189,519</u>	
9.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Goodwill
			£
	COST		
	At 1 April 2017		4 744 045
	and 31 March 2018		1,741,945
	AMORTISATION At 1 April 2017		
	and 31 March 2018		1,741,945
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2018		
	At 31 March 2017		

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

10.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS				
			Fixtures		
		Freehold	and	Motor	
		property	fittings	vehicles	Totals
		£	£	£	£
	COST OR VALUATION	0 F0 = 040		04.554	= 400 = 44
	At 1 April 2017	6,537,019	841,171	24,551	7,402,741
	Additions		9,283		9,283
	At 31 March 2018	6,537,019	<u>850,454</u>	24,551	7,412,024
	DEPRECIATION		004000	04.554	050 700
	At 1 April 2017	-	834,229	24,551	858,780
	Charge for year	<u>-</u>	2,141		2,141
	At 31 March 2018	<u>-</u>	836,370	24,551	860,921
	NET BOOK VALUE	0.503.040	44004		0.554.400
	At 31 March 2018	<u>6,537,019</u>	14,084		6,551,103
	At 31 March 2017	<u>6,537,019</u>	6,942	<u> </u>	6,543,961
	Valuation in 2004	Freehold property £ 3,583,801	and fittings £ -	Motor vehicles £ -	Totals £ 3,583,801
	Valuation in 2008	(2,050,000) 5,003,218	OEO 4E4	- 24,551	(2,050,000) 5,878,223
	Cost	6,537,019	850,454 850,454	24,551 24,551	7,412,024
		6,557,019	030,434	24,331	7,412,024
	If freehold land and buildings had not be historical cost:	en revalued they would ha	ave been include	ed at the followin	g
				2018	2017
				£	£
	Cost		:	5,003,218	5,003,218
	Freehold land and buildings were valued	l on an open market basis	on 31 March 20	008 by the Direct	tor.
11.	STOCKS				
				2018	2017
				£	£
	Finished goods			<u>6,700</u>	<u>6,700</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

12.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
	Trade debtors	£ 106,227	£ 93,517
	Other debtors	130	295
	Prepayments	16,105	27,477
		122,462	121,289
13.	CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Listed investments	<u>741,351</u>	<u>517,668</u>
	Market value of listed investments at 31 March 2018 - £ 741,351 (2017 - £ 517,668).	
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
	Pank lagne and avardrafts (see note 16)	£ 353,235	£ 300,291
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 16) Trade creditors	49,945	58,394
	Corporation tax	230,176	238,180
	Social security and other taxes	36,265	36,552
	Other creditors	227,586	310,306
	Directors' current accounts	280,728	175,455
	Accruals and deferred income	91,780	95,110
	Accrued loan interest payable	1,752	3,311
	-	1,271,467	1,217,599
15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2018	2017
	Donk lagne (see note 10)	£	£
	Bank loans (see note 16) Preference shares (see note 16)	1,175,768 321,326	2,110,886 321,326
		1,497,094	2,432,212
	=	1,407,004	2,402,212
16.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	-	_
	Bank loans ,	353,235	300,291
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
	Bank loans - 1-2 years	<u>224,329</u>	<u>939,794</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

16.	LOANS - continued			
		2018	2017	
		£	£	
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:			
	Bank loans - 2-5 years	<u>693,353</u>	<u>689,530</u>	
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:			
	Repayable otherwise than by instalments			
	Preference shares	<u>321,326</u>	321,326	
	Repayable by instalments			
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	258,086	481,562	

The company has granted a charge on all its assets to secure bank borrowings of £1,529,003 (2017: £2,411,177).

There are two bank loans currently ongoing:

The first loan is repayable by monthly instalments over 20 years and bears interest at 1% over base rate per annum.

The second loan is repayable by monthly instalments over 5 years and bears interest at 2.6% over LIBOR.

Details of shares shown as liabilities are as follows:

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal	2018	2017
		value:	£	£
321,326	Preference shares	£1	321,326	<u>321,326</u>

The preference shareholders are entitled to a fixed, cumulative, preferential cash dividend at the rate of 15% per annum. On a return of capital the surplus assets of the company remaining after the payment of its liabilities shall be applied in paying to each holder of preference shares, in priority to the holders of any other class of share, all unpaid arrears, accruals and deficiencies of the preference dividend on the preference shares held by him and the sum of £1 per preference share held by him. The preference shareholders are not entitled to vote on any resolution at any general meeting unless on the date of the relevant meeting payment of the preference dividend (or any part of it) has not been made within six months after the due date for payment of the same. On each resolution of which the voting rights attaching to the preference shares are exercisable the holder of a preference share shall have one vote for each preference share held by him.

17. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans	1,529,003	2,411,177

The debts are secured on all of the assets of the company including the freehold properties.

-20- continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

18.	PROVISIONS	FOR LIABILITIES			2018	2017
	Deferred tax				£ 93,313	£ 112,022
						Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 April 2017 Utilised during year Balance at 31 March 2018					112,022 (18,709) 93,313
19.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL					
	Allotted, issued Number:	l and fully paid: Class:		Nominal value:	2018 £	2017 £
	425,886	Ordinary shares		£1	425,886	425,886
20.	RESERVES				0 " 1	
			Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	Capital redemption reserve £	Totals £
	At 1 April 2017 Profit for the ye Dividends		1,440,395 1,243,975 (189,519)	1,533,802	244,949	3,219,146 1,243,975 (189,519)
	At 31 March 20)18	2,494,851	1,533,802	244,949	4,273,602

21. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

At 31 March 2018, the company owed the directors £280,728 (2017: £175,455).

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company was controlled throughout the current and previous year by D.A. Edmondson, a director, by virtue of his holding of 100% of the ordinary shares of the company, including family interests.

During the year the company paid dividends on ordinary shares totalling £189,519 to the directors, including their family interests (2017 : £nil).

Included within finance costs are dividends paid on preference shares totalling £4,017 to a director (2017: £48,199).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.