# Grant Thornton &

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SUFFOLK FAST FOODS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 JULY 1999

Company no: 1816286

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

Company registration number:

1816286

Registered office:

Vauxhall House Vauxhall Station

**GREAT YARMOUTH** 

Norfolk NR30 1SD

Director:

Mr K Sole

Secretary:

Mr J Lambert

Bankers:

National Westminster Bank plc

Auditors:

Grant Thornton Registered auditors

Chartered accountants

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

The director presents his report together with financial statements for the year ended 31 July 1999.

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of fast food services.

#### **Business review**

The company made a profit for the year after taxation and before dividends of £543,813 (1998: £668,993). The director recommends a final dividend of £543,813 (1998: £668,993) leaving nothing to be retained.

The director anticipates that the company will continue to trade profitably.

#### Post balance sheet events

A further two new stores are planned to open in the forthcoming year.

#### Director

The only director to serve during the year was Mr K Sole.

According to the register maintained as required by the Companies Act 1985, Mr K Sole had no interests in the shares of the company during the year.

The interests of Mr K Sole in the shares of the ultimate parent undertaking, Anglian Fast Foods Limited, are disclosed in that company's financial statements.

### Year 2000 compliance

Many computer systems which express dates using only the last two digits of the year may malfunction due to the date change to the Year 2000. This risk to the business relates not only to the company's computer systems, but also to some degree to those of our suppliers. Arrangements in this regard for operating equipment and suppliers have been addressed by Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited.

The company has reviewed its computer systems for the impact of the Year 2000 date change. It has obtained certification from its software supplier that the product is Year 2000 compliant. The computer hardware has been tested internally and appears to be Year 2000 compliant. There are not expected to be any further significant costs associated with this issue.

The issue is complex, and no business can guarantee that there will be no Year 2000 problems. However, the Board believes that the action being taken by Kentucky Fried Chicken (Great Britain) Limited and its own action and resources allocated are appropriate and adequate to address the issue.

# Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

• prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Auditors

Grant Thornton offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Director

11 (11/99

#### REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF

#### SUFFOLK FAST FOODS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 11 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 4.

### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs at 31 July 1999 and of the result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

GRANT THORNTON - - REGISTERED AUDITORS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

**IPSWICH** 

12 th. November 1999

#### PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below.

#### **TURNOVER**

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company in the ordinary course of business with outside customers for goods supplied as a principal and for services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

#### DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost of tangible fixed assets over their expected useful economic lives. The rates and bases generally applicable are:

Leasehold premiums
Improvements to property
Furniture, fixtures, fittings and equipment

Period of lease straight line 10% straight line 20% reducing balance

#### **STOCKS**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is the taxation attributable to timing differences between profits or losses computed for taxation purposes and results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is provided for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise and not otherwise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Deferred tax is calculated using the rate at which it is estimated that the tax will be paid when the timing differences reverse.

### LEASED ASSETS

Payments made under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

	Note	1999 £	1998 £
Turnover	1	5,696,501	5,361,378
Cost of sales		(3,276,326)	(3,120,214)
Gross profit		2,420,175	2,241,164
Administrative expenses	2	(1,605,862)	(1,518,673)
Operating profit		814,313	722,491
Interest receivable and similar income		13,800	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	828,113	722,491
Taxation	3	(284,300)	(53,498)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		543,813	668,993
Equity dividends proposed	4	(543,813)	(668,993)
Transfer to reserves			
STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS			
		1999 £	1998 £
At 1 August 1998 and 31 July 1999		50,387	50,387

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the result for the year.

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET AT 31 JULY 1999

	Note	1999 £	1998 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	1,638,289	1,752,633
Current assets			
Stocks	6	37,378	27,819
Debtors	7	79,417	86,577
Cash at bank and in hand		101,841	95,026
		218,636	209,422
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,681,236)	(1,792,666)
Net current liabilities		(1,462,600)	(1,583,244)
Total assets less current liabilities		175,689	169,389
Provisions for liabilities and charges	9	(125,300)	(119,000)
		50,389	50,389
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	2	2
Profit and loss account		50,387	50,387
Shareholders' funds	11	50,389	50,389

The financial statements were approved by the director on 11 (11 /99)

Director

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

### TURNOVER AND PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation are attributable to one activity, namely the provision of fast food services.

The profit on ordinary activities is stated after:

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	1999	1998
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	252,125	233,548
Auditors' remuneration	5,400	4,250
Operating lease payments:		
Motor vehicles	16,478	12,658
Land and buildings	200,143	196,334

#### 2 DIRECTOR AND EMPLOYEES

Staff costs during the year were as follows:

	1999 £	1998 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	1,190,845 81,113	1,127,458 79,022
	1,271,958	1,206,480

The average number of employees, including the director, during the year was 164 (1998: 154).

The director was not remunerated through this company.

### 3 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax charge is based on the UK corporation tax payable on the profit for the year after relief of losses from Anglian Fast Foods Limited. There have been no transfers between group companies to take account of this relief.

	1999	1998
	£	£
Corporation tax at 30.7% (1998: 21%)	278,000	21,000
Adjustments in respect of previous years	-	(2)
Deferred tax (note 9)	6,300	32,500
	284,300	53,498
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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

DIVIDEND			
		1999	1998
		£	£
Ordinary shares of 10p each			
Proposed final dividend of £27,190.65p per share (1998: £33,449.65	ōp)	543,813	668,993
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
	Total £	Improve- ments to property £	Furniture, fixtures, fittings and equipment £
Cost At 1 August 1998 Additions Disposals	2,349,078 139,206 (1,425)	1,791,067 124,447 (1,425)	558,011 14,759
At 31 July 1999	2,486,859	1,914,089	572,770
Depreciation At 1 August 1998 Provided in the year Disposals	596,445 252,125 -	397,183 185,626	199,262 66,499
At 31 July 1999	848,570	582,809	265,761
Net book amount at 31 July 1999	1,638,289	1,331,280	307,009
Net book amount at 31 July 1998	1,752,633	1,393,884	358,749

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

## 6 STOCKS

	1999 £	1998 £
Raw materials and consumable stores	37,378	27,819

The replacement cost of stock does not materially exceed the balance sheet value.

## 7 DEBTORS

	1999	1998
	£	£
Other debtors	287	999
Prepayments and accrued income	79,130	85,578
	79,417	86,577

Included in prepayments is an amount of £33,135 (1998: £33,135) in respect of rental deposits not repayable until the expiry of the respective leases.

# 8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

•	1999	1998
	£	£
Trade creditors	247,731	248,522
Amounts owed to group undertakings	480,122	733,065
Social security and other taxes	27,997	28,999
Other creditors	20,938	17,803
Current taxation	277,460	21,000
Accruals	83,175	74,284
Proposed dividend	543,813	668,993
	1,681,236	1,792,666

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

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	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		
	Deferred taxation		
		1999	1998
		£	£
	At 1 August 1998	119,000	86,500
	Charge for the year	6,300	32,500
	At 31 July 1999	125,300	119,000
	The provision for deferred taxation relates wholly to accelerated capital allowances.		
)	SHARE CAPITAL		
		1999	1998
		£	£
	Authorised		
	998 ordinary shares of 10p each	100	100
	2 'A' ordinary shares of 10p each	<u> </u>	
		100	100
		<del></del>	<del></del>
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	2	2

# Rights to dividends and priority on winding up

Ordinary shares of 10p each

'A' ordinary shares of 10p each

In accordance with the company's Articles of Association, 'A' ordinary shares do not rank for dividends except on a winding up of the company. Both class of share carry equal voting rights.

## 11 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	1999	1998
	£	£
Profit for the year	543,813	668,993
Dividends	(543,813)	(668,993)
Net movement in shareholders' funds	-	-
Shareholders' funds at 1 August 1998	50,389	50,389
Shareholders' funds at 31 July 1999	50,389	50,389

Number

18

2

20

Number

18

2

20

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 1999

#### CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

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At 31 July 1999 the company had capital commitments amounting to £270,000 in respect of the fitting out of a new store (1998: £25,000).

#### LEASING COMMITMENTS

Operating lease commitments amounting to £215,514 (1998: £209,158) are due within one year. The commitments to make payments included in this sum expire as follows:

	Land and buildings 1999 £	Other 1999 £	Land and buildings 1998 £	Other 1998 £
Within one year	30,000	12,658	-	-
Between two and five years	39,000	3,856	30,000	12,658
Over five years	130,000	-	166,500	-
	199,000	16,514	196,500	12,658

### 14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Any bank loans or overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets.

The company has provided a composite guarantee and debenture to GiroCredit Bank Aktiengesellschaft der Sparkassen in respect of amounts owing by the parent undertaking. In addition, the company has also entered into an "Intra-Group Loan Agreement" in respect of providing loan facilities to the parent undertaking.

### 15 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

In the opinion of the director, the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling related party is Anglian Fast Foods Limited which is registered in England and Wales. There is no ultimate controlling related party.

#### 16 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 on group companies and does not disclose details of intra-group transactions.