UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

		20 ⁻	2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	4		677,494		552,905	
Current assets					,	
Stocks		182,437		128,095		
Debtors	5	351,849		370,135		
Cash at bank and in hand		280,360		203,375		
		814,646		701,605		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(295,552)	•	(227,090)		
Net current assets			519,094		474,515	
Total assets less current liabilities			1,196,588		1,027,420	
Creditors: amounts falling due after	_		(
more than one year	7		(83,022)		(116,564)	
Provisions for liabilities	8		(17,842)		(8,615)	
Net assets			1,095,724		902,241	
			=	•		
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	9		10,700		10,700	
Revaluation reserve	11		96,808		-	
Capital redemption reserve	10		11,800		11,800	
Profit and loss reserves			976,416		879,741	
Total equity			1,095,724		902,241	
						

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 3.10.2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

R C Shand

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Ace Industrial Supplies Limited is a private company limited by shares and is registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 2. Select Business Centre, Lodge Road, Staplehurst, Tonbridge, Kent, TN12 0QW.

Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold Plant and machinery Fixtures, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles revaluation model 20% reducing balance 15% / 33% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial instruments and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and bank loans, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting period.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution schemes the amount charged to profit or loss is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 11 (2017 - 11).

3 Directors' remuneration and dividends

	2018 £	2017 £
Remuneration paid to directors	171,835	299,336
Dividends paid to directors	74,900	74,900

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amounted to 2 (2017 - 2).

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings Freehold	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 July 2017	523,445	20,101	86,289	65,044	694,879
Additions	-	-	9,962	35,161	45,123
Disposals	-	-	(21,645)	(33,812)	(55,457)
Revaluation	101,555	-	-	•	101,555
At 30 June 2018	625,000	20,101	74,606	66,393	786,100
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 July 2017	-	16,695	70,766	54,513	141,974
Depreciation charged in the year	-	681	5,886	10,420	16,987
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	-	(20,553)	(29,802)	(50,355)
At 30 June 2018		17,376	56,099	35,131	108,606
Carrying amount					
At 30 June 2018	625,000	2,725	18,507	31,262	677,494
At 30 June 2017	 523,445	3,406	15,523	10,531	552,905
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

4 Tangible fixed assets (Continued)

Land and buildings with a carrying amount of £625,000 were revalued at 30 June 2018. An independent valuation has not been carried out but the fair value of the freehold properties has been determined by the Directors. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

If revalued assets were stated on an historical cost basis rather than a fair value basis, the total amounts included would have been as follows:

	included would have been as follows:	2018	2017
		£	£
	Cost	523,445	523,445
	Accumulated depreciation	-	-
	Carrying value	523,445 =====	523,445
	The revaluation surplus is disclosed in note 11.		
5	Debtors		
	Amounta fallina dua within ana wasa	2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	274,383	307,873
	Other debtors	77,466	62,262
		351,849	370,135
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	32,962	32,382
	Trade creditors	159,243	110,263
	Corporation tax	35,392	27,635
	Other taxation and social security	62,764	51,824
	Other creditors	5,191	4,986
		295,552	227,090
			

The loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2018 £	2017 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	83,022	116,564
	The loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the comp	pany.	
	Amounts included above which fall due after five years are as follows:		
	Payable by instalments	16,765 ———	31,625
8	Provisions for liabilities	2018 £	2017 £
	Deferred tax liabilities	17,842	8,615 ———
9	Called up share capital	2018 £	2017 £
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 10,700 ordinary shares of £1 each	10,700	10,700
10	Capital redemption reserve	2018 £	2017 £
	At beginning and end of year	11,800	11,800
11	Revaluation reserve	2018 £	2017 £
	At beginning of year Revaluation surplus arising in the year Deferred tax on revaluation of tangible assets	101,555 (4,747)	- - -
	At end of year	96,808	-

provided on these fair value changes.

The revaluation reserve represents the change in the fair value of freehold properties and the deferred tax

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

12 Directors' transactions

There are no formal repayment terms in place for the directors' loan account balance detailed below.

Advances or credits have been granted by the company to its directors as follows:

Description	% Rate	Opening balance £	Amounts advanced £	Interest charged £	Ámounts repaid £	Closing balance £
Loan	2.50	57,994	88,902	918	(74,900)	72,914
		57,994	88,902	918	(74,900)	72,914