# CARNEGIE OUTPOSTS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 OCTOBER 2001

Company Registration Number 1799743



The David Naish Partnership



## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

CONTENTS	PAGES
Company information	1
The directors' report	2 to 3
Statement of directors' responsibilities	4
Independent auditors' report to the shareholder	5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 to 15
The following pages do not form part of the financial statements	
Detailed profit and loss account	17
Notes to the detailed profit and loss account	18

## COMPANY INFORMATION

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

P J de Savary L L Paton M A Lutyens

**COMPANY SECRETARY** 

H Patel

REGISTERED OFFICE

69 Cadogan Gardens

London

**AUDITORS** 

The David Naish Partnership Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors Lawrence House Lower Bristol Road

Bath

**BANKERS** 

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Inverness Chief Office 29 Harbour Road

Inverness

SOLICITORS

Evans Dodd 5 Balfour Place Mount Street

London

#### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 October 2001.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be that of hoteliers including the provision of residential accommodation and hospitality to members of the Carnegie Club and to operate as an outpost of the Carnegie Club.

### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The company does not foresee any major changes occurring in its trading activities in the future.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The balance sheet as detailed on page 7 shows a satisfactory position, shareholders' funds amounting to £2,164,078.

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The trading results for the year, and the company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements.

The directors have not recommended a dividend.

## THE DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

P J de Savary L L Paton M A Lutyens

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the interests of group directors are disclosed in the financial statements of the parent company.

### FIXED ASSETS

In the opinion of the directors, the present market value of the company's properties is in excess of the amounts at which they are stated in the accounts. Details are set out in note 5.

### POLICY ON THE PAYMENT OF CREDITORS

The company's policy is to pay all of its suppliers to term. During the year the number of creditors payment days was 77 days (2000 98 days).

## THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

## YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

## **AUDITORS**

A resolution to re-appoint The David Naish Partnership as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

Signed by order of the directors

H Patel

Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 34 July 2002

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

#### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the year and of the profit or loss for the year then ended.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

select suitable accounting policies, as described on page 9, and then apply them consistently;

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER

#### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 15 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on page 9.

### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITORS

As described on page 4, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

It is our responsibility to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

### BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

However, the information available to us was limited in respect of the revaluation of the leasehold property and it's contents to £2,500,000 made at 31 March 1996 carried out by the directors during that year. The directors estimate of the market value of the property is based on their own financial projections and opinions of market conditions. There was no satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt to confirm the directors' assessment of market value. Any adjustment to this figure would also have a consequential effect on the revaluation reserve.

## QUALIFIED OPINION

Except for any adjustments to the financial statements that might have been found to be necessary had we been able to obtain sufficient third party evidence concerning the revaluation of the leasehold property, in our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 October 2001 and of its profit for the year ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

The David Naish Partnership

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

the David Notsh partnership

Bath

304 July 2002.

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

## YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
TURNOVER	2	602,718	699,820
Cost of sales		290,674	334,095
GROSS PROFIT		312,044	365,725
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		28,607 202,543	32,758 208,856
OPERATING PROFIT	3	80,894	124,111
Interest receivable Interest payable	5	5,749 (26,649)	2,617 (33,530)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXA	ATION	59,994	93,198
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(11,902)	(785)
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		48,092	92,413
Balance brought forward		(516,837)	(609,250)
Balance carried forward		(468,745)	(516,837)

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing.

### BALANCE SHEET

## **31 OCTOBER 2001**

	Note	2001		2000	
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		2,590,355		2,644,636
	•		_,0,0,0,000		_,,,,,,,,,
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	18,583		19,014	
Debtors	9	52,737		78,909	
Cash at bank and in hand		160,606		109,292	
		231,926		207,215	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within	n	•		·	
one year	10	(159,988)		(175,605)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<del></del>	71,938		31,610
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIAB	BILITIES		2,662,293		2,676,246
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after					
more than one year	11		(488,038)		(560,260)
			2,174,255		2,115,986
			, ,		
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND					
Deferred taxation	13		(10,177)		-
			2,164,078		2,115,986
					<u>,</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	15		1,210,282		1,210,282
Share premium account			186,617		186,617
Revaluation reserve			1,235,924		1,235,924
Profit and Loss Account			(468,745)		(516,837)
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	16		2,164,078		2,115,986

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the 31......................, and are signed on their behalf by:

P J de Savary Director

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

## YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

	Note	2001		2000	
		£	£	£	£
NET CASH INFLOW FROM					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	17		145,548		164,763
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND					
SERVICING OF FINANCE					
Interest received		5,749		2,617	
Interest paid		(26,649)		(33,530)	
				<del></del>	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM RETURN	IS ON				
INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF					
FINANCE			(20,900)		(30,913)
TAXATION			(785)		
			(,00)		
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE					
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets		(2,288)		(14,973)	
Receipts from sale of fixed assets		1,000		-	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM CAPITAL	L				
EXPENDITURE			(1,288)		(14,973)
CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING			122,575		118,877
EIN A NOWA					
FINANCING  Pensyment of book loops		(70,000)		(72.222)	
Repayment of bank loans		(72,222)		(72,222)	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM FINANCE	ING		(72,222)		(72,222)
INCREASE IN CASH	18		50,353		46,655

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 25% straight line
Fixtures & Fittings - 10% straight line
Motor Vehicles - 10% straight line

Depreciation is not provided on the leasehold property which is a long lease. It is the company's policy to maintain this asset in a continual state of sound repairs and to make improvements there on from time to time. Accordingly the Directors consider that the life of this asset and residual values is such that depreciation is insignificant.

Depreciation is also not provided on any antique furniture included within fixtures and fittings. The Directors consider that the life of this asset and residual values is such that depreciation is insignificant.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks of glass, linen and china are valued at cost and all replacements are written off to the profit and loss account.

#### Deferred taxation

Provision is made, under the liability method, to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences to the extent that it is considered that a net liability may arise.

#### 2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover is given below:

 2001
 2000

 £
 £

 United Kingdom
 602,718
 699,820

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

## 3. OPERATING PROFIT

3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:	2001 £	2000 £
	Directors' emoluments Depreciation	- 55,569	55,418
	Auditors' remuneration - as auditors - as accountants	3,700 1,805	3,500 4,215
4.	PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES		
	The average number of staff employed by the company during	g the financial year amounted	to:
		2001 No.	2000 No.
	Number of distribution staff	13	14
	The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:	2001 £	2000 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	$   \begin{array}{r}     202,906 \\     \hline     17,372 \\     \hline     220,278   \end{array} $	229,816 19,562 249,378
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE		217,370
		2001 £	2000 £
	Interest payable on bank borrowing	26,649	33,530
6.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
		2001 £	2000 £
	Corporation Tax based on the results for the year at 30% (2000 - 20%) Increase in deferred tax provision (Note 13):	1,725	785
	Capital allowances	10,177	
		11,902	785

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

### 7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold Property £	Plant & Machinery £	Fixtures & Fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
COST OR VALUATION					
At 1 November 2000	2,447,554	8,621	615,440	35,000	3,106,615
Additions	-	399	1,889	-	2,288
Disposals			(1,000)		(1,000)
At 31 October 2001	2,447,554	9,020	616,329	35,000	3,107,903
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 November 2000	-	4,254	445,175	12,550	461,979
Charge for the year		1,951	50,118	3,500	55,569
At 31 October 2001	<u>-</u>	6,205	495,293	16,050	517,548
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 October 2001	2,447,554	2,815	121,036	18,950	2,590,355
At 31 October 2000	2,447,554	4,367	170,265	22,450	2,644,636

As stated in the accounting policy note 1, no depreciation has been provided on the leasehold property as required by Financial Reporting Standard 15.

The leasehold property consists of the hotel premises at 69 Cadogan Gardens, London, SW1. The lease of these premises is for 70 years from 25 December 1985. The directors revalued the property and its contents at 31 March 1996 to £2,500,000. In their view the property's current open market value is in excess of this value.

The directors have not undertaken an external professional valuation of the leasehold property and its contents at 31 October 2001 as in their view the costs of such an exercise would outweigh any potential benefits.

Improvements to the leasehold and additions to furniture and fittings since 31 March 1996 have been capitalised at cost.

The historical cost of the leasehold property is £965,445 (2000 £965,445).

## LAND AND BUILDINGS

	2001	2000
	£	£
Long leasehold	2,447,554	2,447,554

Long leaseholds are those leaseholds with more than 50 years unexpired.

## 8. STOCKS

2001 £	2000 £
18,583	19,014
	£

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

#### 9. DEBTORS

-•					
			2001 £		2000 £
	Trade debtors		16,322		34,930
	Other debtors		-		782
	Prepayments and accrued income		36,415		43,197
			52,737		78,909
10.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within	one year			
		2001		2000	
		£	£	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		73,183		72,222
	Trade creditors		14,959		29,871
	Other creditors including taxation				
	Corporation Tax	1,725		785	
	PAYE and social security	4,981		6,424	
	VAT	14,806		22,214	
	Other creditors	11,869		1,565	
			33,381		30,988
	Accruals and deferred income		38,465		42,524
			159,988		175,605
11.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after m	ore than one year			
			2001 £		2000 £
			T.		L
	Bank loans and overdrafts		216,668		288,890
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		271,370		271,370
			488,038		560,260

The bank loan is repayable in annual instalments of £72,222 to be repaid by 31 August 2005. Interest is payable on the loan at a rate equal to base rate plus 2%. Security for the bank loan and overdraft is provided by way of a debenture dated 13 June 1994 having a fixed and floating charge over the undertaking and all property and assets and a legal charge over the property.

The loan from the ultimate parent undertaking is interest free and has no fixed repayment terms. The parent undertaking has agreed not to demand repayment of this loan until 31 October 2002 at the earliest.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

### 12. CREDITORS - CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS

Creditors include finance capital which is due for repayment as follows:

	2001 £	2000 £
Between one and two years	72,222	72,222
Between two and five years	488,038	560,260
	560,260	632,482
DEFERRED TAXATION		
	2001 £	2000 £
The movement in the deferred taxation provision during	g the year was:	
Provision for year	10,177	
Provision carried forward	10,177	-
The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax e	ffect of timing differences in respect	t of:
	2001 £	2000 £

## 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed

## Transactions

assets

13.

At 31 October 2001, an amount of £271,370 (2000 £271,370) was owed to Birmos Inc, the ultimate parent company. This is unsecured and no interest is charged.

10,177

### Control

The company is controlled by Birmos Inc., the parent undertaking of the company. Having made enquiries of the parent undertaking, the directors are unaware of the ultimate controlling party of the company.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

## 15. SHARE CAPITAL

Tamorisea samo enprimo		2001 £		2000 £
4,321,526 'A' ordinary shares shares of £0.25	each	1,080,381.50		1,080,381.50
829,437 'B' ordinary shares shares of £0.50 ea	ch	414,718.50		414,718.50
4,900 Preference shares of £1.00 each		4,900.00		4,900.00
		1,500,000.00		1,500,000.00
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	200	)1	20	000
	No.	£	No.	£
'A' ordinary shares shares	4,321,526.00	1,080,381.50	4,321,526.00	1,080,381.50
'B' ordinary shares shares	250,000.00	125,000.00	250,000.00	125,000.00
Preference shares	4,900.00	4,900.00	4,900.00	4,900.00
	4,576,426.00	1,210,281.50	4,576,426.00	1,210,281.50

The rights attaching to each class of share are as follows:

Preferred ordinary shares: Carry one vote per share at general meetings. Holders are entitled to paid up portion on shares in priority to other shareholders in a winding up or return of capital. The shareholders have no rights with regard to profits or surplus assets on a winding up.

'A' ordinary shares: Carry one vote per share at general meetings. Holders are entitled to participation in profits and surplus assets on a winding up once rights of preferred ordinary shareholders are met.

'B' ordinary shares: Rights are as for 'A' ordinary shares above but equating to 170 'A' shares for each 'B' share.

## 16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

		2001 £	2000 £
	Profit for the financial year	48,092	92,413
	Opening shareholder's equity funds	2,115,986	2,023,573
	Closing shareholder's equity funds	2,164,078	2,115,986
17.	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING AC		2000 £
	Operating profit Depreciation Decrease/(Increase) in stocks Decrease/(Increase) in debtors (Decrease)/Increase in creditors	80,894 55,569 431 26,172 (17,518)	124,111 55,418 (636) (17,103) 2,973
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	145,548	164,763

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2001

## 18. RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT

	2001		2000	
	£	£	£	£
Increase in cash in the period	50,353		46,655	
Net cash outflow from bank loans	72,222		72,222	
		122,575		118,877
Change in net debt		122,575		118,877
Net debt at 1 November 2000		(523,190)		(642,067)
Net debt at 31 October 2001		(400,615)		(523,190)
ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT				
		At 1 Nov 2000	Cash flows At	31 Oct 2001
NY		£	£	£
Net cash: Cash in hand and at bank		109,292	51,314	160,606
Overdrafts		109,292	(961)	(961)
		109,292	50,353	159,645
Debt:				
Debt due within 1 year		(72,222)	-	(72,222)
Debt due after 1 year		(560,260)	72,222	(488,038)

(523,190)

122,575

(400,615)

## 20. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Net debt

19.

The ultimate parent company is Birmos Inc. incorporated in the Bahamas.