Registration number: 01787569

Reddish Vale Insulations Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

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(Registration number: 01787569) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 August 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	230,866	142,969
Current assets			
Stocks		25,000	49,800
Debtors	<u>5</u>	421,610	284,344
Cash at bank and in hand		138,684	114,545
		585,294	448,689
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(449,643)	(282,933)
Net current assets		135,651	165,756
Total assets less current liabilities		366,517	308,725
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(109,427)	(80,242)
Provisions for liabilities		(43,074)	(30,297)
Net assets		214,016	198,186
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		20	20
Capital redemption reserve		1	1
Profit and loss account		213,995	198,165
Shareholders' funds		214,016	198,186

(Registration number: 01787569) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 August 2021

For the financial year ending 31 August 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Income Statement has been taken.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Vale House Franklin Street Oldham OL1 2DP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 26 January 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and Machinery
Fixtures and Equipment
Motor Vehicles

Depreciation method and rate 15% on cost 20-25% on cost 20% on reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Income Statement over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Statement of Financial Position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Income Statement and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 22 (2020 - 22).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 September 2020	329,330	129,339	458,669
Additions	41,524	102,400	143,924
Disposals		(64,403)	(64,403)
At 31 August 2021	370,854	167,336	538,190
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2020	223,333	92,367	315,700
Charge for the year	30,445	18,446	48,891
Eliminated on disposal	<u> </u>	(57,267)	(57,267)
At 31 August 2021	253,778	53,546	307,324
Carrying amount			
At 31 August 2021	117,076	113,790	230,866
At 31 August 2020	105,997	36,972	142,969
5 Debtors		2021	2020
		2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors		286,464	200,981
Prepayments		6,291	-
Other debtors	_	128,855	83,363
		421,610	284,344

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2021

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
Note	£	£
Due within one year		
Loans and borrowings	40,890	10,000
Trade creditors	202,497	88,720
Taxation and social security	116,952	174,181
Accruals and deferred income	79,332	-
Other creditors	9,972	10,032
	449,643	282,933

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts and net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £40,890 (2020 - £10,000).

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Ü	•	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings			109,427	80,242

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts and net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £109,427 (2020 - £80,242).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.