Registration number: 01787569

Reddish Vale Insulations Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 August 2020



Contents

Statement of Financial Position	1 to 2
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	3 to 7

(Registration number: 01787569) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 August 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets .			
Tangible assets	4	142,969	144,798
Current assets			
Stocks		49,800	41,200
Debtors	5	284,344	328,875
Cash at bank and in hand		114,545	168,840
		448,689	538,915
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(282,933)	(443,819)
Net current assets		165,756	95,096
Total assets less current liabilities		308,725	239,894
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(80,242)	(33,692)
Provisions for liabilities		(30,297)	(27,512)
Net assets		198,186	178,690
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		20	20
Capital redemption reserve		1	1
Profit and loss account		198,165	178,669
Shareholders' funds		198,186	178,690

(Registration number: 01787569) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 August 2020

For the financial year ending 31 August 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Income Statement has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 16 December 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Roy Tindall Director

1 www

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Vale House Franklin Street Oldham

OL1 2DP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 16 December 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and Machinery

Fixtures and Equipment
Motor Vehicles

Stocks

Depreciation method and rate

15% on cost 20-25% on cost

25% on cost

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Income Statement over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Statement of Financial Position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Income Statement and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 22 (2019 - 17)

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

4 Tangible assets

-	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 September 2019	313,572	126,179	439,751
Additions	15,758	3,160	18,918
At 31 August 2020	329,330	129,339	458,669
Depreciation	-	*	
At 1 September 2019	210,885	84,068	294,953
Charge for the year	12,448	8,299	20,747
At 31 August 2020	223,333	92,367	315,700
Carrying amount	•		
At 31 August 2020	105,997	36,972	142,969
At 31 August 2019	102,687	42,111	144,798
5 Debtors		2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors		200.001	
Other debtors		200,981 83,363	279,516 49,359
Outer decitors	<u>-</u>	284,344	328,875

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts failing due within one year		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings		10,000	26,750
Trade creditors		88,720	174,288
Taxation and social security		174,181	153,652
Other creditors		10,032	89,129

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts and net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £10,000 (2019 - £26,750).

282,933

443,819

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings		80,242	33,692

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts and net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £80,242 (2019 - £33,692).