STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

FOR

 $\frac{\textbf{HEATHERDALE HOLIDAYS (CLARACH BAY)}}{\textbf{LIMITED}}$

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HEATHERDALE HOLIDAYS (CLARACH BAY) LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

DIRECTORS: Mr Thomas Scarrott

Mrs Jacqueline Scarrott

Mr Thomas Harry Shadie Scarrott Mr James William Scarrott Mr Charles Henry Scarrott

SECRETARY: Mrs Jacqueline Scarrott

REGISTERED OFFICE: The Holiday Village

Clarach Bay Aberystwyth Ceredigion SY23 3DT

REGISTERED NUMBER: 01779036 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: R Pau & Co Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

& Statutory Auditors 12-16 Station Street East

Coventry West Midlands CV6 5FJ

BANKERS: HSBC Bank Plc

46 Fore Street Trowbridge Wiltshire BA14 8EL

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 January 2023.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

We aim to present a balanced and comprehensive review of the development and performance of our business during the period and its position at the period end. Our review is consistent with the size and non-complex nature of our business and is written in the context of the risks and uncertainties we face.

As a Holiday Park proprietors and caravan dealers the company continues to operate caravan holiday parks with on-site facilities and to sell caravans. The company's activities are organised into the following five areas:

- o Site fees
- o Sale of caravans
- o Holiday packages
- o On-site facilities

We consider that our key financial performance indicators are those that communicate the financial performance and strength of the company as a whole, these being turnover, gross margin and return on capital employed.

The turnover of the company by activity was as follows:

	$\frac{2023}{\epsilon}$	2022
	<u>~</u>	~
Site Fees	1,181	1,060
Sale of Caravans	1,413	1,034
Holiday Packages	766	732
On-site Facilities	1,333	779
	4,693	3,605

Most areas of the business have shown growth during the period and this has left the company in a good financial position at the end of the period, in line with our expectations.

Overall operating profit has reduced to £808,012 (17.2%) from 2022: £993,069 (27.5%) and profit before tax has reduced to £779,139 (2022 - £970,640). After taxation and dividends, £650,650 (2022 - £721,137) has been retained to be added to reserves.

Return on capital employed has reduced to 7.8% (2022 - 8.1%). Return on capital employed is calculated as profit after interest and tax divided by gross capital employed, which constitutes total assets.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company recognizes a variety of financial and market based risks, including exposure to fluctuating interest risks, changing economic conditions, technological and industry based risks, the competitive environment and regulatory changes. These, either singularly or collectively, may affect revenue, cost structure or the value of assets within the business, and are all difficult to quantify. The main financial risks arising from the company's business are liquidity and cash flow risk and credit risk, and policies with respect to these risks are described below. There is no currency exposure as all material transactions and financial instruments are in Sterling.

Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity and cash flow risk is in risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities and exposure to variability in cash flows. The company also manages liquidity and cash flow risk by utilising its cash flow resources.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for that other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Company policies are aimed at minimising such losses, and require that deferred terms are only granted to customers who demonstrate an appropriate payment history and satisfy credit worthiness procedures.

Other risks

IT risk and cyber security

The company has various IT systems and applications, the obsolescence or failure of which could impede trading. Failure to put in place adequate preventative measures, if attacked, could lead to data loss or the inability to use the IT systems for a prolonged period. The IT strategy is focused on ensuring the long-term stability of operating systems and data security, whilst keeping pace with the changing face of consumer IT expectations. We continue to strengthen IT security to mitigate the increasing risk of cyber security threats.

People and succession

Attracting and maintaining talented team members and investing in their training and development are essential to the efficiency and sustainability of the company. Succession planning is embedded across the company and is proactively managed.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr Thomas Scarrott - Director

20 September 2023

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 January 2023.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of holiday park proprietors and caravan dealers.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 January 2023.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 February 2022 to the date of this report.

Mr Thomas Scarrott
Mrs Jacqueline Scarrott
Mr Thomas Harry Shadie Scarrott
Mr James William Scarrott
Mr Charles Henry Scarrott

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

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The auditors, R Pau & Co Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr Thomas Scarrott - Director

20 September 2023

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEATHERDALE HOLIDAYS (CLARACH BAY) LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Heatherdale Holidays (Clarach Bay) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 January 2023 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2023 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEATHERDALE HOLIDAYS (CLARACH BAY) LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEATHERDALE HOLIDAYS (CLARACH BAY) LIMITED

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outline above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and the industry in which it operates, we identified the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the acts by the company which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations including fraud, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and tax legislation. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to revenue recognition.

Audit procedures performed included:

- o Review of the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation
- o Enquiring of management and directors concerning actual and potential litigation and claims including knowledge of any non-compliance with laws and regulations
- o In addressing the fraud risk in revenue recognition we have tested a sample of revenues recorded through agreement of booking period terms
- o In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remain alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF HEATHERDALE HOLIDAYS (CLARACH BAY) LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Nimesh Pau F.C.C.A. (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of R Pau & Co Limited Chartered Certified Accountants & Statutory Auditors 12-16 Station Street East Coventry
West Midlands
CV6 5FJ

20 September 2023

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
TURNOVER		4,693,082	3,604,647
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT		<u>3,166,928</u> 1,526,154	<u>1,975,306</u> 1,629,341
Administrative expenses OPERATING PROFIT	4	718,142 808,012	636,272 993,069
Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	5	28,873 779,139	22,429 970,640
Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	6	128,489 650,650	159,503 811,137

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		650,650	811,137
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u>-</u> _	
FOR THE YEAR		_650,650_	811,137

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 JANUARY 2023

		202	3	2022	2
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	8		1		1
Tangible assets	9		2,683,963		2,287,460
			2,683,964		2,287,461
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	10	1,437,709		1,070,676	
Debtors	11	3,555,891		4,460,567	
Cash at bank and in hand		656,349		2,185,242	
		5,649,949	_	7,716,485	
CREDITORS		•			
Amounts falling due within one year	12	4,152,610		6,408,285	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,497,339	<u> </u>	1,308,200
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			4,181,303		3,595,661
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	13		(583,580)		(671,301)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(22,715)		-
NET ASSETS			3,575,008		2,924,360
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		80,000		80,000
Retained earnings	19		3,495,008		2,844,360
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17				
SHAKEHULDEKS FUNDS			3,575,008		2,924,360

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 20 September 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr Thomas Scarrott - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

	Called up share capital £	Retained carnings	Total equity
Balance at 1 February 2021	80,000	2,123,223	2,203,223
Changes in equity			
Dividends	-	(90,000)	(90,000)
Total comprehensive income	-	811,137	811,137
Balance at 31 January 2022	80,000	2,844,360	2,924,360
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income	-	650,650	650,650
Balance at 31 January 2023	80,000	3,495,010	3,575,010

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	(694,463)	(142,477)
Interest paid		(27,176)	(17,923)
Interest element of hire purchase payments			
paid		(1,697)	(4,506)
Tax paid		(159,503)	(154,900)
Net cash from operating activities		(882,839)	(319,806)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(512,833)	(136,861)
Net cash from investing activities		(512,833)	(136,861)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Capital repayments in year		(155,681)	(931,238)
Amount introduced by directors		22,460	` · · · · · · · ·
Amount withdrawn by directors		-	(3,209)
Equity dividends paid		<u>-</u>	(90,000)
Net cash from financing activities		(133,221)	(1,024,447)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(1,528,893)	(1,481,114)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	2	2,185,242	3,666,356
year	۷	2,103,242	5,000,550
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	656,349	2,185,242

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

1.	OPERATIONS	LRATED FROM	
		2023	2
		£	

	2023	2022
	£	£
Profit before taxation	779,139	970,640
Depreciation charges	116,330	95,851
Finance costs	28,873	22,429
	924,342	1,088,920
Increase in stocks	(367,033)	(443,279)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	904,675	(4,144,788)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other creditors	(2,156,447)	3,356,670
Cash generated from operations	(694,463)	(142,477)

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

	31/1/23	1/2/22
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	656,349	2,185,242
Year ended 31 January 2022		
•	31/1/22	1/2/21
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>2,185,242</u>	3,666,356

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS/(DEBT)

	At 1/2/22 £	Cash flow £	At 31/1/23
Net cash			V-
Cash at bank and in hand	2,185,242	(1,528,893)	656,349
	2,185,242	(1,528,893)	656,349
Debt			
Finance leases	(70,159)	65,702	(4,457)
Debts falling due within 1 year	(94,221)	6,715	(87,506)
Debts falling due after 1 year	(666,844)	83,264	(583,580)
	(831,224)	155,681	(675,543)
Total	1,354,018	(1,373,212)	(19,194)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Heatherdale Holidays (Clarach Bay) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover represents the net invoiced value of caravan sales, site fees and other associated income, excluding value added tax.

Turnover from the sale of goods on site, the sale of caravans and site fees is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. For site shop sales and caravans this is usually on the date of dispatch of the goods.

For site fees, recognition occurs when the site is occupied. Fees received on booking in advance of the holiday are carried forward in creditors as deferred income.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 1984, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of twenty years.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machines - 25% on reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction it is measured at present value.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Debtors and creditors receivable / payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	Year Ended 31/1/23 £	Year Ended 31/1/22 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	564,875 38,857 7,125 610,857	383,482 23,583 4,771 411,836
The average monthly number of employees during the year	35	31
Directors' remuneration	45,911	72,461

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Depreciation - owned assets	<u>116,330</u>	95,851
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	2023 £	2022 £
	Bank loan interest Hire purchase	27,176 1,697 28,873	17,923 4,506 22,429
6.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2023 £	2022 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax	105,774	159,503
	Deferred tax Tax on profit	22,715 128,489	159,503
7.	DIVIDENDS		
	Interim dividends	2023 £	2022 £ 90,000
8.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Goodwill £
	COST At 1 February 2022 and 31 January 2023		1
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 January 2023 At 31 January 2022		1

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
				Fixtures		
		Freehold	Plant and	and	Motor	
		property	machines	fittings	vehicles	Totals
		£	£	£	£	£
	COST					
	At 1 February 2022	1,901,950	1,473,020	303,342	43,649	3,721,961
	Additions	293,319	219,514	<u> </u>		512,833
	At 31 January 2023	2,195,269	1,692,534	303,342	43,649	4,234,794
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 February 2022	-	1,104,571	303,342	26,588	1,434,501
	Charge for year		112,065	<u> </u>	4,265	116,330
	At 31 January 2023		1,216,636	303,342	30,853	1,550,831
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 31 January 2023	2,195,269	475,898	<u> </u>	12,796	2,683,963
	At 31 January 2022	1,901,950	368,449		17,061	2,287,460
10.	STOCKS					
					2023	2022
					£	£
	Caravan stock				1,366,236	1,040,699
	Bar stock				7,596	2,248
	Supermarket stock				762	1,184
	Gas bottles stock				63,115	26,545
					1,437,709	1,070,676
11.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLI	NG DUE WITHI	N ONE YEAR			
					2023	2022
					£	£
	Trade debtors				2,425,964	4,308,809
	Amounts owed by group undertaki	ings			1,011,662	-
	Value added taxation	-			29,852	61,795
	Prepayments				88,413	89,963
	•			•	3,555,891	4,460,567

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 14)	87,506	94,221
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 15)	4,457	65,702
	Trade creditors	134,806	246,372
	Other creditors	-	169,843
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	67,641
	Corporation tax	105,774	159,503
	PAYE and national insurance	3,471	4,727
	Pensions	793	763
	Site fees in advance	3,603,532	5,244,257
	Holiday bookings in advance	101,588	56,305
	Caravan deposits	30,095	248,765
	Directors' current accounts	46,406	23,946
	Sundry creditors and accruals	34,182	26,240
		4,152,610	6,408,285
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	2023	2022
		£ 2023	£022
	Bank loans (see note 14)	583,580	666,844
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 15)	262,260	4,457
	The purchase contracts (see note 15)	583,580	671,301
14.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		
	Bank loans	<u>87,506</u>	94,221
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
	Bank loans	583,580	666,844
			

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

15.	LEASING AC	GREEMENTS			
	Minimum leas	e payments under hire purchase fall of	due as follows:		
				2023 £	2022 £
	Net obligations Within one year Between one a	ır		4,457 	65,702 4,457
16.	SECURED D	EBTS		4,457	<u>70,159</u>
	The following	secured debts are included within cre	editors:		
	3			2023	2022
	Bank loans			£ 671,086	£
17.	PROVISIONS	FOR LIABILITIES		2022	2022
	Deferred tax			2023 £ 	2022 £
					Deferred tax
	Accelerated all Balance at 31.				£ 22,715 22,715
18.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issue Number:	l and fully paid: Class:	Nominal	2023	2022
	80,000	Ordinary	value: £1	£ 80,000	£ 80,000
19.	RESERVES				Retained earnings £
	At 1 February Profit for the y At 31 January	ear		- -	2,844,358 650,650 3,495,008

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

20. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company is ultimately controlled by Mr T & Mrs J Scarrott by virtue of the fact they beneficially jointly own 51% of the issued share capital in the company.

Included in this ownership is 26% of the issued shares owned by Vale Holiday Parks Limited, a company owned and controlled by Mr T & Mrs J Scarrott.

Vale Holiday Parks Limited is a company incorporated in England & Wales - company number 04670394.

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