1758817

# ROCKEAGLE ESTATES LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999



## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors Mr M R Kay

Dr H Kay Mr N I Hole

Secretary Mr P J Goodes

Company Number 1758817

Registered Office Mamhead House

Mamhead Exeter Devon EX6 8HD

Auditors Thompson Jenner

1 Colleton Crescent

Exeter Devon EX2 4DG

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st March 1999.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal role of the company is that of an investment company.

#### Directors

The directors who served during the year and their beneficial interests in the company's issued share capital were:

	Ordi	Ordinary Shares	
	31st	lst	
	March	April	
	1999	1998	
Mr M R Kay	-	-	
Dr H Kay	-	-	

None of the directors had a beneficial interest in the share capital of the company at any time during the year. Mr M R Kay and Dr H Kay are also directors of the company's ultimate holding company, Rockeagle Holdings Limited. Their interests in the shares of the holding company are disclosed in the financial statements of that company.

#### Year 2000 Compliance

As is well known, many computer and digital storage systems express dates using only the last two digits of the year and will thus require modification or replacement to accommodate the Year 2000 and beyond in order to avoid malfunctions and resulting widespread commercial disruption. This is a complex and pervasive issue. The operation of our business depends not only on our own computer systems, but also to some degree on those of our suppliers and customers. This could expose us to further risk in the event that there is a failure by other parties to remedy their own year 2000 issues.

The company is well advanced in the phase of assessing the risks to our business resulting from the date change to the Year 2000. Once this phase is completed we can assess the likely impact on our activities and develop prioritised action plans to deal with the key risks.

## **Directors' Responsibilities**

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and of the profit or loss for that year. In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999

#### **Auditors**

The auditors, Messrs. Thompson Jenner are deemed to be re-appointed in accordance with Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 be vitue of an elective resolution passed be the members on 14 January 1992.

## **Small company exemptions**

The report of the Directors' has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 and was approved by the board on 16th November 1999, and signed on its behalf.

Mr P J Goodes, Secretary 16th November 1999

#### **AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE**

#### SHAREHOLDERS OF ROCKEAGLE ESTATES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 9 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 6.

#### Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those financial statements and report our opinion to you.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st March 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

**Thompson Jenner** 

**Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors** 

1 Colleton Crescent

Exeter

Devon

EX2 4DG

Date: 29th November 1999

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999

	Notes	1999	1998
		£	£
Turnover	2 _	198,150	198,150
Gross Profit		198,150	198,150
Administrative Expenses		14,316	15,259
Operating Profit	4	183,834	182,891
Interest Receivable Interest Payable and Similar Charges		4,164	2,942
interest Layable and Sunnar Charges	_	(156,220)	(183,045)
Profit on Ordinary Activities before Taxation		31,778	2,788
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	_	<u>-</u>	
Profit for the Financial Year	11	31,778	2,788
Retained Profit Brought Forward		33,733	30,945
Retained Profit Carried Forward		65,511	33,733

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There were no recognised gains or losses for 1999 or 1998 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## AS AT 31ST MARCH 1999

	Notes	£	1999 £	£	1998 £
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	5		2,260,000		2,260,000
Current Assets Debtors	C	25 214		8,894	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	35,214 104,722	_	109,604	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7 _	139,936 87,124	_	118,498 86,689	
Net Current Assets			52,812		31,809
<b>Total Assets Less Current Liabilities</b>			2,312,812		2,291,809
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8		2,247,201		2,257,976
			65,611	:	33,833
Capital and Reserves					
Share capital Profit and loss account	10 11		100 65,511		100 33,733
Shareholders' Funds	12		65,611	=	33,833

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

These financial statements were approved by the board on 16th November 1999 and signed on its behalf.

Mr M R Kay Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999

#### 1 Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group financial statements by virtue of section 248 of the Companies Act 1985. These accounts therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company as rental income, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

#### Depreciation

In accordance with SSAP19, Investment Properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit transferred to the revaluation reserve, with no depreciation being provided in respect of these Investment Properties. This departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 1985, for all properties to be depreciated, is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards

#### **Investment Properties**

Investment properties are shown at valuation. In the opinion of the director, Mr M R Kay, Chartered Surveyor, the value of the investment properties at 31 March 1999 is at least equal to that stated in the balance sheet.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **Deferred Taxation**

Deferred tax is provided for under the liability method using the tax rates estimated to arise when the timing differences reverse and is accounted for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Debit balances arising in respect of advanced corporation tax on dividends payable or proposed are carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recoverable.

#### Leased Assets

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the Balance Sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the lease.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999

#### **Finance Costs**

In accordance with FRS4, the issue costs of raising finance are spread over the term of the loan.

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7.	Turnover
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	Turnover relates to the following activities or business segments:  Property investment	1999 £ 198,150	1998 £ 198,150
3	Interest Payable and Similar Charges  Bank overdrafts and loans	1999 £ 156,220	1998 £ 183,045
4	Operating Profit		
	The operating profit is arrived at after charging or crediting:  Auditors' remuneration	1999 £ 1,000	1998 £ 1,000
5	Tangible Fixed Assets	Investment Properties	Total
	Cost At 1st April 1998	2,260,000	2,260,000
	At 31st March 1999	2,260,000	2,260,000
	Net Book Value At 31st March 1999  At 31st March 1998	<b>2,260,000 2,260,000</b>	2,260,000 2,260,000

The investment properties were valued in total at £2,260,000 in February 1995 by Chesterton International, Chartered Surveyors. The individual valuations of the properties were reviewed at 31 March 1999 by a director Mr M R Kay, Chartered Surveyor and it was considered that no change was required to these valuations.

6	Debtors	1999	1998
		£	£
	Trade debtors	33,006	8,188
	Other debtors	2,208	706
		35,214	8,894

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999

7	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	1999 £	1998 £
	Trade creditors	2,350	2,152
	Other creditors	84,774	84,537
		<u>87,124</u>	86,689
	'Other creditors' include £7,421 (1998 - £7,184) in respect of taxation and social security.		
8	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After One Year	1999	1998
	Loans (secured)	£ 1,708,554	£ 1,697,107
	Amounts owed to group companies	538,647	560,869
		2,247,201	2,257,976

The amount owed to group companies is subject to a deed of subordination, relating to the £1.72m bank loan.

The subordinated liability is due to Rockeagle Limited, the company's immediate parent.

The company is not permitted, other than in the normal course of business, to:

- (a) secure all or part of the subordinated liability, or
- (b) make any payment relating to the liability until the £1.72m bank loan has been repaid in full.

The bank loan of £1,708,554 is after deduction of issue costs of £11,446 which are being written off over the term of the loan, as required by FRS4.

### 9 Deferred Taxation

The movements in deferred taxation during the current and previous years are as follows:

		Amount Unprovided	
		1999 £	1998 £
	Unrealised capital gains	310,000	315,000
10	Share Capital	1999 £	1998 £
	Authorised	•	-
	100 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	100	100
	Allotted		
	100 Allotted, called up and fully paid ordinary shares of £1.00 each	100	100

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1999

#### 11 Reserves

			Profit and Loss Account
	At 1 April 1997	-	<b>£</b> 30,945
	Profit for the year		2,788
	At 1st April 1998	-	33,733
	Profit for the year	_	31,778
	At 31st March 1999	=	65,511
12	Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds	1999 £	1998 £
	Profit for the financial year	31,778	2,788
	Increase in the shareholders' funds	31,778	2,788
	Closing shareholders' funds	65,611	33,833

#### 13 Related Parties

Exemption has been taken of the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that the company is included in publicly available consolidated accounts.

The company is a subsidiary of Rockeagle Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England.

Under the terms of the loan agreement with the company bankers, the share capital in the company is held by a nominee company. All voting rights, and rights to income and capital investment in the holding company, Rockeagle Limited.