Satellite Graphics Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2004

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COMPANIES HOUSE

0247 4/06/05 Registered No: 1751783

Directors

Dr A M Al Dakhil Dr F A Al Said

Secretary I Kanaan

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Registered office Arab Press House 182-184 High Holborn London WC1V 7AP

Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £465,895. The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the printing of newspapers and magazines.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Dr A M Al Dakhil (appointed 19 April 2004)
Dr F A Al Said (appointed 31 May 2004)
H Al Rumayan (resigned 31 May 2004)
Dr A Jazzar (resigned 19 April 2004)

There are no directors' interests requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the board

Dr Al A M Dakhil

Director

02 May 2005



Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of Satellite Graphics Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2004 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Satellite Graphics Limited (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2004 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Enst & Young LLP Registered Auditor

6 May 2005

London

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Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2004

		2004	2003
N	otes	£	£
Turnover	3	2,644,871	2,760,647
Cost of sales		1,963,906	1,940,094
Gross profit		680,965	820,553
Distribution costs		4,400	5,530
Administrative expenses		1,078,820	791,149
Other operating income		(11,491)	(7,583)
Operating (loss)/profit	4	(390,764)	31,457
Interest payable and similar charges	6	37,370	57,418
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(428,134)	(25,961)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7	37,761	18,281
Loss for the financial year		(465,895)	(44,242)

Statement of total recognised gains and losses
There are no recognised gains or losses other than the loss of £465,895 attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 31 December 2004 (2003 - loss of £44,242).

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2004

	37	2004	2003
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	8	1,913,188	2,120,405
Current assets			
Stocks	9	41,492	27,439
Debtors	10	982,946	1,313,558
Cash at bank		60,965	14,357
		1,085,403	1,355,354
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	3,262,258	2,995,528
Net current liabilities		(2,176,855)	(1,640,174)
Total assets less current liabilities		(263,667)	480,231
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	27,375	343,139
Provisions for liabilities and charges			
Deferred taxation	7	200,246	162,485
		(491,288)	(25,393)
A Make and an arrange			
Capital and reserves	15	400,000	400,000
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	16	(891,288)	(425,393)
Tions and 1022 account	10		(423,373)
Equity shareholders' funds	16	(491,288)	(25,393)

Dr A M Al Dakhil Director

02 May 2005



at 31 December 2004

1. Fundamental accounting concept

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the parent undertaking has agreed to provide the company with continuing financial support in order to enable the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (revised) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes consolidated financial statements.

Related parties transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 not to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Asharq Al-Awsat Limited, a company whose consolidated financial statements are available to the public.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value based on prices prevailing at the date of acquisition of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Improvements to leasehold property

- 25% per annum

Plant and machinery

- 5% - 25% per annum

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition, as follows:

Raw materials, consumables and goods for resale

purchase cost on a first-in, first-out basis.

Work in progress and finished goods

 cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable overheads based on a normal level of activity.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less any further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal.

at 31 December 2004

Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception:

deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution scheme. Contributions payable for the year are charged in the profit and loss account.

Turnover

The turnover arose from the principal continuing activity of the company, the printing of newspapers and magazines. All turnover relates to the United Kingdom.

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods and services exclusive of sales related taxes.

Operating (loss)/profit

This is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2004 £	2003 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	8,028	6,297
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	212,935	224,661
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings - plant and machinery Net profit on foreign currency translation	175,000 4,237 (3,933)	196,910 7,260

at 31 December 2004

5.	Staff	costs
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Э.	Starr costs	2004 £	2003 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Staff pension contributions	604,342 57,024 3,696	580,627 54,537 3,696
		665,062	638,860
	The monthly average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2004 No.	2003 No.
	Production staff Administrative staff	33 3	33 1
	A CARTIMISTRATIVO STATE	36	34
	The directors were not remunerated for their services (2003 - £nil).		
6.	Interest payable and similar charges	2004	2003
		£	£
	Bank interest payable	37,370	57,418
7.	Taxation (a) Tax on loss on ordinary activities		
	The tax charge is made up as follows:	2004 £	2003 £
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	37,761	18,281
	(b) Factors affecting current tax		
	The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year differs from the tax in the UK of 30% (2003 - 30%). The differences are reconciled below:	standard rate of	corporation
		2004 £	2003 £
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(428,134)	(25,961)
	Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in	(422.442)	(0 0)
	the UK of 30% Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(128,440) 2,550	(7,788) 2,550
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation	(22,929)	(47,699)
	Surrender of tax losses for no consideration	148,819	52,937
	Total current tax (note 7(a))		_

at 31 December 2004

7.	Taxation	(continued)
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(c) Deferred tax

	(c) Deferred tax			
			2004 £	2003 £
	Capital allowances in advance of depreciation Tax losses available		298,700 (98,454)	260,939 (98,454)
	Provision for deferred taxation		200,246	162,485
				£
	At 1 January 2004 Profit and loss account movement arising during the year			162,485 37,761
	At 31 December 2004			200,246
8. OUNG	Tangible fixed assets	Improvements to leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Total £
⊒I E RNST&YOUNG	Cost: At 1 January 2004 Additions At 31 December 2004	197,260	3,071,350 5,718 3,077,068	3,268,610 5,718 3,274,328
	Depreciation: At 1 January 2004 Provided during the year At 31 December 2004	102,921 49,315 152,236	1,045,284 163,620 1,208,904	1,148,205 212,935 1,361,140
	Net book value: At 31 December 2004	45,024	1,868,164	1,913,188
	At 1 January 2004	94,339	2,026,066	2,120,405
9.	Stocks		2004 £	2003 £
	Raw materials and consumables		41,492	27,439

Notes to the financial statements

at 31 December 2004

	10.	Debtors		
			2004 £	2003 £
			£	£
		Trade debtors	681,198	554,512
		Amounts owed by group undertakings	208,012	665,705
		Other debtors	27,862	26,493
		Prepayments and accrued income	65,874	66,848
			982,946	1,313,558
	11.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		·	2004	2003
			£	£
		Current instalment due on bank loan (note 13)	315,764	293,200
		Trade creditors	231,472	453,422
		Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,618,305	2,228,963
		Other taxation and social security	13,624	7,743
S		Accruals and deferred income	83,093	12,200
Ž			3,262,258	2,995,528
8/2	12.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
-		·	2004	2003
S			£	£
訓 ERNST & YOUNG		Bank loans	27,375	343,139
III		Lanna		
	13.	Loans Creditors include finance capital which is due for repayment as follows:		
		Creditors include image capital which is due for repayment as ione wis.	2004	2003
			£	£
		Amounts repayable:		
		In more than one year but not more than two years	27,375	315,764
		In more than two years but not more than five years		27,375
		THE THOUGH WANTED ON THOU AND AND THE TAXABLE AND A TAXABL		
			27,375	343,139
		On demand or within one year	(315,764)	(293,200)

636,339

343,139

at 31 December 2004

14. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2004 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

		2004		2003
	Land and		Land and	
	buildings	Other	buildings	Other
	£	£	£	£
Operating leases which expire:				
In two to five years	_	3,732	_	7,260
In over five years	175,000	_	175,000	_
	175,000	3,732	175,000	7,260

15. Share capital

Office Capital				Authorised
			2004	2003
			£	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each			400,000	400,000
		Allot	ted, called up a	nd fully paid
		2004		2003
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	400,000	400,000	400,000	400,000

16. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movement on reserves

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total share- holders' funds £
At 1 January 2003	400,000	(381,151)	18,849
Loss for the year		(44,242)	(44,242)
At 31 December 2003	400,000	(425,393)	(25,393)
Loss for the year		(465,895)	(465,895)
At 31 December 2004	400,000	(891,288)	(491,288)

17. Parent undertakings

The group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Asharq Al-Awsat Limited, the company's immediate parent company. The consolidated financial statements of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House.

The company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Saudi Research and Publishing Company, which is incorporated as a mixed liability partnership in Saudi Arabia.