COMPANY NUMBER: 01738920

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

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SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS:

Mr P H Prior Mr J P Malkinson Mr M A Lowe

Mr B G Prior

SECRETARY:

Mr J P Malkinson

REGISTERED OFFICE:

7 Summerleaze Road

Maidenhead Berkshire SL6 8SP

COMPANY NUMBER:

01738920

AUDITORS:

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

Aquis House 49 – 51 Blagrave Street Reading

Berkshire RG1 1PL

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

INTRODUCTION

The directors present their Strategic Report together with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The directors are concerned at the result for the year, but recognise the improvement made in the face of the challenging commercial conditions, and the progress made during the year with the development of its businesses.

Group turnover increased substantially, primarily due to a rise in wood pellet sales volumes and price, and also in aggregate sales due to improved market conditions. However, this was off-set by increases in related costs such as pellet purchases, aggregate extraction, haulage and royalties.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In addition to normal commercial and economic factors, the principal specific risk facing the business is that of government intervention in the areas of environment and energy policy. The company has a long-established track record of developing early-stage renewable energy projects, and, if the directors are to continue risking shareholder funds in such endeavours, it is vital that any government support mechanisms introduced are practical and equitable. Our company operates in an arena where a proper return on effort and capital risk is only likely to be achieved in the medium to long term. The board will continue to review the risks to shareholder capital posed by political uncertainty with a view to changing its investment stance if it considers those risks have become unacceptably high.

FINANCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The financial highlights of the year were:

- Loss for the year after taxation of £484,099 (2014: £1,513,208 loss)
- Retained loss for the year of £984,099 (2014: £2,013,208 loss)
- Revenue has increased to £26,364,038 (2014: £20,452,661)
- Closing positive cash balance of £6,423,071 (2014: £14,027,423)
- Net assets of £60,823,696 (2014: £61,606,195).

An interim dividend of £250 (2014:£250) per share, a total of £500,000 (2014:£500,000) was paid during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

LAND AND BUILDINGS

The directors are of the opinion that the existing use value of the company's freehold land and buildings is in excess of net book value.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Summerleaze Limited is committed to meeting its corporate social responsibility through involvement with local community projects. The company's support over the last year included the following amounts:

Sponsorship of the North Maidenhead Cricket Club

Sponsorship of the Thames Valley Adventure Playground

Sponsorship of Holyport Football Club

Sponsorship of Maidenhead Colts RFC

£23,689 (2014 - £56,490)

£14,362 (2014 - £7,238)

£Nil (2014 - £383)

£4,000 (2014 - £4,800)

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

In addition, charitable donations were made during the year at a total cost to the company of £5,830 (2014: £196).

Approved by the Board on 17 Decades 20,5 and signed on its behalf by: -

J P Malkinson

Director and Company Secretary

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

The Directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The group continued to be primarily engaged in aggregates extraction, waste management, electricity generation from anaerobic digestion, the supply of wood pellets for sustainable heating, and property management and development.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year were as follows:

Mr P H Prior
Mrs H R Robertson – retired 31 August 2014
Mr J P Malkinson
Mr M A Lowe
Mr B G Prior

PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this report is approved has confirmed that:

- (a) so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- (b) each director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditor, Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

December 2015

Approved by the Board on and signed on its behalf by: -

J P Malkinson

Director and Company Secretary

SUMERLEAZE LIMITED STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards) and applicable law.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Summerleaze Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 which comprise the Group Profit and Loss Account, the Group and Parent Company Balance Sheets, the Group Cash Flow Statement, the Group Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and Note of Historical Cost Profits and Losses and the related notes numbered 1 to 29.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

UNQUALIFIED OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Jeremy Cooper

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of

CROWE CLARK WHITEHILL LLP

Statutory Auditor

Reading

Date: 17th December 2015.

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

	Notes	31 N	Ended farch 015 £	31 N	Ended March 014 £
TURNOVER	2	26,364,038		20,452,661	
Other operating income		1,914,986		920,466	
			28,279,024		21,373,127
Raw materials and consumables Other external charges Staff costs	6	11,015,062 10,042,167 4,490,926		6,969,048 9,990,127 3,783,412	
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible and intangi fixed assets					
Depreciation of assets at historic of Depreciation of revalued mineral of Impairment of fixed assets		2,536,357 705,630 66,000		2,450,745 286,807 -	
		3,307,987		2,737,552	
			(28,856,142)		(23,480,139)
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE DEPRECIATION/AMORTISATION	ON (EBITD	A)	2,730,869		630,540
Depreciation and other amounts w tangible and intangible fixed asset			(3,307,987)		(2,737,552)
OPERATING (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	5	,	(577,118)		(2,107,012)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar	3	50,720		135,599	
charges Intercompany provision Investment impairment	4	(32,304) (3,172)		(127,776) 1,285 (200,000)	
Profit on sale of fixed assets		100,105		341,186	
(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVIT	IEC		115,349		150,294
BEFORE TAXATION Taxation on loss on	iLG		(461,769)		(1,956,718)
ordinary activities	7		(22,330)		443,510
(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	20		£ (484,099)		£ (1,513,208)
All amounts relate to continuing activities.					

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES AND NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSS	SES	
	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
(Loss) for the financial year	(484,099)	(1,513,208)
Actuarial gain/ (loss) related to pension scheme net of deferred tax	201,600	(884,000)
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES SINCE LAST FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	£ (282,499)	£ (2,397,208)
NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES		
Retained (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation Realisation of property revaluation gains of previous years Differences between actual and historical cost depreciation	(461,769) 489,871 676,174	(1,956,718) 372,150 227,649
HISTORICAL COST PROFIT/ (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	£ 704,276	£ (1,356,919)
RETAINED HISTORICAL COST PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR AFTER		

£ 181,946

£ (1,413,409)

TAXATION AND DIVIDENDS

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2015

COMPANY NO. 01738920

		Year E 31 M 20	arch	31 N	Ended larch
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					-
Goodwill	9				-
Tangible assets Deposits, options, licences and	10		49,855,607		45,299,244
rights over land	11		11,371		11,371
Other investments	13		542,623		<u>542,623</u>
			50,409,601		45,853,238
DEBTORS: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	15		260,489		260,412
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	14	1,632,183		1,088,043	
Debtors: amounts falling due		.,002,100		1,000,010	
within one year	15	8,125,025		5,488,120	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,423,071	•	14,027,423	
		16,180,279		20,603,586	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
within one year	16	<u>(5,489,350</u>)		(4,064,772)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			10,690,929		<u>16,538,814</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS	,				
CURRENT LIABILITIES			61,361,019		62,652,464
DDOVIGION FOR LIABILITIES	•				
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	18		(1,950,123)		(2,027,449)
AND ONANGES	10		11,000,1201		(2,021,440)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING					
PENSION SCHEME			59,410,896		60,625,015
Defined benefit pension scheme Asset	24		1,412,800		981,180
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION SCHEME			C 60 922 606		C 61 606 10E
PENSION SCHEME			£ 60,823,696		£ 61,606,195
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	19		2,000		2,000
Share premium	20		3,737,644		3,737,644
Revaluation reserve	20		4,358,106		5,524,151
Capital redemption reserve	20		110		110
Profit and loss account	20		<u>52,725,836</u>		<u>52,342,290</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	21		£ 60,823,696		£_61,606,195
Approved and authorised for issue to and signed on its behalf by: -	y the Boar	d on 17 D	ecember 2	015	
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The notes on pages 14 to 36 form part of these financial statements

J P Malkinson Director

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2015

COMPANY NO. 01738920

		Year Ended 31 March 2015		Year Ended 31 March 2014	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	10		23,440,598		28,739,697
Deposits, options, licences and rights over land Investments in subsidiary	11		10,371		10,371
undertakings	12		640,501		640,501
Other investments	13		542,623		542,623
			24,634,093		29,933,192
DEBTORS : amounts falling due after more than one year	15		25,848,277		15,258,878
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	14	296,280		106 765	
Debtors: amounts falling due		290,280		196,765	
within one year Cash at bank and in hand	15	2,789,405 <u>4,804,077</u>		2,029,182 12,864,012	
		7,889,762		15,089,959	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	16	(2,800,998)		(2,301,661)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			5,088,764		12,788,298
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			55,571,134		57,980,368
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	17		(2,109,171)		(2,109,171)
PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	18		(1,950,123)		(2,027,449)
NET ASSETS EXCLUDING PENSION SCHEME			51,511,840		53,843,748
Defined benefit pension scheme asset	24		1,412,800		<u>981,180</u>
NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION SCHEME			£ 52,924,640		£ 54,824,928
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					•
Called up share capital	19		2,000		2,000
Share premium	20		3,737,644		3,737,644
Revaluation reserve Capital redemption reserve	20 20		4,358,106 110		5,524,151 110
Profit and loss account	20		<u>44,826,780</u>		<u>45,561,023</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	21		£ 52,924,640		£ 54,824,928
Approved and authorised for issue band signed on its behalf by:	y the Boa	rd on 17 £	ecomber)	2015	
J P Malkinson Director					

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

		Year E 31 M 20	arch	Year E 31 M 20	arch
NET CASH INFLOW/ (OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes 26	£	£ 900.467	£	£ (384,664)
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE Interest received Interest paid	20	50,720 (7,304)	-	135,599 (5,776)	(304,004)
NET CASH INFLOW FROM RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND THE SERVICING OF FINANCE			43,416		129,823
TAXATION UK corporation tax			-		-
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT Payments to acquire intangible and tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets		(12,502,572) <u>4,393,799</u>		(5,626,938) 3,246,677	
NET CASH (OUTFLOW) FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL INVESTMEN EXPENDITURE	ιτ		(8,108,773)		(2,380,261)
EQUITY DIVIDENDS PAID			(500,000)		(500,000)
(DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH	27		£ (7,664,890)		£(3,135,102)

SUMMERLEAZE LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2015

		Year Ended	Year Ended
		31 March	31 March
		2015	2014
		£	£
MOVEMENT IN NET CASH IN THE YEAR		(7,664,890)	(3,135,102)
NET CASH AT 31 MARCH 2014		14,027,423	<u>17,162,525</u>
NET CASH AT 31 MARCH 2015	27	£ 6,362,533	£ 14.027.423

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain freehold land and buildings and leasehold mineral estates and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The company has sufficient cash resources as well as the ability to raise further funds if required. The directors are therefore confident that the company has sufficient resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

b) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries, on a line by line basis except as noted below. Intra group sales and profits are eliminated on consolidation and all sales and profit figures relate to external transactions only.

The accounts of Summerleaze Mountains AG, a wholly owned subsidiary, have not been consolidated within these accounts as the directors consider the amounts involved to be immaterial.

No profit and loss account is presented for the parent company, Summerleaze Limited as permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006. The result for the parent Summerleaze Limited for the year is shown in Note 20.

c) Liquid resources

Liquid resources are defined as cash balances in deposit accounts without instant access.

d) Turnover

Turnover represents invoiced sales to external customers net of value added tax.

e) Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

f) Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

Goodwill - 33.3% straight line

g) Revaluation of land and buildings and mineral estates

The company took advantage of the arrangements under FRS 15, which allows retention of the carrying value of revalued freehold land and buildings acquired prior to 31 December 1999. All additions since that date are stated at cost.

FRS 15 requires any category of fixed assets carried at revalued amounts to be shown at their current value at the balance sheet date. To achieve this, mineral estates are subject to a full valuation every five years and an interim valuation carried out in the third year of this cycle.

When previously revalued assets are disposed of, their book value is eliminated and an appropriate transfer made from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

h) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is calculated to provide for the estimated cost, in the period of provision, of the diminution in value of land from which gravel has been extracted. No depreciation is provided for on other freehold land. Leasehold mineral estates are amortised over the period during which mineral extraction takes place. Buildings in general are not depreciated since, in the opinion of the directors, their value is not material. The buildings are fully maintained to preserve their operational capability. Depreciation on other fixed assets is calculated using the straight line basis, at rates sufficient to write them down over their expected useful lives, which are reviewed by the directors on a regular basis.

The rates used are:-

Freehold property (where depreciated)

Fixed plant at freehold mineral estates

Mobile plant and commercial vehicles

Generator equipment

Fixtures fittings and office equipment

3 10 years

15 years

Fixtures, fittings and office equipment - 3 – 10 years
Motor vehicles - 5 years

i) Forest Estates

The forest estates have been predominantly acquired as a source of sustainable biomass for the long term production of renewable energy.

The forest estates are included in the financial statements at purchase cost together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

No provision is made for depreciation on these assets on the grounds that the estimated remaining useful economic life of the Woodlands exceeds 50 years. Each year a review is carried out whereby the directors consider the carrying value and the recoverable amount relating to the Woodlands, where the recoverable amount is considered to be the higher of net realisable value or the value in use. The directors have been assisted in their review by obtaining an estimated independent professional market valuation for each forest estate.

The disposal of timber to external customers is treated as turnover in the financial statements. An appropriate proportion of the cost of these assets is transferred to cost of sales. Any disposal of land is treated as the disposal of fixed assets.

It is the company's policy to manage its freehold forest estates sustainably and therefore there is normally a requirement to replant after felling. Replanting costs are capitalised in the year they are incurred.

j) Investment properties

In accordance with SSAP 19, investment properties are included in the financial statements at their open market values, with no depreciation applied to them.

This departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, for all properties to be depreciated is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

k) Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

The cost of providing benefits under the company's defined benefit scheme is determined using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The current service cost and gains and losses on settlements and curtailments are included in operating expenses in the profit and loss account. The expected return on assets of funded defined benefit pension plans and the imputed interest on pension plan liabilities comprise the post retirement benefit element of finance costs and finance income in the income statement

Differences between the actual and expected return on assets, changes in the retirement benefit obligation due to experience and changes in actuarial assumptions are included in the statement of recognised income and expensed in full in the period in which they arise.

I) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:-

- Deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company
 has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief; and
- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred taxation balances arising from underlying timing differences in respect of tax allowances on industrial buildings are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining those allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

m) Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

n) Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing arrangements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components. The interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account at a constant rate over the period of the agreement. The capital element reduces the amounts payable to the lessor.

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

One of the operating leases included within these accounts stipulates two different rental rates; an initial rental payable prior to the commissioning of the relevant plant, and a fixed rental payable following commissioning. The fixed rental is subject to annual indexation and additional rentals are payable based upon turnover should the rental calculated on a turnover basis exceed the fixed rental otherwise payable.

o) Repairs and renewals

Expenditure on repairs and the replacement of components not enhancing the value of the plant is written off in the period in which it is incurred.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

p) Land restoration

The costs of overburden removal and land restoration are written off in the period in which those costs are incurred.

q) Provision for landfill after-care costs

Under the Environmental Protection Act 1990 and associated legislation and regulations, the company has a responsibility to monitor and control pollution at its landfill sites until such time as the Waste Regulation Authority accepts the surrender of the applicable licence and issues a certificate of completion. A provision for the costs involved is made over the period during which landfill takes place on the basis of the annual volume of void-space consumed. Similar costs incurred during the operating life of these sites are written off directly and not charged to the provision.

r) Foreign currency

Assets, liabilities and costs expressed in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling on the date on which the transactions occur, except for:-

- (i) monetary assets and liabilities which are translated at the rate ruling at the balance sheet date other than those in (ii) below; and
- (ii) transactions to be settled at a contracted rate and trading transactions covered by related or matching forward contracts which are translated at those contractual rates.

Differences arising on the translation of such items are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

s) Investments

Subsidiary undertakings

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at cost less provision for impairment.

Other investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at their purchase cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition, less any provision for impairment.

t) Government grants

Grants are credited to the Profit and Loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

Grant income of £35,794 (2014: - £11,899) has been recognised in the Profit and Loss account, and no amounts (2014 - £nil) have been deferred to be released in future periods.

2. TURNOVER

All turnover arises in the United Kingdom.

In the opinion of the directors, it would be seriously prejudicial to disclose information regarding classes of business and markets.

3.	INVESTMENT INCOME	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Other interest receivable Bank and money market interest receivable	50,720 £ 50,720	17 135,582 £ 135,599
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Pension finance costs Other interest payable	25,000 7,304 £ 32,304	122,000 5,776 £127,776
5.	OPERATING LOSS Operating loss is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Auditors' remuneration - consolidated Auditors' remuneration - parent Auditors' remuneration - other services Depreciation of fixed assets - owned assets Impairment of tangible fixed assets Operating lease rentals Research and development Rent receivable	68,100 37,000 7,000 3,241,987 66,000 135,000 4,490 (231,091)	66,200 35,950 6,850 2,737,552 - 131,000 19,489 (304,431)

6. DIRECTORS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration and compensation for loss of office, comprise:

otali oosis, molading directors remaneration and compensation for loss	or office, compri	JG.
	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	3,763,887 407,886 319,153	3,053,680 346,725 <u>383,007</u>
	£ 4,490,926	£ 3,783,412
The average number of employees (including directors) during the year	was as follows:	
	2015 Number	2014 Number
Management, sales and administration Operations	30 56	20 47
	86	<u>67</u>
The emoluments of the directors were as follows:-	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
Fees Other emoluments	1,667 <u>751,867</u>	4,000 <u>709,631</u>
One director had benefits accruing under defined benefit pension scher	nes (2014:2).	
No contributions were made on behalf of any director to a defined contr	ibution scheme (2	2014:Nil).
The company does not operate any long-term incentive or share option	schemes for dire	ctors or employees.
The emoluments of the highest paid director were as follows:-	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
Emoluments	228,512	204,328

7.	TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Current tax Adjustments in respect of previous periods		-
	Total current tax	-	. -
	Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences FRS 17 pension charge/(credit)	14,517 7,813	(188,439) (255,071)
	Movement in deferred tax provision	22,330	<u>(443,510</u>)
	Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	£ 22,330	£ (443,510)
	The tax assessed for the period is reconciled below to the standard ra	te of corporation ta	ax in the UK.
		Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(461,769)	(1,956,718)
	Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2014: 23%)	(96,976)	(450,045)
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation Other timing differences, including FRS17 adjustment Non taxable income Brought forward trading losses set against current profits	429,934 160,383 31,290 (270,499) (254,132)	141,601 281,764 52,440 (25,760)
	Current tax charge	<u>£ .</u>	<u>£</u>
	The future tax charge will be affected by tax losses carried forward £2.65 $\emph{million}$).	of approximately	£1.18 million <i>(2014</i>
8.	DIVIDENDS	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Equity shares Ordinary shares		
	Interim dividend paid of £250 (2014: £250) per ordinary share	£ 500,000	£ 500,000

9.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS – GROUP	
	GOODWILL	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £
	COST	
	At 1 April 2014	69,999
	Additions	-
	Impairment	-
	At 31 March 2015	69,999
	AMORTISATION	
	At 1 April 2014	69,999
	Charge for the year	<u></u> -
	At 31 March 2015	69,999
	NET BOOK VALUE	
	At 31 March 2015	£
	At 31 March 2014	<u>£</u>

10. TANG	BIBLE ASSETS	- GROUP										
	Freehold mineral estates	Leasehold mineral estates	investment properties	Freehold land and buildings	Freehold forest estates	Fixed plant and machinery	Mobile plant and machinery	Commercial vehicles	Company cars	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Assets Under the Course of Construction	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£		£
COST OR VALU	ATION:											
1 April 2014 Additions Transfers Disposals Impairment	11,524,297 - (2,075,000) - -	387,146 - - - -	4,961,079 63,965 - (3,379,277)	15,262,894 106,145 2,075,000 (638,121)	5,878,086 13,441 (344,528) (71,237)	22,164,217 1,265,686 - (186,068) (66,000)	3,001,784 372,392 - -	3,493,633 1,531,915 - (30,934)	287,049 163,567 - (75,437)	269,669 27,817 - -	3,339 8,957,644 - -	67,233,193 12,502,572 (344,528 (4,381,074 (66,000
31 March 2015	9,449,297	<u>387,146</u>	1,645,767	16,805,918	5,475,762	23,177,835	3,374,176	4,994,614	375,179	297,486	8,960,983	74,944,163
DEPRECIATIO N:												
1 April 2014 Charge for	4,318,959	215,813	-	1,165,293	-	12,501,180	1,574,667	1,689,860	222,386	245,791	-	21,933,949
period Transfers	705,630 (2,075,000)	34,334	-	25,566 2,075,000	-	1,553,909	321,684	521,874	56,847	22,143	-	3,241,987 -
Disposals								(27,446)	(59,934)			(87,380
31 March 2015	2,949,589	250,147		3,265,859	-	14,055,089	1,896,351	2,184,288	219,299	267,934		25,088,556
NET BOOK VALUE: 31 March 2015	£6,499,708	£ 136,999	£ 1,645,767	£13,540,059	£5,475,762	£9,122,746	£1,477,825	£ 2,810,326	£ 155,880	£ 29,552	£8,960,983	£49,855,607
31 March 2014	£7,205,338	£ 171,333	£ 4.961,079		£5,878,086	£9,666,376	£1,427,117	£ 1,806,773	£ 64,663	£ 23,878	£	£45,299,244

Notes - As permitted by SSAP19, the directors have reviewed the year end values of all five investment properties. Revaluations have been performed where appropriate such that the properties are included within the financial statements at their approximate open market value.

The recoverable amounts relating to the freehold forest estates have been estimated by a suitably qualified valuer, and the recoverable amount is deemed to be in excess of the carrying value.

A legal charge exists over a property included within freehold land and buildings in relation to royalties which become payable once extraction on the land begins.

The transfer of £344,528 relates to felled woodland during the year that has been transferred to the profit and loss account as per accounting policy 1i).

10. TANGIBLE ASSETS - COMPANY

IV. TANGIBLE A	00L10 - 00M	T ANT									
	Freehold mineral estates £	Leasehold mineral estates £	Investment properties	Freehold land and buildings £	Freehold forest estates £	Fixed plant and machinery £	Mobile plant and machinery £	Commercial vehicles £	Company cars £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
COST OR VALUATION	N:										
1 April 2014 Additions Transfers	11,524,297 - (2,075,000)	387,146 - -	4,961,079 63,965	9,566,195 93,699 2,075,000	5,878,086 13,441 (344,528)	9,413,052 58,850	286,568 - -	444,392 155,260	224,362 104,115	171,001 9,115 -	42,856,178 498,445 (344,528)
Disposals			<u>(3,379,277</u>)	(638,121)	<u>(71,237)</u>	=		(1,500)	(62,938)		<u>(4,153,073</u>)
31 March 2015	9,449,297	387,146	1,645,767	11,096,773	5,475,762	9,471,902	286,568	598,152	265,539	180,116	38,857,022
DEPRECIATION: 1 April 2014 Charge for period Transfers Disposals	4,318,959 705,630 (2,075,000)	215,813 34,334 - 		1,139,981 - 2,075,000 	· :	7,462,302 505,232	279,030 6,474 -	375,262 50,529 (300)	171,035 37,219 - (47,436)	154,099 8,261 -	14,116,481 1,347,679 - (47,736)
31 March 2015	2,949,589	250,147		3,214,981		<u>_7,967,534</u>	285,504	425,491	<u>160,818</u>	<u>162,360</u>	<u>15,416,424</u>
NET BOOK VALUE: 31 March 2015	£ 6,499,708	£ 136,999	£ 1,645,767	£ 7,881,792	£5,475,762	£ 1,504,368	£ 1,064	£ 172,661	£ 104,721	£17,756	£ 23,440,598
31 March 2014	£ 7,205,338	£ 171,333	£ 4,961,079	£ 8,426,214	£5,878,086	£ 1,950,750	£ 7,538	£ 69,130	£ 53,327	£ 16,902	£ 28,739,697

Notes - As permitted by SSAP19, have reviewed the year end values of all five investment properties. Revaluations have been performed where appropriate such that the properties are included within the financial statements at their approximate open market value.

The recoverable amounts relating to the freehold forest estates have been estimated by a suitably qualified valuer, and the recoverable amount is deemed to be in excess of the carrying value.

A legal charge exists over a property included within freehold land and buildings in relation to royalties which become payable once extraction on the land begins.

The transfer of £344,528 relates to felled woodland during the year that has been transferred to the profit and loss account as per accounting policy 1i)

10. TANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

A full valuation of two of the three freehold mineral estates was carried out at 31 March 2014 by Matthews & Son – Chartered Surveyors at open market value for existing use. A valuation of the third estate, Taplow, was carried out by Matthews & Son at 31 March 2013. The valuations were undertaken in accordance with the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors' Appraisal and Valuation Manual.

In respect of the carrying value of freehold land and buildings acquired prior to 31 December 1999, the company has taken advantage of the arrangements under Financial Reporting Standard No 15, which allows the retention of the carrying value. The historical cost of these assets is not known.

All other tangible assets are stated at historical cost.

The gross value of freehold mineral estates in the financial statements is as follows:-

		Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Open market value for existing use	9,449,297	<u>11,524,297</u>
	The historical cost of freehold mineral estates is:		
	At cost Accumulated depreciation based on historical cost	4,431,972 (2,409,892)	4,651,901 (2,604,082)
		2,022,080	2,047,819
11.	DEPOSITS, OPTIONS, LICENCES AND RIGHTS OVER LAND - GRO	UP	Total £
	Cost at 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015		£ 11,371
	DEPOSITS, OPTIONS, LICENCES AND RIGHTS OVER LAND - COM	Total £	
	Cost at 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015		£ 10,371

12. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING - GROUP

	Year Ended 31 March	Year Ended 31 March
Shares at cost	2015	2014
Summerleaze Mountains AG 200,000 registered shares of 1 CHF each	£ 94,850	£ 94,850
Less: provision for diminution in value Summerleaze Mountains AG	(94,850)	(94,850)
	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>

Summerleaze Mountain's AG accounts have not been consolidated within these financial statements and so its investment is not eliminated upon consolidation. See note 1b) and below for further information in respect of this entity.

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS - COMPANY

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of AnDigestion Limited (registered in England). The principal activity of the company is waste management and the generation of electricity from waste products. The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 of AnDigestion Limited was net assets of £5,580,806 (2014: £5,447,545), and a profit for the year ended on that date of £133,261 (2014: profit £452,185).

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Forever Fuels Limited (registered in England). The principal activity of the company is the distribution and supply of wood pellets for sustainable heating systems. The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 of Forever Fuels Limited was a net assets of £984,530 (2014: net deficit £9,471,412), and a loss for the year ended on that date of £1,544,058 (2014: loss £1,688,076).

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Summerleaze Mountains AG (registered in Switzerland). The company's only activity during the year was the deconstruction of ski lifts. The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 was a net deficit of £546,716 (2014: net deficit £522,824), and a loss for the year of £8.355 (2014: loss £8,758).

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Summerleaze Waste Company Limited (registered in England) which has remained dormant throughout the year, and had aggregate share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 of £640,325 (2014: £640,325).

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Permafuel Limited (registered in England), which has remained dormant throughout the year, and had aggregate share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 of £1 (2014: £1).

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Green Hydrogen Limited (registered in England), which has remained dormant throughout the year and had aggregate share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 of £2 (2014: £2).

The company owns 83.91% of the issued share capital of Connected Place Limited (registered in England), which has remained dormant throughout the year and had aggregate share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 of £1 (2014: £1).

At 31 March 2015, Summerleaze Waste Company Limited held 100% of the issued share capital of Lakeview Property Developments Limited (registered in England). The company has remained dormant throughout the year and had aggregate share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2015 of £1,334,294 (2014 £1,334,294).

12. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS – COMPANY (continued)

Shares at cost	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
AnDigestion Limited 90 ordinary shares of £1 each	75	75
The Summerleaze Waste Company Limited 45,000 deferred shares of £1 each and 9,000 ordinary shares of 10p each	8,437,500	8,437,500
Connected Place Limited 1,945 ordinary shares of £1 each	838,350	838,350
Summerleaze Mountains AG 200,000 registered shares of 1 CHF each	94,850	94,850
Forever Fuels Limited 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Permafuel Limited 1 ordinary share of £1	1	1
Green Hydrogen Limited 2 ordinary shares of £1	2	2
Less: provision for diminution in value The Summerleaze Waste Company Limited Connected Place Limited Summerleaze Mountains AG	(7,797,177) (838,350) (94,850)	(7,797,177) (838,350) (94,850)
	£ 640,501	£ 640,501

Full provision has been made against the cost of the investment in Connected Place Limited. Although this company owns the rights to certain intellectual property, the company ceased its activities in August 2002, and the directors are of the opinion that the company will not be able to market any products in the foreseeable future.

Listed investments £ 542,380 or impairment. The	Unlisted Investments £	Total £ 542,623
542,380	_	-
	243	542,623
or impairment. The		
or impairment. The		
703).	e market value, as	at 31 March 20
	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	216,174 243,424 1,172,585 £ 1,632,183	199,126 159,169 729,748 £ 1,088,043
	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	52,856 243,424	37,046 159,169 550
		31 March 2015 £ 216,174 243,424 1,172,585 £ 1,632,183 Year Ended 31 March 2015 £ 52,856

15.	DEBTORS - GROUP		
		Year Ended	Year Ended
		31 March	31 March
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	_	~
	Other debtors	£ 260,489	£ 260,412
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	,		
	Trade debtors	6,215,123	3,547,627
	Other debtors	559,849	425,650
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,308,585	1,493,025
	Deferred tax asset – see note 18	41,468	21,818
		£ 8,125,025	£ 5,488,120
	DEBTORS - COMPANY		
	DEBTORO - COMITARY	Year Ended	Year Ended
		31 March	31 March
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	2	~
	Amounts faming due after more than one year		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	25,587,835	14,998,513
	Other debtors	260.442	260,365
	Other debiors	200,442	200,000
		£ 25,848,277	£ 15,258,878
	Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Trade debtors	2,489,766	1.548.844
	Other debtors	10,823	126,965
	Prepayments and accrued income	254,649	353.373
	Deferred tax asset see note 18	34,167	300,070
		£ 2,789,405	£_2,029,182

16.	CREDITORS – GROUP Amounts falling due within one year	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
ž	Overdraft Trade creditors Taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	60,538 2,354,197 805,467 296,669 1,972,479 £ 5,489,350	1,346,539 1,248,097 155,613 1,314,523 £ 4,064,772
	CREDITORS - COMPANY	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Amounts falling due within one year		
•	Trade creditors Taxation and social security Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	661,827 748,077 296,669 1,094,425 £_2,800,998	412,662 1,114,281 155,613 619,105 £ 2,301,661
17.	CREDITORS - COMPANY		
		Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	:	
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	£ 2,109,171	£ 2,109,171
	Repayable in 1 – 2 years	£_2,109,171	£ 2,109,171

18. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES- GROUP and COMPANY

	Deferred taxation £	Provision for land restoration	Landfill provisions £	Total £
At 1 April 2014 Charge/(credit) to profit and loss	-	68,463	1,958,986	2,027,449
account	-	77	(77,403)	(77,326)
At 31 March 2015	£	£ 68,540	£ 1,881,583	£ 1,950,123

The landfill provision relates to the expected after-care costs of the landfill sites. These costs are expected to be incurred over the next 30 – 60 years.

GROUE

As shown in note 15, there is a deferred tax asset of £41,468 relating to trading losses and accelerated capital allowances.

In addition to the above there is a potential deferred tax liability in relation to accelerated capital allowances totalling £Nil (2014: £216,621) attributable to Summerleaze Limited only, and a potential deferred tax asset in relation to trading losses and accelerated capital allowances totalling £135,567 which is attributable to Forever Fuels Limited (2014: £598,176- attributable £482,297 to Summerleaze Limited and £115,879 to Forever Fuels Limited). Neither of these have been provided for on the basis that the reversal of the liability would be offset by the trading losses carried forward, and that at present it is not envisaged that any tax will become payable in the foreseeable future.

This year's deferred tax liability of £353,200 (2014: £260,820 liability) relating to the FRS17 pension asset has been included in the accounts and netted off against the FRS17 asset (2014: asset) as per the required accounting treatment

COMPANY

As shown in Note 15, there is a deferred tax asset of £34,167 relating to trading losses and accelerated capital allowances.

No provision has been made for deferred tax on gains recognised on revaluing property and mineral estates to its market value nor on the sale of properties where potentially taxable gains have been rolled over into replacement assets. Such tax would become payable only if the property were sold without it being possible to claim rollover relief and/or utilise any available brought forward capital losses. The total unprovided amount in relation to this is £1,185,010 (2014: £1,375,259). At present it is not envisaged that any tax will become payable in the foreseeable future.

This year's deferred tax liability of £353,200 (2014: £260,820 liability) relating to the FRS17 pension asset has been included in the accounts and netted off against the FRS17 asset (2014: asset) as per the required accounting treatment.

19. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
Authorised: 2,360 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 2,360	£ 2,360
Allotted and fully paid: 2,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 2,000	£ 2,000

20.	RESERVES				
		Share premium account	Revaluation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account
	Group	£	£	£	£
	At 1 April 2014	3,737,644	5,524,151	110	52,342,290
	Loss for the year	-	-	-	(484,099)
	Dividends	-	-	•	(500,000)
	Depreciation transfer Sale of previously revalued	-	(676,174)	•	676,174
	properties	-	(489,871)	_	489.871
	Pension actuarial gain/(loss) net of deferred tax				201,600
	At 31 March 2015	£ 3.737.644	£ 4,358,106	£ 110	£ 52,725,836
	7 K 5 K Mar 5 K 25 K 5	 			<u> </u>
	Company				
	At 1 April 2014	3,737,644	5,524,151	110	45,561,023
	Loss for the year	-		-	(1,601,888)
	Dividends	-		•	(500,000)
	Depreciation transfer	-	(676,174)	-	676,174
	Sale of previously revalued				
	properties	-	(489,871)	-	489,871
	Pension actuarial gain/(loss) net				
	of deferred tax			-	201,600
	At 31 March 2015	£ 3,737,644	£_4,358,106	£ 110	£ 44,826,780

21. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	Group		Company	
	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	£	£	£	£
(Loss) for the year	(484,099)	(1,513,208)	(1,601,888)	(1,965,394)
Dividends	(500,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)
Net (reduction)/additions to shareholders' funds Pension actuarial gains/(losses)	(984,099)	(2,013,208)	(2,101,888)	(2,465,394)
(see note 24) Opening shareholders' funds	201,600	(884,000)	201,600	(884,000)
	61,606,195	<u>64,503,403</u>	<u>54,824,928</u>	<u>58,174,322</u>
Closing shareholders' funds	£ 60,823,696	£ 61,606,195	£ 52,924,640	£ 54,824,928

22. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At 31 March 2015 the group had capital commitments as follows:

Year Ended 31 March 2015		Year Ended 31 March 2014
£3.291.420	£	750 762

Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements

23. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the 31 March 2015 the Group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and Buildings		
	Year Ended	Year Ended	
	31 March	31 March	
	2015	2014	
	£	£	
Expiry date:			
Within 1 year	84,000	84,000	
Between 2 and 5 years	51,000	· •	
More than 5 years	31,250	47,000	

For one of the above leases additional rentals may become payable should the turnover rental payable exceed the fixed rental payable.

24. PENSIONS

Defined Contribution Schemes

The group contributes to a defined contributions (stakeholder) pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £161,934 (2014: £106,129). Contributions totalling £Nil (2014: £Nil) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date.

Defined Benefit Pension Scheme

The group operates a defined benefit scheme in the UK. This is a separate trustee- administered fund holding the pension scheme assets to meet long- term pension liabilities. The group includes the assets and liabilities of these arrangements in the company's and group's balance sheet. Current service costs, curtailment and settlement gains and losses and net financial returns are included in the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses.

Contributions payable by the group to the fund amounted to £157,220 (2014: £276,878). Contributions totalling £Nil (2014: £Nil) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date.

A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 March 2013 and updated to 31 March 2015 by a qualified actuary, independent of the scheme's sponsoring employer.

During the year the Company paid contributions at the rate of 24.0% of pensionable pay. This changed to 37.6% of pensionable pay with effect from 1 April 2015. Member contributions are payable at the rate of 6.0% of pensionable pay. Expenses and insurance premiums are payable in addition. The company also pays contributions of £150,000 to meet the deficit with the first payment made on 30 June 2014 and subsequent instalments due on 31 March each year between 2015 and 2020 inclusive. At the 31 March 2015 a payment for £150,000 was outstanding. This has been accrued for under creditors in Note 16 of the accounts.

Present values of scheme liabilities, fair value of assets and surplus/(deficit)

	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2015	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fair value of scheme assets Present value of scheme liabilities	13,969	11,202	12,561
	(12,203)	(9,960)	(10,043)
Surplus/(deficit) in scheme Unrecognised surplus Asset/(liability) to be recognised Deferred tax (liability)/asset	1,766 	1,242 	2,518 (275) 2,243 (516)
Net asset/(liability) to be recognised	1,413	<u>981</u>	1,727

24. PENSIONS (Continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the scheme liabilities

	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £'000	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £'000
Scheme liabilities at start of period	9,960	10.043
Current service cost	149	228
Interest cost	424	408
Contributions by scheme participants	31	40
Actuarial losses/ (gains)	2,032	(325)
Benefits paid, death in service insurance premiums and expenses	(393)	(434)
Scheme liabilities at end of period	12,203	9,960

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of scheme assets

	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £'000	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £'000
Fair value of scheme assets at start of period	11,202	12,561
Expected return on scheme assets	399	286
Actuarial gains/ (losses)	2,284	(1,484)
Contributions by the Group	446	233
Contributions by scheme participants	31	40
Benefits paid, death in service insurance premiums and expenses	(393)	(434)
Fair value of scheme assets at end of year	13,969	11,202

The actual return on the scheme assets over the period ending 31 March 2015 was £2,683,000 (2014: loss of £1,198,000).

Total expense recognised in profit and loss account

	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £'000	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £'000
Current service cost	149	228
Interest cost	424	408
Expected return on scheme assets	(399)	(286)
Gains on curtailment		<u>-</u>
Total expense recognised in profit and loss account	17 <u>4</u>	350

24. PENSIONS (continued)

Statement of total recognised gains and losses		
	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £'000	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £'000
Difference between expected and actual return on scheme assets: Amount: gain/ (loss)	2,284	(1,484)
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities: Amount: (loss)/gain	-	(62)
Effects of changes in the demographic and financial assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities: Amount: (loss)/gain	(2,032)	387
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable)	252	(1,159)
Effect of limit on amount of surplus recognised due to some of the surplus not being recognisable	.	275
Total amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses: Amount: gain/ (loss)	<u>252</u>	(884)

The cumulative amount of actuarial gains and losses recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses since adoption of FRS17 is total losses of £3,367,000 (2014: total losses of £3,619,000).

Assets	Year Ended 31 March 2015 £'000	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £'000	Year Ended 31 March 2013 £'000
Bonds Cash Net current assets/(liabilities) Insurance policy buy in	9,067 250 253 4,399	7,274 232 41 <u>3,655</u>	12,119 501 (59)
Total assets	<u>13,969</u>	11,202	<u> 12,561</u>

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any of the Group's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the Group.

Assumptions

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24. PENSIONS (continued)

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2015 imply the following life expectancies:

Male retiring at age 65 in 2015	23.2
Female retiring at age 65 in 2015	25.2
Male retiring at age 65 in 2035	25.3
Female retiring at age 65 in 2035	27.6

Expected long term rates of return

The long-term expected rate of return on cash is determined by reference to UK long dated government bond yields at the balance sheet dates. The long-term expected return on bonds is determined by reference to UK long dated government gilt yields at the balance sheet date. The long-term expected return on insured policy is consistent to the discount rate.

The expected long term rates of return applicable for each period are as follows:

	01/04/2014 01/04/20 % per annum % per ann 3.2% 2.3% 2.9% 2.0% arrent assets 2.9% 2.0% d policy buy-in 4.3% n/a		4	Year commencing 01/04/2013 % per annum			
Bonds Cash Net current assets Insured policy buy-in Overall for scheme			2.9% 2.9% 4.3%		:.0% :.0% n/a		
Amounts for the current and previous fou	Amounts for the current and previous four years						
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000		
Fair value of scheme assets	13,969	11,202	12,561	11,507	9,119		
Present value of scheme liabilities	12,203	9,960	10,043	11,839	9,773		
Surplus/(deficit) in scheme	1,766	1,242	2,518	(332)	(654)		
Experience adjustment on scheme assets	2,284	(1,484)	840	1,607	86		
Experience adjustment on scheme liabilities	-	(62)	477	(8)	96		

The best estimate of contributions to be paid by the Group to the scheme for the period beginning after 31 March 2015 is £340,000 (2014: £479,000).

25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Barclays Bank Plc has guaranteed an amount of £684,664 on behalf of Summerleaze Limited, to the Environment Agency, for a 3 year fixed rate renewable bond, and an amount of £196,000 on behalf of Summerleaze Limited to Buckinghamshire County Council.

The bonds are secured by fixed and floating charges over all of the company's assets.

Summerleaze Limited and its subsidiary undertakings have entered into a composite accounting agreement with their bankers, under which each participating company has provided a guarantee to the bank. Under the terms of the agreement and the guarantees, the bank is authorised to off-set and, in certain circumstances, to seize credit balances, and to apply them in reduction of liabilities, including debit balances, within the composite accounting agreement.

26. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH INFLOW/ (OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

			Year Ended 31 March 2015 £	Year Ended 31 March 2014 £
	Operating (loss) Depreciation and amortisation charges Impairment of fixed assets (Increase)/ decrease in stocks (Increase)/ decrease in debtors Increase/ (decrease) in creditors FRS 17 non cash movement Inter company impairment Impairment of loans receivable Felled woodland transferred to cost of sales (Decrease) in provisions		(577,118) 3,241,987 66,000 (544,140) (2,636,982) 1,364,040 (277,350) (3,172) - 344,528 (77,326)	(2,107,012) 2,737,552 (283,489) (1,099,656) 448,949 (5,000) 1,285 (77,293)
	NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPER	ATING ACTIVITIES	£ 900,467	<u>£ (384,664)</u>
27.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT	31 March 2014 £	Cash flow	31 March 2015 £
	Cash in hand Overdraft	14,027,423 <u>£ 14,027,423</u>	(7,604,352) (60,538) £ (7,664,890)	6,423,071 (60,538) £ 6,362,533

28. RELATED PARTIES

The Group has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related Party Disclosures' not to disclose transactions with other members of the Group on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights are controlled within the Group.

Transactions with directors

At 31 March 2015 Summerleaze Limited was indebted to Mr P H Prior and certain members of his immediate family for £146,669 (2014: £125,533).

All of the above Director and Shareholder loans are unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest is credited to them at Barclays Bank plc base rate.

During the year to 31 March 2015 non-director family members of Mr P H Prior in aggregate were due commission of £Nil (2014: £101,500). The balance outstanding at the year end was £Nil (2014: £101,500).

The directors of Summerleaze Limited during the year received dividends amounting to £147,250 (2014: £147,250).

Forever Fuels Limited rents a property owned by the Summerleaze Senior Director's Pension Scheme for £29,000 per annum. At the year-end £104,000 (2014: £75,000) was outstanding. P H Prior is the sole beneficiary of the scheme.

29. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors consider the ultimate controlling party to be Mr P H Prior and his family.