Financial statements

for the year ended 30 November 2008

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Directors' report for the year ended 30 November 2008

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2008.

The directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under section 264(4) of the Companies Act 1985.

Directors and their interests

The following were directors of the company during the year none of whom had any interest in the shares of the company:

C C A Glossop A Thorvaldsson

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Directors' report for the year ended 30 November 2008

Directors' responsibilities - continued

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

This report was approved by the Board on 25/09/09

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and signed on its behalf by

C C A Glossop

Director

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 November 2008

		2008	2007
	Notes	£	£
Administrative expenses		÷	(590)
Operating loss	2	-	(590)
Interest receivable and similar income		-	344
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		-	(246)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	619	74
Retained profit/(loss) for the year	7	619	(172)

All amounts derive from discontinued operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses for the current and prior periods other than as shown above, and accordingly no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented.

Balance sheet as at 30 November 2008

		2008		2007	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	-		74	
Cash at bank and in hand		43,790		43,790	
		43,790		43,864	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(1,421)		(2,114)	
Net current assets			42,369		41,750
Net assets			42,369		41,750
Capital and reserves					·-
Called up share capital	6		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account	7		(7,631)		(8,250)
Shareholders' funds	8		42,369		41,750

For the year ended 30th November 2008 the Company was entitled to exemption under section 249AA(1) of the Companies Act 1985.

Members have not required the Company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 249B(2).

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for (i) ensuring that the Company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 221, and (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of its financial year in accordance with section 226 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the Company.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on O.J. and signed on its behalf by

C C A Glossop

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Director

Cash flow statement for the year ended 30 November 2008

	Notes	2008 £	2007 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities Returns on investments and servicing of finance	11	- -	- 344
Increase in cash in the year		-	344
Notes to the Cashflow			
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash inflow from operating activities			
Operating loss Increase in creditors		- -	(590) 590
Net cash inflow from operating activities		•	•
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net de	ebt (Note 12)		
Increase in cash in the year Net debt at 1 December 2007		43,790	344 43,446
Net debt at 30 November 2008		43,790	43,790

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2008

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable United Kingdom company law and accounting standards.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year. The directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis for the reasons set out in the paragraph headed going concern in the directors' report.

1.2 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

2. Operating loss

2.1 Audit fees

Operating loss is stated after charging:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's annual accounts	-	450
Fees payable to the company's auditors for other services to the company - Tax services	-	140
		590

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2008

2. Operating loss (continued)

2.2 Information regarding directors and employees

None of the directors received any remuneration during the year (2007: £nil). The company had no employees (2007: £nil) and is managed by St. Modwen Properties PLC.

The remuneration of the directors is paid by other group undertakings for both the current financial year and the prior financial year and no part of their remuneration is specifically attributable to their services to this company.

2008

2007

74

74

3. Tax on loss on ordinary activities

Analysis of credit in year

Consortium relief receivable

4.

rinaryolo of electric feat	£	£
Current tax	_	_
UK corporation tax at 19% (2007: 19%)	-	(74)
Prior year adjustment	(619)	-
	(619)	(74)
Factors affecting tax credit for period		
The tax assessed for the year is different from the standard rate of corpora	tion tax in the UK	of 19%
(2007: 19%). The differences are explained below:		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	<u> </u>	(246)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation		
tax in the UK at 19% (2007: 19%)	-	(74)
Effects of		
Prior year adjustment	(619)	-
Rate adjustment	-	-
Current tax credit for year	(619)	(74)
	<u></u>	
Debtors	2008	2007
	£	£

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2008

5.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2008 £	2007 £
	Accruals	-	590
	Corporation tax	-	114
	Other creditors	1,421	1,410
		1,421	2,114
6.	Share capital	2008 £	2007 £
	Authorised equity	I.	£
	22,500 "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each	22,500	22,500
	22,500 "B" Ordinary shares of £1 each	22,500	22,500
	5,000 "C" Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
		50,000	50,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	22,500 "A" Ordinary shares of £1 each	22,500	22,500
	22,500 "B" Ordinary shares of £1 each	22,500	22,500
	5,000 "C" Ordinary shares of £1 each	5,000	5,000
		50,000	50,000
		 	

A majority of "A" shareholders and a majority of "B" shareholders may appoint up to four directors each. "C" shareholders may appoint only one director.

On a show of hands and on a poll every member shall have one vote for each "A" ordinary share and each "B" ordinary share of which he is the holder save that:

- No ordinary share shall confer any right to vote upon a resolution for the removal from office of a director appointed by the holder of another class of share and;
- At a separate general meeting of the "A" or "B" shareholders, either class may require the directors to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting to consider a resolution for the voluntary winding up of the company or the return of capital to the shareholders. At such a meeting any holder of a share of the class that called the meeting shall have five votes for every share of that class held. For every share of the other class held, a holder shall have one vote.

No "C" ordinary share shall confer upon the holder any right to vote at general meeting of the company.

Save as noted above the "A", "B" and "C" ordinary shares shall rank pari passu in all respects including rights to dividends and amounts receivable on winding up.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2008

7. Reserves

			t & Loss Account £
	At 30 November 2007		(8,250)
	Retained profit for the year		619
	At 30 November 2008		(7,631)
8.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2008	2007
		£	£
	Profit/(loss) for the year	619	(172)
	Opening shareholders' funds	41,750	41,922
	Closing shareholders' funds	42,369	41,750

9. Related party transactions

Kaupthing Singer & Friedlander Limited, a company in the Kaupthing Singer & Friedlander Group PLC, provide banking services to the company. The cash balance disclosed on the balance sheet is with this company and the bank interest received disclosed on the profit and loss account for the prior year was received from this company. There were no transactions with other companies in the groups.

10. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company is a joint venture between St. Modwen Properties PLC and Kaupthing Singer & Friedlander Properties PLC, a subsidiary of Kaupthing Singer & Friedlander Group PLC. The joint venture parties are both registered in England.

Copies of the Group report and accounts of St. Modwen Properties PLC are available from the Registered Office at 7 Ridgeway, Quinton Business Park, Birmingham, B32 1AF.

Copies of the Group report and accounts of Kaupthing Singer & Friedlander Group PLC are available from the Registered Office at 21 New Street, London, ECZM 4HR

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2008

11.	Gross cash flows		2008 £	2007 £
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received		-	344
12.	Analysis of changes in net funds	Opening balance	Cash flows	Closing balance
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	43,790	-	43,790
	Net funds	43,790	_	43,790