Inntitle Limited

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the period ended

30 June 2007

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Inntitle Limited ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

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AUDITOR'S REPORT TO INNTITLE LIMITED UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of Inntitle Limited for the period from 1 August 2006 to 30 June 2007 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions

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Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants Brazennose House Lincoln Square Manchester M2 5BL

45/3/08

Inntitle Limited

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 June 2007

FIXED ASSETS	Notes 1	30 Jun 07 £	31 Jul 06 £
Tangible assets		192,774	319,693
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		698,992 633,046 1,062,237	683,322 654,632 543,679
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year		2,394,275 570,886	1,881,633 301,486
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,823,389	1,580,147
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,016,163	1,899,840
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		27,125	17,200
		1,989,038	1,882,640
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up equity share capital Profit and loss account	3	100 1,988,938	100 1,882,540
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,989,038	1,882,640

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

The abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5 were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on their behalf by

S C V_I Director

Inntitle Limited ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small

TURNOVER

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Leasehold Property

over the remaining period of occupation

Fixtures, fittings and equipment

- 15% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

- 20% reducing balance

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

HIRE PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

FINANCE LEASE AGREEMENTS

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Inntitle Limited ACCOUNTING POLICIES

PENSION COSTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Inntitle Limited

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS for the period from 1 August 2006 to 30 June 2007

1 FIXED ASSETS

-	Tangible Assets £
Cost	47.400
At 1 August 2006 Additions	454,480 3,368
Adultons	
At 30 June 2007	457,848
Depreciation At 1 August 2006 Charge for period	134,787 130,287
At 30 June 2007	265,074
	
Net book value	
At 30 June 2007	192,774
At 31 July 2006	319,693

2 TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

The directors, S C Vij and A Vij, own the premises at 87 Newton Street and received rent and service charges totalling £91,667 (2006 - £87,500) from the company £nil (2006 £12,729) was owed to the directors at the year end

3 SHARE CAPITAL

	30 Jun 07 £	31 Jul 06 £
Authorised 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	30 Jun 07 £	31 Jul 06 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100