Unaudited Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

<u>for</u>

Tony Eldridge Scaffolding Limited

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Tony Eldridge Scaffolding Limited

Company Information For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

DIRECTORS:	P Snell
	Mrs T J Snell

REGISTERED OFFICE: Field Barn

Woodleys Woodstock Oxfordshire OX20 1HZ

REGISTERED NUMBER: 01712798 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Kingscott Dix Limited

Chartered Accountants Goodridge Court Goodridge Avenue Gloucester

Gloucester Gloucestershire GL2 5EN

BANKERS: Coutts & Co

440 Strand London WC2R 0QS

Abridged Balance Sheet 31 December 2021

		31.12.21		31.12.20	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		36,617		41,855
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		224,740		174,094	
Cash at bank		203,734_		383,956	
		428,474		558,050	
CREDITORS		122.774		204.050	
Amounts falling due within one year		133,774_	204 700	286,959	271.001
NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			294,700_		<u>271,091</u>
LIABILITIES			331,317		312,946
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,845		4,290
NET ASSETS			329,472		308,656
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			75		75
Capital redemption reserve			25		25
Retained earnings			329,372		308,556
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			329,472		308,656

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Abridged Balance Sheet - continued 31 December 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Income Statement and an abridged Balance Sheet for the year ended 31 December 2021 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 16 September 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

P Snell - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Tony Eldridge Scaffolding Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and equipment - 20% on cost

Office equipment - at varying rates on cost

Motor vehicles - 20% on cost

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Trade debtors, loans and other debtors that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and debtors'. Loans and debtors are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year. If not, they are presented as creditors falling due after more than one year. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Year Ended 31 December 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a money purchase pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 12 (2020 - 12).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Totals
	£
COST	
At 1 January 2021	216,272
Additions	13,990
Disposals	(13,990)
At 31 December 2021	216,272
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 January 2021	174,417
Charge for year	16,197
Eliminated on disposal	(10,959)
At 31 December 2021	179,655
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2021	36,617
At 31 December 2020	41,855

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.