

FENDLEBURY LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

FENDLEBURY LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 01709413

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	45,943	46,042
		<u>45,943</u>	<u>46,042</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		24,583	24,583
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	846	-
Cash at bank and in hand	6	23,113	-
		<u>48,542</u>	<u>24,583</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(17,913)	(31,801)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		<u>30,629</u>	<u>(7,218)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>76,572</u>	<u>38,824</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(35,000)	-
Net assets		<u><u>41,572</u></u>	<u><u>38,824</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	2	2
Profit and loss account		41,570	38,822
		<u><u>41,572</u></u>	<u><u>38,824</u></u>

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

FENDLEBURY LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 01709413

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2020

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 22 September 2021.

Mrs J S Over

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020**

1. General information

Fendlebury Limited is a company domiciled in England and Wales, registration number 01709413. The registered office is Manor Courtyard, Aston Sandford, Nr Haddenham, Bucks. HP17 8JB.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Freehold property	- 0% straight line
Fixtures & fittings	- 10% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.12 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

2.13 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2019 - 3).

FENDLEBURY LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020**

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £	Fixtures, fittings & office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 November 2019	45,041	8,678	53,719
At 31 October 2020	45,041	8,678	53,719
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2019	-	7,676	7,676
Charge for the year on owned assets	-	100	100
At 31 October 2020	-	7,776	7,776
Net book value			
At 31 October 2020	45,041	902	45,943
At 31 October 2019	45,041	1,001	46,042

The net book value of land and buildings may be further analysed as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Freehold	45,041	45,041
	45,041	45,041

5. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Prepayments and accrued income	846	-
	846	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2020	2019
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	23,113	-
Less: bank overdrafts	-	(16,225)
	<u>23,113</u>	<u>(16,225)</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	-	16,225
Trade creditors	4,616	738
Other taxation and social security	10,370	11,003
Other creditors	1,082	1,565
Accruals and deferred income	1,845	2,270
	<u>17,913</u>	<u>31,801</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans	35,000	-
	<u>35,000</u>	<u>-</u>

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9. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
Bank loans	35,000	-
	35,000	-
	35,000	-

10. Share capital

	2020 £	2019 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 (2019 - 2) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	2	2

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.