ABRIDGED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

FOR

PIPER TOUGHENED GLASS LIMITED

Michael Filiou Ltd
Chartered Certified Accountants
www.michaelfiliou.com
Salisbury House
81 High Street
Potters Bar
Hertfordshire
EN6 5AS

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PIPER TOUGHENED GLASS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

DIRECTORS: Mr Brian Richard Botterman

Mr Robert Jack Edgson

Mr Paul Alexander George Edgson

Mr Robert John Botterman Mr Stephen James Joiner

REGISTERED OFFICE: c/o Michael Filiou Ltd

Salisbury House 81 High Street Potters Bar Hertfordshire EN6 5AS

REGISTERED NUMBER: 01708142 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Michael Filiou Ltd

Chartered Certified Accountants

www.michael filiou.com

Salisbury House 81 High Street Potters Bar Hertfordshire EN6 5AS

ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 MARCH 2021

		2021	l	2020	}
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		1,992,646		2,038,092
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		22,161		7,474	
Debtors		242,852		219,021	
Cash at bank and in hand		400,596		193,933	
		665,609	_	420,428	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year		220,593		190,284	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			445,016		230,144
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			2,437,662		2,268,236
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	5		(1,185,051)		(1,230,453)
7	_		(-,,		(-,,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(5,963)		(13,179)
NET ASSETS			1,246,648	•	1,024,604
					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	6		44,282		44,282
Retained earnings			1,202,366		980,322
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,246,648	•	1,024,604

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - continued 31 MARCH 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Statement of Financial Position for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 9 September 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr Brian Richard Botterman - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Piper Toughened Glass Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The directors are aware however of material uncertainties that cast doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. As with most businesses, these material uncertainties are in relation to the ongoing Covid-19 virus outbreak which has had an impact on the operations, customers, suppliers and staff. The directors have (where appropriate) utilised the grants and benefits available from the government and are taking all the steps they can to protect the future of the business.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery - 25% straight line
Fixtures and fittings - 20% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitute a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset id impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in impairment loss arising from the event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flow from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, of if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and bank loans, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised costs, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 13 (2020 - 13).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4.	TANGIBLE F	IXED ASSETS				Totals
						£
	COST					
	At 1 April 2020					
	and 31 March 2					2,968,245
	DEPRECIATI					0-0
	At 1 April 2020					930,153
	Charge for year				-	45,446
	At 31 March 20 NET BOOK V				-	975,599
	At 31 March 20					1,992,646
	At 31 March 20				=	2,038,092
	At 31 March 20)Z()			-	2,036,092
	Fixed assets, in	cluded in the above	, which are held under hire p	urchase contracts or financ	ce leases are as follo	ows:
						Totals
						£
	COST					•
	At 1 April 2020)				
	and 31 March 2					509,860
	DEPRECIATI					<u> </u>
	At 1 April 2020					
	and 31 March 2					509,860
	NET BOOK V					
	At 31 March 20					
	At 31 March 20)20				
5.	CREDITORS:	AMOUNTS FAL	LING DUE AFTER MORE	E THAN FIVE		
	YEARS					
					2021	2020
					£	£
	Repayable by in				1 105 051	1 220 452
	Bank loans mor	re 5 yr by instai			1,185,051	1,230,453
6.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAI	•			
	Allotted, issued	and fully paid:				
	Number:	Class:		Nominal	2021	2020
				value:	£	£
	44,282	Ordinary		£1	44,282	44,282

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

7.	ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY				
	The controlling party is Instrument Glasses Limited.				
	The parent company is Instrument Glasses Limited which holds 65% of the issued ordinary share capital of the company.				

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.