Company registration number 01680569 (England and Wales)	
HAMLET HOUSE MANAGEMENT LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022	2	2021	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		1		1
Current assets					
Debtors	4	2,068		1,958	
Cash at bank and in hand		31,278		28,726	
		33,346		30,684	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	-	(400)		(040)	
year	5	(480) ———		(840) ———	
Net current assets			32,866		29,844
Net assets			32,867		29,845
Reserves					
Called up share capital	6		-		-
Income and expenditure account			32,867		29,845
Members' funds			32,867		29,845

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income and expenditure account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 May 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Ms L Topping

Director

Company Registration No. 01680569

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Hamlet House Management Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 14 Hamlet House, Glenure Road, London, SE9 1TF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Nil

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Total	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Cost At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022 1 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022 - Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 1 At 31 March 2021 1 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Other debtors 2,068 1,958 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 4 Other creditors 480 840	3	Tangible fixed assets		Land and buildings £
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022 - Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 1 At 31 March 2021 1 4 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: € € Other debtors 2,068 1,958 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 € € €		Cost At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022		1
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022 - Carrying amount At 31 March 2022 1 At 31 March 2021 1 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Other debtors 2,068 1,958 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022		
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2022 1 At 31 March 2021 1 4 Debtors 2022 2021		At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022		-
At 31 March 2022 1 At 31 March 2021 1 Debtors 2022 2021 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ Other debtors 2,068 1,958 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 £ £		Carrying amount		
4 Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: Other debtors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 £ £				1
Amounts falling due within one year: Other debtors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 £ £ £ £		At 31 March 2021		1
Amounts falling due within one year: Other debtors 2,068 1,958 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 £ £	4	Debtors		
Other debtors 2,068 1,958 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 £ £				
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2022 2021 £ £		Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
2022 2021 £ £		Other debtors	2,068	1,958
2022 2021 £ £				_
2022 2021 £ £				
£ £	5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Other creditors 480 840			£	£
		Other creditors	480	840

6 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.